

# Deploying an Ethereum Smart Contract

Final Project – CSCE-492/892

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# What is a Smart Contract?

Smart Contracts are computer programs, that are stored on Block Chain technology, which store/execute the terms of agreement between the parties involved in a contract

They are self-executing, transparent, and irreversible, and are executed when a set of pre-defined conditions are met

Since they are stored on the Block Chain, they are also immutable

# Why use Smart Contracts ?

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Autonomy: Since Smart Contracts do not need brokers/third parties, it eliminates the risk of trusting these third parties, and also saves costs

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Safety: Smart Contracts are encrypted, and hence are safe from cyber threats

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Speed: Since manual intermediaries are out of scope, it saves a lot of time which would otherwise be spent on various manual business processes

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Backup: They are stored on the block chain and are duplicated several times, hence can be easily restored



# What is Ethereum and its relation to Smart Contracts?

Ethereum is an open-source Block Chain specifically designed to implement Smart Contract functionality

Ether is its native digital currency

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# Our Project – Test and Deploy a Smart Contract on an Ethereum Testnet

## Vending Machine Smart Contract

### State variables:

owner  
balances

### Functions:

purchase  
restock  
get balance

**constructor:** set owner, set initial balance of vending machine

- A simple Vending Machine which accepts Ether and sells donuts

# Supporting technologies used

- **Solidity** — programming language
- **Remix IDE** — online editor for initial development and unit testing
- **Truffle Development Suite** — unit test locally, deploy on Ethereum testnets/mainnet
  - **Ganache-cli** — local development block chain that can be accessed using Truffle
  - **Metamask wallet** — provides addresses and required encryption
  - **Infura Development Suite** — Provides us access to Ethereum nodes without us having to create/sync them
  - **Goerli** — testnet to deploy the smart contract

# Initial Implementation/Testing: Remix IDE

The screenshot displays the Remix IDE interface, which is used for developing and testing smart contracts. The interface is divided into several panels:

- Left Panel (Deploy & Run Transactions):** This panel shows the status of transactions and deployed contracts. It indicates that 3 transactions were recorded. Under "Deployed Contracts", a contract named "VENDINGMACHINE AT 0XD91...39:" is listed with a balance of 2 ETH. Below this, there are buttons for "purchase", "restock", and "donutBala...". The "purchase" button is highlighted, and its value is set to 1. The "restock" button is set to 12. The "donutBala..." button is set to the address 0x5B38Da6a701c568545dCfc1. Below these buttons, there are input fields for "0: uint256: 1", "0: uint256: 112", and "owner" (set to address 0x5B38Da6a701c568545dCfcB03FcB875f56beddC4). At the bottom, there is a "Transact" button.
- Center Panel (Vending\_Machine.sol):** This panel shows the Solidity code for the "Vending\_Machine.sol" contract. The code is as follows:

```
1 // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
2 pragma solidity ^0.8.11;
3
4 contract VendingMachine {
5
6     // state variables
7     address public owner;
8     mapping (address => uint) public donutBalances;
9
10    // set the owner as th address that deployed the contract
11    // set the initial vending machine balance to 100
12    constructor() {
13        owner = msg.sender;
14        donutBalances[address(this)] = 100;
15    }
16
17    function getVendingMachineBalance() public view returns (uint) {
```
- Right Panel (Transaction Log):** This panel shows the execution of transactions. It includes a search bar and a list of transactions. The first transaction is a call from 0x5B38Da6a701c568545dCfcB03FcB875f56beddC4 to VendingMachine.getVendingMachineBalance() with data 0xe76...44d34. The second transaction is a successful transaction from 0x5B3...eddC4 to VendingMachine.purchase(uint256) 0xd91...39138 with a value of 2000000000000000000 wei and data 0xe7e...00001. The third transaction is a call from 0x5B38Da6a701c568545dCfcB03FcB875f56beddC4 to VendingMachine.donutBalances(address) with data 0x9a0...eddc4.

