```
Java program to implement Queue Using Array And Class
package Thuresday;
import java.util.*;
public class QueueImplement
    public static void main(String[] args)
        Scanner <u>scan</u> = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Array Queue Test\n");
        System.out.println("Enter Size of Integer Queue ");
        int n = scan.nextInt();
        /* creating object of class arrayQueue */
        arrayQueue q = new arrayQueue(n);
        /* Perform Queue Operations */
        char ch;
        do{
            System.out.println("\nQueue Operations");
            System.out.println("1. insert");
            System.out.println("2. remove");
            System.out.println("3. peek");
            System.out.println("4. check empty");
            System.out.println("5. check full");
            System.out.println("6. size");
            int choice = scan.nextInt();
            switch (choice)
            case 1:
                System.out.println("Enter integer element to insert");
                try
                {
                    q.insert( scan.nextInt() );
                }
                catch(Exception e)
                {
                    System.out.println("Error : " +e.getMessage());
                break;
            case 2:
                try
                {
                    System.out.println("Removed Element = "+q.remove());
                }
                catch(Exception e)
                    System.out.println("Error : " +e.getMessage());
                break;
            case 3:
                try
                {
                    System.out.println("Peek Element = "+q.peek());
                catch(Exception e)
                {
                    System.out.println("Error : "+e.getMessage());
                break;
            case 4:
                System.out.println("Empty status = "+q.isEmpty());
                break;
            case 5:
                System.out.println("Full status = "+q.isFull());
                break;
            case 6:
                System.out.println("Size = "+ q.getSize());
            default : System.out.println("Wrong Entry \n ");
                break;
            }
```

```
/* display Queue */
            q.display();
            System.out.println("\nDo you want to continue (Type y or n) \n");
            ch = scan.next().charAt(0);
        } while (ch == 'Y'|| ch == 'y');
    }
}
package Thuresday;
import java.util.*;
/* Class arrayQueue */
class arrayQueue
    protected int Queue[];
    protected int front, rear, size, len;
    /* Constructor */
    public arrayQueue(int n)
        size = n;
        len = 0;
        Queue = new int[size];
        front = -1;
        rear = -1;
    ^{\prime }/^{st } Function to check if queue is empty ^{st }/
    public boolean isEmpty()
    {
        return front == -1;
    }
    /* Function to check if queue is full */
    public boolean isFull()
    {
        return front==0 && rear == size -1 ;
    /* Function to get the size of the queue */
    public int getSize()
    {
        return len ;
    }
    /* Function to check the front element of the queue */
    public int peek()
    {
        if (isEmpty())
           throw new NoSuchElementException("Underflow Exception");
        return Queue[front];
    }
    /* Function to insert an element to the queue */
    public void insert(int i)
        if (rear == -1)
        {
            front = 0;
            rear = 0;
            Queue[rear] = i;
        else if (rear + 1 >= size)
            throw new IndexOutOfBoundsException("Overflow Exception");
        else if ( rear + 1 < size)</pre>
            Queue[++rear] = i;
        len++ ;
    }
    /* Function to remove front element from the queue */
    public int remove()
    {
        if (isEmpty())
           throw new NoSuchElementException("Underflow Exception");
        {
```

```
len-- ;
            int ele = Queue[front];
            if ( front == rear)
                front = -1;
                rear = -1;
            }
            else
                front++;
            return ele;
        }
    }
       Function to display the status of the queue */
    public void display()
        System.out.print("\nQueue = ");
        if (len == 0)
            System.out.print("Empty\n");
            return ;
        for (int i = front; i <= rear; i++)</pre>
            System.out.print(Queue[i]+" ");
        System.out.println();
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:

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□ Console II

□ QueueImplement Java Application C\Program Filer\Java\prel.80,221\bin\javaw.exe (04-Jun-2020, 1:17:35 PM)

5. check full

□ 6. size

□ 1

Enter integer element to insert

5.

Queue Operations

1. insert

2. remove

3. peek

4. check empty
5. check full
6. size

Peek Element = 4

Queue = 4 5

Do you want to continue (Type y or n)

y

Queue Operations

1. insert

2. remove

3. peek

4. check empty

5. check full
6. size

Feek Element = 4

Queue 24 5

Do you want to continue (Type y or n)

y

Queue Operations

1. insert

2. remove

3. check full
6. size

5. Full status = false

Queue = 4 5

Do you want to continue (Type y or n)
```