## National Institute of Technology, Patna



EE lab CSL (2601)

Assignment no 10

Name: Sudhanshu Ranjan

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Roll no: 2002006

Class: BTECH EE

Instructor: Dr. Neha Mam

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and then display all the numbers in matrix format.

# include (stdio-h)
int main () f

int a [10][10], j, i, r, c;

Printf("Enter the number of rows: ");

Scanf ("%d" sor);

Printf ("Enter the number of column: "); Scanf ("%d, &C);

Printf("Enter the first matorx: \n");

for (int i=0; i<n; i+t) of

for (int j=0; j<c; j+t) of

scanf (11% d", &a [i][j]);
}

Printf ("Given mators is :\n");

for (int i=0; i<n; i+t) {

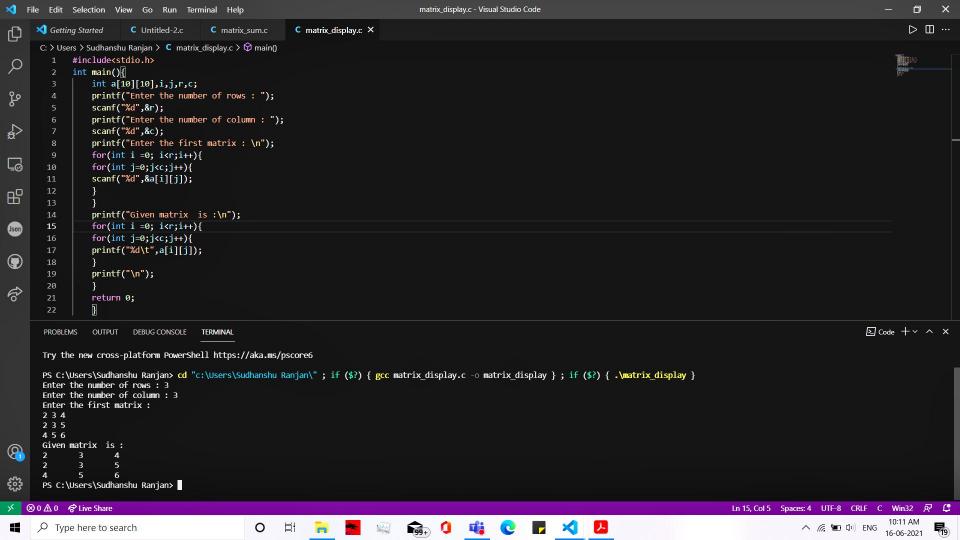
for (int j=0; j<c; j+t) of

printf ("%d (t", a[i][j]);

}

Printf ("\n");

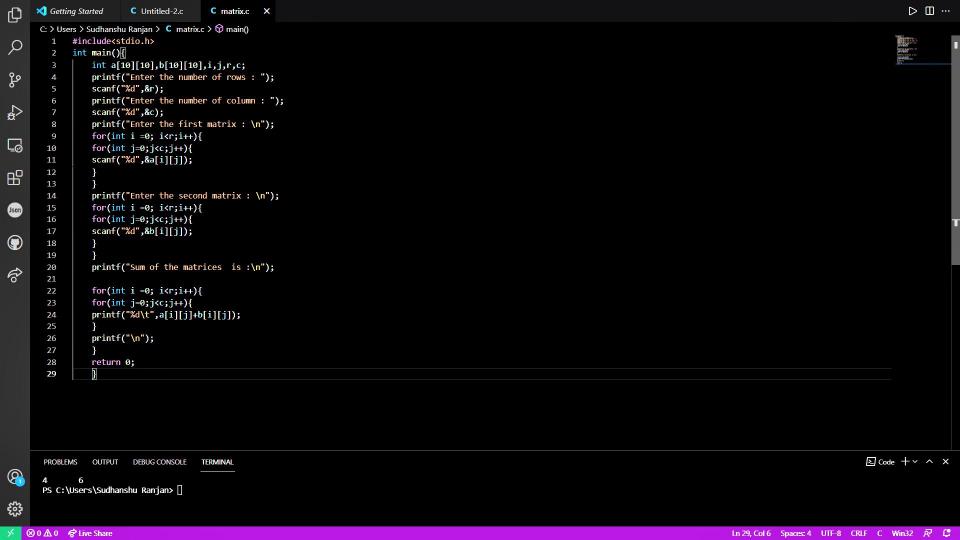
return 0;

