PYTHON

DECISION MAKING STATEMENTS - EASY LEVEL

1. Which keyword is used for conditional branching in Python:
A) if
B) for
C) while
D) switch
Answer: A
2. Which statement is used to check multiple conditions in Python?
A) for loop
B) switch-case
C) if-elif-else
D) try-except
Answer: C
3. What will be the output of: if 5 > 3: print("Yes") else: print("No")?
A) Yes
B) No
C) Error
D) None
Answer: A
4. Which operator is used for logical AND in Python?
A) AND
B) &
C) &&
D) and
Answer: D

5. What is the output of: if not False: print("True")?
A) True
B) False
C) None
D) Error
Answer: A
6. Which keyword is used to handle multiple conditions besides if-else?
A) elifs
B) else if
C) elseif
D) elif
Answer: D
7. What is the output of: $x = 10$; if $x > 5$: print("High") else: print("Low")?
A) High
B) Low
C) 10
D) Error
Answer: A
8. Which of the following is a valid comparison operator in Python?
A) :=
B) ==
C) <>
D) =>
Answer: B
9. What does this code print: if 2 != 3: print("Yes") else: print("No")?
A) Yes

B) No
C) True
D) False
Answer: A
10. Which logical operator represents OR in Python?
A) OR
B)
C) or
D)
Answer: C
11. What will be the output of: if 0: print("Yes") else: print("No")?
A) 0
B) Yes
C) No
D) None
Answer: C
12. Which statement is true about Python if statements?
A) Indentation is mandatory
B) Curly braces are mandatory
C) Semicolons are mandatory
D) No indentation needed
Answer: A
13. What is the output of: if True and False: print("Yes") else: print("No")?
A) No
B) Yes
C) True
D) False

14. Which keyword is used to execute a block when all conditions fail?
A) elif
B) else
C) finally
D) end
Answer: B
15. What does this code print: if 3 <= 5: print("OK") else: print("Fail")?
A) OK
B) Fail
C) 3
D) 5
Answer: A
16. Which statement checks equality in Python?
A) !=
B) =
C) ==
D) =>
Answer: C
17. Which of the following is NOT a valid Python conditional?
A) if
B) unless
C) elif
D) else
Answer: B
18. What is the output of: $x = 4$; if $x \% 2 == 0$: print("Even") else: print("Odd")?

A) Even
B) Odd
C) 4
D) Error
Answer: A
19. Which operator is used for NOT in Python?
A) NOT
B) !
C) ~
D) not
Answer: D
20. What will be printed by: if "a" in "apple": print("Yes") else: print("No")?
A) Yes
B) No
C) Error
D) None
Answer: A
21. Which of the following can be used as a nested if condition?
A) if inside another if
B) elif inside else
C) else inside if
D) switch-case inside if
Answer: A
22. What is the output of: if 5 >= 5: print("Equal") else: print("Not Equal")?
A) Not Equal
B) Equal
C) 5

D) Error
Answer: B
23. Which operator is used to compare identity in Python?
A) is
B) ==
C) =
D) ==
Answer: A
24. Which statement executes if all previous if and elif conditions fail?
A) elif
B) else
C) if
D) finally
Answer: B
25. What does this code print: if not True: print("No") else: print("Yes")?
A) Yes
B) No
C) True
D) False
Answer: A
26. Which symbol is used for floor division in Python?
A) **
B) /
C) %
D) //
Answer: D

27. What is the output: if 7 > 10 or 3 < 5: print("Yes") else: print("No")?
A) No
B) Yes
C) True
D) False
Answer: B
28. Which statement is true for Python indentation in if blocks?
A) Indentation defines the block
B) Curly braces define the block
C) Parentheses define the block
D) Semicolons define the block
Answer: A
29. What is the output of: if 0 == False: print("True") else: print("False")?
A) True
B) False
C) 0
D) None
Answer: A
30. Which comparison returns True if values are not equal?
A) ==
B) !=
C) <=
D) >=
Answer: B
31. What will be printed by: $x = 8$; if $x < 10$ and $x > 5$: print("Yes") else: print("No")?
A) Yes
B) No

C) 8
D) Error
Answer: A
32. Which logical operator has higher precedence in Python?
A) or
B) and
C) not
D) ==
Answer: C
33. What is the output: if 2**3 == 8: print("Yes") else: print("No")?
A) Yes
B) No
C) 2
D) 3
Answer: A
34. Which statement is used for alternative conditions besides if?
A) elseif
B) else if
C) elif
D) when
Answer: C
35. What is the output: if "cat" != "dog": print("Yes") else: print("No")?
A) Yes
B) No
C) cat
D) dog
Answer: A

36. Which of these is valid for checking membership?
A) inside
B) in
C) include
D) contains
Answer: B
37. What is printed by: if True or False: print("Yes") else: print("No")?
A) Yes
B) No
C) True
D) False
Answer: A
38. Which of the following is true about Python else block?
A) Executes when all if/elif fail
B) Executes when if succeeds
C) Must follow else
D) Optional after if
Answer: A
39. What will this code output: x = 5; if x>0: print("Pos") else: print("Neg")?
A) Neg
B) Pos
C) 5
D) Error
Answer: B
40. Which operator is used for greater than or equal comparison?
A) >=

B) >
C) ==
D) <=
Answer: A
41. What is the output: if 10 != 5: print("Yes") else: print("No")?
A) Yes
B) No
C) 10
D) 5
Answer: A
42. Which is true for elif in Python?
A) Can follow else
B) Can appear without if
C) Must follow an if
D) Optional
Answer: C
43. What will this print: if False: print("No") else: print("Yes")?
A) Yes
B) No
C) False
D) True
Answer: A
44. Which statement correctly uses logical AND?
A) if x>0 and x<10:
B) if x>0 & x<10:
C) if x>0 && x<10:
D) if x>0 AND x<10:

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45. What is printed by: if 3==3: print("Equal") else: print("Not Equal")?
A) Not Equal
B) Equal
C) 3
D) Error
Answer: B
46. Which statement checks if a value is False?
A) if not value:
B) if value==False:
C) if value!=True:
D) if value=False:
Answer: A
47. What is the output: if 1<2 and 2<3: print("Yes") else: print("No")?
A) Yes
B) No
C) 1
D) 2
Answer: A
48. Which of the following is correct syntax for if-else in Python?
A) if condition: else:
B) if (condition) then else
C) if condition then else
D) if condition { } else { }
Answer: A
49. What will be printed: if 10>5: print("Yes") else: print("No")?

A) 10
B) No
C) Yes
D) 5
Answer: C
50. Which operator is used for equality comparison?
A) ==
B) =
C) !=
D) =>
Answer: A
randomize the answers