



Intents, Intent Filters, and Invoking Activities: Part II: Using URI

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Servlets, JSP, JSF 2.0, Java 6, Ajax, jQuery, GWT, Spring, Hibernate, RESTful Web Services, Android.
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- Courses developed and taught by Marty Hall
 - Android development, JSF 2, servlets/JSP, Ajax, jQuery, Java 6 programming, custom mix of topics
 - Ajax courses can concentrate on 1 library (jQuery, Prototype/Scriptaculous, Ext-JS, Dojo, etc.) or survey several
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Topics in This Section

- **Part I**
 - Invoking Activities by class name
 - Defining dimensions in res/values
 - Sending data via the “extras” Bundle
- **Part II**
 - Invoking Activities with a URI
 - Sending data via parameters in the URI
- **Part III**
 - Invoking Activities with tabbed windows
 - Defining two-image icons in res/drawable

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Overview

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Summary of Options

- **Invoke Activity by class name (Part I)**
 - Exactly one Activity can match
 - New Activity must be in same project as original
 - Can send data via an “extras” Bundle
- **Invoke Activity by URI (Part II)**
 - More than one Activity could match
 - New Activity need not be in the same project as original
 - Can send data via URI parameters or “extras” Bundle
- **Switch Activities via tabs (Part III)**
 - Can use class name or URI to specify Activity
 - New Activity must be in same project as original
 - Can send data via URI parameters or “extras” Bundle

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Invoking Activities with a URI

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Summary

- **Idea**

- Supply a URI that indirectly refers to new Activity. The new Activity registers as target for URIs of a certain form.
 - *The originating Activity and the new Activity need not be in the same project*
 - More than one Activity could match the URI.
 - If so, Android will ask you which one to use.

- **Syntax**

- Java (original Activity)

```
Uri uri = Uri.parse("foo://bar.example.com/baz");
Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_VIEW, uri);
startActivity(activityIntent);
```

- XML (AndroidManifest.xml)

```
<intent-filter>
    <action android:name="android.intent.action.VIEW" />
    <category android:name="android.intent.category.DEFAULT"/>
    <data android:scheme="foo" android:host="bar.example.com" />
</intent-filter>
```

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Registering to Handle URIs

- **Matching the URI itself**

- Register for a scheme and a host
 - Example URI
 - loan://coreservlets.com/calc
 - intent-filter entry
 - <data android:scheme="loan" android:host="coreservlets.com" />

- **Matching the data type**

- Register for a MIME type
 - Example URIs
 - content:// (referring to that MIME type)
 - file:// (referring to that MIME type)
 - anything:// (the Intent can call setType to specify MIME type)
 - intent-filter entry
 - <data android:mimeType="some/type" />
 - <data android:mimeType="something/*" />

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Predefined Action/URI Combinations

Action	URI	Meaning
Intent.ACTION_CALL	tel: <i>phone_number</i>	Opens phone application and calls <i>phone_number</i> .
Intent.ACTION_DIAL	tel: <i>phone_number</i>	Opens phone application and dials (but doesn't call) <i>phone_number</i> .
Intent.ACTION_DIAL	voicemail:	Opens phone application and dials (but doesn't call) the voice mail number.
Intent.ACTION_VIEW	geo: <i>lat,long</i>	Opens the maps application centered on (<i>lat, long</i>).
Intent.ACTION_VIEW	geo:0,0?q= <i>address</i>	Opens the maps application centered on the specified address.
Intent.ACTION_VIEW	http:// <i>url</i> https:// <i>url</i>	Opens the browser application to the specified address.
Intent.ACTION_WEB_SEARCH	<i>plain_text</i>	Opens the browser application and uses Google search for given string.

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Table adapted from Section 4.1.5 of *Android in Action* by Ableson et al.

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Example:
**Invoking Loan Calculator
(Data in Extras Bundle)**

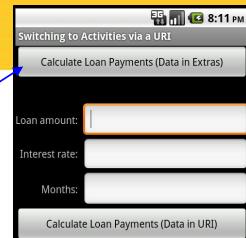
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Example: Overview

- **Initial Activity**

- Has Button that, when pressed, invokes the loan calculator activity
 - Initial Activity uses URI to indirectly invoke loan calculator
 - Initial Activity is in different project than loan calculator
 - Data is sent via extras Bundle as in previous example



- **Approach**

- Create Intent with Intent.ACTION_VIEW and URI of "loan://coreservlets.com/calc"
- Create and attach Bundle as in previous example
- Call startActivityForResult
- Put data entry for LoanCalculatorActivity in manifest
 - <data android:scheme="loan" android:host="coreservlets.com" />

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XML: Layout File (res/layout/main.xml – 2nd Proj.)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<TableLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:stretchColumns="1">
    <TableRow>
        <Button
            android:text="Calculate Loan Payments (Data in Extras)"
            android:layout_span="2"
            android:layout_width="match_parent"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content"
            android:onClick="showLoanPayments1"/>
    </TableRow>
    ...
</TableLayout>
```

Entries for input form and second button shown later.

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XML: Manifest File Action Declaration (Loan Proj.)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    package="com.core servlets.intentfilter1"
    android:versionCode="1"
    android:versionName="1.0">
<uses-sdk android:minSdkVersion="8" />

<application android:icon="@drawable/icon"
    android:label="@string/app_name">
    ... <!-- Declaration for IntentFilter1Activity shown earlier -->
    <activity android:name=".LoanCalculatorActivity"
        android:label="@string/loan_calculator_app_name">
        <intent-filter>
            <action android:name="android.intent.action.VIEW" />
            <category android:name="android.intent.category.DEFAULT" />
            <data android:scheme="loan" android:host="coreservlets.com" />
        </intent-filter>
    </activity>
    ...
</application>
</manifest>
```

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Java (IntentFilter2Activity.java)

```
public class IntentFilter2Activity extends Activity {
    @Override
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.main);
    }

    public void showLoanPayments1(View clickedButton) {
        Uri uri = Uri.parse("loan://coreservlets.com/calc");
        Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_VIEW, uri);
        intent.putExtras
            (LoanBundler.makeRandomizedLoanInfoBundle());
        startActivity(intent);
    }
    ...
}
```

Code for second button (that embeds data in the URI) shown later.

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Java Code Shown Earlier

- **LoanBundler**

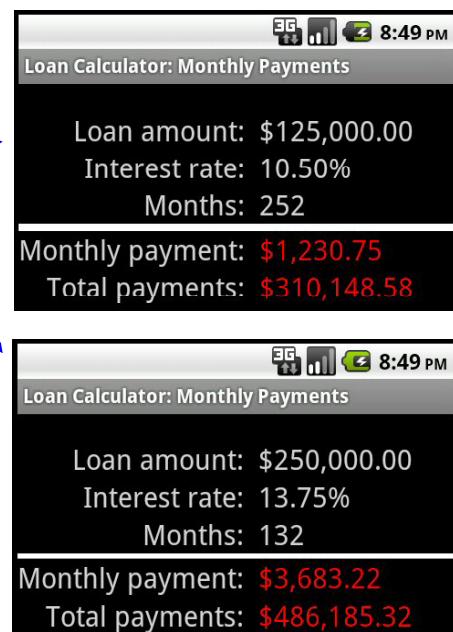
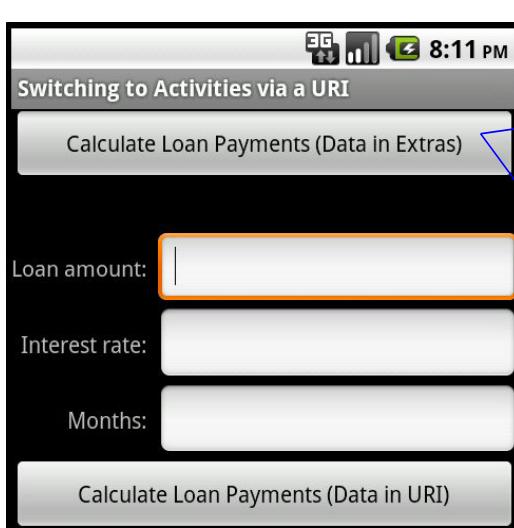
- Makes a Bundle that stores the loan amount, interest rate, and loan period

- **LoanCalculatorActivity**

- Calls getIntent().getExtras() and reads the data out of the resultant Bundle. Uses that for the initial values for the loan amount, interest rate, and loan period
- Passes the values to PaymentInfo, which in turn uses LoanUtils to calculate monthly payment and total payments
- Puts all five values (loan amount, interest rate, loan period, monthly payment, total payments) into TextViews

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Example: Results



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Sending Data via Parameters in the URI

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Summary

- **Idea**
 - Embed query parameters in the URI. These parameters will represent data to be used by the new Activity.
- **Syntax**
 - Java (original Activity)

```
String address =  
    "loan://coreservlets.com/calc?loanAmount=xxx&...";  
Uri uri = Uri.parse(address);  
Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_VIEW, uri);  
startActivity(intent);
```
 - Java (new Activity)

```
Uri uri = getIntent().getData();  
String loanAmountString = uri.getQueryParameter("loanAmount");  
// Convert String to double  
...
```

Sending Data: Extras vs. URI Parameters

- **Extras Bundle**

- Pros
 - Can send data of different types.
 - No parsing required in Activity that receives the data.
- Cons
 - More complex for originating Activity
 - Requires parsing in originating Activity if values come from EditText

- **URI parameters**

- Pros
 - Simpler for originating Activity, especially if EditText used
 - More consistent with URI usage
- Cons
 - Can send Strings only
 - Requires parsing in receiving Activity

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Example: Invoking Loan Calculator (Data in URI Parameters)

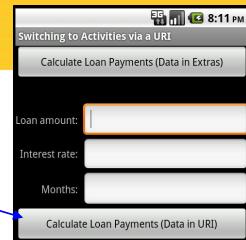
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Example: Overview

- **Initial Activity**

- Has Button that, when pressed, invokes the loan calculator activity
 - Data is extracted from textfields (EditTexts) and embedded in the URI that is used to invoke loan calculator



- **Approach**

- Create Intent with Intent.ACTION_VIEW and URI of "loan://coreservlets.com/calc?data"
 - Data is
"loanAmount=...&annualInterestRateInPercent=...&..."
- Call startActivity
- Put data entry for LoanCalculatorActivity in manifest
 - <data android:scheme="loan" android:host="coreservlets.com" />

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XML: Layout File (res/layout/main.xml – 2nd Proj.)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<TableLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    android:stretchColumns="1">
    ...
    <TableRow android:layout_marginTop="30dp">
        <TextView android:layout_width="wrap_content"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content"
            android:text="@string/loan_amount_prompt"
            android:gravity="right"/>
        <EditText android:id="@+id/loan_amount"
            android:inputType="numberDecimal"
            android:layout_height="wrap_content">
            <requestFocus></requestFocus>
        </EditText>
    </TableRow>
    ...
</TableLayout>
```

Entry for first button shown earlier. Entries for other textfields (EditTexts) similar to the one shown. Entry for button at the bottom just has android:onClick="showLoanPayments2".

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XML: Strings File (res/values/strings.xml)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<resources>
    <string name="app_name">Intent Filters and Activity Switching</string>
    <string name="loan_calculator_app_name">
        Loan Calculator: Monthly Payments
    </string>
    <string name="tabs_app_name">Tabbed Windows</string>
    <string name="loan_amount_prompt">Loan amount:&#160;&#160;</string>
    <string name="interest_rate_prompt">Interest rate:&#160;&#160;</string>
    <string name="loan_period_prompt">Months:&#160;&#160;</string>
    <string name="monthly_payment_prompt">Monthly payment:&#160;&#160;</string>
    <string name="total_payments_prompt">Total payments:&#160;&#160;</string>
</resources>
```

The same prompts are also used in the output display.

