Ex. No.: 5

DIFFIE-HELLMAN KEY EXCHANGE

Problem Statement:

The simplest and the original implementation of the protocol uses the multiplicative group of integers modulo p, where p is prime, and g is a primitive root modulo p. Here is an example of the protocol, with non-secret values in blue, and secret values in **red**.

- Alice and Bob agree to use a prime number p = 23 and base g = 5 (which is a primitive root modulo 23).
- Alice chooses a secret integer a = 6, then sends Bob $A = g^{a \mod p}$
 - $A = 5^6 \mod 23 = 8$
- Bob chooses a secret integer b = 15, then sends Alice $B = g^{b \mod p}$
 - $B = 515 \mod 23 = 19$
- Alice computes $\mathbf{s} = B^{\mathbf{a} \mod p}$
 - $s = 19^6 \mod 23 = 2$
- Bob computes $\mathbf{s} = A^{\mathbf{b} \mod p}$
 - $s = 8^{15} \mod 23 = 2$
- Alice and Bob now share a secret (the number 2).

Aim:

To implement Diffie-Hellman key exchange using C.

Algorithm:

- Get a prime number q as input from the user.
- Get a value xa and xb which is less than q.
- Calculate primitive root α
- For each user A, generate a key Xa < q
- Compute public key, α pow(Xa) mod q
- Each user computes Ya
- Print the values of exchanged keys.

Program Code:

```
//This program uses fast exponentiation function power instead of pow library function #include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int power( int,unsigned int,int);
int main()
{
   int x,y,z,count,ai[20][20];
```

```
int alpha,xa,xb,ya,yb,ka,kb,q;
 printf("\nEnter a Prime Number \"q\":");
 scanf("%d",&q);
 printf("\nextrm{Enter a No }"xa\") which is less than value of
 q:"); scanf("%d",&xa);
 printf("\nEnter a No \"xb\" which is less than value of q:");
 scanf("%d",&xb);
 printf("\nEnter alpha:");
 scanf("%d",&alpha);
 ya =
 power(alpha,xa,q);
 yb = power(alpha, xb,q);
 ka = power(yb,xa,q);
 kb = power(ya,xb,q);
 printf("\nya = \%d \nyb = \%d \nka = \%d \nkb = \%d \n", ya, yb, ka, kb);
 if(ka == kb)
       printf("\nThe secret keys generated by User A and User B are same\n");
 else
     printf("\nThe secret keys generated by User A and User B are not
 same\n"); return 0;
int power(int x, unsigned int y, int p)
               // Initialize result
  int res = 1;
  x = x \% p; // Update x if it is more than or equal to p
  while (y > 0)
     // If y is odd, multiply x
     with result if (y & 1)
       res = (res*x) \% p;
     // y must be even
     now y = y >> 1; // y =
     y/2 x
     = (x*x) \% p;
  return res;
```

Output:

```
java -cp /tmp/t2kygKrcFd DH
Both users should agree upon:
PUBLIC KEY OF G:
8
PUBLIC KEY OF P:
20
PRIVATE KEY OF USER1:
16
PRIVATE KEY OF USER2:
32
Secret key of user1 is:1
Secret key of user2 is:7
```

Result: