

Diwali Sales Analysis

```
In [185... # import python libraries
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # visualizing data
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [187... # import csv file
```

```
df = pd.read_csv('Diwali Sales Data.csv', encoding= 'unicode_escape')
```

```
In [3]: df.shape
```

```
Out[3]: (11251, 15)
```

```
In [189... df.head()
```

```
Out[189...
   User_ID  Cust_name  Product_ID  Gender  Age Group  Age  Marital_Status  State  Zone  Occupation  Product_Category
0  1002903    Sanskriti  P00125942      F  26-35    28             0  Maharashtra  Western  Healthcare      Auto
1  1000732      Kartik  P00110942      F  26-35    35             1  Andhra Pradesh  Southern      Govt      Auto
2  1001990      Bindu  P00118542      F  26-35    35             1  Uttar Pradesh  Central    Automobile  Auto
3  1001425      Sudevi  P00237842      M   0-17    16             0  Karnataka  Southern  Construction  Auto
4  1000588       Joni  P00057942      M  26-35    28             1  Gujarat    Western    Food Processing  Auto
```

```
In [191... df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 11251 entries, 0 to 11250
Data columns (total 15 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   User_ID                11251 non-null  int64
1   Cust_name              11251 non-null  object
2   Product_ID             11251 non-null  object
3   Gender                 11251 non-null  object
4   Age Group              11251 non-null  object
5   Age                    11251 non-null  int64
6   Marital_Status         11251 non-null  int64
7   State                  11251 non-null  object
8   Zone                   11251 non-null  object
9   Occupation              11251 non-null  object
10  Product_Category       11251 non-null  object
11  Orders                  11251 non-null  int64
12  Amount                  11239 non-null  float64
13  Status                  0 non-null      float64
14  unnamed1                0 non-null      float64
dtypes: float64(3), int64(4), object(8)
memory usage: 1.3+ MB
```

```
In [193... #drop unrelated/blank columns
```

```
df.drop(['Status', 'unnamed1'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [195... df.info()
```

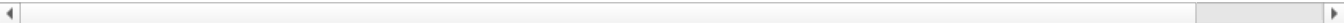
```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 11251 entries, 0 to 11250
Data columns (total 13 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   User_ID               11251 non-null  int64
1   Cust_name             11251 non-null  object
2   Product_ID           11251 non-null  object
3   Gender                11251 non-null  object
4   Age Group             11251 non-null  object
5   Age                   11251 non-null  int64
6   Marital_Status        11251 non-null  int64
7   State                 11251 non-null  object
8   Zone                  11251 non-null  object
9   Occupation            11251 non-null  object
10  Product_Category      11251 non-null  object
11  Orders                11251 non-null  int64
12  Amount                11239 non-null  float64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(4), object(8)
memory usage: 1.1+ MB
```

```
In [197...] pd.isnull(df)
```

Out[197...]

	User_ID	Cust_name	Product_ID	Gender	Age Group	Age	Marital_Status	State	Zone	Occupation	Product_Category	Order
0	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	Fals
1	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	Fals
2	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	Fals
3	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	Fals
4	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	Fals
...
11246	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	Fals
11247	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	Fals
11248	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	Fals
11249	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	Fals
11250	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	Fals

11251 rows × 13 columns



```
In [199...] #check for null values
pd.isnull(df).sum()
```

Out[199...]

User_ID	0
Cust_name	0
Product_ID	0
Gender	0
Age Group	0
Age	0
Marital_Status	0
State	0
Zone	0
Occupation	0
Product_Category	0
Orders	0
Amount	12
dtype:	int64

```
In [201...] # drop null values
df.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
In [203...] pd.isnull(df).sum()
```

```
Out[203... User_ID      0
          Cust_name  0
          Product_ID  0
          Gender     0
          Age Group   0
          Age         0
          Marital_Status  0
          State       0
          Zone        0
          Occupation   0
          Product_Category  0
          Orders       0
          Amount       0
          dtype: int64
```

```
In [209... #initialize list of lists
data_test = [['muni', 11], ['chuni', 15], ['aju', ], ['priyam', 16]]
# creat the pandas dataframe using list
df_test = pd.DataFrame(data_test, columns=['Name', 'Age'])

df_test
```

```
Out[209...    Name  Age
0   muni  11.0
1  chuni  15.0
2    oju   NaN
3  priyam  16.0
```

```
In [211... df_test.dropna()
```

```
Out[211...    Name  Age
0   muni  11.0
1  chuni  15.0
3  priyam  16.0
```

```
In [215... df_test

# use inplace=True for saving
```

```
Out[215...    Name  Age
0   muni  11.0
1  chuni  15.0
2    oju   NaN
3  priyam  16.0
```

```
In [9]: # change data type
df['Amount'] = df['Amount'].astype('int')
```

```
In [10]: df['Amount'].dtypes
```

```
Out[10]: dtype('int32')
```

```
In [11]: df.columns
```

