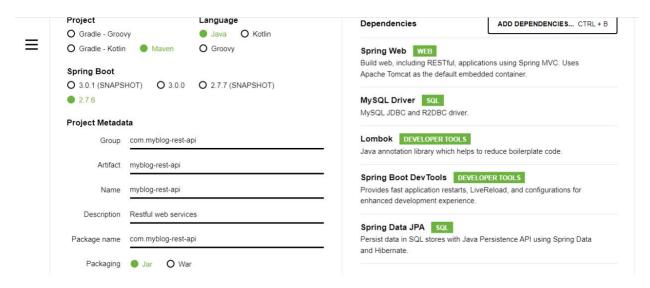
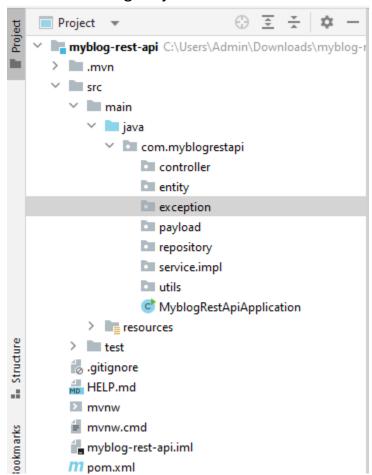
Developing restful web services in spring boot

1. Create Spring boot project with following dependencies:



2. Create Following Project Structure in IntelliJ Idea



Step 3: Create POST Entity Class

```
import lombok.AllArgsConstructor;
import lombok.Data;
import lombok.NoArgsConstructor;
import javax.persistence.*;
@Data
@AllArgsConstructor
@NoArgsConstructor
@Entity
@Table
name = "posts", uniqueConstraints = {@UniqueConstraint(columnNames = {"title"})}
public class Post {
  @Id
  @GeneratedValue( strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY) )
  private Long id;
  @Column(name = "title", nullable = false)
  private String title;
  @Column(name = "description", nullable = false)
  private String description;
  @Column(name = "content", nullable = false)
  private String content;
}
Step 3: Update application.properties file
spring.datasource.url =
jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/myblog?useSSL=false&serverTimezone=UTC
```

```
spring.datasource.username = root
spring.datasource.password = root
# hibernate properties
spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.dialect = org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL5InnoDBDialect
# Hibernate ddl auto
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update
Step 4: Create Post Repository Layer:
import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;
public interface PostRepository extends JpaRepository<Post, Long> {
}
Step 5: Create Payload PostDto class
import lombok.Data;
@Data
public class PostDto {
  private long id;
  private String title;
  private String description;
  private String content;
}
Step 6: Create PostService Interface
import java.util.List;
public interface PostService {
  PostDto createPost(PostDto postDto);
}
```

