

kubernetes

Kubernetes, also known as K8s, is an **open-source system for automating deployment, scaling, and management of** containerized applications.

Cluster

A Kubernetes cluster is a **set of nodes that run containerized applications** master node components

api server

The API (application programming interface) server determines if a request is valid and then processes it

etcd

Consistent and highly-available key value store used as Kubernetes' backing store for all cluster data.

kube-scheduler

Control plane component that watches for newly created **Pods** with no assigned **node**, and selects a node for them to run on.

kube-controller-manager

Control plane component that runs **controller** processes.

- Node controller: Responsible for noticing and responding when nodes go down.
- Job controller: Watches for Job objects that represent one-off tasks, then creates Pods to run those tasks to completion.
- EndpointSlice controller: Populates EndpointSlice objects (to provide a link between Services and Pods).
- ServiceAccount controller: Create default ServiceAccounts for new namespaces.

worker node component

kubelet

An agent that runs on each **node** in the cluster. It makes sure that **containers** are running in a **Pod**.

it communicates between worker node and master node

kube-proxy

kube-proxy maintains network rules on nodes. These network rules allow network communication to your Pods from network sessions inside or outside of your cluster.

Container runtime/engine

A fundamental component that empowers Kubernetes to run containers effectively

pods

it wrap ups containers

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nodes

A node may be a virtual or physical machine, depending on the cluster. Each node is managed by the **control plane** and contains the services necessary to run **Pods**.

Kubernetes Architecture Diagram

