M.Sc. Data Science Analysis - HW 4

Note: Copying will not be tolerated. You may discuss among yourselves but the final work should be your own.

1. Determine whether the following series converge absolutely:

(a)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2 + 1}$$

(b)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+2}}{\log n}$$

2. Find the radius of convergence of the following series:

(a)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{\log n}$$

(b)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(n\pi/2)}{2^n} x^n$$

3. Let
$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^{2n}}{2n!}$$
. Prove that $f''(x) = f(x)$.

4. Let
$$f(x, y, z) = e^{xy} \ln z$$
. Find f_x, f_y and f_z . Show that $xf_x = yf_y$.

- 5. Find the equation of the tangent plane to the elliptic paraboloid $z = 2x^2 + y^2$ at the point (1,1,3). item Graph the equation $z = 4x^2 + y^2$. Sketch and identify some level curves of this surface.
- 6. Sketch the curve whose vector equation is f(t) = (1 + t, 2 + 5t, -1 + 6t).
- 7. Find parametric equations for the tangent line L to the helix with parametric equations $x = 2\cos t, y = \sin t, z = t$ at $t = \pi/2$.
- 8. Find the domain of the following functions:

(a)
$$f(x,y) = x \ln(y^2 - x)$$

(b)
$$g(x,y) = \sqrt{4 - x^2 - y^2}$$
.

- 9. Find $\partial z/\partial x$ and $\partial z/\partial y$ if z is defined implicitly as a function of x and y by $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + 6xyz = 1$.
- 10. Let $z=e^x\sin y$, where $x=st^2,\,y=s^2t.$ Find $\partial z/\partial s$ and $\partial z/\partial t.$