Step 7: Create PostServiceImpl class

```
@Service
public class PostServiceImpl implements PostService {
  private PostRepository postRepository;
  public PostServiceImpl(PostRepository postRepository) {
    this.postRepository = postRepository;
  }
  @Override
  public PostDto createPost(PostDto postDto) {
    // convert DTO to entity
    Post post = mapToEntity(postDto);
    Post newPost = postRepository.save(post);
    // convert entity to DTO
    PostDto postResponse = mapToDTO(newPost);
    return postResponse;
  }
// convert Entity into DTO
  private PostDto mapToDTO(Post post){
    PostDto postDto = new PostDto();
    postDto.setId(post.getId());
    postDto.setTitle(post.getTitle());
    postDto.setDescription(post.getDescription());
    postDto.setContent(post.getContent());
    return postDto;
  }
  // convert DTO to entity
  private Post mapToEntity(PostDto postDto){
    Post post = new Post();
    post.setTitle(postDto.getTitle());
    post.setDescription(postDto.getDescription());
```

```
post.setContent(postDto.getContent());
    return post;
  }
}
Step 8: Create PostController Class:
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/posts")
public class PostController {
  private PostService postService;
  public PostController(PostService postService) {
    this.postService = postService;
  }
  // create blog post rest api
  @PostMapping
  public ResponseEntity<PostDto> createPost(@RequestBody PostDto postDto){
  return new ResponseEntity<>(postService.createPost(postDto), HttpStatus.CREATED);
  }
}
Step 9: Create Exception class
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.ResponseStatus;
@ResponseStatus(value = HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND)
public class ResourceNotFoundException extends RuntimeException{
  private String resourceName;
  private String fieldName;
  private long fieldValue;
```

```
public ResourceNotFoundException(String resourceName, String fieldName, long fieldValue) {
      super(String.format("%s not found with %s: '%s'", resourceName, fieldName,
      fieldValue)); // Post not found with id: 1
           this.resourceName = resourceName;
           this.fieldName = fieldName;
           this.fieldValue = fieldValue;
        }
         public String getResourceName() {
           return resourceName;
        }
         public String getFieldName() {
           return fieldName;
        }
         public long getFieldValue() {
           return fieldValue;
        }
      }
      Step 10: Create GetMapping in controller layer:
      import java.util.List;
      @RestController
      @RequestMapping("/api/posts")
      public class PostController {
         private PostService postService;
         public PostController(PostService postService) {
           this.postService = postService;
        }
         // create blog post rest api
         @PostMapping
```

```
public ResponseEntity<PostDto> createPost(@RequestBody PostDto postDto){
    return new ResponseEntity<>(postService.createPost(postDto),
HttpStatus.CREATED);
  }
  // get all posts rest api
  @GetMapping
  public List<PostDto> getAllPosts(){
    return postService.getAllPosts();
  }
}
Step 11: Update PostService interface:
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
import java.util.List;
public interface PostService {
  PostDto createPost(PostDto postDto);
  List<PostDto> getAllPosts();
}
Step 12: Update PostServiceImpl class:
import com.springboot.blog.entity.Post;
import com.springboot.blog.exception.ResourceNotFoundException;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
import com.springboot.blog.repository.PostRepository;
import com.springboot.blog.service.PostService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
```

```
import java.util.List;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
@Service
public class PostServiceImpl implements PostService {
  private PostRepository postRepository;
  public PostServiceImpl(PostRepository postRepository) {
    this.postRepository = postRepository;
  }
  @Override
  public PostDto createPost(PostDto postDto) {
    // convert DTO to entity
    Post post = mapToEntity(postDto);
    Post newPost = postRepository.save(post);
    // convert entity to DTO
    PostDto postResponse = mapToDTO(newPost);
    return postResponse;
  }
  @Override
  public List<PostDto> getAllPosts() {
    List<Post> posts = postRepository.findAll();
    return posts.stream().map(post -> mapToDTO(post)).collect(Collectors.toList());
  }
  // convert Entity into DTO
  private PostDto mapToDTO(Post post){
    PostDto postDto = new PostDto();
    postDto.setId(post.getId());
    postDto.setTitle(post.getTitle());
    postDto.setDescription(post.getDescription());
    postDto.setContent(post.getContent());
```

```
return postDto;
  }
  // convert DTO to entity
  private Post mapToEntity(PostDto postDto){
    Post post = new Post();
    post.setTitle(postDto.getTitle());
    post.setDescription(postDto.getDescription());
    post.setContent(postDto.getContent());
    return post;
  }
}
Step 13: Create GetMapping By Id:
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
import com.springboot.blog.service.PostService;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;
import java.util.List;
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/posts")
public class PostController {
  private PostService postService;
  public PostController(PostService postService) {
    this.postService = postService;
  }
  // create blog post rest api
  @PostMapping
  public ResponseEntity<PostDto> createPost(@RequestBody PostDto postDto){
    return new ResponseEntity<>(postService.createPost(postDto),
HttpStatus.CREATED);
```

```
}
  // get all posts rest api
  @GetMapping
  public List<PostDto> getAllPosts(){
    return postService.getAllPosts();
  }
  // get post by id
  @GetMapping("/{id}")
  public ResponseEntity<PostDto> getPostById(@PathVariable(name = "id") long id){
    return ResponseEntity.ok(postService.getPostById(id));
  }
}
Step 14: Update PostServiceImpl interface:
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
import java.util.List;
public interface PostService {
  PostDto createPost(PostDto postDto);
  List<PostDto> getAllPosts();
  PostDto getPostById(long id);
}
Step 15: Update PostServiceImpl class
import com.springboot.blog.entity.Post;
import com.springboot.blog.exception.ResourceNotFoundException;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
```

```
import com.springboot.blog.repository.PostRepository;
import com.springboot.blog.service.PostService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
@Service
public class PostServiceImpl implements PostService {
  private PostRepository postRepository;
  public PostServiceImpl(PostRepository postRepository) {
    this.postRepository = postRepository;
  }
  @Override
  public PostDto createPost(PostDto postDto) {
    // convert DTO to entity
    Post post = mapToEntity(postDto);
    Post newPost = postRepository.save(post);
    // convert entity to DTO
    PostDto postResponse = mapToDTO(newPost);
    return postResponse;
  }
  @Override
  public List<PostDto> getAllPosts() {
    List<Post> posts = postRepository.findAll();
    return posts.stream().map(post -> mapToDTO(post)).collect(Collectors.toList());
  }
  @Override
  public PostDto getPostById(long id) {
```

```
Post post = postRepository.findById(id).orElseThrow(() -> new
ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", id));
    return mapToDTO(post);
  }
  // convert Entity into DTO
  private PostDto mapToDTO(Post post){
    PostDto postDto = new PostDto();
    postDto.setId(post.getId());
    postDto.setTitle(post.getTitle());
    postDto.setDescription(post.getDescription());
    postDto.setContent(post.getContent());
    return postDto;
  }
  // convert DTO to entity
  private Post mapToEntity(PostDto postDto){
    Post post = new Post();
    post.setTitle(postDto.getTitle());
    post.setDescription(postDto.getDescription());
    post.setContent(postDto.getContent());
    return post;
  }
}
Step 16: Create UpdateMapping Controller
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
import com.springboot.blog.service.PostService;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;
import java.util.List;
```

@RestController

@RequestMapping("/api/posts")

```
public class PostController {
  private PostService postService;
  public PostController(PostService postService) {
    this.postService = postService;
  }
  // create blog post rest api
  @PostMapping
  public ResponseEntity<PostDto> createPost(@RequestBody PostDto postDto){
    return new ResponseEntity<>(postService.createPost(postDto),
HttpStatus.CREATED);
  }
  // get all posts rest api
  @GetMapping
  public List<PostDto> getAllPosts(){
    return postService.getAllPosts();
  }
  // get post by id
  @GetMapping("/{id}")
  public ResponseEntity<PostDto> getPostById(@PathVariable(name = "id") long id){
    return ResponseEntity.ok(postService.getPostById(id));
  }
  // update post by id rest api
  @PutMapping("/{id}")
  public ResponseEntity<PostDto> updatePost(@RequestBody PostDto postDto,
@PathVariable(name = "id") long id){
   PostDto postResponse = postService.updatePost(postDto, id);
   return new ResponseEntity<>(postResponse, HttpStatus.OK);
  }
}
```

