# **Myntra Fashion Clothing EDA**

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This project performs **Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)** on the Myntra Fashion Clothing.csv dataset to extract meaningful insights into pricing, discounts, ratings, categories, and brand distributions. The goal is to understand **customer trends and product pricing strategies** using Python.

#### **☆** Tools & Libraries

- Python 3.x
- Pandas → Data manipulation and cleaning
- NumPy → Numerical operations
- Matplotlib & Seaborn → Data visualization
- 4. Seaborn → Enhanced data visualization and statistical graphics

## Dataset Description

The dataset contains clothing product details from Myntra.

- Brand → Clothing brand name
- Category / Individual\_category → Product type (e.g., T-shirt, Saree, Dress)
- Gender → Intended gender (Men/Women/Unisex)
- OriginalPrice → Original listed price (in INR)
- DiscountedPrice → Price after discount
- DiscountOffer → Discount percentage or offer text
- Rating → Customer rating
- Link: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/manishmathias/myntra-fashion-dataset

# **III** Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) Steps

### 1. Data Cleaning

- o Checked null values using .info() and .isnull().sum().
- Handled missing values in DiscountOffer, "DiscountPrice and 'Reviews' by filling with 0 (no discount).

### 2. Univariate Analysis

Histograms for price distribution.

- Boxplot shows outliers in high price range.
- Barplot for Top 10 Categories
- Countplot for Distribution by gender

## 3. Bivariate Analysis

o Scatterplots: Price vs Rating.

o Boxplots: Category vs Price (top 10 categories).

## 4. Multivariate Analysis

- Pairplot for price, discount, and rating.
- o Heatmap for correlation analysis.

# Key Insights

### Category Pricing:

- Sarees, Kurtas, and Dresses show higher median prices and a wide spread → premium & budget segments both exist.
- o Casual wear like T-shirts, Jeans, and Tops show lower and more consistent pricing.
- o Bras are the most affordable and uniform category.

### • Brand Distribution:

 Top brands include Pothys, Roadster, and Kalini, indicating dominance in the affordable fashion segment.

### • Gender Distribution:

Women's fashion has a higher product count compared to Men's.

#### Discount Trends:

o Discounts are higher for mid-priced products, likely to drive sales.

#### Correlation:

- Price and DiscountedPrice are strongly correlated.
- Ratings have weak correlation with price, showing that affordable products can also earn high ratings.

# Conclusion

The EDA reveals a **clear separation between budget and premium categories**, with ethnic/formal wear tending to be more expensive. Brands use discounts strategically, especially in the mid-range segment. These insights can help in **pricing strategies**, **product positioning**, **and marketing campaigns**.