NAME: SUDHIKSHA V

REG NO: 717823E257

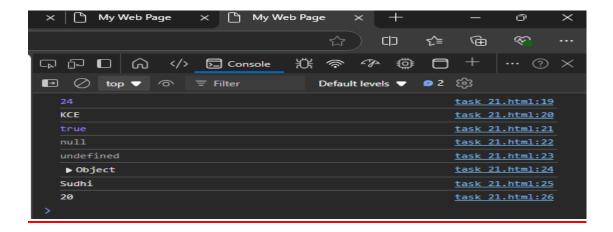
DEPT: ELECTRICAL AND ELETRONICS ENGINEERING

MERN STACK TASK 21-30

TASK 21: Create variables of different data types (e.g., string, number, boolean, null, undefined, object).

PROGRAM:

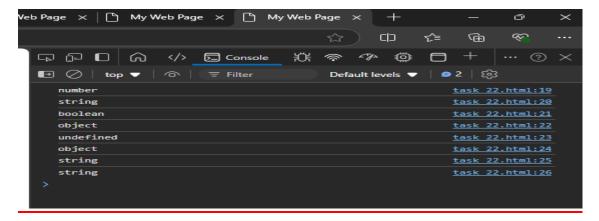
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <head>
        <title>
            My Web Page
        </title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <script>
           let a = 24;
           let b = "KCE";
           let c = true;
           let d = null;
           let e ;
           let obj = {
            name : 'Sudhi',
            age : "20",
           console.log(a);
           console.log(b);
           console.log(c);
           console.log(d);
           console.log(e);
           console.log(obj);
           console.log(obj.name);
           console.log(obj.age);
        </script>
    </body>
</html>
```



TASK 22: Use the type of operator to determine the type of various variables.

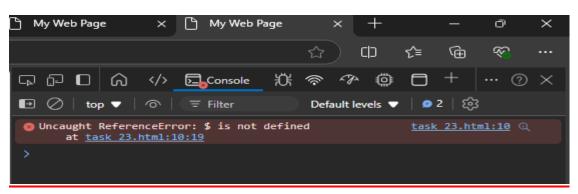
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <head>
        <title>
            My Web Page
        </title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <script>
           let a = 24;
           let b = "KCE";
           let c = true;
           let d = null;
           let e ;
           let obj = {
            name : 'Sudhi',
            age : "20",
           console.log(typeof(a));
           console.log(typeof(b));
           console.log(typeof(c));
           console.log(typeof(d));
           console.log(typeof(e));
           console.log(typeof(obj));
           console.log(typeof(obj.name));
           console.log(typeof(obj.age));
        </script>
    </body>
</html>
```

Ouput:



TASK 23: Declare a symbol and print its type.

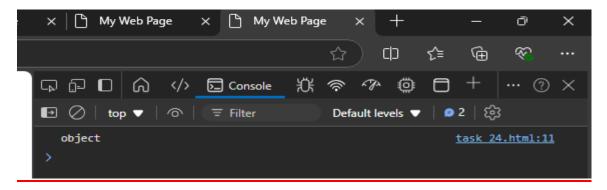
Program:



TASK 24: Assign the value null to a variable and check its type using typeof.

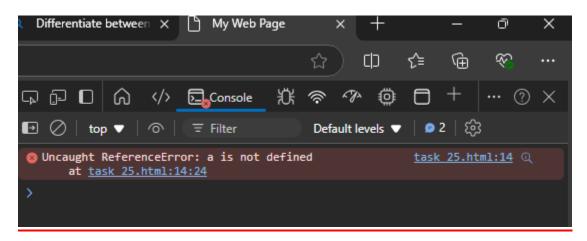
Program:

Output:



TASK 25: Differentiate between declaring a variable using var and let in terms of scope.

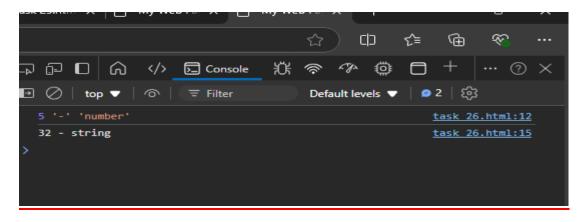
Output:



TASK 26: Convert a string to a number using both implicit and explicit conversion.

```
res = "3" + 2;
    console.log(res, "-", typeof(res));
    </script>
    </body>
</html>
```

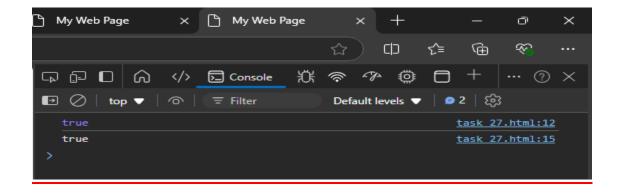
Output:



TASK 27: Convert a boolean to a string and vice versa.

Program:

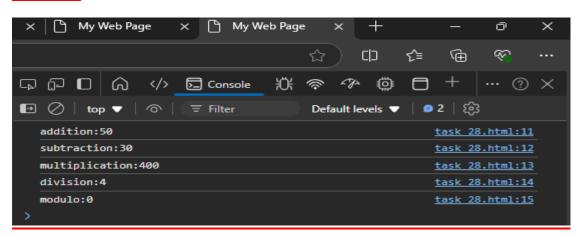
```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <head>
        <title>
            My Web Page
        </title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <script>
           let a = "kce";
           let result = (a === "kce");
           console.log(result);
           let b = true;
           let res = b.toString(b);
           console.log(res);
        </script>
    </body>
</html>
```



TASK 28: Practice basic arithmetic operators (+, -, *, /, %).

Program:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <head>
        <title>
            My Web Page
        </title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <script>
           let a=40, b=10;
            console.log("addition:"+(a+b));
            console.log("subtraction:"+(a-b));
            console.log("multiplication:"+(a*b));
            console.log("division:"+(a/b));
            console.log("modulo:"+(a%b));
        </script>
    </body>
</html>
```

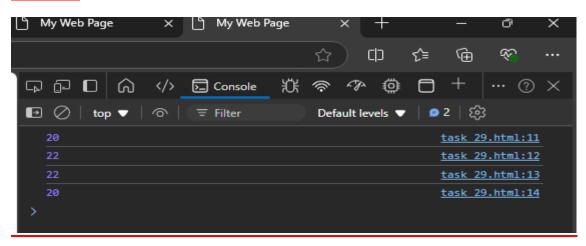


TASK 29: Practice basic arithmetic operators (+, -, *, /, %).

Program:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <head>
        <title>
            My Web Page
        </title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <script>
           let a=20;
            console.log(a++);
            console.log(++a);
            console.log(a--);
            console.log(--a);
        </script>
    </body>
</html>
```

Output:



TASK 30: Explore the precedence of operators by combining multiple operators in a single expression.

```
<!DOCTYPE html> <html> <head>
```