Step 17: Update PostService Interface:

```
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
import java.util.List;
public interface PostService {
  PostDto createPost(PostDto postDto);
  List<PostDto> getAllPosts();
  PostDto getPostById(long id);
  PostDto updatePost(PostDto postDto, long id);
}
Step 18: Update PostServiceImpl class:
import com.springboot.blog.entity.Post;
import com.springboot.blog.exception.ResourceNotFoundException;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
import com.springboot.blog.repository.PostRepository;
import com.springboot.blog.service.PostService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
@Service
public class PostServiceImpl implements PostService {
  private PostRepository postRepository;
  public PostServiceImpl(PostRepository postRepository) {
    this.postRepository = postRepository;
```

```
}
  @Override
  public PostDto createPost(PostDto postDto) {
    // convert DTO to entity
    Post post = mapToEntity(postDto);
    Post newPost = postRepository.save(post);
    // convert entity to DTO
    PostDto postResponse = mapToDTO(newPost);
    return postResponse;
  }
  @Override
  public List<PostDto> getAllPosts() {
    List<Post> posts = postRepository.findAll();
    return posts.stream().map(post -> mapToDTO(post)).collect(Collectors.toList());
  }
  @Override
  public PostDto getPostById(long id) {
    Post post = postRepository.findById(id).orElseThrow(() -> new
ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", id));
    return mapToDTO(post);
  }
  @Override
  public PostDto updatePost(PostDto postDto, long id) {
    // get post by id from the database
    Post post = postRepository.findById(id).orElseThrow(() -> new
ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", id));
    post.setTitle(postDto.getTitle());
    post.setDescription(postDto.getDescription());
    post.setContent(postDto.getContent());
    Post updatedPost = postRepository.save(post);
```

```
return mapToDTO(updatedPost);
  }
  // convert Entity into DTO
  private PostDto mapToDTO(Post post){
    PostDto postDto = new PostDto();
    postDto.setId(post.getId());
    postDto.setTitle(post.getTitle());
    postDto.setDescription(post.getDescription());
    postDto.setContent(post.getContent());
    return postDto;
  }
  // convert DTO to entity
  private Post mapToEntity(PostDto postDto){
    Post post = new Post();
    post.setTitle(postDto.getTitle());
    post.setDescription(postDto.getDescription());
    post.setContent(postDto.getContent());
    return post;
 }
}
Step 19: Create DeleteMapping controller:
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
import com.springboot.blog.service.PostService;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;
import java.util.List;
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/posts")
public class PostController {
```

```
private PostService postService;
  public PostController(PostService postService) {
    this.postService = postService;
 }
  // create blog post rest api
  @PostMapping
  public ResponseEntity<PostDto> createPost(@RequestBody PostDto postDto){
    return new ResponseEntity<>(postService.createPost(postDto),
HttpStatus.CREATED);
 }
  // get all posts rest api
  @GetMapping
  public List<PostDto> getAllPosts(){
    return postService.getAllPosts();
 }
  // get post by id
  @GetMapping("/{id}")
  public ResponseEntity<PostDto> getPostById(@PathVariable(name = "id") long id){
    return ResponseEntity.ok(postService.getPostById(id));
 }
  // update post by id rest api
  @PutMapping("/{id}")
  public ResponseEntity<PostDto> updatePost(@RequestBody PostDto postDto,
@PathVariable(name = "id") long id){
   PostDto postResponse = postService.updatePost(postDto, id);
   return new ResponseEntity<>(postResponse, HttpStatus.OK);
 }
  // delete post rest api
  @DeleteMapping("/{id}")
  public ResponseEntity<String> deletePost(@PathVariable(name = "id") long id){
```

```
postService.deletePostById(id);
    return new ResponseEntity<>("Post entity deleted successfully.", HttpStatus.OK);
  }
}
Step 20: Update PostService Interface:
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
import java.util.List;
public interface PostService {
  PostDto createPost(PostDto postDto);
  List<PostDto> getAllPosts();
  PostDto getPostById(long id);
  PostDto updatePost(PostDto postDto, long id);
  void deletePostById(long id);
}
Step 21: Create PostServiceImpl class:
import com.springboot.blog.entity.Post;
import com.springboot.blog.exception.ResourceNotFoundException;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
import com.springboot.blog.repository.PostRepository;
import com.springboot.blog.service.PostService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import java.util.List;
```

```
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
@Service
public class PostServiceImpl implements PostService {
  private PostRepository postRepository;
  public PostServiceImpl(PostRepository postRepository) {
    this.postRepository = postRepository;
  }
  @Override
  public PostDto createPost(PostDto postDto) {
    // convert DTO to entity
    Post post = mapToEntity(postDto);
    Post newPost = postRepository.save(post);
    // convert entity to DTO
    PostDto postResponse = mapToDTO(newPost);
    return postResponse;
  }
  @Override
  public List<PostDto> getAllPosts() {
    List<Post> posts = postRepository.findAll();
    return posts.stream().map(post -> mapToDTO(post)).collect(Collectors.toList());
  }
  @Override
  public PostDto getPostById(long id) {
    Post post = postRepository.findById(id).orElseThrow(() -> new
ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", id));
    return mapToDTO(post);
  }
  @Override
  public PostDto updatePost(PostDto postDto, long id) {
```

```
// get post by id from the database
    Post post = postRepository.findById(id).orElseThrow(() -> new
ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", id));
    post.setTitle(postDto.getTitle());
    post.setDescription(postDto.getDescription());
    post.setContent(postDto.getContent());
    Post updatedPost = postRepository.save(post);
    return mapToDTO(updatedPost);
  }
  @Override
  public void deletePostById(long id) {
    // get post by id from the database
    Post post = postRepository.findById(id).orElseThrow(() -> new
ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", id));
    postRepository.delete(post);
 }
  // convert Entity into DTO
  private PostDto mapToDTO(Post post){
    PostDto postDto = new PostDto();
    postDto.setId(post.getId());
    postDto.setTitle(post.getTitle());
    postDto.setDescription(post.getDescription());
    postDto.setContent(post.getContent());
    return postDto;
 }
  // convert DTO to entity
  private Post mapToEntity(PostDto postDto){
    Post post = new Post();
    post.setTitle(postDto.getTitle());
    post.setDescription(postDto.getDescription());
    post.setContent(postDto.getContent());
    return post;
  }
```

