

4 Days Workshop on **Artificial Intelligence**





Deep Learning

Basics of Neural Networks, RNN and Transformers

What is Deep Learning ?

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Any technique that enables computers to mimic human behavior



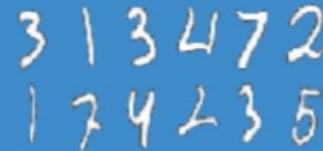
MACHINE LEARNING

Ability to learn without explicitly being programmed



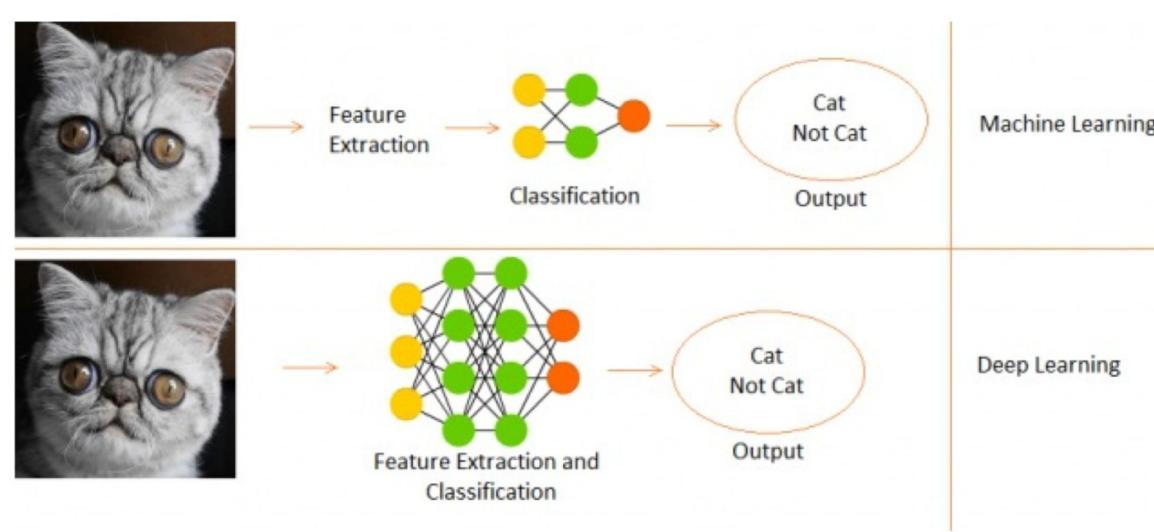
DEEP LEARNING

Extract patterns from data using neural networks



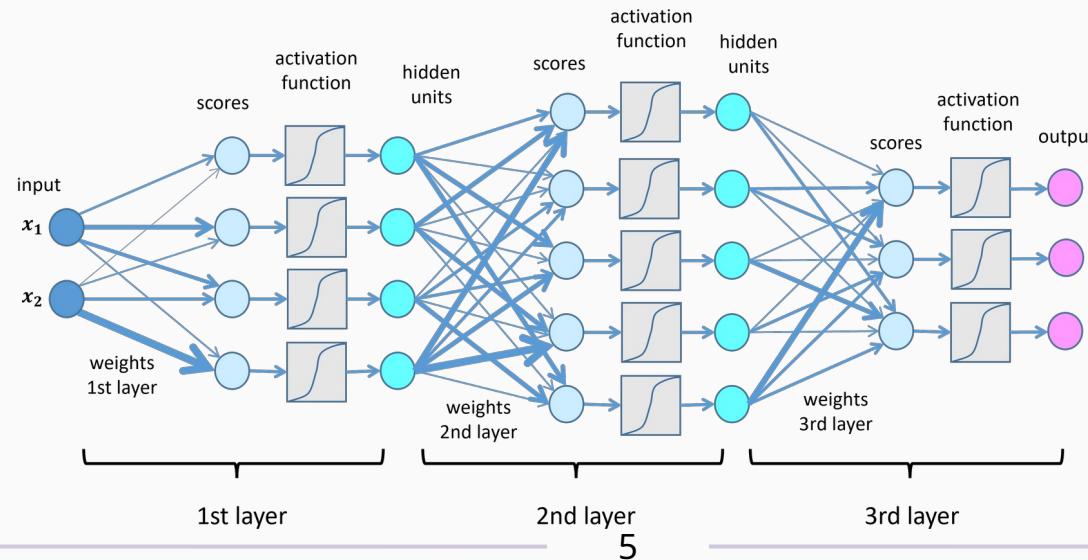
Why Deep Learning ?

