VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

"JnanaSangama", Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



LAB REPORT on

MACHINE LEARNING (20CS6PCMAL)

Submitted by

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous Institution under VTU)

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B. M. S. College of Engineering,

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(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)

Department of Computer Science and Engineering



C ERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "MACHINE LEARNING" carried out by Sudeshna Bhushan (1BM19CS189), who is a bonafide student of B. M. S. College of Engineering. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2022. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a Machine Learning - (20CS6PCMAL) work prescribed for the said degree.

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Course Outcome

CO1	Ability to apply the different learning algorithms.
CO2	Ability to analyse the learning techniques for a given dataset.
CO3	Ability to design a model using machine learning to solve a problem.
CO4	Ability to conduct practical experiments to solve problems using appropriate machine learning techniques.

1. Implement and demonstrate the FIND-S algorithm for finding the most specific hypothesis based on a given set of training data samples.

```
In [1]: import csv
                def findS(dataset, hypothesis):
                      else:
                             else:
          hypothesis[j] = '?'
print('The hypothesis for traning tuple',i+1,'and instance',j+1, 'is:', hypothesis)
elif dataset[i][-1] == 'no':
print('The tuple', i+1, 'is a negative instance.')
print('The hypothesis for traning tuple',i+1, 'is:', hypothesis)
usur hypothesis
                       return hypothesis
                def main():
                       with open('FindS-CSV.csv', 'r') as csvfile:
                               next(csvfile)
                             for row in csv.reader(csvfile):
                                    dataset.append(row)
                      print(dataset)
hypothesis = ['0']*len(dataset[0])
print('The Initial hypothesis:', hypothesis)
                       hypothesis = findS(dataset, hypothesis)
print('Final Hypothesis: ', hypothesis)
                if __name__ == "__main__":
                       main()
              [['sunny', 'warm', 'normal', 'strong', 'warm', 'same', 'yes'], ['sunny', 'warm', 'high', 'strong', 'warm', 'same', 'yes'], ['rainy', 'col d', 'high', 'strong', 'warm', 'change', 'no'], ['sunny', 'warm', 'high', 'strong', 'cool', 'change', 'yes']]
The Initial hypothesis: ['0', '0', '0', '0', '0', '0']
The tuple 1 is a positive instance.
The tuple 1 is a positive instance.
The hypothesis for traning tuple 1 and instance 7 is: ['sunny', 'warm', 'normal', 'strong', 'warm', 'same', 'yes']
               The tuple 2 is a positive instance.

The hypothesis for traning tuple 2 and instance 7 is: ['sunny', 'warm', '?', 'strong', 'warm', 'same', 'yes']
               The tuple 3 is a negative instance.

The hypothesis for traning tuple 3 is: ['sunny', 'warm', '?', 'strong', 'warm', 'same', 'yes']
              The tuple 4 is a positive instance.

The hypothesis for traning tuple 4 and instance 7 is: ['sunny', 'warm', '?', 'strong', '?', 'yes']

Final Hypothesis: ['sunny', 'warm', '?', 'strong', '?', 'yes']
```