Pagination and Sorting in rest API

Step 1: Update Post Controller Class:

```
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostResponse;
import com.springboot.blog.service.PostService;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;
import java.util.List;
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/posts")
public class PostController {
  private PostService postService;
  public PostController(PostService postService) {
    this.postService = postService;
  }
  // create blog post rest api
  @PostMapping
  public ResponseEntity<PostDto> createPost(@RequestBody PostDto postDto){
    return new ResponseEntity<>(postService.createPost(postDto),
HttpStatus.CREATED);
  }
  // get all posts rest api
  @GetMapping
  public PostResponse getAllPosts(
      @RequestParam(value = "pageNo", defaultValue = "0", required = false) int
pageNo,
```

```
@RequestParam(value = "pageSize", defaultValue = "10", required = false) int
pageSize,
@RequestParam(value = "sortBy", defaultValue = "id", required = false) String sortBy,
@RequestParam(value = "sortDir", defaultValue = "asc", required = false) String
sortDir
  ){
    return postService.getAllPosts(pageNo, pageSize, sortBy, sortDir);
  }
  // get post by id
  @GetMapping("/{id}")
  public ResponseEntity<PostDto> getPostById(@PathVariable(name = "id") long id){
    return ResponseEntity.ok(postService.getPostById(id));
  }
  // update post by id rest api
  @PutMapping("/{id}")
  public ResponseEntity<PostDto> updatePost(@RequestBody PostDto postDto,
@PathVariable(name = "id") long id){
   PostDto postResponse = postService.updatePost(postDto, id);
   return new ResponseEntity<>(postResponse, HttpStatus.OK);
  }
  // delete post rest api
  @DeleteMapping("/{id}")
  public ResponseEntity<String> deletePost(@PathVariable(name = "id") long id){
    postService.deletePostById(id);
    return new ResponseEntity<>("Post entity deleted successfully.", HttpStatus.OK);
  }
}
```

Step 2: Update PostService interface":

```
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostResponse;
import java.util.List;
public interface PostService {
  PostDto createPost(PostDto postDto);
  PostResponse getAllPosts(int pageNo, int pageSize, String sortBy, String sortDir);
  PostDto getPostById(long id);
  PostDto updatePost(PostDto postDto, long id);
  void deletePostById(long id);
}
Step 3: Update PostServiceImpl class:
import com.springboot.blog.entity.Post;
import com.springboot.blog.exception.ResourceNotFoundException;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostResponse;
import com.springboot.blog.repository.PostRepository;
import com.springboot.blog.service.PostService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.data.domain.Page;
import org.springframework.data.domain.PageRequest;
import org.springframework.data.domain.Pageable;
import org.springframework.data.domain.Sort;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
@Service
public class PostServiceImpl implements PostService {
```

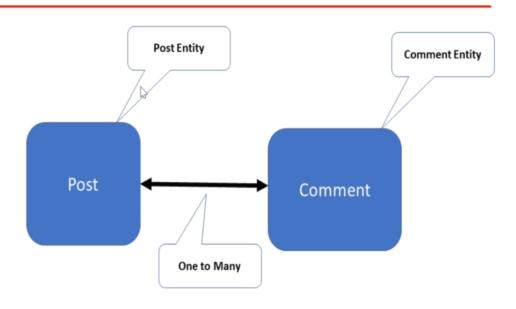
```
private PostRepository postRepository;
  public PostServiceImpl(PostRepository postRepository) {
    this.postRepository = postRepository;
  }
  @Override
  public PostDto createPost(PostDto postDto) {
    // convert DTO to entity
    Post post = mapToEntity(postDto);
    Post newPost = postRepository.save(post);
    // convert entity to DTO
    PostDto postResponse = mapToDTO(newPost);
    return postResponse;
  }
  @Override
  public PostResponse getAllPosts(int pageNo, int pageSize, String sortBy, String
sortDir) {
    Sort sort = sortDir.equalsIgnoreCase(Sort.Direction.ASC.name()) ?
Sort.by(sortBy).ascending()
        : Sort.by(sortBy).descending();
    // create Pageable instance
    Pageable pageable = PageRequest.of(pageNo, pageSize, sort);
    Page<Post> posts = postRepository.findAll(pageable);
    // get content for page object
    List<Post> listOfPosts = posts.getContent();
    List<PostDto> content= listOfPosts.stream().map(post ->
mapToDTO(post)).collect(Collectors.toList());
    PostResponse postResponse = new PostResponse();
```

```
postResponse.setContent(content);
    postResponse.setPageNo(posts.getNumber());
    postResponse.setPageSize(posts.getSize());
    postResponse.setTotalElements(posts.getTotalElements());
    postResponse.setTotalPages(posts.getTotalPages());
    postResponse.setLast(posts.isLast());
    return postResponse;
 }
  @Override
  public PostDto getPostById(long id) {
    Post post = postRepository.findById(id).orElseThrow(() -> new
ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", id));
    return mapToDTO(post);
 }
  @Override
  public PostDto updatePost(PostDto postDto, long id) {
    // get post by id from the database
    Post post = postRepository.findById(id).orElseThrow(() -> new
ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", id));
    post.setTitle(postDto.getTitle());
    post.setDescription(postDto.getDescription());
    post.setContent(postDto.getContent());
    Post updatedPost = postRepository.save(post);
    return mapToDTO(updatedPost);
 }
  @Override
  public void deletePostById(long id) {
    // get post by id from the database
    Post post = postRepository.findById(id).orElseThrow(() -> new
ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", id));
    postRepository.delete(post);
 }
```

