Forward reasoning Algorithm.

order logic stadements and porove the given query using provard reasoning.

function FOL-FC-ASK(KB, X) returns a substitution or false inputs: KB, the knowledge buse, a set of first. an atomic sentence

local variables: new, the new sentences injerred on each iteration

repeat until new is empty

jos each rule in KB do (p, 1.- 1 po = 9) = stundardizeraviables (rule)

9! < Subst (0,9) if go does not unify with some

sextence already in KB or new

then

add g' to new \$ + Unify(q',x)

if \$ 15 not fail

then return of

add new to KB retish julge

# after running forward unearing algo.
Proved: Robert is criminal.

output:

Evnily is either a surgeon or aleuger occupation (Emily, surgeon) V

occupation (Emily, surgeon) V Joe is an actor, but he also holds another occupation (Joe, Actor) N = X: Occupation (Joe, X) 1x + Actor All surgeons are doctors

T proccupation (p, surgeon) = occupation (p, Doctor) Toe does not have a lunger of p: - occupation (p, Lawyer) n Customer (Joe, P) Emily has a boss who is a lewyer 3 p: Boss (p, Emily) 1 occupation (p, herry > There exists a layer all of whose customers are doctors 3p: Occupation (p, Lunyer) 1 7 c: Customer ( ) = Occupation (E, Doctor) Every surgeon hees a lewyer

Tp: Occupation(p, Juryeon). = 7, 3 l:

occupation(l, cawyer) n customer (P,le)

## fmem3ehyc

## December 21, 2024

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[1]: # Facts in the Knowledge Base
     print("Name:Sudarshan Komar","USN:1BM22CS291",sep="\n")
     knowledge_base = {
         "facts": {
             "American(Robert)": True,
             "Enemy(A, America)": True,
             "Owns(A, T1)": True,
             "Missile(T1)": True,
         },
         "rules": [
             # Rule 1: Missiles are weapons
             {"if": ["Missile(x)"], "then": ["Weapon(x)"]},
             # Rule 2: Enemy of America is hostile
             {"if": ["Enemy(x, America)"], "then": ["Hostile(x)"]},
             # Rule 3: If a missile is owned by A, Robert sold it
             {"if": ["Missile(x)", "Owns(A, x)"], "then": ["Sells(Robert, x, A)"]},
             # Rule 4: Law: Selling weapons to hostile nations is a crime
                 "if": ["American(p)", "Weapon(q)", "Sells(p, q, r)", "Hostile(r)"],
                 "then": ["Criminal(p)"],
             },
        ],
     }
     def forward_chaining(kb):
         # Extract facts and rules
         facts = kb["facts"].copy()
         rules = kb["rules"]
         # Keep track of inferred facts
         inferred = set()
         while True:
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new_inferences = set()
       for rule in rules:
           # Check if all conditions of the rule are satisfied
           if_conditions = rule["if"]
           then_conditions = rule["then"]
           # Create a substitution for the rule variables
           substitutions = {}
           all_conditions_met = True
           for condition in if_conditions:
               # Extract the predicate and arguments
               predicate, args = condition.split("(")
               args = args[:-1].split(",") # Remove closing parenthesis and
\hookrightarrow split
               # Check for matching facts
               matched = False
               for fact in facts:
                   fact_predicate, fact_args = fact.split("(")
                   fact_args = fact_args[:-1].split(",")
                   if predicate == fact_predicate and len(args) ==_u
→len(fact_args):
                       # Match variables or constants
                       temp subs = {}
                       for var, val in zip(args, fact_args):
                           if var.islower(): # It's a variable
                               if var in temp_subs and temp_subs[var] != val:
                                   break # Conflict in substitution
                               temp_subs[var] = val
                           elif var != val: # Constants must match
                               break
                       else:
                           # Valid match
                           matched = True
                           substitutions.update(temp_subs)
                           break
               if not matched:
                   all_conditions_met = False
                   break
           # If all conditions are met, infer the "then" facts
           if all_conditions_met:
               for condition in then_conditions:
```

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\# Apply substitutions to the "then" condition
                   predicate, args = condition.split("(")
                   args = args[:-1].split(",")
                   new_fact = predicate + "(" + ",".join(substitutions.
 new_inferences.add(new_fact)
       # Add new inferences to the knowledge base
       if new_inferences - inferred:
           inferred.update(new_inferences)
           facts.update({fact: True for fact in new_inferences})
       else:
           break
   return inferred
# Run forward chaining
result = forward_chaining(knowledge_base)
# Check if Robert is a criminal
if "Criminal(Robert)" in result:
   print("Proved: Robert is a criminal.")
else:
   print("Could not prove that Robert is a criminal.")
```

Name:Sudarshan Komar

USN:1BM22CS291

Proved: Robert is a criminal.