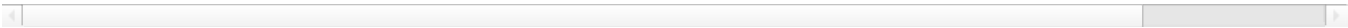
```
Out[11]: Index(['User_ID', 'Cust_name', 'Product_ID', 'Gender', 'Age Group', 'Age',
               'Marital_Status', 'State', 'Zone', 'Occupation', 'Product_Category',
               'Orders', 'Amount'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [12]: #rename column
df.rename(columns= {'Marital_Status': 'Shaadi'})
```

Out[12]:

	User_ID	Cust_name	Product_ID	Gender	Age Group	Age	Shaadi	State	Zone	Occupation	Product_Category
0	1002903	Sanskriti	P00125942	F	26-35	28	0	Maharashtra	Western	Healthcare	Auto
1	1000732	Kartik	P00110942	F	26-35	35	1	Andhra Pradesh	Southern	Govt	Auto
2	1001990	Bindu	P00118542	F	26-35	35	1	Uttar Pradesh	Central	Automobile	Auto
3	1001425	Sudevi	P00237842	M	0-17	16	0	Karnataka	Southern	Construction	Auto
4	1000588	Joni	P00057942	M	26-35	28	1	Gujarat	Western	Food Processing	Auto
...
11246	1000695	Manning	P00296942	M	18-25	19	1	Maharashtra	Western	Chemical	Office
11247	1004089	Reichenbach	P00171342	M	26-35	33	0	Haryana	Northern	Healthcare	Veterinary
11248	1001209	Oshin	P00201342	F	36-45	40	0	Madhya Pradesh	Central	Textile	Office
11249	1004023	Noonan	P00059442	M	36-45	37	0	Karnataka	Southern	Agriculture	Office
11250	1002744	Brumley	P00281742	F	18-25	19	0	Maharashtra	Western	Healthcare	Office

11239 rows × 13 columns



In [13]:

```
# describe() method returns description of the data in the DataFrame (i.e. count, mean, std, etc)
df.describe()
```

Out[13]:

	User_ID	Age	Marital_Status	Orders	Amount
count	1.123900e+04	11239.000000	11239.000000	11239.000000	11239.000000
mean	1.003004e+06	35.410357	0.420055	2.489634	9453.610553
std	1.716039e+03	12.753866	0.493589	1.114967	5222.355168
min	1.000001e+06	12.000000	0.000000	1.000000	188.000000
25%	1.001492e+06	27.000000	0.000000	2.000000	5443.000000
50%	1.003064e+06	33.000000	0.000000	2.000000	8109.000000
75%	1.004426e+06	43.000000	1.000000	3.000000	12675.000000
max	1.006040e+06	92.000000	1.000000	4.000000	23952.000000

In [14]:

```
# use describe() for specific columns
df[['Age', 'Orders', 'Amount']].describe()
```

Out[14]:

	Age	Orders	Amount
count	11239.000000	11239.000000	11239.000000
mean	35.410357	2.489634	9453.610553
std	12.753866	1.114967	5222.355168
min	12.000000	1.000000	188.000000
25%	27.000000	2.000000	5443.000000
50%	33.000000	2.000000	8109.000000
75%	43.000000	3.000000	12675.000000
max	92.000000	4.000000	23952.000000