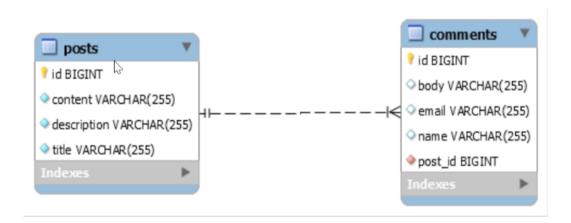
```
// convert Entity into DTO
  private PostDto mapToDTO(Post post){
    PostDto postDto = new PostDto();
    postDto.setId(post.getId());
    postDto.setTitle(post.getTitle());
    postDto.setDescription(post.getDescription());
    postDto.setContent(post.getContent());
    return postDto;
  }
  // convert DTO to entity
  private Post mapToEntity(PostDto postDto){
    Post post = new Post();
    post.setTitle(postDto.getTitle());
    post.setDescription(postDto.getDescription());
    post.setContent(postDto.getContent());
    return post;
  }
}
```

Create Comments API Later

One to Many Relationship (bi-directional)



ER(Entity Relationship Diagram)



URL Documentation with status code:

HTTP Method	URL Path	Status Code	Description
GET	/api/posts/{postId}/comments	200 (OK)	Get all comments which belongs to post with id = postId
GET	/api/posts/{postId}/comments/{id}	200 (OK)	Get comment by id if it belongs to post with id = postId
POST	/api/posts/{postsId}/comments	201 (Created)	Create new comment for post with id = postId
PUT	/api/posts/{postId}/comments/{id}	200 (OK)	Update comment by id if it belongs to post with id = postId

200 (OK)

Delete comment by id if it belongs to post with id vindows

REST APIs for Comment Resource

Step 1: Create Comment Entity Class and do oneTomany bidirectional mapping

/api/posts/{postId}/comments/{id}

import lombok.AllArgsConstructor; import lombok.Data; import lombok.NoArgsConstructor;

