

ROLL NO: 210701268

EXP 6: IMPORT JSON

Aim: To create json file and to do manipulations like counting, skipping, filtering, aggregation using python3

Procedure:

1) Create json file on bash & save as emp.json

nano emp.json ; Paste the below content on it

```
[
  {"name": "John Doe", "age": 30, "department": "HR", "salary": 50000},
  {"name": "Jane Smith", "age": 25, "department": "IT", "salary": 60000},
  {"name": "Alice Johnson", "age": 35, "department": "Finance", "salary": 70000},
  {"name": "Bob Brown", "age": 28, "department": "Marketing", "salary": 55000},
  {"name": "Charlie Black", "age": 45, "department": "IT", "salary": 80000}
]
```

2) Check json is readable or any error by giving

sudo apt-get install jq

jq . emp.json

```
[
  {
    "name": "John Doe",
    "age": 30,
    "department": "HR",
    "salary": 50000
  },
  {
    "name": "Jane Smith",
    "age": 25,
```

```

    "department": "IT",
    "salary": 60000
  },
  {
    "name": "Alice Johnson",
    "age": 35,
    "department": "Finance",
    "salary": 70000
  },
  {
    "name": "Bob Brown",
    "age": 28,
    "department": "Marketing",
    "salary": 55000
  },
  {
    "name": "Charlie Black",
    "age": 45,
    "department": "IT",
    "salary": 80000
  }
]

```

bash: put the emp.json local directory to *home/hadoop* directory

The original employees relation has the following data:

name	age	department	salary
John Doe	30	HR	50000
Jane Smith	25	IT	60000
Alice Johnson	35	Finance	70000
Bob Brown	28	Marketing	55000

Charlie Black 45 IT 80000

After executing:

Load the json file by giving following command

```
grunt>-- Load the data employees = LOAD '/home/hadoop/emp.json' USING
```

```
JsonLoader('name:chararray,age:int,department:chararray,salary:float');
```

```
grunt>projected = FOREACH employees GENERATE name, salary;
```

```
DUMP projected;
```

The projected relation output:

name	salary
John Doe	50000
Jane Smith	60000
Alice Johnson	70000
Bob Brown	55000
Charlie Black	80000

1. Aggregation:

Aggregate the total salary:

pig

```
-- Load the data employees = LOAD
```

```
'/home/hadoop/employees.json' USING
```

```
JsonLoader('name:chararray,age:int,department:chararray,salary:float');
```

```
-- Aggregate: Calculate the total salary
```

```
total_salary = FOREACH (GROUP employees ALL) GENERATE SUM(employees.salary) AS  
total_salary;
```

```
DUMP total_salary;
```

```
(315000.0)
```

2. Skip

pig

-- Load the data

```
employees = LOAD '/home/hadoop/employees.json'
```

USING

```
JsonLoader('name:chararray,age:int,department:chararray,salary:float');
```

-- Skip the first 2 records

```
skipped_employees = LIMIT employees 1000000;
```

```
DUMP skipped_employees;
```

Output: name age department salary

Alice Johnson 35 Finance 70000

Bob Brown 28 Marketing 55000

Charlie Black 45 IT 80000

3. Limit

pig

-- Load the data

```
employees = LOAD '/home/hadoop/employees.json' USING
```

```
JsonLoader('name:chararray,age:int,department:chararray,salary:float');
```

-- Limit: Get the top 3 highest earners

```
top_3_employees = LIMIT employees 3;
```

```
DUMP top_3_employees;
```

4. Count

Count the number of employees:

pig

-- Load the data

```
employees = LOAD '/home/hadoop/employees.json'
```

USING

```
JsonLoader('name:chararray,age:int,department:chararray,salary:float');
```

-- Count the number of employees

```
employee_count = FOREACH (GROUP employees ALL) GENERATE COUNT(employees) AS  
total_count;
```

```
DUMP employee_count;
```

Output:

5

5. Remove

Remove employees from a specific department, e.g., "IT":

pig

-- Load the data

```
employees = LOAD '/home/hadoop/employees.json'
```

USING

```
JsonLoader('name:chararray,age:int,department:chararray,salary:float');
```

-- Remove employees from the 'IT' department

```
filtered_employees = FILTER employees BY department != 'IT';
```

```
DUMP filtered_employees;
```

Output:

name	age	department	salary
John Doe	30	HR	50000
Alice Johnson	35	Finance	70000
Bob Brown	28	Marketing	55000

3) **Install** pandas and hdfs using pip.

- **Optionally** install pyarrow or hdfs3 if needed based on your specific requirements.
- **Verify** the installation to ensure everything is set up correctly.

PANDAS:

```
pip install pandas
```

HDFS:

```
pip install hdfs
```

```
pip install pyarrow
```

```
pip install hdfs3
```

4) **Verifying Package Installation**

- Create a python file with random name
- Type the following content inside that file

```
import pandas as pd from hdfs
```

```
import InsecureClient
```

```
# Check pandas version print("Pandas
```

```
version:", pd.__version__) # Test HDFS
```

```
client connection client =
```

```
InsecureClient('http://localhost:9870', user='hadoop') print("HDFS
```

```
status:", client.status('/'))
```

The above program should run without any error. If it does then all packages are correctly downloaded.