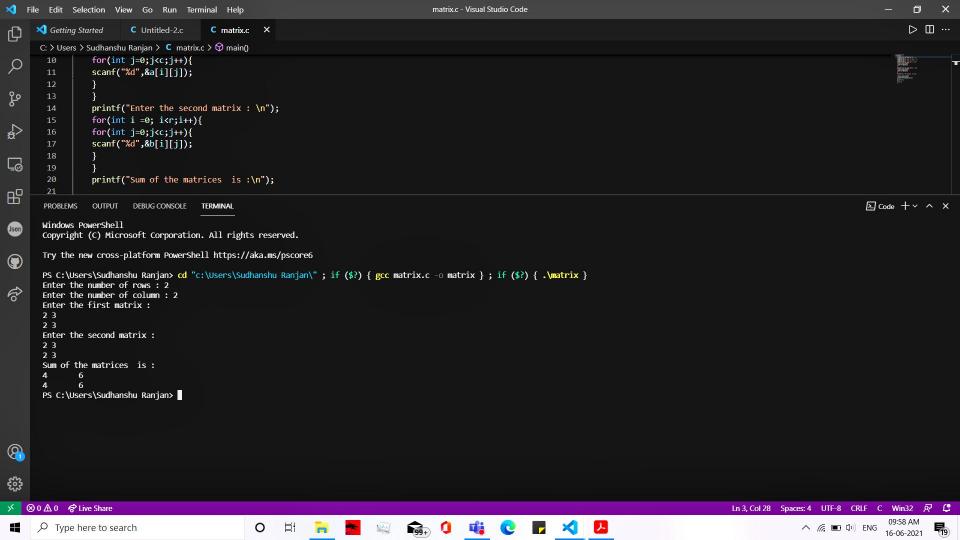


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Q.2. INAP in C to input two matrices of size mxn and then display the addition of both the matrices. #include (Stdio.h) int main() { int a [10][10], b[10][10], j,i, h, C; Printf(" Enter the number of rows: "); Scanf (" "od", 8h); Printf (" Enter the number of column: 12); scanf ( "%d", 80%); Printf ("Friter the first matrix: \n"); for ( int i=0; i(n 7 i++){ for tint j=0; j<c; j++) { scanf ( 120d1), Da [i][j]) 1; }} Printf ("Forter the second matrix: \n"); for (int 1=0; i(9; 1++) \$ for (int j=0; j(c; j++)) Scanf ( "2,d", 80 b[i][j]); 23 Printf ("Sum of the matrices is : \n"); for (int 1=0; f(n; 1+1) f

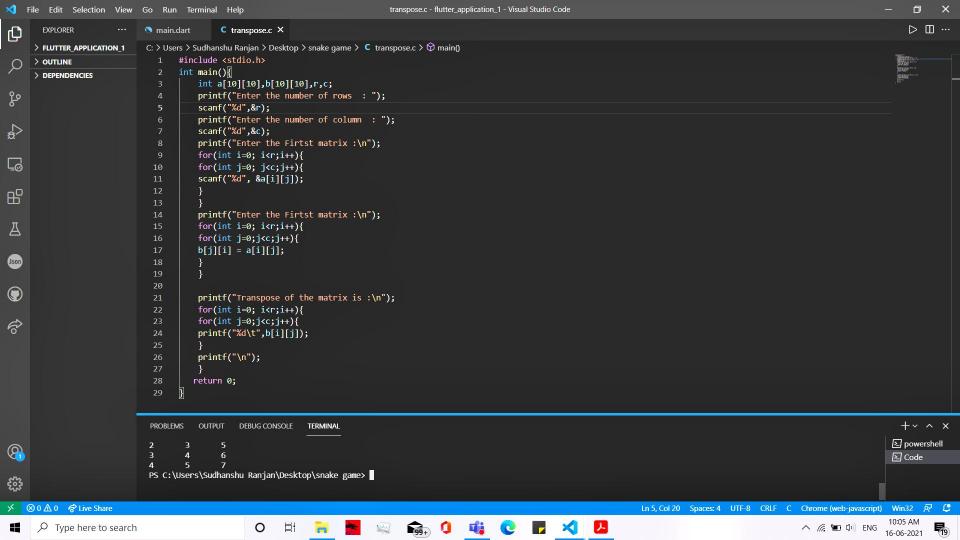
for (int 1=0; j(c; j+1) f Print+ ("%d \t'", acij[j] + b[i][j]; Painty ("\n"); geturn 0;