Exploratory Data Analysis

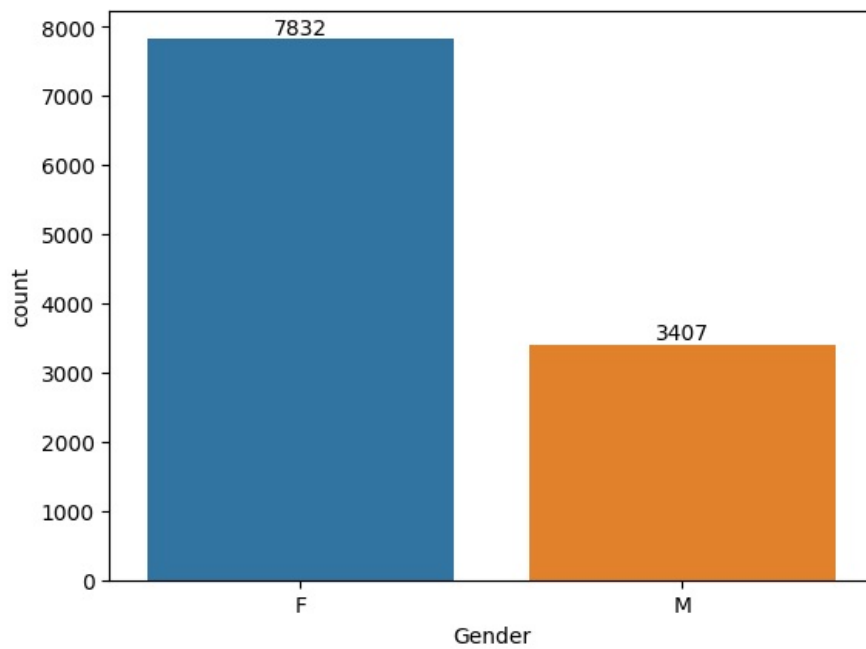
Gender

In [15]:

```
# plotting a bar chart for Gender and it's count

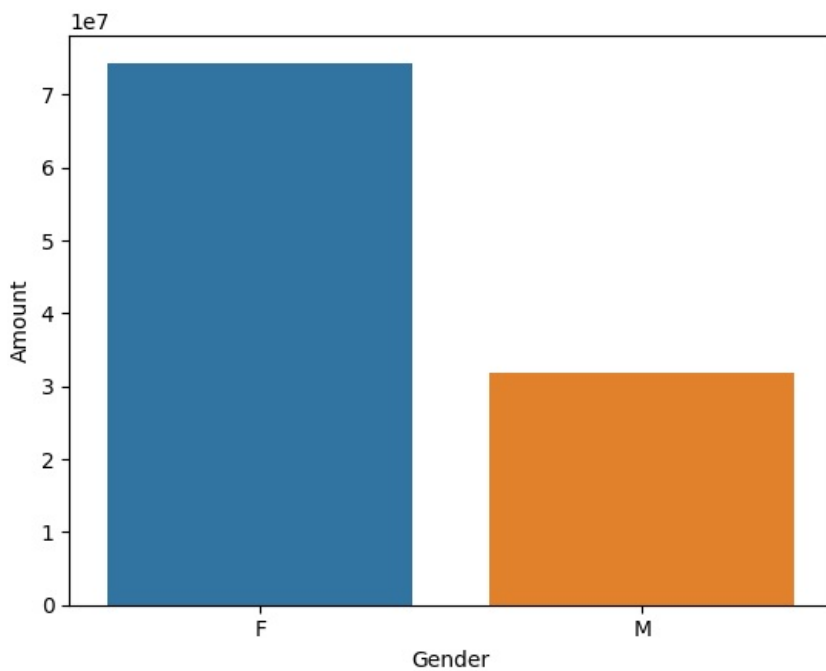
ax = sns.countplot(x = 'Gender',data = df)

for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```



```
In [16]: # plotting a bar chart for gender vs total amount
sales_gen = df.groupby(['Gender'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by='Amount', ascending=False)
sns.barplot(x = 'Gender',y= 'Amount' ,data = sales_gen)
```

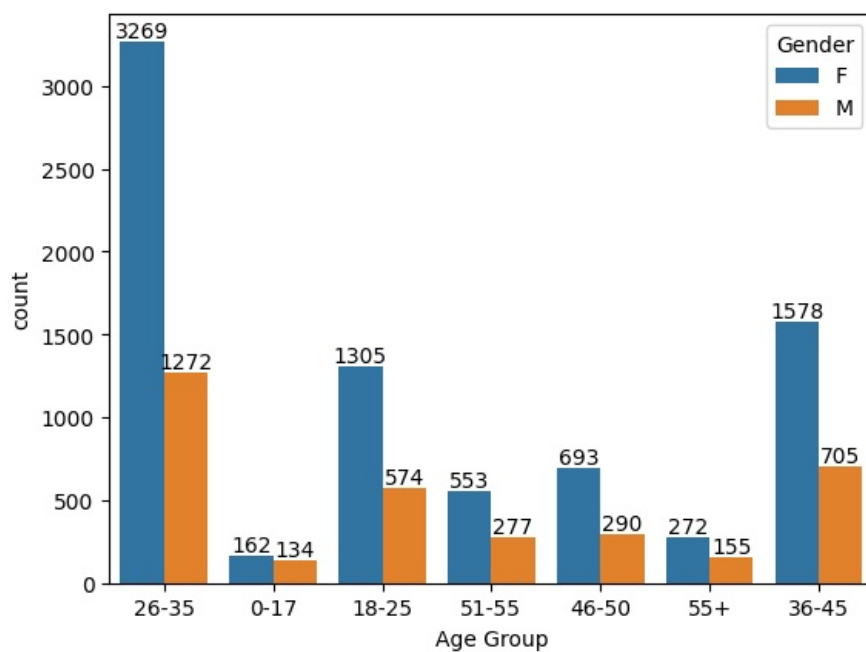
```
Out[16]: <Axes: xlabel='Gender', ylabel='Amount'>
```



From above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are females and even the purchasing power of females are greater than men

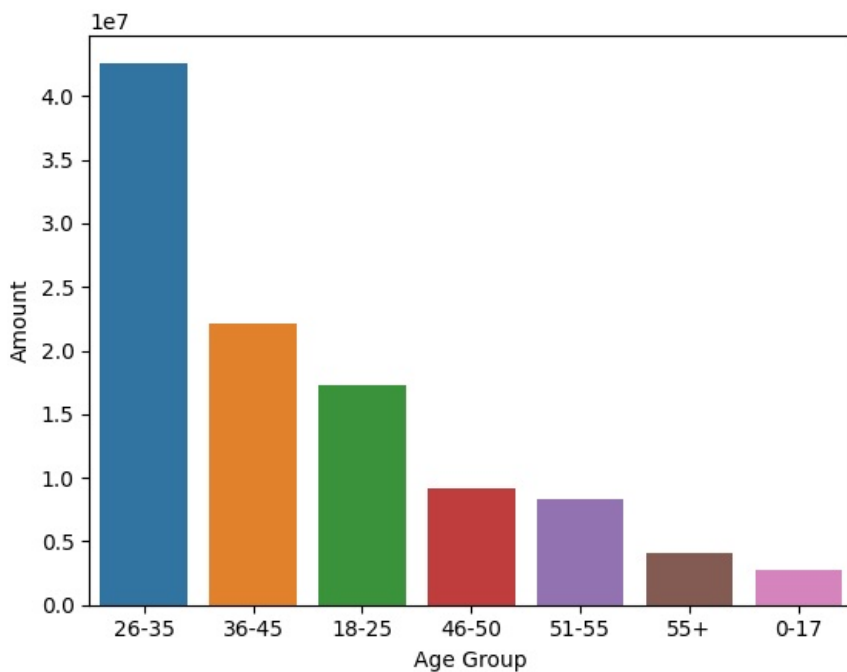
Age