DELETE

```
import javax.persistence.*;
@Data
@AllArgsConstructor
@NoArgsConstructor
@Entity
@Table(name = "comments")
public class Comment {
  @ld
  @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
  private long id;
  private String name;
  private String email;
  private String body;
  @ManyToOne(fetch = FetchType.LAZY)
  @JoinColumn(name = "post_id", nullable = false)
  private Post post;
}
Step 2: Update Post Entity Class:
import lombok.*;
import javax.persistence.*;
import java.util.HashSet;
import java.util.Set;
@Getter
@Setter
@AllArgsConstructor
@NoArgsConstructor
@Entity
@Table(
```

```
name = "posts", uniqueConstraints = {@UniqueConstraint(columnNames =
{"title"})}
)
public class Post {
  @ld
  @GeneratedValue(
      strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY
  )
  private Long id;
  @Column(name = "title", nullable = false)
  private String title;
  @Column(name = "description", nullable = false)
  private String description;
  @Column(name = "content", nullable = false)
  private String content;
  @OneToMany(mappedBy = "post", cascade = CascadeType.ALL, orphanRemoval =
true)
  private Set<Comment> comments = new HashSet<>();
}
Step 3: Create CommentDto class
@Data
public class CommentDto {
  private long id;
  private String name;
 private String email;
 private String body;
}
Step 4: Create CommentService Interface:
```

```
import java.util.List;
public interface CommentService {
  CommentDto createComment(long postId, CommentDto commentDto);
}
Step 5: Create CommentServiceImpl class:
@Service
public class CommentServiceImpl implements CommentService {
  private CommentRepository commentRepository;
  private PostRepository postRepository;
  private ModelMapper mapper;
  public CommentServiceImpl(CommentRepository commentRepository,
PostRepository postRepository, ModelMapper mapper) {
   this.commentRepository = commentRepository;
   this.postRepository = postRepository;
   this.mapper = mapper;
 }
  @Override
  public CommentDto createComment(long postId, CommentDto commentDto) {
    Comment comment = mapToEntity(commentDto);
   // retrieve post entity by id
   Post post = postRepository.findById(postId).orElseThrow(
        () -> new ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", postId));
   // set post to comment entity
    comment.setPost(post);
   // comment entity to DB
    Comment newComment = commentRepository.save(comment);
   return mapToDTO(newComment);
 }
```

```
private CommentDto mapToDTO(Comment comment){
    CommentDto commentDto = mapper.map(comment, CommentDto.class);
    CommentDto commentDto = new CommentDto();
   commentDto.setId(comment.getId());
   commentDto.setName(comment.getName());
   commentDto.setEmail(comment.getEmail());
   commentDto.setBody(comment.getBody());
   return commentDto;
  }
  private Comment mapToEntity(CommentDto commentDto){
   Comment comment = mapper.map(commentDto, Comment.class);
   Comment comment = new Comment();
   comment.setId(commentDto.getId());
   comment.setName(commentDto.getName());
   comment.setEmail(commentDto.getEmail());
   comment.setBody(commentDto.getBody());
   return comment;
 }
}
Step 6: Create RestController CommentController Class:
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/")
public class CommentController {
  private CommentService commentService;
  public CommentController(CommentService commentService) {
   this.commentService = commentService;
 }
  @PostMapping("/posts/{postId}/comments")
```

```
public ResponseEntity<CommentDto> createComment(@PathVariable(value =
"postId") long postId,
                          @RequestBody CommentDto commentDto){
    return new ResponseEntity<>(commentService.createComment(postId,
commentDto), HttpStatus.CREATED);
}
                           Get All Comments By PostId
Step 1: Update CommentRepository as shown below:
import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;
import java.util.List;
public interface CommentRepository extends JpaRepository<Comment, Long> {
  List<Comment> findByPostId(long postId);
}
Step 2: Update CommentService Interface:
import java.util.List;
public interface CommentService {
  CommentDto createComment(long postId, CommentDto commentDto);
  List<CommentDto> getCommentsByPostId(long postId);
}
Step 3: Update CommentServiceImpl Class:
@Service
public class CommentServiceImpl implements CommentService {
  private CommentRepository commentRepository;
```

```
private PostRepository postRepository;
 private ModelMapper mapper;
 public CommentServiceImpl(CommentRepository commentRepository,
PostRepository postRepository, ModelMapper mapper) {
   this.commentRepository = commentRepository;
   this.postRepository = postRepository;
   this.mapper = mapper;
 }
 @Override
 public CommentDto createComment(long postId, CommentDto commentDto) {
   Comment comment = mapToEntity(commentDto);
   // retrieve post entity by id
   Post post = postRepository.findById(postId).orElseThrow(
       () -> new ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", postId));
   // set post to comment entity
   comment.setPost(post);
   // comment entity to DB
   Comment newComment = commentRepository.save(comment);
   return mapToDTO(newComment);
 }
 @Override
 public List<CommentDto> getCommentsByPostId(long postId) {
   // retrieve comments by postId
   List<Comment> comments = commentRepository.findByPostId(postId);
   // convert list of comment entities to list of comment dto's
   return comments.stream().map(comment ->
mapToDTO(comment)).collect(Collectors.toList());
 }
private CommentDto mapToDTO(Comment comment){
```

```
CommentDto commentDto = mapper.map(comment, CommentDto.class);
   CommentDto commentDto = new CommentDto();
   commentDto.setId(comment.getId());
   commentDto.setName(comment.getName());
   commentDto.setEmail(comment.getEmail());
   commentDto.setBody(comment.getBody());
   return commentDto;
 }
