

AI Assistant Coding

Assignment1.5

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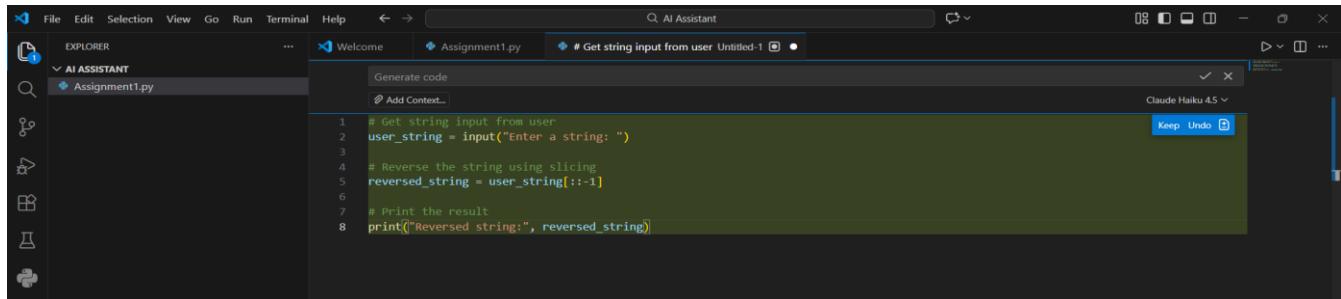
BATCH:20

Lab 1: Environment Setup – GitHub Copilot and VS Code Integration + Understanding AI-assisted Coding Workflow

Task 1: AI-Generated Logic Without Modularization (String Reversal Without Functions)

Prompt:

“Generate a Python program to reverse a user-input string directly in main code without defining any functions. Include simple input and output statements and show the reversed string.”

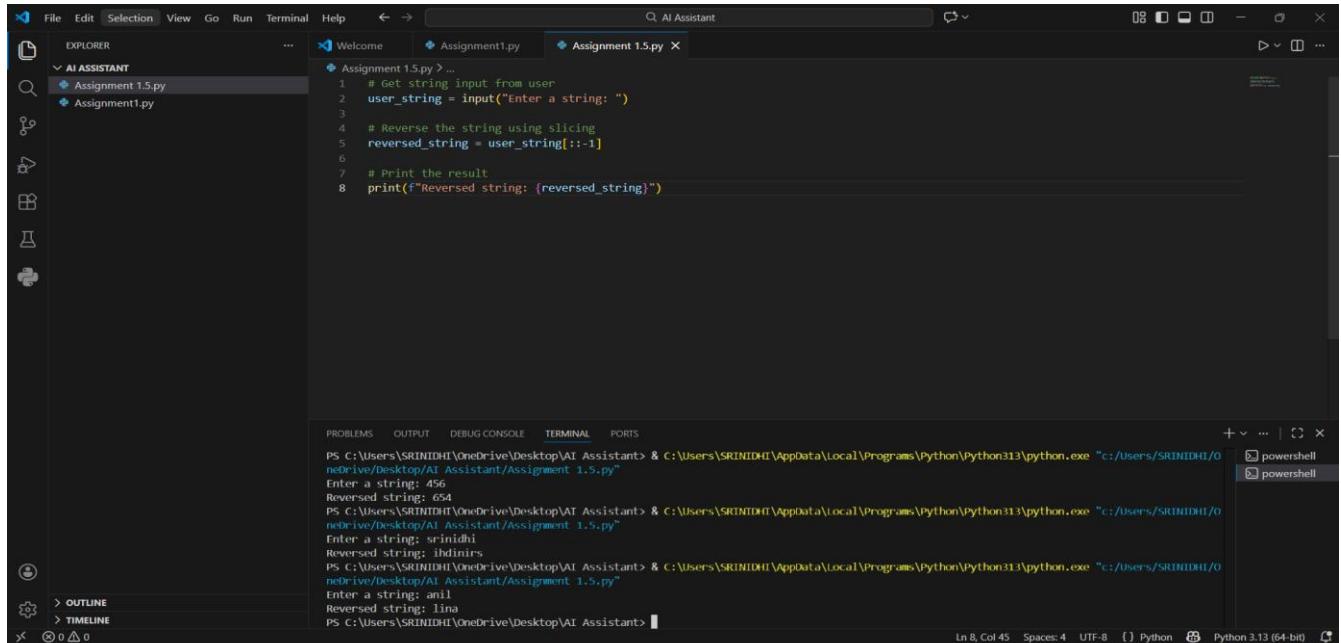


The screenshot shows the VS Code interface with the AI Assistant extension open. The Explorer sidebar shows files 'Assignment1.5.py' and 'Assignment1.py'. The main editor pane displays the following Python code:

```
# Get string input from user
user_string = input("Enter a string: ")

# Reverse the string using slicing
reversed_string = user_string[::-1]

# Print the result
print(f"Reversed string: {reversed_string}")
```



