```
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileWriter;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class fille{
    public static void main(String[] s)
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
            File obj=new File("name.txt");
            if(obj.createNewFile())
                System.out.println("Successfully created : "+obj);
            else
                System.out.println("File already exists");
            FileWriter writer=new FileWriter("name.txt");
            System.out.print("Enter your name : ");
            writer.write(encode(sc.next()));
            writer.close();
            System.out.println("Successfully written into file...");
            Scanner reader=new Scanner(obj);
            while(reader.hasNextLine())
                System.out.print("Data in the file is : ");
                String data=reader.nextLine();
                System.out.println(data);
                System.out.print("Your actual name is : "+ decode(data));
            reader.close();
            sc.close();
            //Scanner rea=new Scanner(new File("f2.txt")); This will cause IOException
and the line inside catch block will be printed....
        catch(IOException e){
            System.out.println("Error occured while opening file...");
```

```
static String encode(String name)
    int i,n;
    char[] c=new char[name.length()];
    c=name.toCharArray();
    for(i=0;i<name.length();i++)</pre>
        n=(int)c[i];
        n=n+2;
        if(n>90 && n<97)
            n=n%90;
            n=64+n;
        else if(n>122)
            n=n%122;
            n=96+n;
        c[i]=(char)n;
    return String.valueOf(c);
static String decode(String name)
    int i,n;
    char[] c=new char[name.length()];
    c=name.toCharArray();
    for(i=0;i<name.length();i++)</pre>
        n=(int)c[i];
        n=n-2;
        if(n>90 && n<97)
            n=97-n;
            n=123-n;
        else if(n<65)
            n=65-n;
            n=91-n;
        c[i]=(char)n;
    return String.valueOf(c);
```