 private Comment mapToEntity(CommentDto commentDto){
   Comment comment = mapper.map(commentDto, Comment.class);
  Comment comment = new Comment();
   comment.setId(commentDto.getId());
   comment.setName(commentDto.getName());
   comment.setEmail(commentDto.getEmail());
   comment.setBody(commentDto.getBody());
   return comment;
 }
}
Step 4: Create handler method in CommentController Layer:
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/")
public class CommentController {
 private CommentService commentService;
 public CommentController(CommentService commentService) {
   this.commentService = commentService;
 }
 @PostMapping("/posts/{postId}/comments")
 public ResponseEntity<CommentDto> createComment(@PathVariable(value =
"postId") long postId, @RequestBody CommentDto commentDto){
```

```
return new ResponseEntity<>(commentService.createComment(postId, commentDto),
HttpStatus.CREATED);
 }
  @GetMapping("/posts/{postId}/comments")
  public List<CommentDto> getCommentsByPostId(@PathVariable(value = "postId")
Long postId){
    return commentService.getCommentsByPostId(postId);
 }
}
                          Get Comment By CommentId
Step 1: Update CommentService interface:
import java.util.List;
public interface CommentService {
  CommentDto createComment(long postId, CommentDto commentDto);
  List<CommentDto> getCommentsByPostId(long postId);
  CommentDto getCommentById(Long postId, Long commentId);
}
Step 2: Create BlogApi Exception class:
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
public class BlogAPIException extends RuntimeException {
  private HttpStatus status;
  private String message;
  public BlogAPIException(HttpStatus status, String message) {
   this.status = status;
   this.message = message;
```

```
}
  public BlogAPIException(String message, HttpStatus status, String message1) {
    super(message);
   this.status = status;
   this.message = message1;
 }
  public HttpStatus getStatus() {
   return status;
 }
  @Override
  public String getMessage() {
   return message;
 }
}
Step 3: Update CommentServiceImpl class:
@Service
public class CommentServiceImpl implements CommentService {
  private CommentRepository commentRepository;
  private PostRepository postRepository;
  private ModelMapper mapper;
  public CommentServiceImpl(CommentRepository commentRepository,
PostRepository postRepository, ModelMapper mapper) {
   this.commentRepository = commentRepository;
   this.postRepository = postRepository;
   this.mapper = mapper;
 }
  @Override
  public CommentDto createComment(long postId, CommentDto commentDto) {
    Comment comment = mapToEntity(commentDto);
```

```
// retrieve post entity by id
    Post post = postRepository.findById(postId).orElseThrow(
        () -> new ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", postId));
   // set post to comment entity
    comment.setPost(post);
   // comment entity to DB
    Comment newComment = commentRepository.save(comment);
    return mapToDTO(newComment);
 }
  @Override
  public List<CommentDto> getCommentsByPostId(long postId) {
   // retrieve comments by postId
    List<Comment> comments = commentRepository.findByPostId(postId);
   // convert list of comment entities to list of comment dto's
    return comments.stream().map(comment ->
mapToDTO(comment)).collect(Collectors.toList());
 }
  @Override
  public CommentDto getCommentById(Long postId, Long commentId) {
   // retrieve post entity by id
    Post post = postRepository.findById(postId).orElseThrow(
        () -> new ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", postId));
   // retrieve comment by id
    Comment comment = commentRepository.findById(commentId).orElseThrow(() -
>
        new ResourceNotFoundException("Comment", "id", commentId));
    if(!comment.getPost().getId().equals(post.getId())){
      throw new BlogAPIException(HttpStatus.BAD REQUEST, "Comment does not
belong to post");
   }
```

```
return mapToDTO(comment);
 }
private CommentDto mapToDTO(Comment comment){
   CommentDto commentDto = mapper.map(comment, CommentDto.class);
   CommentDto commentDto = new CommentDto();
   commentDto.setId(comment.getId());
   commentDto.setName(comment.getName());
   commentDto.setEmail(comment.getEmail());
  commentDto.setBody(comment.getBody());
   return commentDto:
 }
 private Comment mapToEntity(CommentDto commentDto){
   Comment comment = mapper.map(commentDto, Comment.class);
   Comment comment = new Comment();
   comment.setId(commentDto.getId());
   comment.setName(commentDto.getName());
   comment.setEmail(commentDto.getEmail());
   comment.setBody(commentDto.getBody());
   return comment;
 }
}
Step 4: Update CommentController class:
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/")
public class CommentController {
 private CommentService commentService;
 public CommentController(CommentService commentService) {
   this.commentService = commentService;
 }
```

```
@PostMapping("/posts/{postId}/comments")
  public ResponseEntity<CommentDto> createComment(@PathVariable(value =
"postid") long postid,
@RequestBody CommentDto commentDto){
    return new ResponseEntity<>(commentService.createComment(postId,
commentDto), HttpStatus.CREATED);
  }
  @GetMapping("/posts/{postId}/comments")
  public List<CommentDto> getCommentsByPostId(@PathVariable(value = "postId")
Long postId){
    return commentService.getCommentsByPostId(postId);
  }
  @GetMapping("/posts/{postId}/comments/{id}")
  public ResponseEntity<CommentDto> getCommentById(@PathVariable(value =
"postId") Long postId,
                            @PathVariable(value = "id") Long comment(d){
    CommentDto commentDto = commentService.getCommentByld(postId,
commentId);
    return new ResponseEntity<>(commentDto, HttpStatus.OK);
  }
}
                       Developing Update Comment Rest API
Rest api url: <a href="http://localhost:8080/api/posts/{postId}/comments/{id}">http://localhost:8080/api/posts/{postId}/comments/{id}</a>
```