```
In [17]: ax = sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Age Group', hue = 'Gender')
for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```



```
In [18]: # Total Amount vs Age Group
sales_age = df.groupby(['Age Group'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by='Amount', ascending=False)
sns.barplot(x = 'Age Group', y= 'Amount' ,data = sales_age)
```

Out[18]: <Axes: xlabel='Age Group', ylabel='Amount'>

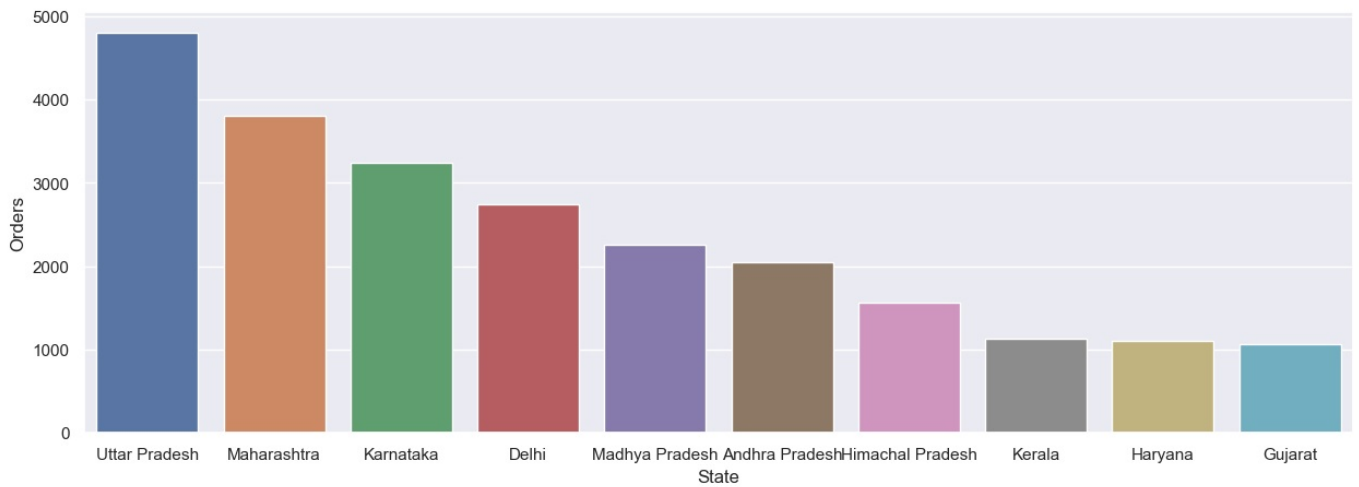


From above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are of age group between 26-35 yrs female

State

```
In [19]: # total number of orders from top 10 states
sales_state = df.groupby(['State'], as_index=False)['Orders'].sum().sort_values(by='Orders', ascending=False).head(10)
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(15,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'State', y= 'Orders')
```