5) Create another python file

```
process_data.py
```

```
import InsecureClient
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
import json
```

```
# Connect to HDFS
```

```
hdfs_client = InsecureClient('http://localhost:9870', user='hdfs')
```

```
# Read JSON data from HDFS
```

```
try: with hdfs_client.read('/home/hadoop/emp.json', encoding='utf-8') as reader:
```

```
    json_data = reader.read() # Read the raw data as a string
```

```
if not json_data.strip(): # Check if data is empty
```

```
raise ValueError("The JSON file is empty.")
```

```
print(f'Raw JSON Data: {json_data[:1000]}') # Print first 1000 characters for debugging
```

```
data = json.loads(json_data) # Load the JSON data
```

```
except json.JSONDecodeError as e:
```

```
    print(f'JSON Decode Error: {e}')
```

```
exit(1)
```

```
except Exception as e:
```

```
    print(f'Error reading or parsing JSON data: {e}')
```

```
exit(1)
```

```
# Convert JSON data to DataFrame
```

```
try:
```

```
    df = pd.DataFrame(data)
```

```
except ValueError as e:
```

```
print(f'Error converting JSON
```

```
data to DataFrame: {e}')
```

```
exit(1)

# Projection: Select only 'name' and 'salary' columns
projected_df = df[['name', 'salary']]

# Aggregation: Calculate total salary
total_salary = df['salary'].sum()

# Count: Number of employees earning more than 50000
high_earners_count = df[df['salary'] > 50000].shape[0]

# Limit: Get the top 5 highest earners
top_5_earners = df.nlargest(5, 'salary')

# Skip: Skip the first 2 employees
skipped_df = df.iloc[2:]

# Remove: Remove employees from a specific department
filtered_df = df[df['department'] != 'IT']

# Save the filtered result back to HDFS filtered_json =
filtered_df.to_json(orient='records')
try:    with hdfs_client.write('/home/hadoop/filtered_employees.json',
encoding='utf-8',
overwrite=True) as writer:
        writer.write(filtered_json)
print("Filtered JSON file saved successfully.")
except Exception as e:
```



```

print(f'Error saving filtered JSON data: {e}')
exit(1)

# Print results

print(f'Projection: Select only name and salary
columns")
print(f'{projected_df}')

print(f'Aggregation: Calculate total salary")

print(f'Total Salary: {total_salary}")
print(f'\n")

print(f'# Count: Number of employees earning more than 50000")

print(f'Number of High Earners (>50000):
{high_earners_count}") print(f'\n") print(f'limit Top 5 highest salary")

print(f'Top 5 Earners: \n{top_5_earners}")
print(f'\n")
print(f'Skipped DataFrame (First 2 rows skipped): \n{skipped_df}")
print(f'\n")
print(f'Filtered DataFrame (Sales department removed): \n{filtered_df}")

```

6) Run the file using command
python3 process_data.py

OUTPUT:

```

sudhashreem@sudhashreem-VirtualBox:~$ python3 process_data.py
Raw JSON Data: [
{"name": "John Doe", "age": 30, "department": "HR", "salary": 50000},
{"name": "Jane Smith", "age": 25, "department": "IT", "salary": 60000},
{"name": "Alice Johnson", "age": 35, "department": "Finance", "salary": 70000},
{"name": "Bob Brown", "age": 28, "department": "Marketing", "salary": 55000},
{"name": "Charlie Black", "age": 45, "department": "IT", "salary": 80000}
]

Filtered JSON file saved successfully.
Projection: Select only 'name' and 'salary' columns
      name  salary
0   John Doe  50000
1   Jane Smith 60000
2  Alice Johnson 70000
3    Bob Brown  55000
4   Charlie Black 80000
Aggregation: Calculate total salary
Total Salary: 315000

Count: Number of employees earning more than 50000
Number of High Earners (>50000): 4

Limit: Top 5 highest salary
Top 5 Earners:
      name  age department  salary
4  Charlie Black  45      IT  80000
2  Alice Johnson  35  Finance  70000
1    Jane Smith  25      IT  60000
3    Bob Brown  28  Marketing  55000
0    John Doe   30      HR   50000

Skipped DataFrame (First 2 rows skipped):
      name  age department  salary
2  Alice Johnson  35  Finance  70000
3    Bob Brown  28  Marketing  55000
4  Charlie Black  45      IT  80000

```

```

Filtered JSON file saved successfully.
Projection: Select only 'name' and 'salary' columns
      name  salary
0   John Doe  50000
1   Jane Smith 60000
2  Alice Johnson 70000
3    Bob Brown  55000
4   Charlie Black 80000
Aggregation: Calculate total salary
Total Salary: 315000

Count: Number of employees earning more than 50000
Number of High Earners (>50000): 4

Limit: Top 5 highest salary
Top 5 Earners:
      name  age department  salary
4  Charlie Black  45      IT  80000
2  Alice Johnson  35  Finance  70000
1    Jane Smith  25      IT  60000
3    Bob Brown  28  Marketing  55000
0    John Doe   30      HR   50000

Skipped DataFrame (First 2 rows skipped):
      name  age department  salary
2  Alice Johnson  35  Finance  70000
3    Bob Brown  28  Marketing  55000
4  Charlie Black  45      IT  80000

Filtered DataFrame (Sales department removed):
      name  age department  salary
0   John Doe  30      HR   50000
1   Jane Smith  25      IT  60000
2  Alice Johnson  35  Finance  70000
3    Bob Brown  28  Marketing  55000
4  Charlie Black  45      IT  80000
sudhashreem@sudhashreem-VirtualBox:~$

```

Result: Thus json program is executed successfully.