Note that represents a non-breaking space. Regular spaces are not preserved at the beginning and end of strings in Android resource files. Note also that is *not* legal here, since that is a character entity specific to HTML, not general in XML.

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XML: Manifest File Action Declaration (Loan Proj.)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    package="com.coreservlets.intentfilter1"
    android:versionCode="1"
    android:versionName="1.0">
    <uses-sdk android:minSdkVersion="8" />

    <application android:icon="@drawable/icon"
        android:label="@string/app_name">
        ... <!-- Declaration for IntentFilter1Activity shown earlier -->
        <activity android:name=".LoanCalculatorActivity"
            android:label="@string/loan_calculator_app_name">
            <intent-filter>
                <action android:name="android.intent.action.VIEW" />
                <category android:name="android.intent.category.DEFAULT" />
                <data android:scheme="loan" android:host="coreservlets.com" />
            </intent-filter>
        </activity>
        ...
    </application>
</manifest>
```

Unchanged from previous example.

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Java (IntentFilter2Activity.java)

```
public class IntentFilter2Activity extends Activity {  
    ...  
  
    public void showLoanPayments2(View clickedButton) {  
        String address = makeLoanAddressFromEditTextInputs();  
        Uri uri = Uri.parse(address);  
        Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_VIEW, uri);  
        startActivity(intent);  
    }  
}
```

Code for onCreate and first button shown earlier.

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Java (IntentFilter2Activity, Continued)

```
private String makeLoanAddressFromEditTextInputs() {  
    EditText loanAmountInput = (EditText)findViewById(R.id.loan_amount);  
    Editable loanAmount = loanAmountInput.getText();  
    String loanAmountParam =  
        String.format("loanAmount=%s", loanAmount);  
    EditText interestRateInput = (EditText)findViewById(R.id.interest_rate);  
    Editable interestRate = interestRateInput.getText();  
    String interestRateParam =  
        String.format("annualInterestRateInPercent=%s", interestRate);  
    EditText loanPeriodInput = (EditText)findViewById(R.id.loan_period);  
    Editable loanPeriod = loanPeriodInput.getText();  
    String loanPeriodParam =  
        String.format("loanPeriodInMonths=%s", loanPeriod);  
    String baseAddress = "loan://coreservlets.com/calc";  
    String address =  
        String.format("%s?%s&%s&%s", baseAddress, loanAmountParam,  
                     interestRateParam, loanPeriodParam);  
    return(address);  
}
```

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Java (LoanCalculatorActivity.java)

```
public class LoanCalculatorActivity extends Activity {  
    private double mLoanAmount=100000,  
                mAnnualInterestRateInPercent=5.0;  
    private long mLoanPeriodInMonths=360; // 30 years  
    private String mCurrencySymbol = "$";  
  
    @Override  
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {  
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);  
        setContentView(R.layout.loan_payments);  
        setInputsFromExtras();  
        setInputsFromUri();  
        calculateAndSetOutputValues();  
    }  
}
```

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Java (LoanCalculatorActivity, Continued)

```
private void setInputsFromUri() {  
    Uri uri = getIntent().getData();  
    if (uri != null) {  
        double loanAmount = getDoubleParam(uri, "loanAmount");  
        double annualInterestRateInPercent =  
            getDoubleParam(uri, "annualInterestRateInPercent");  
        long loanPeriodInMonths =  
            getLongParam(uri, "loanPeriodInMonths");  
        String currencySymbol =  
            uri.getQueryParameter("currencySymbol");  
        setInputs(loanAmount, annualInterestRateInPercent,  
                 loanPeriodInMonths, currencySymbol);  
    }  
}
```

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getQueryParameter is the builtin method of Uri. getDoubleParam and getLongParam (next slides) are methods of LoanCalculatorActivity that call getQueryParameter and then parse the resultant String.

Java (LoanCalculatorActivity, Continued)