Out[19]: <Axes: xlabel='State', ylabel='Orders'>

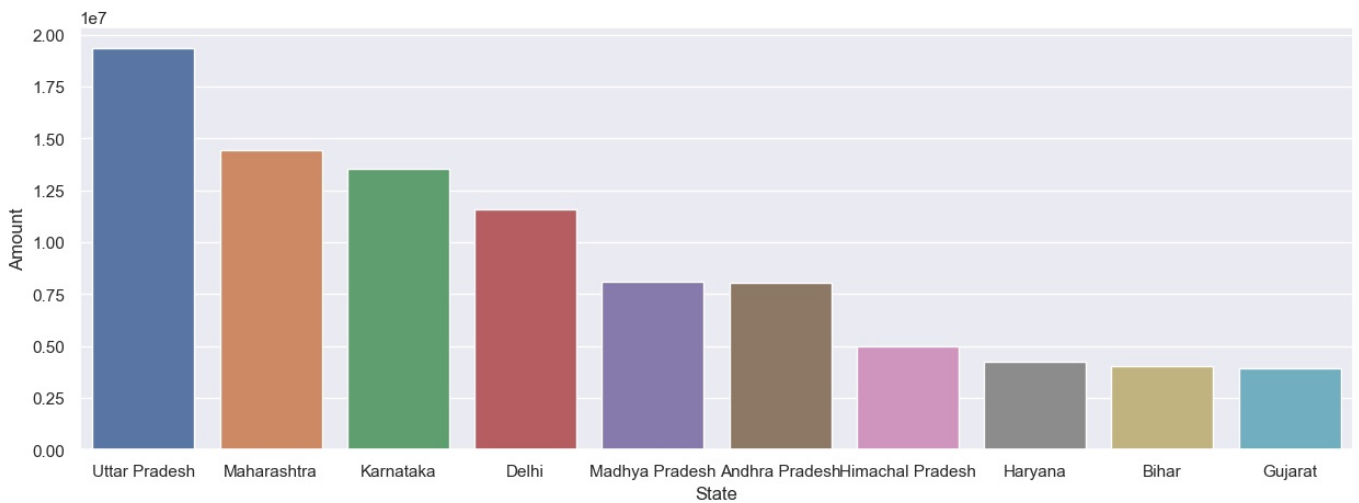


```
In [20]: # total amount/sales from top 10 states

sales_state = df.groupby(['State'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by='Amount', ascending=False).head(10)

sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(15,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'State',y= 'Amount')
```

Out[20]: <Axes: xlabel='State', ylabel='Amount'>

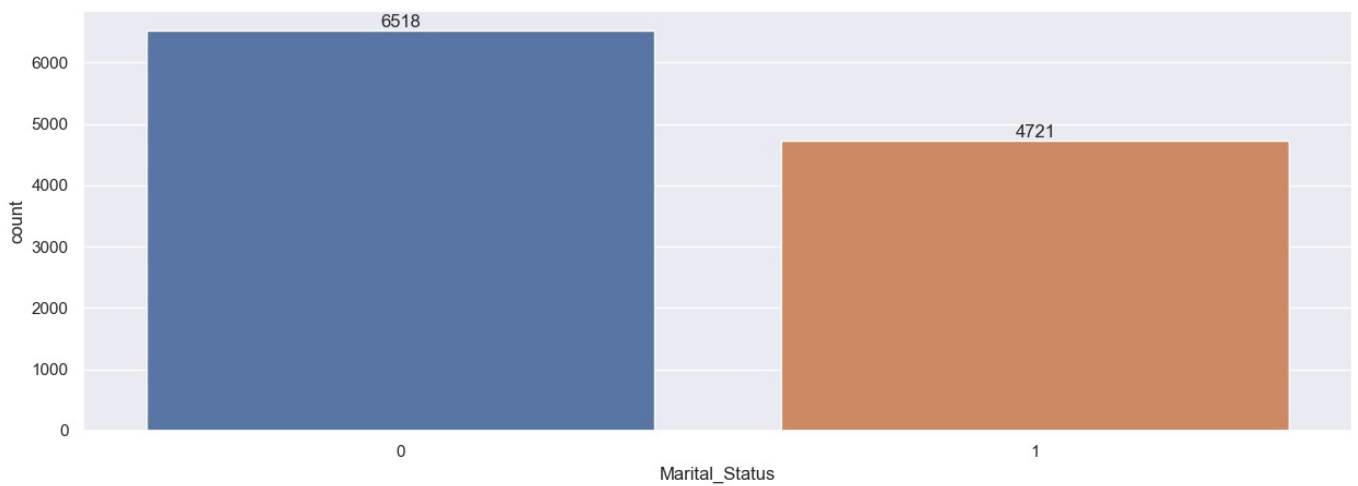


From above graphs we can see that most of the orders & total sales/amount are from Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra and Karnataka respectively

Marital Status

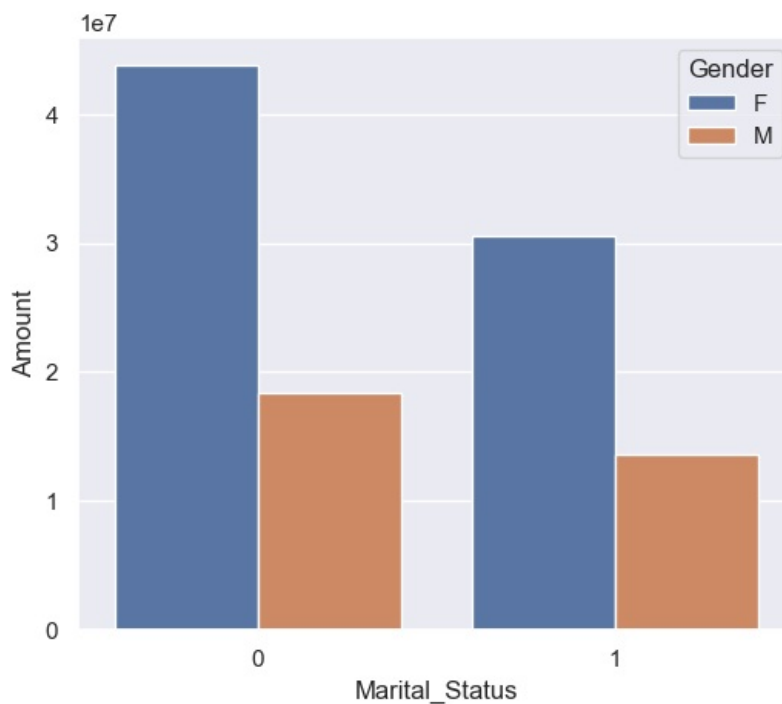
```
In [21]: ax = sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Marital_Status')

sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(7,5)})
for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```