2. For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the Candidate-Elimination algorithm to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
                            import numpy as np
                           import csv
                          data = pd.read_csv('Candidate-Elimination.csv')
d = np.array(data.iloc[:,0:-1])
                           print("\nInstances are:\n",d)
target = np.array(data.iloc[:,-1])
print("\nTarget Values are: ",target)
                         Instances are:
                           Instances are:
[['sunny' 'warm' 'normal' 'strong' 'warm' 'same']
['sunny' 'warm' 'high' 'strong' 'warm' 'same']
['rainy' 'cold' 'high' 'strong' 'warm' 'change']
['sunny' 'warm' 'high' 'strong' 'cool' 'change']]
                        Target Values are: ['yes' 'yes' 'no' 'yes']
In [2]: def learn(d, target):
                                      specific_h = d[0].copy()
                                      specific_n = q().copy()
print("\nSpecific_Nypothesis: ", specific_h)
general_h = [["?" for i in range(len(specific_h))] for i in range(len(specific_h))]
                                       print("\nGeneric Hypothesis: ",general_h)
                                              print("\nIteration", i+1 , "is ", h)
if target[i] == "yes":
                                                             print( Instance is Positive '
                                                              if target[i] = "no":
                                                             print('Instance is Negative ")
for x in range(len(specific_h)):
    if h[x]!= specific_h[x]:
                                                                          general_h[x][x] = specific_h[x]
else:
                                                                                       general h(x)(x) = '?'
                                                  print("Specific Hypothesis after ", i+1, "Instance is ", specific_h)
print("Generic Hypothesis after ", i+1, "Instance is ", general_h)
print("\n")
                                      indices = [i for i, val in enumerate(general_h) if val == ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]
                                      for i in indices:
    general_h.remove(['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'])
                                       return specific_h, general_h
In [3]: specific, general = learn(d, target)
                           print("Final Specific Bypothesis: *, '<', ', '.join(specific),'>')
print("Final General Bypothesis: ')
                           for i in general:
                                    print('<', ', '.join(i),'>, ')
                         Specific Hypothesis: ['sunny' 'warm' 'normal' 'strong' 'warm' 'same']
                        Generic Hypothesis: [['2', '2', '2', '2', '2', '2'], ['2', '2', '2', '2', '2'], ['3', '2'], ['3', '2'], ['3', '2'], ['3', '2'], ['3', '2'], ['3', '2'], ['3', '2'], ['3', '2'], ['3', '2'], ['3', '2'], ['3', '2'], ['3', '2'], ['3', '2'], ['3', '2'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3'], ['3', '3']
                         Iteration 1 is ['sunny' 'warm' 'normal' 'strong' 'warm' 'same']
                        Instance is Positive

Specific Hypothesis after 1 Instance is ['sunny' 'warm' 'normal' 'strong' 'warm' 'same']

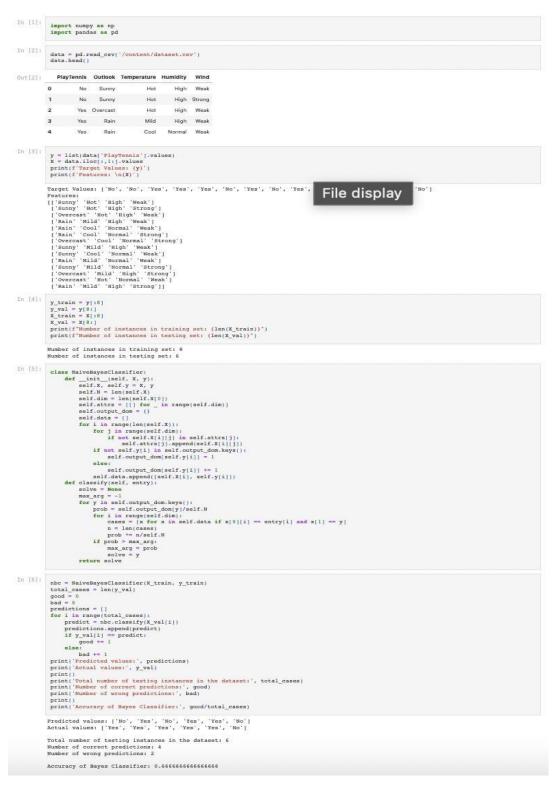
Generic Hypothesis after 1 Instance is [['2', '2', '2', '2', '2'], ['2', '2', '2', '2', '2', '2'], ['2', '2', '2', '2'], ['2', '2', '2'], ['2', '2', '2'], ['2', '2', '2'], ['2', '2', '2'], ['2', '2', '2'], ['2', '2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '2'], ['2', '
                        Iteration 2 is ['sunny' 'warm' 'high' 'strong' 'warm' 'same']
                       Iteration 3 is ['rainy' 'cold' 'high' 'strong' 'warm' 'change']
                        Iteration 4 is ['sunny' 'warm' 'high' 'strong' 'cool' 'change']
Instance is Fositive
                         Specific Hypothesis after 4 Instance is ['sunny' 'warm' '?' 'strong' '?' '?']

Generic Hypothesis after 4 Instance is [['sunny', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', 'warm', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?']]
                        Final Specific Hypothesis: < sunny, warm, ?, strong, ?, ? >
                        Final General Hypothesis: < sunny, ?, ?, ?, ?, ? >, < ?, warm, ?, ?, ?, ? >,
```

3. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge to classify a new sample.

```
In [4]: def print_tree(node,level):
                               if node.answer!=
                                        print(" "*level, node.answer)
                                         return
                               print(" **level, node.attribute)
                               for value,n in node.children:
print(* "*(level+1),value)
                                         print_tree(n,level+2)
                      def classify(node,x_test,features):
                               if node.answer!=
                                        print(node.answer)
                                          return
                               pos=features.index(node.attribute)
for value, n in node.children:
                                       if x test[pos]==value:
                                                  classify(n,x_test,features)
                     dataset,features=load_csv("id3.csv")
nodel=build_tree(dataset,features)
                      print("The decision tree for the dataset using ID3 algorithm is")
                      print_tree(node1,0)
                      testdata, features=load_csv("id3.csv")
                               print("The test instance:",xtest)
print("The label for test instance:",end=" ")
                                classify(nodel,xtest,features)
                    The decision tree for the dataset using ID3 algorithm is
                      Outlook
                           overcast
                               yes
                           sunny
Humidity
                                   high
                                    normal
                          yes
rain
                                    strong
                                    weak
                   yes
The test instance: ['sunny', 'hot', 'high', 'weak', 'no']
                   The label for test instance: ['sunny', 'hot', 'high', 'strong', 'no']
The label for test instance: no
The test instance: ['overcast', 'hot', 'high', 'weak', 'yes']
The label for test instance: yes
The test instance: ['rain', 'mild', 'high', 'weak', 'yes']
                   The label for test instance: yes
The test instance: ['rain', 'cool', 'normal', 'weak', 'yes']
The label for test instance: yes
The test instance: ['rain', 'cool', 'normal', 'strong', 'no']
                 The test instance: ['rain', 'cool', 'normal', 'strong', 'no']
The label for test instance: no
The test instance: ['overcast', 'cool', 'normal', 'strong', 'yes']
The label for test instance: yes
The test instance: ['sunny', 'mild', 'high', 'weak', 'no']
The label for test instance: no
The test instance: ['sunny', 'cool', 'normal', 'weak', 'yes']
The label for test instance: yes
The test instance: ['rain', 'mild', 'normal', 'weak', 'yes']
The label for test instance: yes
The test instance: ['sunny', 'mild', 'normal', 'strong', 'yes']
The label for test instance: yes
The test instance: ['overcast', 'mild', 'high', 'strong', 'yes']
The label for test instance: yes
The test instance: ['overcast', 'hot', 'normal', 'weak', 'yes']
The label for test instance: yes
The test instance: ['overcast', 'hot', 'normal', 'weak', 'yes']
The label for test instance: yes
The test instance: ['rain', 'mild', 'high', 'strong', 'no']
The label for test instance: no
```

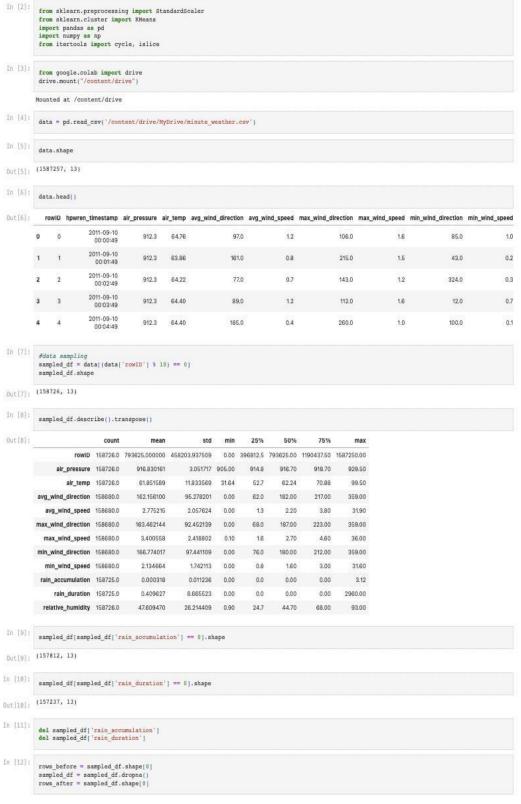
4. Write a program to implement the naïve Bayesian classifier for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets



5. Write a program to construct a Bayesian network considering training data. Use this model to make predictions.