The terminal pane at the bottom shows the command-line output of running the script:

```
PS C:\Users\SRINIDHI\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assistant> & c:\Users\SRINIDHI\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe "c:/Users/SRINIDHI/OneDrive/Desktop/AI Assistant/Assignment1.5.py"
Enter a string: 456
Reversed string: 654
PS C:\Users\SRINIDHI\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assistant> & c:\Users\SRINIDHI\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe "c:/Users/SRINIDHI/OneDrive/Desktop/AI Assistant/Assignment1.5.py"
Enter a string: srinidhi
Reversed string: ihdinirs
PS C:\Users\SRINIDHI\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assistant> & c:\Users\SRINIDHI\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe "c:/Users/SRINIDHI/OneDrive/Desktop/AI Assistant/Assignment1.5.py"
Enter a string: anil
Reversed string: ilna
PS C:\Users\SRINIDHI\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assistant>
```

Explanation

This program reverses a string entered by the user without using any user-defined functions. All the logic is written directly in the main program. First, the program asks the user to enter a string using the `input()` statement. This string is stored in a variable. Next, an empty string is created to store the

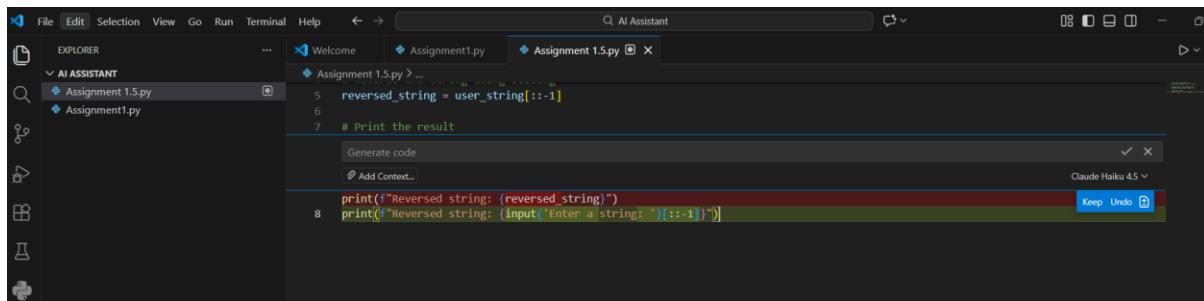
reversed result. The program uses a for loop to read each character of the input string one by one. Each character is added to the beginning of the new string. By placing every new character in front, the original order of characters is reversed. After the loop finishes executing, the reversed string is fully formed. Finally, the program prints the reversed string as output. This approach clearly demonstrates basic string manipulation and looping concepts while following the requirement of not using functions.

Task 2: Efficiency & Logic Optimization (Readability Improvement)

Prompt:

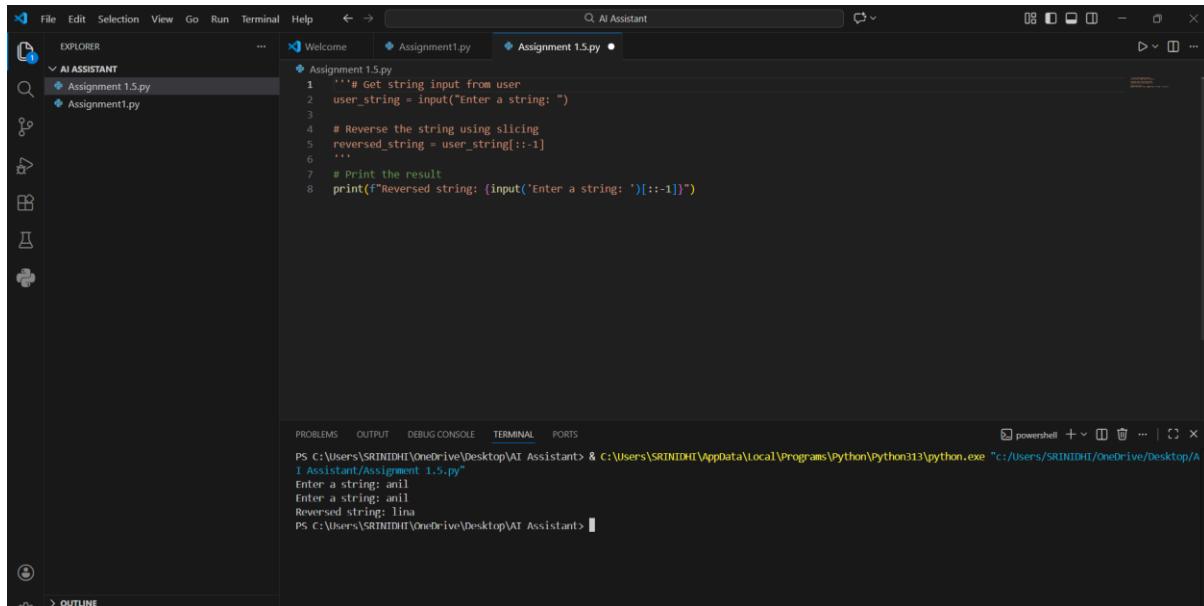
“Optimize the string reversal code for readability and efficiency by simplifying loops and removing unnecessary variables. Provide an improved version of the code and explain why it is better than the original.”

