Ex. No.: 5 **Date:**

DIFFIE-HELLMAN KEY EXCHANGE

The simplest and the original implementation of the protocol uses the multiplicative group of integers modulo p, where p is prime, and g is a primitive root modulo p. Here is an example of the protocol, with non-secret values in blue, and secret values in **red**.

1. Alice and Bob agree to use a prime number $p = 23$ and base $g = 5$ (which is a primitive root modulo 23).
2. Alice chooses a secret integer $\boldsymbol{a} = \mathbf{6}$, then sends Bob $A = g^{\boldsymbol{a}} \bmod p$
   - $A = 5^{\mathbf{6}} \bmod 23 = 8$
3. Bob chooses a secret integer $\boldsymbol{b} = \mathbf{15}$, then sends Alice $B = g^{\boldsymbol{b}} \bmod p$
   - $B = 5^{\mathbf{15}} \bmod 23 = 19$
4. Alice computes $\boldsymbol{s} = B^{\boldsymbol{a}} \bmod p$
   - $\boldsymbol{s} = 19^{\mathbf{6}} \bmod 23 = \mathbf{2}$
5. Bob computes $\boldsymbol{s} = A^{\boldsymbol{b}} \bmod p$
   - $\boldsymbol{s} = 8^{\mathbf{15}} \bmod 23 = \mathbf{2}$
6. Alice and Bob now share a secret (the number **2**).

Aim:

To implement Diffie-Hellman key exchange using C.

Algorithm:

1. Get a prime number q as input from the user.
2. Get a value xa and xb which is less than q.
3. Calculate primitive root α
4. For each user A, generate a key Xa < q
5. Compute public key, α pow(Xa) mod q
6. Each user computes Ya
7. Print the values of exchanged keys.

Program Code:

```
//This program uses fast exponentiation function power instead of pow library function
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int power( int,unsigned int,int);
int main()
{
 int x,y,z,count,ai[20][20];
 int alpha,xa,xb,ya,yb,ka,kb,q;
 printf("\nEnter a Prime Number \"q\":");
 scanf("%d",&q);
 printf("\nEnter a No \"xa\" which is less than value of
 q:"); scanf("%d",&xa);
 printf("\nEnter a No \"xb\" which is less than value of q:");
 scanf("%d",&xb);
 printf("\nEnter alpha:");
```

```
 scanf("%d",&alpha);
 ya = power(alpha,xa,q);
 yb = power(alpha,xb,q);
 ka = power(yb,xa,q);
 kb = power(ya,xb,q);
 printf("\nya = %d \nyb = %d \nka = %d \nkb = %d \n",ya,yb,ka,kb);
 if(ka == kb)
        printf("\nThe secret keys generated by User A and User B are same\n");
 else
     printf("\nThe secret keys generated by User A and User B are not same\n");
 return 0;
}

int power(int x, unsigned int y, int p)
{
   int res = 1;      // Initialize result

   x = x % p; // Update x if it is more than or equal to p

   while (y > 0)
   {
      // If y is odd, multiply x with
      result if (y & 1)
         res = (res*x) % p;


      // y must be even now
      y = y>>1;  // y = y/2 x
      = (x*x) % p;
   }
   return res;
}
```

Output:

```
java -cp /tmp/t2kygKrcFd DH
Both users should agree upon:
PUBLIC KEY OF G:
8
PUBLIC KEY OF P:
20
PRIVATE KEY OF USER1:
16
PRIVATE KEY OF USER2:
32
Secret key of user1 is:1
Secret key of user2 is:7
```

Result: