

HW3

Tuesday, 15 February 2022

11:05 PM

HW3

190050118
Ajudhansh

Q1)

1. Show that the following languages are context free by constructing a CFG G that generates the language or a PDA M that accepts the language. If you want more challenge, give both G and M.

- (a) $L = \{a^i b^j c^k \mid i, j, k \geq 0 \text{ and } i + j = k\}$
- (b) $L = \{a^i b^j c^k \mid i, j, k \geq 0 \text{ and } i + k = j\}$
- (c) $L = \{a^n b^m c^p d^q \mid n, m, p, q \geq 0 \text{ and } n > m \text{ and } p < q\}$.
- (d) $L = \{a^n b^m \mid 2n = 3m, n \geq 0, m \geq 0\}$.
- (e) $L = \{uawb : u, w \in \{a, b\}^*, |u| = |w|\}$.
- (f) $L = \{a^m b^n c^p d^q \mid m + n = p + q\}$
- (g) $L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid n_a(w) > n_b(w)\}$
- (h) $L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid n_a(w) = 2 * n_b(w)\}$

a) $L = \{a^i b^j c^k \mid i, j, k \geq 0 \text{ and } i + j = k\}$



b) $L = \{a^i b^j c^k \mid i, j, k \geq 0 \text{ and } i + k = j\}$

n) $L = \{uvw\mid u, v, w \in \{a, b\}^*, |u|=|v|\}$

$$S \rightarrow AC$$

$$A \rightarrow aAb | \epsilon$$

$$C \rightarrow bCb | \epsilon$$

c) $L = \{a^n b^m c^p d^q \mid n, m, p, q \geq 0 \text{ and } n > m \text{ and } p < q\}$