```
In [7]:
   In [8]:
                              from pgmpy.estimators import MaximumLikelihoodEstimator
from pgmpy.models import BayesianModel
from pgmpy.inference import VariableElimination
  In [9]: heartDisease = pd.read_csv('heart.csv')
heartDisease = heartDisease.replace('?',np.nan)
                              print('Sample instances from the dataset are given below')
print(heartDisease.head())
                            ca thal heartdisease
                              Attributes and datatypes age int64 sex int64 cp int64
                            cp
trestbps
chol
fbs
restecg
thalach
                                                                                 int64
                                                                                int64
                                                                               int64
int64
int64
                                                               float64
int64
                             exang
oldpeak
                                                                          int64
object
object
int64
                             slope
                             ca
thal
                            heartdisease
                            dtype: object
In [11]:
                              model= BayesianModel([('age','heartdisease'),('sex','heartdisease'),('exang','heartdisease'),('cp','heartdisease'),('heartdisease','rester
print('\nlearning CPD using Maximum likelihood estimators')
model.fit(heartDisease, estimator=MaximumLikelihoodEstimator)
                              print('\n Inferencing with Bayesian Network:')
                            Learning CPD using Maximum likelihood estimators
                             Inferencing with Bayesian Network:
In [12]: | HeartDiseasetest_infer = VariableElimination(model)
                              print('\n 1. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= restecg')
ql=HeartDiseasetest_infer.query(variables=['heartdisease'),evidence=('restecg':1))
                               ql=HeartD
print(ql)
                            Pinding Elimination Order: : 100% | Eliminating: chol: 100% | Eliminat
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           5/5 [00:00<00:00, 2500.78it/s]
                              | heartdisease | phi(heartdisease) |
                             | heartdisease(0) |
                             | heartdisease(1) |
                             | heartdisease(2) |
                            | heartdisease(3) |
                            | heartdisease(4) |
                                                                                                                         0.4581
In [13]:
                              print('\n 2. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= cp ')
q2=HeartDiseasetest_infer.query(variables=['heartdisease'].evidence=('cp':2))
print(q2)
                            Finding Elimination Order: : 100% Eliminating: restecg: 100% 2. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= cp
                                                                          phi(heartdisease) |
                              heartdisease
                              heartdisease(0)
                             | heartdisease(1) |
                             | heartdisease(2) |
                             | heartdisease(3) |
                            | heartdisease(4) |
```

6. Apply k-Means algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV



file.

```
In [13]:
Out[13]: 46
In [14]: sampled_df.columns
In [15]: | features = ['air_pressure', 'air_temp', 'avg_wind_direction', 'avg_wind_*n«d', 'm_*=Snd_dSr«vtSon', 'm**_wznN **_«d','relariwe_fi. ->ai,yai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_vai,yair_
 In [17]:
In [18]: | select df
Dut[18]:
                                                            air_pressure air_temp avg_wind_direction avg_wind_speed max_wind_direction max_wind sheed resative_numbing
                                                 10
20
                                                                                 912.3
912.2
                                                                                                             62.24
63.32
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      1.2
2.0
US
                                  1587210
                                                                                915.9
                                                                                                         75.56
                                                                                                                                                            2âD.D
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            1.3
                             1S0BB0 s x 7 columns
 In [19]:
 Out[19]: array([[-1.48456281, 0.24544455, -0.68385323, ..., -0.62153592,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         [-1.48456281, 0.03247142, -0.19055941, ..., 0.03826701, -0.66171726, -0.34710804], [-1.51733167, 0.12374562, -0.65236639, ..., -0.44847286,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     1.15619654, 1.9dF5SJ2d,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ..., 2.0393087 ,
                                                          [-0.30488381,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      0.01538018],
1.12776181, 2.06599745, ..., -1.67073075,
                                                          -0.JO30+01T,
[-0.30488381,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 -0.69711J47]]}
                                                            -0.62037434,
                                   mnNml -
                                                                       c.*it{z]
                                                         [-0.7245782 , 0.51194369, 0.17191124, -0.58229578, 0.34128394,
                                                               0.67243274, -0.15J29I94].
                                                                                                                                                                                                    1.98322667, 0.53830956,
```

-0.63899948, -11.67791749,

```
[-0.16372869, 0.852414, -13117731, -0.6047306, -0.411943], -0.58942801, -1.16773268, -0.25182364, -0.34672097, -0.54672097, -0.54672097, -0.5216283], -0.32038874, 1.88815273, -0.65179307, *Z5112ES6.