# Final Implementation: Truffle Suite -- TESTING

- Truffle allows us to unit test our code using the command '*truffle test*'

MINGW64:/c:/Users/Balu/OneDrive/Documents/UNL Academia/Semester-3/CSCE\_892\_Cybersecurity\_CloudComputing/Final\_Project/vendingmachine

```
Balu@DESKTOP-F83204B MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Documents/UNL Academia/Semester-3/CSCE_892_Cybersecurity_CloudComputing/Final_Project/vendingmachine
$ truffle test
```

```
Compiling your contracts...
```

```
=====
```

```
> Compiling .\contracts\VendingMachine.sol
> Artifacts written to C:\Users\Balu\AppData\Local\Temp\test--15472-w8QcXbEkLa7E
> Compiled successfully using:
  - solc: 0.8.17+commit.8df45f5f.Emscripten.clang
```

```
Contract: VendingMachine
```

```
✓ ensures that the starting balance of the vending machine is 100
✓ ensures the balance of the vending machine can be updated (53ms)
✓ allows donuts to be purchased (62ms)
```

```
3 passing (189ms)
```

```
Balu@DESKTOP-F83204B MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Documents/UNL Academia/Semester-3/CSCE_892_Cybersecurity_CloudComputing/Final_Project/vendingmachine
$
```



# Truffle Suite – Deploying on a Local Block Chain, Ganache

MINGW64; c:/Users/Balu/OneDrive/Documents/UNL Academia/Semester-3/CSCE\_892\_Cybersecurity\_CloudComputing/Final\_Project/vendingmachine

Balu@DESKTOP-F832048 MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Documents/UNL Academia/Semester-3/CSCE\_892\_Cybersecurity\_CloudComputing/Final\_Project/vendingmachine

`truffle migrate`

Compiling your contracts...

```
> Compiling .\contracts\VendingMachine.sol
> Artifacts written to C:\Users\Balu\OneDrive\Documents\UNL Academia\Semester-3\CSCE_892_Cybersecurity_CloudComputing\Final_Project\vendingmachine\build\contracts
> Compiled successfully using:
  - solc: 0.8.17+commit.8df45f5f.Emscripten.clang
```

Starting migrations...

```
> Network name: 'development'
> Network id: 1670126314094
> Block gas limit: 6721975 (0x6691b7)
```

2\_vending\_machine\_migrations.js

Deploying 'VendingMachine'

```
> transaction hash: 0x71d3f4452aac70fbf9600ede7bd0c7eaa5f56d56c6398e61da5fc220b95f45fb
- Blocks: 0 Seconds: 0
> Blocks: 0 Seconds: 0
> contract address: 0x270E9ed72988057cF19D9B326644Cd08D14e3431
> block number: 1
> block timestamp: 1670127155
> account: 0x3Fe9C92d1411d5c3FFFc528E6d0c645c6E28d5c9
> balance: 99.98920668
> gas used: 539666 (0x83c12)
> gas price: 20 gwei
> value sent: 0 ETH
> total cost: 0.01079332 ETH
```

> Saving artifacts

```
> Total cost: 0.01079332 ETH
```

Summary

```
> Total deployments: 1
> Final cost: 0.01079332 ETH
```

Balu@DESKTOP-F832048 MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Documents/UNL Academia/Semester-3/CSCE\_892\_Cybersecurity\_CloudComputing/Final\_Project/vendingmachine

\$

“*truffle migrate*” command by default points towards a development block chain like Ganache

We can use the same command, using ‘*--network*’ flags, to access other Ethereum networks including the main net, by setting up the `truffle_config.js` file accordingly

