

# **Bridging the Usability Gap: Designing Culturally-Inclusive Human-Computer Interaction for Fintech Adoption in Sub-Saharan Africa**

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**Intended Start Date:** 2026

## **1. Introduction and Background**

The growth of fintech in Sub-Saharan Africa offers opportunities for financial inclusion, yet adoption remains uneven due to interfaces that fail to reflect African cultural, linguistic, and behavioral contexts. This research, aligned with African-oriented HCI and responsible innovation central to Dr. Adamu's work, seeks to explore culturally grounded design principles to enhance fintech usability and trust.

## **2. Research Problem**

Fintech users report challenges, including unfamiliar interaction flows, low trust, literacy barriers, and mismatched mental models. These issues highlight a usability gap stemming from applying non-African HCI assumptions to African digital ecosystems.

## **3. Aim and Objectives**

**Aim:** To design and evaluate culturally-inclusive HCI frameworks that improve fintech usability, trust, and adoption in Sub-Saharan Africa.

**Objectives:** Identify cultural factors affecting fintech interaction; evaluate existing apps; develop an HCI framework; create prototypes; and validate through empirical testing.

## **4. Research Questions**

- How do cultural and contextual factors shape fintech usability?
- How do users perceive existing fintech interactions and trust cues?
- What culturally-informed HCI models can improve usability and trust?
- How do adapted designs influence adoption likelihood and task success?

## **5. Methodology**

This study adopts a mixed-methods, human-centered design approach.

**5.1 Literature Review:** A PRISMA-based review covering African HCI, digital inclusion, fintech adoption, and cross-cultural UX.

**5.2 Contextual Inquiry:** Interviews, focus groups, and contextual observations across diverse African user groups. Qualitative thematic analysis (NVivo) will identify friction points, mental models, and trust cues.

**5.3 Usability Evaluation:** Heuristic evaluations, cognitive walkthroughs, task-based tests, and think-aloud protocols. Metrics include task success, error rate, time-on-task, trust scores, and cognitive load.

5.4 Framework Development: Synthesized findings will form a culturally-inclusive HCI framework, refined via expert validation.

5.5 Prototype Development: High-fidelity interfaces created through iterative design cycles.

5.6 Evaluation: A/B testing comparing standard vs culturally-adapted flows using SUS, trust, satisfaction, and adoption likelihood. Mixed-method analysis ensures robustness.

5.7 Ethics and Rigor: Informed consent, data protection, cultural sensitivity, triangulation, member-checking, and reflexive journaling.

## 6. Timeline (36 Months)

Months 1–6: Literature review; research design; ethics approval.

Months 7–14: Contextual inquiry; interviews; focus groups.

Months 15–20: Usability evaluations and analysis.

Months 21–26: Framework development and validation.

Months 27–32: Prototype development and pilot testing.

Months 33–36: Evaluation, analysis, and thesis writing.

## 7. Expected Contributions

The research will produce an African-centric HCI framework, new cultural UX insights, validated prototypes, and practical guidelines for inclusive fintech design across Sub-Saharan Africa.