

### **ATMA RAM SANATAN DHARM COLLEGE**

Course Title: Discrete Mathematical Structure

**Practical** 

## **Submitted To:**

Shalini Ma'am

Faculty Of Computer Science

# **Submitted By:**

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Course: B.Sc. Computer Science Hons.

6. Write a Program to check if a given graph is a complete graph. Represent the graph using the Adjacency Matrix representation.

#### Code:

```
♣ 7.py > ..
 1 # defining the is_complete_graph function with two parameters graph and num_vertices.
     def is_complete_graph(graph, num_vertices):
         for i in range(num_vertices):
             # Check if each vertex is connected to all other vertices
 4
              for j in range(num_vertices):
 5
                  if i != j and graph[i][j] != 1:
 6
                  return False
 7
 8
         return True
 9
     def main():
10
11
         graph = []
12
         num_vertices = int(input("Enter the no. of vertices present in graph: "))
13
          # taking input for graph in adjacency matrix form
15
         for i in range(num_vertices):
             rows = []
16
              for j in range(num_vertices):
17
                 cell = int(input(f"Enter the value of {i,j}: "))
18
19
                 rows.append(cell)
20
             graph.append(rows)
21
22
          print('\nAdjacency matrix representation:')
23
          print(f'{graph}\n')
24
          if(is_complete_graph(graph, num_vertices)):
25
26
             print('It is complete graph')
27
28
             print('It is not complete graph')
29
30
      if __name__ == "__main__":
         main()
```

### Output: For complete graph

```
PS C:\Users\Sudeep\OneDrive - RAJDHANI COLLEGE\Desktop\DSA> & C:/LDSA/7.py"

Enter the no. of vertices present in graph: 3

Enter the value of (0, 0): 0

Enter the value of (0, 1): 1

Enter the value of (0, 2): 1

Enter the value of (1, 0): 1

Enter the value of (1, 1): 0

Enter the value of (1, 2): 1

Enter the value of (2, 0): 1

Enter the value of (2, 1): 1

Enter the value of (2, 2): 0

Adjacency matrix representation:

[[0, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1], [1, 1, 0]]

It is complete graph
```

### Output: For not-complete graph

```
PS C:\Users\Sudeep\OneDrive - RAJDHANI COLLEGE\Desktop\DSA> & C:
DSA/7.py"
Enter the no. of vertices present in graph: 4
Enter the value of (0, 0): 0
Enter the value of (0, 1): 1
Enter the value of (0, 2): 1
Enter the value of (0, 3): 1
Enter the value of (1, 0): 1
Enter the value of (1, 1): 0
Enter the value of (1, 2): 0
Enter the value of (1, 3): 1
Enter the value of (2, 0): 1
Enter the value of (2, 1): 1
Enter the value of (2, 2): 0
Enter the value of (2, 3): 1
Enter the value of (3, 0): 1
Enter the value of (3, 1): 1
Enter the value of (3, 2): 1
Enter the value of (3, 3): 0
Adjacency matrix representation:
[[0, 1, 1, 1], [1, 0, 0, 1], [1, 1, 0, 1], [1, 1, 1, 0]]
It is not complete graph
```