```
private void setInputsFromUri() {
    Uri uri = getIntent().getData();
    if (uri != null) {
        double loanAmount = getDoubleParam(uri, "loanAmount");
        double annualInterestRateInPercent =
            getDoubleParam(uri, "annualInterestRateInPercent");
        long loanPeriodInMonths =
            getLongParam(uri, "loanPeriodInMonths");
        String currencySymbol =
            uri.getQueryParameter("currencySymbol");
        setInputs(loanAmount, annualInterestRateInPercent,
                  loanPeriodInMonths, currencySymbol);
    }
}
```

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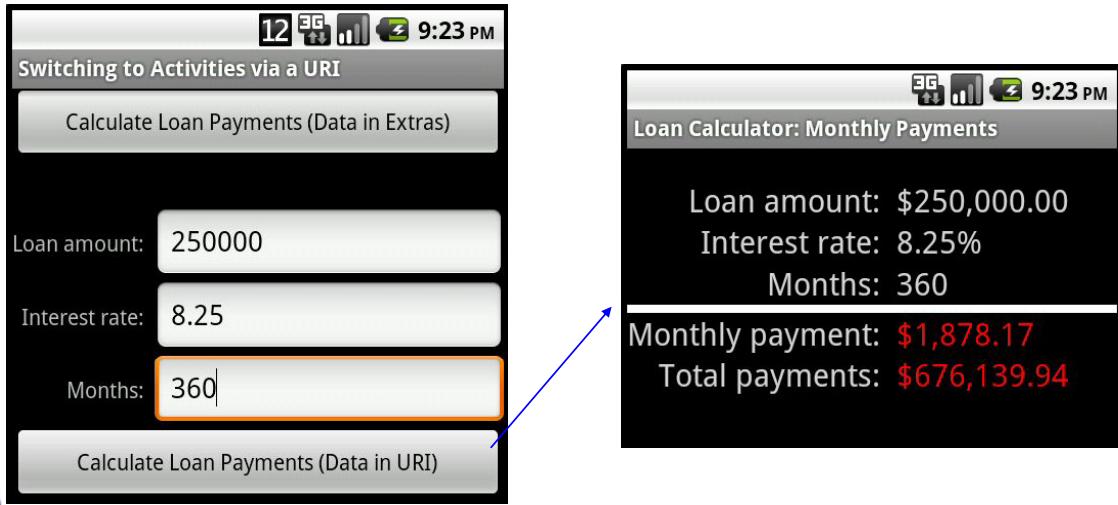
Java (LoanCalculatorActivity, Continued)

```
private double getDoubleParam(Uri uri, String queryParamName) {
    String rawValue = uri.getQueryParameter(queryParamName);
    double value = 0.0;
    try {
        value = Double.parseDouble(rawValue);
    } catch(Exception e) { } // NumberFormatEx or NullPointerEx
    return(value);
}

private long getLongParam(Uri uri, String queryParamName) {
    String rawValue = uri.getQueryParameter(queryParamName);
    long value = 0;
    try {
        value = Long.parseLong(rawValue);
    } catch(Exception e) { } // NFE or NPE
    return(value);
}
```

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Example: Results



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Wrap-Up

Summary

- **Java (original Activity)**

```
String address =  
    "loan://coreservlets.com/calc?loanAmount=xxx&...";  
Uri uri = Uri.parse(address);  
Intent intent = new Intent(Intent.ACTION_VIEW, uri);  
startActivity(intent);
```

- **Java (new Activity – can be different project)**

```
Uri uri = getIntent().getData();  
String loanAmountString = uri.getQueryParameter("loanAmount");  
// Convert String to double, handle bad data  
...
```

- **XML (AndroidManifest.xml)**

```
<intent-filter>  
    <action android:name="android.intent.action.VIEW" />  
    <category android:name="android.intent.category.DEFAULT"/>  
    <data android:scheme="loan" android:host="coreservlets.com" />  
</intent-filter>
```

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