

INDEX

SI No.	Date	Title	Page No	Teacher sign
1.	29/09/25	Rush, pop, peek	1.	↓ (10)
2.	6/10/25	Infix to postfix		↓ (10) 6/10

Date: 6/10/25

LAB PROGRAM - 2

WAP to convert a given valid parenthesized infix arithmetic expression to postfix expression. The expression consists of a single character operands, and the binary operators + (plus), - (minus), * (multiply) and / (divide).

Algorithm:

1. Initialise an empty stack S
2. Initialise an empty string ~~postfix~~ ^{postfix}
3. for each symbol ch in the infix expression
 - a. if (ch is an operand, append it to ~~empty string~~ ^{postfix} ~~postfix~~)
 - b. if ch is '(', push it onto S .
 - c. if ch is ')'
 - pop and append symbols from S to postfix until '(' is encountered
 - pop '(' from S (do not append it)
 - d. if ch is an operator push it onto S .
 - e. if ch is an operator (*, +, -, /)
 - while S is not empty, pop from S and append to postfix, and
 - ~~pop~~ ~~ch~~ ~~onto~~ ~~S~~.
 - ~~return~~ ~~postfix~~.
 - top of stack $>= ch$.

Pop from the stack and add to postfix
Push ch into stack.

While stack is not empty,

pop from stack and add to postfix print postfix.

✓
6/10

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <string.h>
```

```
#define MAX 100
```

```
char stack[MAX];
```

```
int top = -1;
```

```
# push function
```

```
void push(char c) {
```

```
    if (top == MAX - 1) {
```

```
        printf("Stack overflow\n");
```

```
        return;
```

```
    }
```

```
    stack[++top] = c;
```

```
}
```

pop fun
char p
if

}

// peek
char

}

// funct

pop function

```
char pop() {
```

```
    if (top == -1) {
```

```
        printf("stack underflow\n");
```

```
        return -1;
```

```
    }
```

```
    return stack[top-1];
```

```
}
```

// peek function

```
char peek() {
```

```
    if (top == -1) return -1;
```

```
    return stack[top];
```

```
}
```

// function to return precedence of operators int precedence (char op) {

```
    switch (op) {
```

```
        case '+':
```

```
        case '-':
```

```
            return 1;
```

```
        case '*':
```

```
            return 2;
```

```
        case '^':
```

```
            return 3;
```

```
        case '(':
```

```
            return 0;
```

```
    }
```

```
    return -1;
```

```
}
```


// function to return associativity

// 0 = left to right, 1 = right to left

```
int associativity (char op) {  
    if (op == '^')  
        return 1; // R to L  
  
    return 0; // L to R  
}
```

// function to convert infix to postfix.

```
void infixToPostfix (char infix[], char postfix[])
```

```
{  
    int i, k=0;
```

```
    char c;
```

```
    for (i=0; infix[i] != '\0'; i++) {
```

```
        c = infix[i];
```

```
        if (isalphaalnum(c)) {
```

```
            // operand → directly to postfix
```

```
            postfix[k++] = c;
```

```
        }
```

```
        else if (c == '(') {
```

```
            push(c);
```

```
        }
```

```
        else if (c == ')') {
```

```
            while (peek() != '(') {
```

```
                postfix[k++] = pop();
```

```
            }
```

```
            pop(); // discard '('
```

```
        }
```

else {

// operator

while (top != -1 && ((precedence(peek()) > precedence(c2) ||
(precedence(peek()) == precedence(c2) &&
associativity(c) == 0))) { // L to R

postfix[K++] = pop();

}
}

push(c);

}

// pop remaining operators-

while (top != -1) {

postfix[K++] = pop();

}

postfix[K] = '\0';

}

int main() {

char infix[MAX], postfix[MAX];

printf("Enter a valid parenthesized infix expression : ");

scanf("%s", infix);

infix to postfix (infix, postfix);

printf("Postfix Expression : %s\n", postfix);

return 0;

}

o/p

Enter infix expression = $a * b (c + d)$

Postfix expression = $abcd^{*+}$

enter infix expression = $a/b + (d * e)$

Postfix expression = ab/cde^{*+}

enter infix expression = $(a + b * c - (d / e * f) + g) + h$

Postfix expression = $abc^{*}de/f^{*}-g^{+}+h^{+}$

~~Q~~
6/10/20