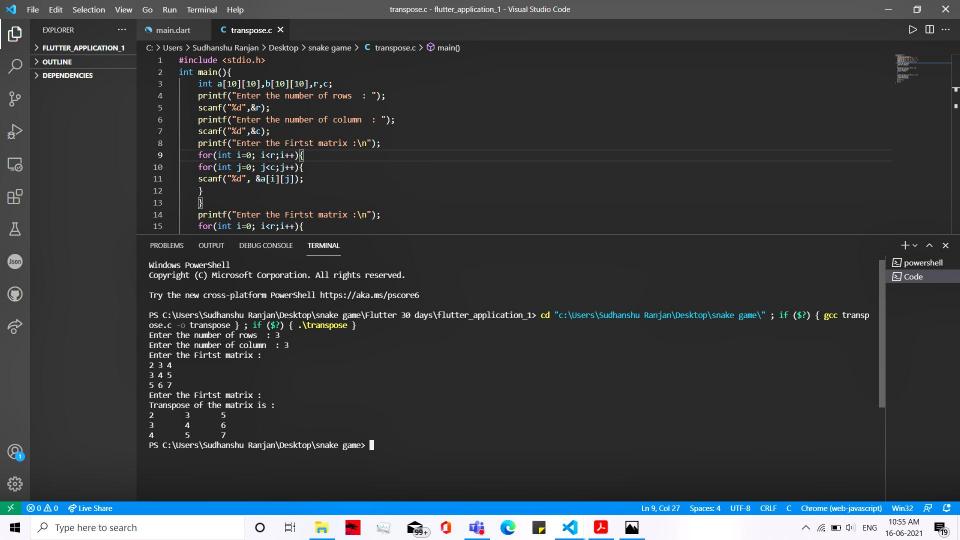




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Q.3. WAP in c to input a majorio of size 3x3- And then find the toanspose of majorio and display the result.
      #include (stdio.h)
         fort main () of
         int a[10][10], b[10][10], 1, (;
     Printf ("Enter the number of hows": ");
     Scanf ( "9.d11, 80 h);
     Printf ("Enter the number of columns: ");
      Scanf ( " % d, 90 C);
     Printf ("Enter the First matrix: \m");

For (int 1=0; 1< r; 1+) {
        for (int j=0; f(c; j++) &
        scanf ( %/0d", & a [i][j]); }}
       Printf (" Enter the first matrix: m");
          for (int i=0; i(1; i++) }
          for (in+ j=0; j(C; j++){
            beijeij = acijejj; p}
       Printf ( Transpose of the matrix is: \n?);
         for ( int 1=0; i(2; i++) $
          for (int j=0; j<c; j++) }
          Printf ( M%d (t "), b[i][j]);
          Print f (" (n"))
          return 0;
```





Q.4. WAP inc to input two matrix of size mxn and pxq respectively. And then multiply them and display the result. Hinclude (stdio.h) int main () f int b[10][10], A[10][10], i,s, 2, (, 21, (1); Printf (" Enter the number of rows: "); Scanf ( " % d 11, &n); Printf (" Enter the number of column: "); Scanf ( "7.d", &C); Printf ("Enter the matrix: \n"); for (i=0; (<r; (++)) for (j=0; j<C; j+1) & Scanf (10%d", 8b[i][j]); Printf (" Enter the number of nows" "); "Scanf (" 70d 11, 90 41); Prints (" Enter the number of Column: "); scant ( " % d ? , to (1); Printf ("Enter Second matrix: \n"); for (i=0; i<01; i++) {

for (j=0; j<01; j++) { scanf ("%d", & A [i][i]);

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```
it (c != A1) &
Printf (" Multiplication not possible! In for multiplication
   column of first matrix should be equal to row
    of first ");
if ( r = = 91) $
  int mul[2][c1];
   for ( i= 0; i< n; i++) {
   for (j=0; j<C,; j++) &
       mulfi][j] =0;
   for (int K=0; K<C; K++) {
    mul [i][j] = mul(i][j] + b[i]k] + A[k][j];
  3 2 2
Prints ("Multiplication is : \n");
 for (int 1=0; f(x; 1++) {
for (int j=0; j(ci; j++) {
 Printf ("%d /t", mul [i][j]);
  Printf ("\n");
 getvon 0;
```