# Truffle Suite – Interacting with the deployed Contract

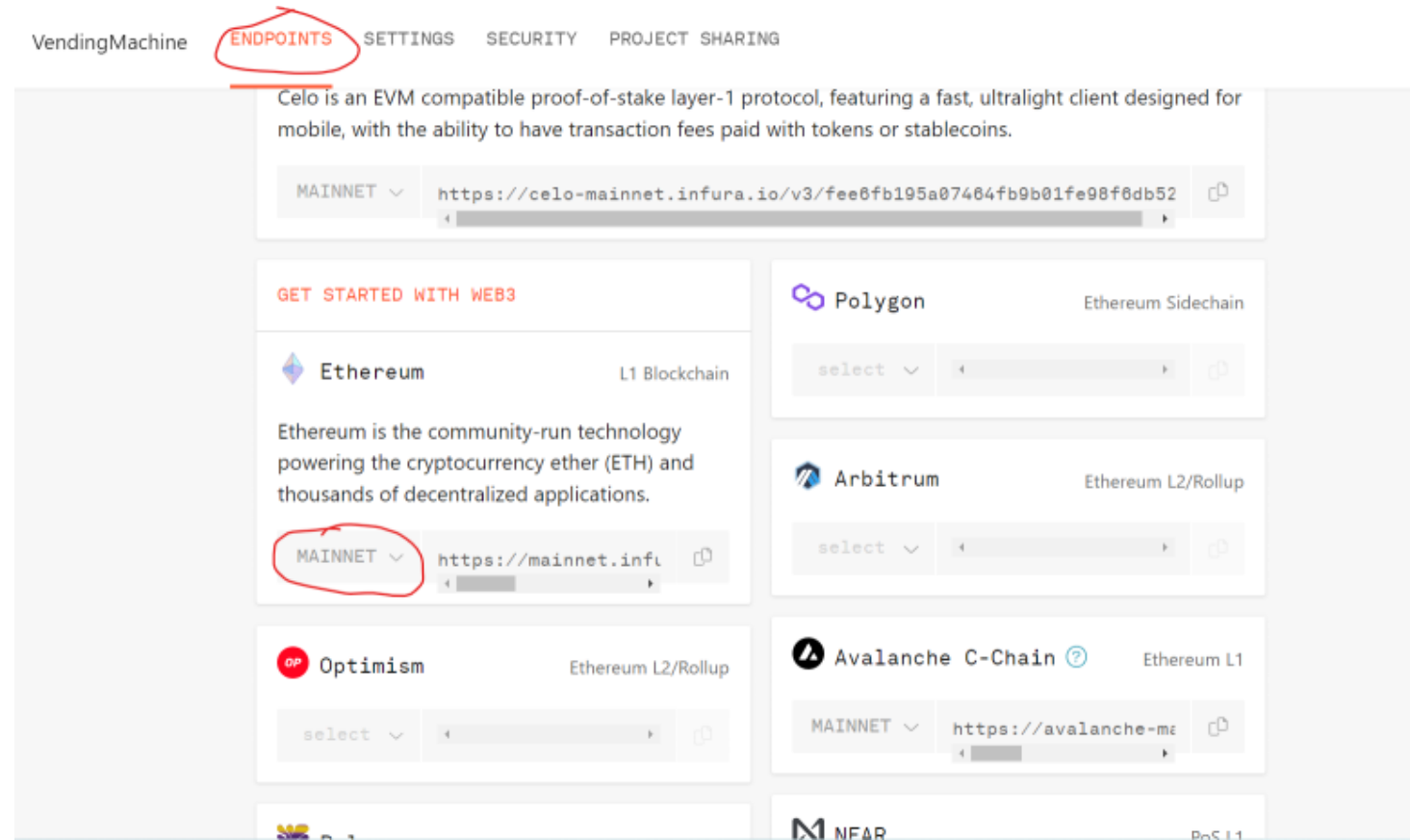
- “*truffle console*” provides us with an interface to interact with the deployed smart contract

MINGW64:/c/Users/Balu/OneDrive/Documents/UNL Academia/Semester-3/CSCE\_892\_Cybersecurity\_CloudCor

```
Balu@DESKTOP-F83204B MINGW64 ~/OneDrive/Documents/UNL Academia/Semester-3/CSCE_892_Cybersecurity_CloudComputing/Final_Project/vendingmachine
$ truffle console
truffle(development)> VendingMachine.deployed().then((x) => { contract = x })
undefined
truffle(development)> contract.getVendingMachineBalance().then((b) => { bal = b })
undefined
truffle(development)> bal
BN {
  negative: 0,
  words: [ 100, <1 empty item> ],
  length: 1,
  red: null
}
truffle(development)> bal.toString()
'100'
truffle(development)> |
```

# Truffle Suite – Deployment on Goerli Testnet

- *Truffle* lets us use our wallet to securely make transactions using private keys/mnemonic codes provided by the wallet (like Metamask)
- *Infura* conveniently lets us connect to the block chain without us having to set up a node (This can charge you depending on the network used)
- Use '*truffle migrate*' to deploy to the network of our choice as shown previously



# Post Deployment

- We can use '*truffle console*' to interact with the block chain as shown previously for the Ganache testnet, and
- *EtherScan* website to track our transactions on the block chain

# References

- Vending Machine domain code taken from <https://github.com/jspruance/block-explorer-tutorials/blob/main/smart-contracts/solidity/VendingMachine.sol>
- Reference for Truffle code base: [Deploy a smart contract to Ethereum using Truffle - A step-by-step guide. – YouTube](#)

THANK YOU!