- Hand engineered features are time consuming, brittle, and not scalable in practice

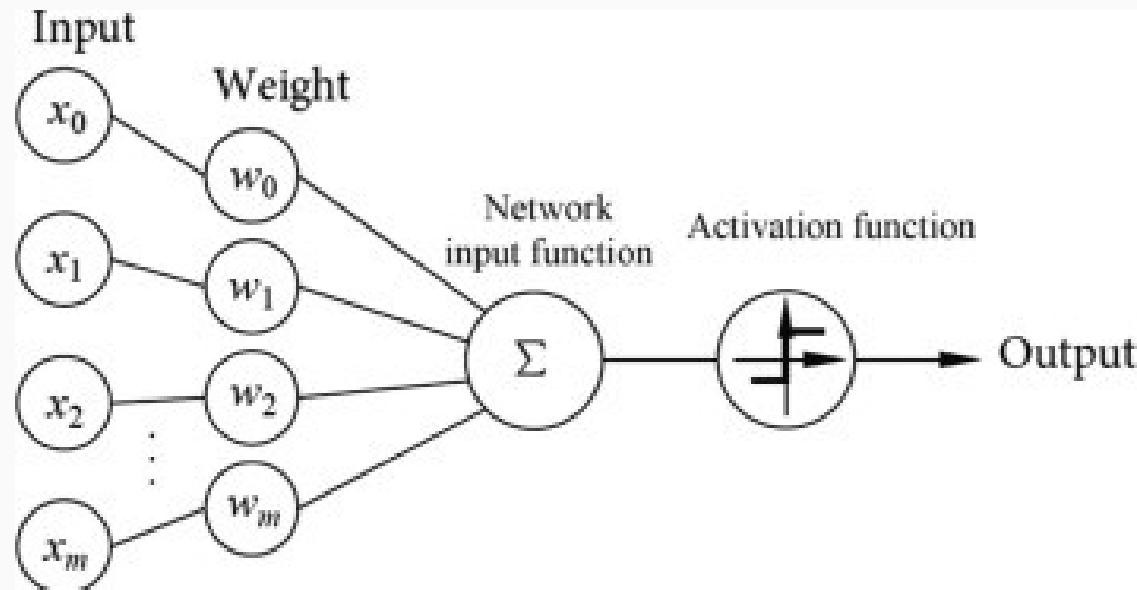


What is Neural Network ?

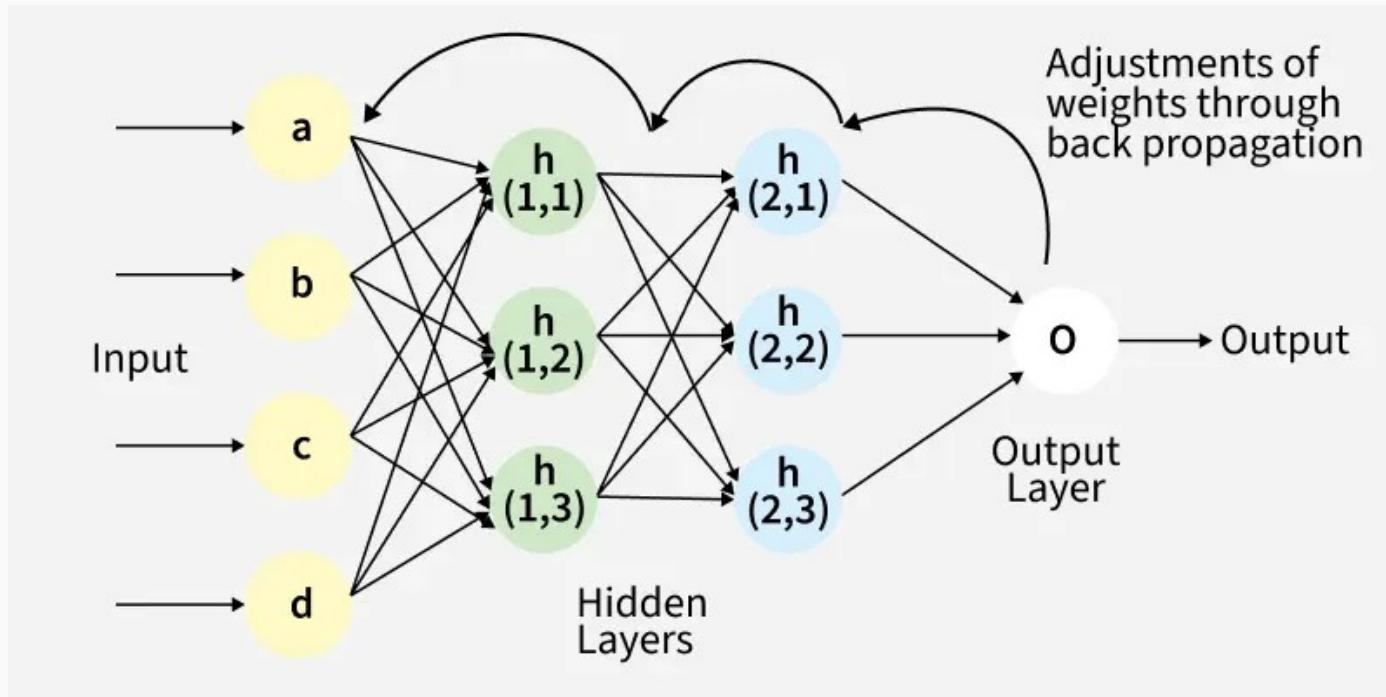
- A neural network is a model that learns patterns from data
- It has layers of "neurons" connected by adjustable weights
- Learns by adjusting these weights from examples



Perceptron: Forward Propagation



Backpropagation



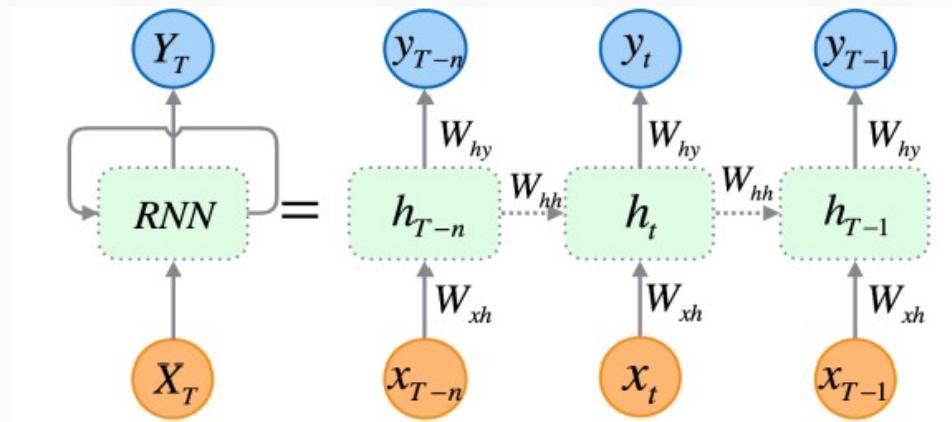


Limitation of basic NN

- They expect fixed-size input
- They don't understand order or context in sentences

What is RNN ?

- Designed to handle sequential data like text
- Remembers previous words while processing the next one
- Good for short sequences like simple sentences



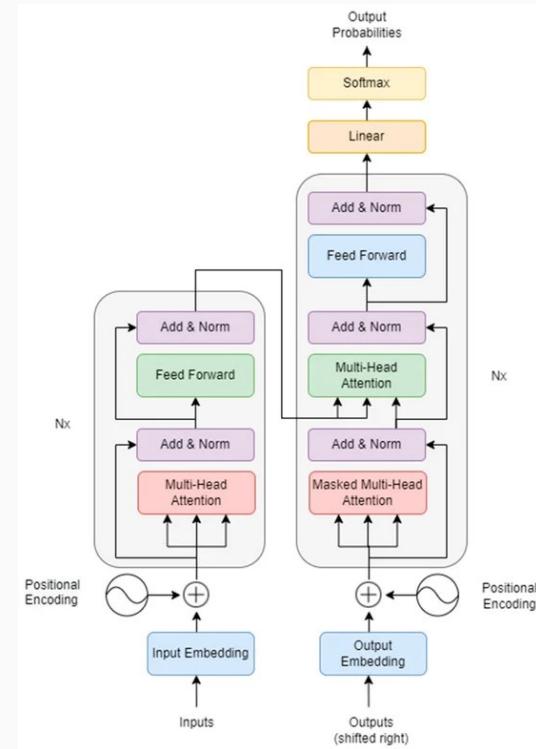


Limitation of RNN

- Hard to remember long-term context
- Slow training and prone to forgetting
- Struggles with long or complex sentences

What is Transformer ?

- Looks at the entire sentence at once
- Uses attention to focus on important words
- Fast, scalable, and works well with long texts





Why Transformers Made NLP So Powerful

- Understands meaning in context
- Learns relationships between all words, not just neighbors
- Powers models like BERT and GPT