

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 2_CY

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 40
Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Students are allowed to work on our computer center machines only after entering the correct secret code. If the code is correct, the message "Logged In" is displayed. They are not allowed to log in to the machine until they enter the correct secret code.

Write a program to allow the student to work only if he/she enters the correct secret code.

Note: Here, secret code means the last three digits should be divisible by the first digit of the number.

Input Format

The input consists of an integer n, which represents the secret code.

Output Format

The output displays either "Logged In" or "Incorrect code" based on the given condition.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 2345

Output: Incorrect code

Answer

```
# You are using Python
n=int(input())
first_digit=int(str(n)[0])
last_three_digits=n%1000
if last_three_digits%first_digit==0:
    print("Logged in")
else:
    print("Incorrect code")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Nisha is a mathematics enthusiast, eager to explore the realm of twin prime numbers. The objective is to develop a program that enables the discovery and presentation of twin prime pairs.

The program should take an integer 'n' as input and generate 'n' pairs of twin primes, displaying the pairs with a difference of 2 between them.

Input Format

The input consists of a single integer, n.

Output Format

The output displays the 'n' pairs of twin primes, the pairs with a difference of 2

between them.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 5

Output: 3 5

5 7

11 13

17 19

29 31

Answer

You are using Python

```
def is_prime(p):
```

```
    if p<=1:
```

```
        return False
```

```
    if p==2:
```

```
        return True
```

```
    if p%2==0:
```

```
        return False
```

```
    for i in range(3,int(p**0.5)+1,2):
```

```
        if p%i==0:
```

```
            return False
```

```
    return True
```

```
n=int(input())
```

```
count=0
```

```
current=3
```

```
while count<n:
```

```
    if is_prime(current) and is_prime(current+2):
```

```
        print(f"{current} {current+2}")
```

```
        count+=1
```

```
        current+=2
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Rohith is a data analyst who needs to categorize countries based on their population growth rates. Each country is assigned a unique code. Rohith will receive a code and corresponding data based on the code. If the data falls within specific thresholds, he needs to classify the country's priority level.

Your task is to write a program that reads a country code and its associated data, and then determines if the priority is "High" or "Low."

Thresholds: France: Priority is "High" if the percentage < 50 , else "Low". Japan: Priority is "High" if life expectancy > 80 , else "Low". Brazil: Priority is "High" if the urban population > 80 , else "Low".

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the country code (1 for France, 2 for Japan, 3 for Brazil).

If the country code is 1,

- The second line consists of a floating-point value N , representing the percentage of the English-speaking population.

If the country code is 2,

- The second line consists of a floating-point value A , representing the average life expectancy in years.

If the country code is 3,

- The second line consists of a floating-point value P , representing the percentage of the urban population.

Output Format

The first line of output displays "Priority: High" or "Priority: Low" based on the input data.

If the country code is invalid, print "Invalid".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1

30.0

Output: Priority: High

Answer

You are using Python

```
code=int(input())
```

```
if code==1:
```

```
    n=float(input())
```

```
    if n<50:
```

```
        print("Priority: High")
```

```
    else:
```

```
        print("Priority: Low")
```

```
elif code==2:
```

```
    a=float(input())
```

```
    if a>80:
```

```
        print("Priority: High")
```

```
    else:
```

```
        print("Priority: Low")
```

```
elif code==3:
```

```
    m=float(input())
```

```
    if m>80:
```

```
        print("Priority: High")
```

```
    else:
```

```
        print("Priority: Low")
```

```
else:
```

```
    print("Invalid")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

4. Problem Statement

Max is fascinated by prime numbers and the Fibonacci sequence. He wants to combine these two interests by creating a program that outputs the first n prime numbers within the Fibonacci sequence.

Your task is to help Max by writing a program that prints the first n prime numbers in the Fibonacci sequence using a while loop along with the break statement to achieve the desired functionality.

Input Format

The input consists of an integer n, representing the number of prime Fibonacci numbers to generate.

Output Format

The output displays space-separated first n prime numbers found in the Fibonacci sequence.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 5

Output: 2 3 5 13 89

Answer

```
# You are using Python
def is_prime(num):
    if num<2:
        return False
    for i in range(2,int(num**0.5)+1):
        if num%i==0:
            return False
    return True

def fibonacci_prime(n):
    fib1,fib2=0,1
    count=0

    while count<n:
        if is_prime(fib1):
            print(fib1,end=" ")
            count+=1
        fib1,fib2=fib2,fib1+fib2
    n=int(input())
```

fibonacci_prime(n)

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10