```
In [22]: sales_state = df.groupby(['Marital_Status', 'Gender'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by='Amount',
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(6,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'Marital_Status',y= 'Amount', hue='Gender')
```

```
Out[22]: <Axes: xlabel='Marital_Status', ylabel='Amount'>
```

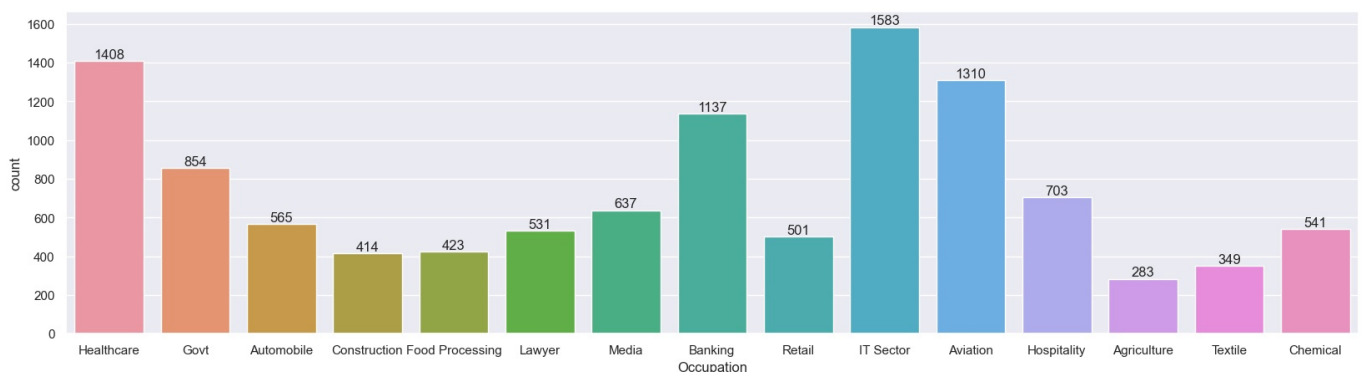


From above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are married (women) and they have high purchasing power

Occupation

```
In [23]: sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
ax = sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Occupation')

for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```

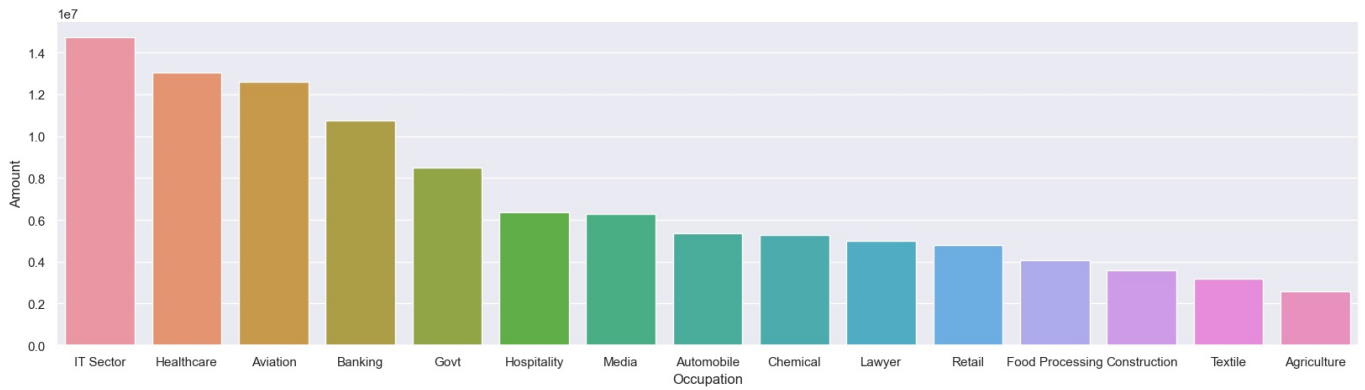


```
In [24]: sales_state = df.groupby(['Occupation'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by='Amount', ascending=False)
```



```
sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'Occupation',y= 'Amount')
```