Original Code (From Task 1)



```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help <- > AI Assistant
EXPLORER AI ASSISTANT Assignment 1.5.py Assignment 1.5.py
Assignment 1.5.py ...
5     reversed_string = user_string[::-1]
6
7     # Print the result
8     print(f"Reversed string: {reversed_string}")
9     print(f"Reversed string: {input('Enter a string: ')[::-1]}")
```

Optimized Code (Improved Readability & Efficiency)



```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help <- > AI Assistant
EXPLORER AI ASSISTANT Assignment 1.5.py Assignment 1.5.py
Assignment 1.5.py ...
1     """# Get string input from user
2     user_string = input("Enter a string: ")
3
4     # Reverse the string using slicing
5     reversed_string = user_string[::-1]
6     ...
7     # Print the result
8     print(f"Reversed string: {input('Enter a string: ')[::-1]}")
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

PS C:\Users\SRINIDHI\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assistant> & C:\Users\SRINIDHI\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe "C:/Users/SRINIDHI/OneDrive/Desktop/AI Assistant/Assignment 1.5.py"
Enter a string: anil
Enter a string: anil
Reversed string: lina
PS C:\Users\SRINIDHI\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assistant>

Explanation of Improvements

1. Removed Unnecessary Variables

- The loop variable and manual string construction were removed.
- The slicing method directly produces the reversed string.

2. Simplified Logic

- Replaced multiple lines of looping logic with a single slicing operation.
- This makes the code easier to understand at a glance.

3. Improved Readability

- Fewer lines of code.
- Clear and self-explanatory syntax.
- Easier for other developers to review and maintain.

4. Time Complexity Improvement

- **Original Code:**
Each loop iteration creates a new string, leading to $O(n^2)$ time complexity due to repeated string concatenation.
- **Optimized Code:**
String slicing runs in $O(n)$ time, making it more efficient.

Task 3: Modular Design Using AI Assistance (String Reversal Using Functions)

Prompt:

“Write a Python function that takes a string input and returns the reversed string, including meaningful comments. Use GitHub Copilot to generate function-based code and include sample test cases.”

Explanation

1. Function Creation (`reverse_string`)

- Encapsulates the string reversal logic.

- Makes the code reusable wherever string reversal is needed.
- Accepts input string and returns the reversed string.

2. Logic Inside Function

- Uses a loop to prepend each character to an initially empty string.
- This manually constructs the reversed string.

3. Main Program

- Reads input from the user.
- Calls the reverse_string function.
- Prints the returned result.

4. AI Assistance

- GitHub Copilot can suggest the function structure, docstring, and loop-based reversal logic.
- The function is modular, reusable, and easy to maintain.

Task 4: Comparative Analysis – Procedural vs Modular Approach (With vs Without Functions)

Prompt:

“Compare two string reversal programs: one without functions and one with a function, focusing on clarity, reusability, and debugging ease. Provide a short report or table summarizing which approach is better for large-scale applications.”

Criteria	Procedural Approach (No Functions)	Modular Approach (With Functions)
Code Clarity	Simple for small scripts, but logic repeated if used multiple times	Clear structure, function name describes purpose, easier to understand
Reusability	Low – reversal logic cannot be reused without copying code	High – function can be called anywhere in the program
Debugging Ease	Harder for large programs, changes require editing multiple places	Easier – fix or update logic in one function only
Suitability for Large-Scale Applications	Poor – not maintainable or scalable	Excellent – modular design supports large projects
Efficiency	Similar for small scripts, but repeated code adds risk	Similar, but less error-prone, easier to optimize

Task 5: AI-Generated Iterative vs Recursive Fibonacci Approaches (Different Algorithmic Approaches to String Reversal)

Prompt:

“Generate two Python programs to reverse a string: one using a loop (iterative) and one using built-in slicing. Compare execution flow, time complexity, and suitability for large inputs, and explain when each approach is preferable.”

Approach 1: Loop-Based String Reversal

The screenshot shows a code editor interface with a dark theme. The left sidebar has icons for file operations like Open, Save, Find, and Refresh. The Explorer panel shows files: Assignment1.5.docx, Assignment1.5.py, and Assignment1.py. The main workspace contains the following Python code:

