1. Rolling a die.

```
> x = c(1,2,3,4,5,6)
> probx= c(1/4,1/8,1/8,1/8,1/8,1/4)
> F16=sample(x, size=1500, replace=T, prob=probx)
```

- (a) Describe what each R command is performing in the above.
- (b) Using the mean and var command find the mean and variance of F16. From this information alone what would you conclude is the range of the random variable F16.
- (c) Does the mean and variance from the sample generated compare closely with the true mean and variance of F16.
- 2. Tossing a coin 10 times.

```
> b1 = rbinom(100,10,0.5)
> b2 = rbinom(100,10,0.25)
> b3 = rbinom(100,10,0.75)
```

- (a) Using the ?rbinom explain what each of the above commands is performing in R
- (b) Using the mean and var command find the mean and variance of b1,b2,b3. Compare them with the true mean and variance of the Binomial distribution.
- 3. geom_hist command.

- (a) Explain what are the plots p11,p21 providing.
- (b) Rewrite the code to provide the plots for b2 and b3.
- (c) What can you say about the three plots?
- 4. Density Approximation. The below code plots the function density fin the interval (0,10) with $a=5, s=\sqrt{2.5}$ along with the plot p21.

- (a) From the picture what does $\int_3^6 \text{density}(x) dx$ approximate?
- (b) If

Area under the histogram between 3 and
$$7 \approx \int_a^b \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx$$
,

then what would be your guess for a and b

(c) How would you try the same idea for b2 and b3? Would you get the same result?