Out[24]: <Axes: xlabel='Occupation', ylabel='Amount'>

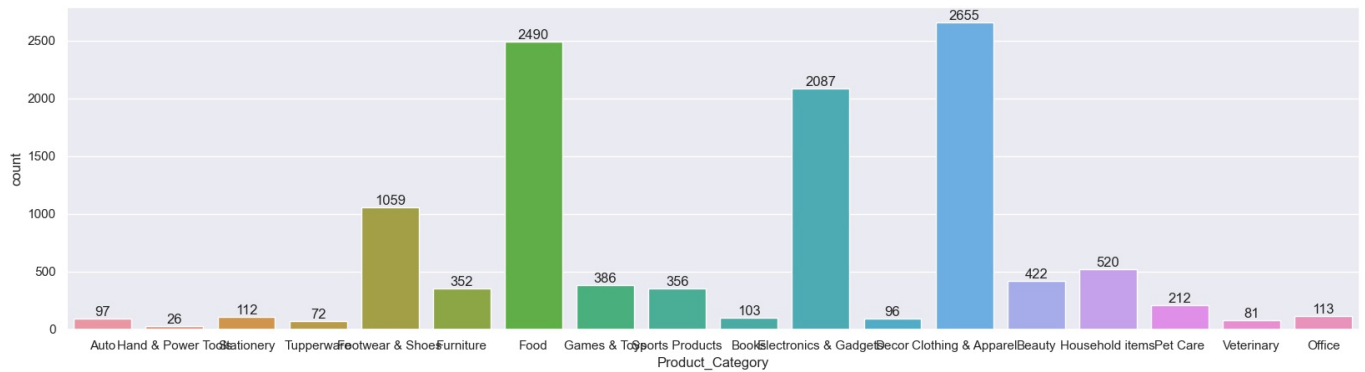


From above graphs we can see that most of the buyers are working in IT, Healthcare and Aviation sector

Product Category

```
In [25]: sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
ax = sns.countplot(data = df, x = 'Product_Category')

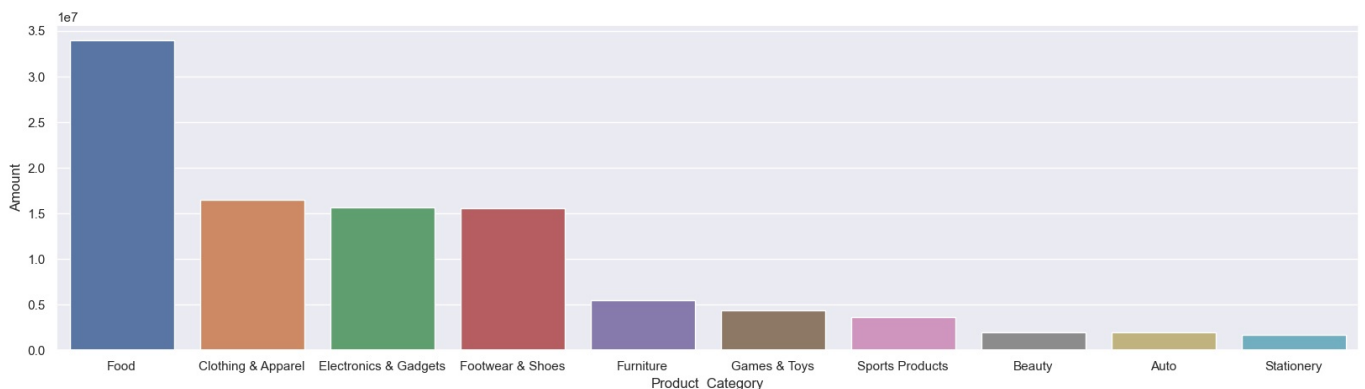
for bars in ax.containers:
    ax.bar_label(bars)
```



```
In [26]: sales_state = df.groupby(['Product_Category'], as_index=False)['Amount'].sum().sort_values(by='Amount', ascending=True)

sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'Product_Category',y= 'Amount')
```

Out[26]: <Axes: xlabel='Product_Category', ylabel='Amount'>

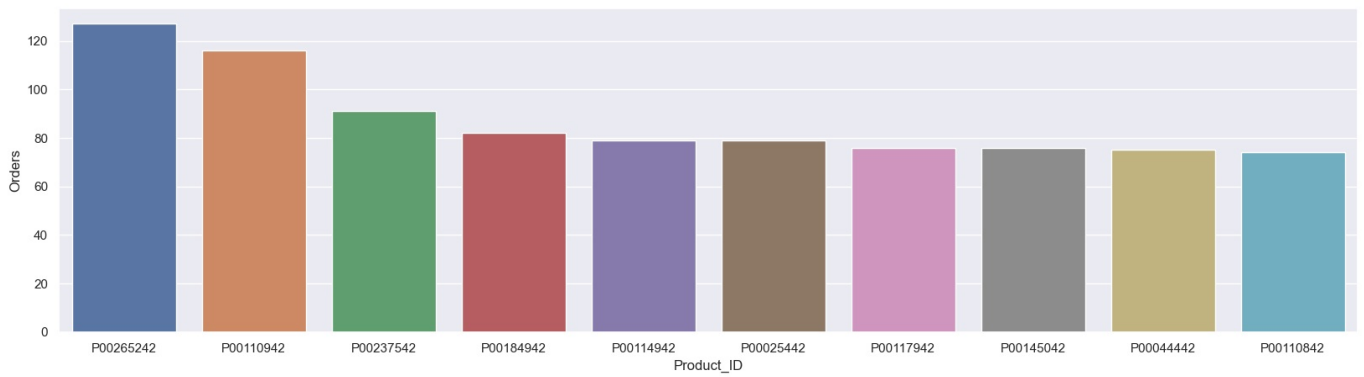


From above graphs we can see that most of the sold products are from Food, Clothing and Electronics category

```
In [27]: sales_state = df.groupby(['Product_ID'], as_index=False)['Orders'].sum().sort_values(by='Orders', ascending=False)

sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(20,5)})
sns.barplot(data = sales_state, x = 'Product_ID',y= 'Orders')
```