[ 0.68752537, -0.54507948, -0.7533227, -0.5533267, -1.073853 ,
```

7. Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Compare the results of k-Means algorithm and EM algorithm.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import datasets
from sklearn import kneans
import sklearn.metrics as sm
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
In [2]: iris = datasets.load_iris()
                X = pd.DataFrame(iris.data)
X.columns = ['Sepal_Length','Sepal_Width','Petal_Length','Petal_Width']
                y = pd.DataFrame(iris.target)
y.columns = ['Targets']
In [3]:
                model = KMeans(n_clusters=3)
model.fit(X)
                plt.figure(figsize=(14,7))
                colormap = np.array(['red', 'lime', 'black'])
                **Plot the Original Classifications
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.subplot(2, 2, 1)
plt.scatter(X.Petal_Length, X.Petal_Width, c=colormap[y.Targets], s=40)
plt.file('Real Classification')
plt.ylabel('Petal Length')
plt.ylabel('Petal Width')
                The accuracy score of K-Mean: 0.24
The Confusion matrix of K-Mean: [[ 0 50 0]
                [48 0 2]
[14 0 36]]
                from sklearn import preprocessing
scaler = preprocessing.StandardScaler()
scaler.fit(X)
xsa = scaler.transform(X)
xs = pd.DataFrame(xsa, columns = X.colum
In [5]:
                plt.subplot(2, 2, 3)
plt.scatter(X.Petal_Length, X.Petal_Width, c=colormap[y_gmm], s=40)
plt.title('GMM Classification')
plt.xlabel('Petal Length')
plt.ylabel('Petal Width')
Out[5]:
                print('The accuracy score of EM; ',sm.accuracy_score(y, y_gmm))
print('The Confusion matrix of EM; ',sm.confusion_matrix(y, y_gmm))
```

8. Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions.

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width'} print(x)
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print(v)
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9. Implement the Linear Regression algorithm in order to fit data points. Select the appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs.

```
In [1]:
              import numpy as np
              import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
              import pandas as pd
In [3]:
              dataset = pd.read_csv('salary_dataset.csv')
              X = dataset.iloc[:, :-1].values
y = dataset.iloc[:, 1].values
In [4]:
             from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=1/3, random_state=0)
              # Fitting Simple Linear Regression to the Training set
              from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
regressor = LinearRegression()
regressor.fit(X_train, y_train)
Out[5]: LinearRegression()
In [6]: # Predicting the Test set results
              y_pred = regressor.predict(X_test)
              # Visualizing the Training set results
              viz_train = plt
viz_train.scatter(X_train, y_train, color='red')
              viz train.plot(X train, regressor.predict(X train), color='blue')
viz_train.title('Salary VS Experience (Training set)')
viz_train.xlabel('Year of Experience')
              viz_train.ylabel('Salary')
              viz_train.show()
                                     Salary VS Experience (Training set)
                 60000
              # Visualizing the Test set results
              vis_test = plt
vis_test.scatter(X_test, y_test, color='red')
vis_test.scatter(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color='blue')
vis_test.title('Salary VS Experience (Test set)')
vis_test.xlabel('Year of Experience')
vis_test.ylabel('Salary')
              viz_test.show()
                                       Salary VS Experience (Test set)
                120000
                100000
```

10. Implement the non-parametric Locally Weighted Regression algorithm in order to fit data points. Select the appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs.

```
In [1]:
             import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
             import pandas as pd
In [3]:
            dataset = pd.read_csv('salary_dataset.csv')
            X = dataset.iloc[:, :-1].values
y = dataset.iloc[:, 1].values
In [4]:
            from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
             X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=1/3, random_state=0)
             # Fitting Simple Linear Regression to the Training set
            from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
regressor = LinearRegression()
             regressor.fit(X_train, y_train)
Out[5]: LinearRegression()
In [6]: # Predicting the Test set results
             y_pred = regressor.predict(X_test)
             # Visualizing the Training set results
             viz_train = plt
viz_train.scatter(X_train, y_train, color='red')
             viz train.plot(X train, regressor.predict(X train), color='blue')
viz_train.title('Salary VS Experience (Training set)')
viz_train.xlabel('Year of Experience')
             viz_train.ylabel('Salary')
             viz_train.show()
                                  Salary VS Experience (Training set)
              120000
                60000
             # Visualizing the Test set results
            vis_test = plt
vis_test.scatter(X_test, y_test, color='red')
vis_test.scatter(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color='blue')
vis_test.title('Salary VS Experience (Test set)')
vis_test.xlabel('Year of Experience')
vis_test.ylabel('Salary')
             viz_test.show()
                                    Salary VS Experience (Test set)
              120000
               100000
               80000
                40000
```