$$S \rightarrow \epsilon | aAB | cDd | aABCd$$

$$B \rightarrow \epsilon | ABb$$

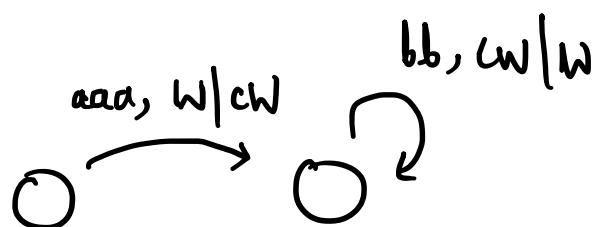
$$C \rightarrow \epsilon | CCD$$

$$A \rightarrow a | aA$$

$$D \rightarrow d | Dd$$

d) $L = \{a^n b^m \mid 2n = 3m, n \geq 0 \text{ and } m \geq 0\}$

$$S \rightarrow aaaSbb | \epsilon$$



e) $L = \{uawb \mid u, w \in \{a, b\}^*, |u|=|w|\}$

$$S \rightarrow Gb$$

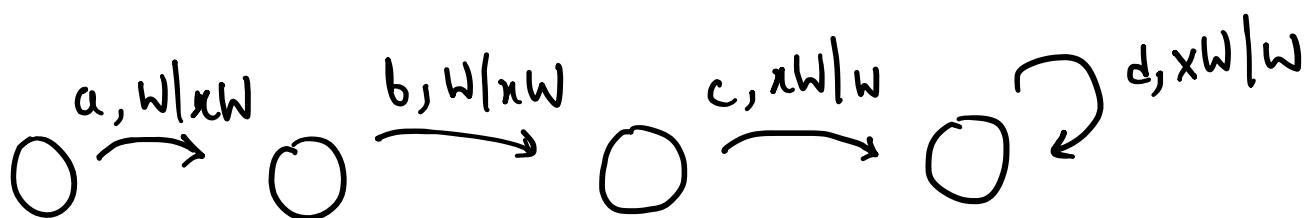
$$G \rightarrow UGw | a$$

$$U \rightarrow a | b$$

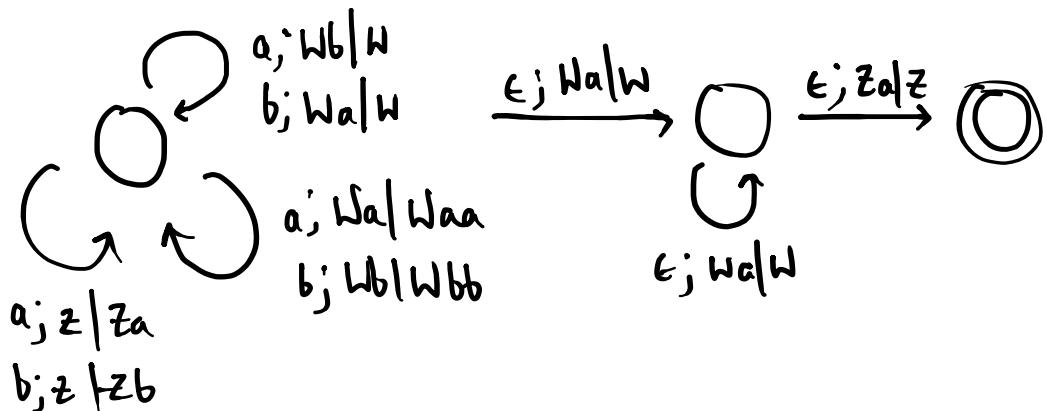
$$W \rightarrow a | b$$

~ ~

f) $L = \{a^m b^n c^p d^q \mid m+n=p+q\}$



g) $L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid n_a(w) > n_b(w)\}$



h) $L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid n_a(w) = 2n_b(w)\}$

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow aaSb \mid bSaa \mid PbP \mid \epsilon \mid ss \\ P &\rightarrow aS \mid PS \end{aligned}$$

2. Convert the following CFG into an equivalent CFG in Chomsky normal form

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow PSP \mid P \mid \epsilon \\ P &\rightarrow 00 \mid \epsilon \end{aligned}$$

\rightarrow Chomsky form: $A \rightarrow BC$

$J \cup A \rightarrow a$

Now, $S \rightarrow PSP \mid P$ $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ 4_{n+2} 0's
 $P \rightarrow \emptyset$

Chomsky form is - $S \rightarrow P_1 P_2 \mid PP$

$P_1 \rightarrow P_3 P_1 \mid P_5 P_5$

$P_2 \rightarrow P_2 P_4 \mid PP$

$P_3 \rightarrow P_5 P_5$

$P_4 \rightarrow PP$

$P_5 \rightarrow PP$

$P \rightarrow \emptyset$

3. Convert to Greibach normal form

$S \rightarrow AA \mid 0$

$A \rightarrow SS \mid 1$

Greibach form : $C \rightarrow ad$

Given : $S \rightarrow AA \mid 0$

$A \rightarrow SS \mid 1$

Palindromic strings with odd
characters with 0 at center

Converted form -

$S \rightarrow 0 S 0 \mid 1 S 1 \mid 0$

4. Show that $L = \{ww \mid w \in (a+b)^*\}$ is not context-free

Is the complement of L (strings not of the form ww) context-free? Prove or disprove.

$$\rightarrow L = \{ww \mid w \in (a+b)^*\}$$

For a given 'n' consider $w \in L$ of the form

$$w = a^n b^n a^n b^n$$

Now, for u, v, w, x, y from pumping lemma

vwx will be of the form $a^i, b^i, a^j b^k, b^j a^k$ for $n > i \geq 1, 0 \leq j, k$ and $j+k \leq n$

We then have the following cases -

- $v = a^i$ and $x = a^j b^k$ for $0 \leq i, j, k$ and

$$1 \leq i+j+k \leq n$$

According to the lemma, $a^{n+(i+j)t-1} b^{n+k(t-1)} a^n b^n$
or $a^n b^n a^{n+(i+j)t-1} b^{n+k(t-1)}$

belong to L for all $t \geq 0$

This is a contradiction for any $t > 0$

- $v = b^i$ and $x = b^j a^k$

We have similar reasoning as above.

Therefore, L is not CFG //

The IC ... shall ...

For L, we can propose a GR

$$S \rightarrow A | B | AB | BA$$

$$A \rightarrow a | aa | bAb | aAb | bAa$$

$$B \rightarrow b | bBb | abA | bBa | abB$$