```
13 # Loop-based string reversal
14 reversed_string = ""
15 for char in user_string:
16     reversed_string = char + reversed_string
17 print(f"Reversed string (loop): {reversed_string}")
```

Below the code, the terminal window shows the execution of the script and its output for several test strings:

```
Enter a string: anil
Reversed string: lina
PS C:\Users\SRINIDHI\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assistant> & C:/Users/SRINIDHI/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/python313/python.exe "c:/Users/SRINIDHI/OneDrive/Desktop/AI Assistant/Assignment 1.5.py"
Enter a string: ret
Reversed string: ter
PS C:\Users\SRINIDHI\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assistant> & C:/Users/SRINIDHI/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/python313/python.exe "c:/Users/SRINIDHI/OneDrive/Desktop/AI Assistant/Assignment 1.5.py"
Enter a string: troy
Enter a string: techr
Reversed string: rrdet
Reversed string (loop): yert
PS C:\Users\SRINIDHI\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assistant>
```

Execution Flow

1. Program reads input from the user.
2. Initializes an empty string `reversed_string`.
3. Iterates through each character of `user_input`.
4. Prepends the current character to `reversed_string`.
5. Prints the final reversed string.

Time Complexity:

- $O(n^2)$ in languages where string concatenation is costly (like Python) because each `char + reversed_string` creates a new string.
- For small strings, this is negligible.

Use Case:

- Good for learning purposes and step-by-step logic demonstration.
- Not ideal for very large strings

Approach 2: Built-In / Slicing-Based String Reversal

The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface. In the Explorer sidebar, there are files named 'Assignment1.5.docx', 'Assignment1.5.py', and 'Assignment1.py'. The 'Assignment1.5.py' file is selected. In the main editor area, the code for reversing a string using slicing is displayed:

```

12 print(f'Reversed string: {input("Enter a string: ")[::-1]}')
13 # Loop-based string reversal
14 reversed_loop = ""
15 for char in user_string:
16     reversed_loop = char + reversed_loop
17 print(f'Reversed string (loop): {reversed_loop}')
18 # Using built-in reversed() function
19 reversed_builtin = ''.join(reversed(user_string))
20 print(f'Reversed string (built-in): {reversed_builtin}')

```

Below the editor, the Terminal tab is active, showing the command line output:

```

PS C:\Users\SRINIDHI\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assistant> & c:\Users\SRINIDHI\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe "c:/Users/SRINIDHI/OneDrive/Desktop/AI Assistant/Assignment 1.5.py"
Enter a string: anil
Reversed string: lina
Reversed string (loop): lina
Reversed string (built-in): lina
PS C:\Users\SRINIDHI\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assistant>

```

Execution Flow

1. Program reads input from the user.
2. Uses Python slicing `[::-1]` to reverse the string in a single step.
3. Prints the final reversed string.

Time Complexity:

- $O(n)$ – very efficient even for large strings.

Use Case:

- Best for production code or large-scale applications.
- Cleaner, shorter, and more maintainable than the loop-based approach.

Comparison Table

Criteria	Loop-Based Approach	Slicing-Based Approach
Code Complexity	Longer, step-by-step	Short, single-line
Execution Flow	Iterative prepending of characters	Direct slicing operation
Time Complexity	$O(n^2)$ (due to repeated concatenation)	$O(n)$
Performance (Large Input)	Slower, may cause overhead for large strings	Very fast, scales well
Readability	Moderate	High
Use Case	Learning, step-by-step explanation	Production, large applications