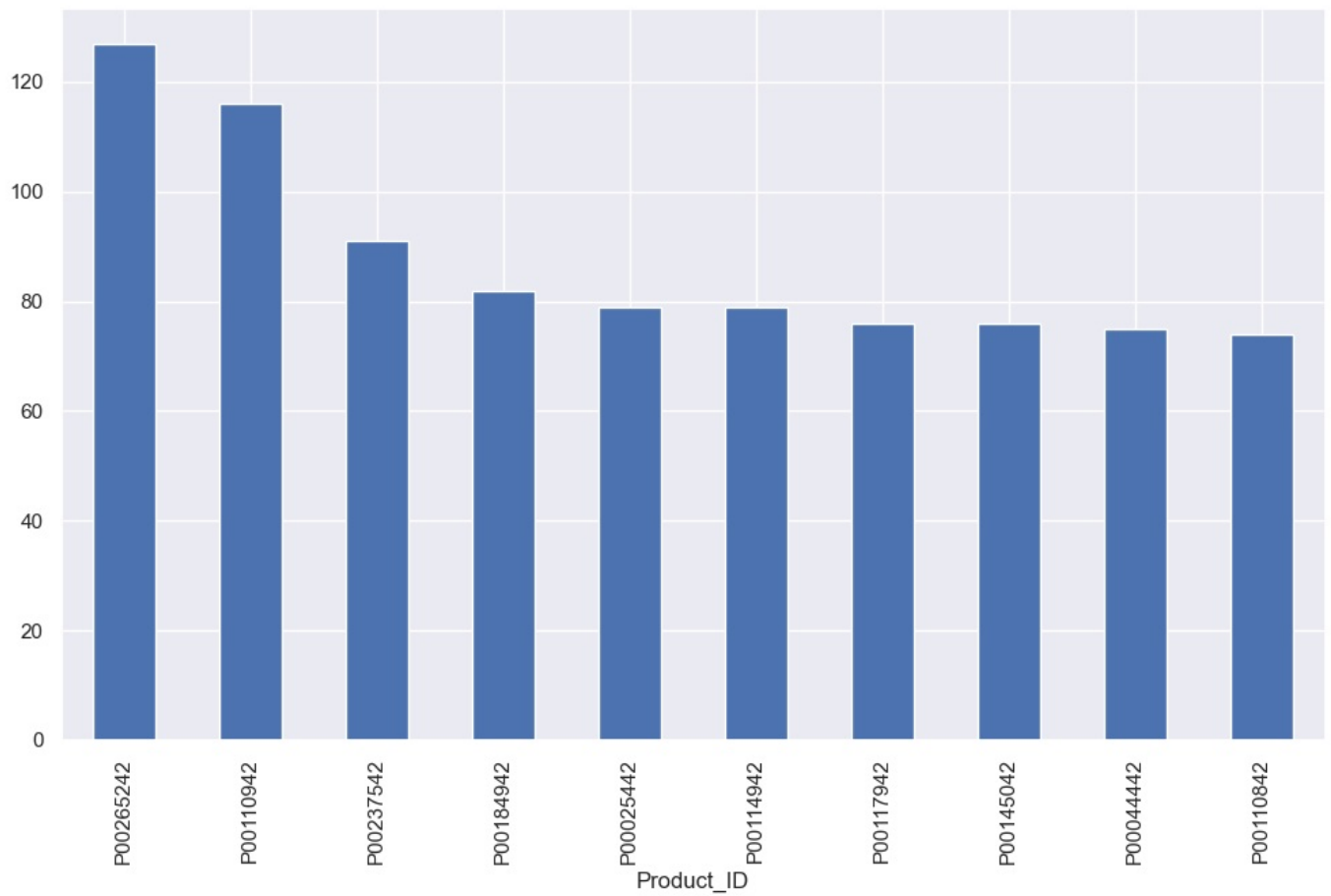
Out[27]: <Axes: xlabel='Product_ID', ylabel='Orders'>



In [28]: # top 10 most sold products (same thing as above)

```
fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(12,7))
df.groupby('Product_ID')['Orders'].sum().nlargest(10).sort_values(ascending=False).plot(kind='bar')
```

Out[28]: <Axes: xlabel='Product_ID'>



Conclusion:

Married women age group 26-35 yrs from UP, Maharastra and Karnataka working in IT, Healthcare and Aviation are more likely to buy products from Food, Clothing and Electronics category