Step 1: Update CommentController with following handler method:

```
}
      Step 2: Update CommentService Interface:
      import java.util.List;
      public interface CommentService {
        CommentDto createComment(long postId, CommentDto commentDto);
        List<CommentDto> getCommentsByPostId(long postId);
        CommentDto getCommentById(Long postId, Long commentId);
        CommentDto updateComment(Long postId, long commentId, CommentDto
      commentRequest);
  }
Step 3: Update CommentServiceImpl class:
@Override
 public CommentDto updateComment(Long postId, long commentId, CommentDto
commentRequest) {
   // retrieve post entity by id
    Post post = postRepository.findById(postId).orElseThrow(
        () -> new ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", postId));
   // retrieve comment by id
    Comment comment = commentRepository.findById(commentId).orElseThrow(() ->
        new ResourceNotFoundException("Comment", "id", commentId));
    if(!comment.getPost().getId().equals(post.getId())){
```

```
throw new BlogAPIException(HttpStatus.BAD_REQUEST, "Comment does not belongs
to post");
    }
    comment.setName(commentRequest.getName());
    comment.setEmail(commentRequest.getEmail());
    comment.setBody(commentRequest.getBody());
    Comment updatedComment = commentRepository.save(comment);
    return mapToDTO(updatedComment);
  }
Perform Testing in PostMan:
                               Delete Comment Feature
URL: http://localhost:8080/api/posts/{postId}/comments/{id}
Step 1: Update CommentController Class:
  @DeleteMapping("/posts/{postId}/comments/{id}")
  public ResponseEntity<String> deleteComment(@PathVariable(value = "postId") Long
postId,
                       @PathVariable(value = "id") Long commentId){
    commentService.deleteComment(postId, commentId);
    return new ResponseEntity<>("Comment deleted successfully", HttpStatus.OK);
  }
```

```
Step 2: Update CommentService Interface
import java.util.List;
public interface CommentService {
  CommentDto createComment(long postId, CommentDto commentDto);
  List<CommentDto> getCommentsByPostId(long postId);
  CommentDto getCommentById(Long postId, Long commentId);
  CommentDto updateComment(Long postId, long commentId, CommentDto
commentRequest);
  void deleteComment(Long postId, Long commentId);
}
Step 3: Update CommentServiceImpl class
 @Override
  public void deleteComment(Long postId, Long commentId) {
   // retrieve post entity by id
    Post post = postRepository.findById(postId).orElseThrow(
        () -> new ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", postId));
    // retrieve comment by id
    Comment comment = commentRepository.findById(commentId).orElseThrow(() ->
        new ResourceNotFoundException("Comment", "id", commentId));
```

```
if(!comment.getPost().getId().equals(post.getId())){
      throw new BlogAPIException(HttpStatus.BAD_REQUEST, "Comment does not belongs
to post");
   }
    commentRepository.delete(comment);
 }
                           ModelMapper library or MapStruct
 Step 1: Add the following dependency:
<!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.modelmapper/modelmapper -->
             <dependency>
                   <groupId>org.modelmapper
                   <artifactId>modelmapper</artifactId>
                   <version>2.3.9</version>
             </dependency>
Step 2: Update PostServiceImpl class as shown below:
@Service
public class PostServiceImpl implements PostService {
  private PostRepository postRepository;
  private ModelMapper mapper;
```

```
public PostServiceImpl(PostRepository postRepository, ModelMapper mapper) {
     this.postRepository = postRepository;
     this.mapper = mapper;
 }
  @Override
  public PostDto createPost(PostDto postDto) {
   // convert DTO to entity
    Post post = mapToEntity(postDto);
    Post newPost = postRepository.save(post);
    // convert entity to DTO
    PostDto postResponse = mapToDTO(newPost);
    return postResponse;
  }
  @Override
  public PostResponse getAllPosts(int pageNo, int pageSize, String sortBy, String sortDir) {
    Sort sort = sortDir.equalsIgnoreCase(Sort.Direction.ASC.name()) ?
Sort.by(sortBy).ascending()
        : Sort.by(sortBy).descending();
```

```
// create Pageable instance
    Pageable pageable = PageRequest.of(pageNo, pageSize, sort);
    Page<Post> posts = postRepository.findAll(pageable);
    // get content for page object
    List<Post> listOfPosts = posts.getContent();
    List<PostDto> content= listOfPosts.stream().map(post ->
mapToDTO(post)).collect(Collectors.toList());
    PostResponse postResponse = new PostResponse();
    postResponse.setContent(content);
    postResponse.setPageNo(posts.getNumber());
    postResponse.setPageSize(posts.getSize());
    postResponse.setTotalElements(posts.getTotalElements());
    postResponse.setTotalPages(posts.getTotalPages());
    postResponse.setLast(posts.isLast());
    return postResponse;
  }
  @Override
  public PostDto getPostById(long id) {
```

```
Post post = postRepository.findById(id).orElseThrow(() -> new
ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", id));
    return mapToDTO(post);
 }
  @Override
  public PostDto updatePost(PostDto postDto, long id) {
   // get post by id from the database
    Post post = postRepository.findById(id).orElseThrow(() -> new
ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", id));
    post.setTitle(postDto.getTitle());
    post.setDescription(postDto.getDescription());
    post.setContent(postDto.getContent());
    Post updatedPost = postRepository.save(post);
    return mapToDTO(updatedPost);
  }
  @Override
  public void deletePostById(long id) {
    // get post by id from the database
    Post post = postRepository.findById(id).orElseThrow(() -> new
ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", id));
    postRepository.delete(post);
```

```
}
  // convert Entity into DTO
  private PostDto mapToDTO(Post post){
    PostDto postDto = mapper.map(post, PostDto.class);
//
      PostDto postDto = new PostDto();
//
      postDto.setId(post.getId());
//
      postDto.setTitle(post.getTitle());
//
      postDto.setDescription(post.getDescription());
//
      postDto.setContent(post.getContent());
    return postDto;
  }
  // convert DTO to entity
  private Post mapToEntity(PostDto postDto){
    Post post = mapper.map(postDto, Post.class);
//
      Post post = new Post();
//
      post.setTitle(postDto.getTitle());
//
      post.setDescription(postDto.getDescription());
//
      post.setContent(postDto.getContent());
    return post;
 }
}
```

```
Step 3: Update CommentServiceImpl class:
@Service
public class CommentServiceImpl implements CommentService {
 private CommentRepository commentRepository;
 private PostRepository postRepository;
 private ModelMapper mapper;
 public CommentServiceImpl(CommentRepository commentRepository, PostRepository
postRepository, ModelMapper mapper) {
    this.commentRepository = commentRepository;
    this.postRepository = postRepository;
    this.mapper = mapper;
 }
  @Override
 public CommentDto createComment(long postId, CommentDto commentDto) {
    Comment comment = mapToEntity(commentDto);
   // retrieve post entity by id
    Post post = postRepository.findById(postId).orElseThrow(
        () -> new ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", postId));
   // set post to comment entity
```

```
comment.setPost(post);
   // comment entity to DB
    Comment newComment = commentRepository.save(comment);
    return mapToDTO(newComment);
 }
  @Override
 public List<CommentDto> getCommentsByPostId(long postId) {
   // retrieve comments by postId
    List<Comment> comments = commentRepository.findByPostId(postId);
   // convert list of comment entities to list of comment dto's
    return comments.stream().map(comment ->
mapToDTO(comment)).collect(Collectors.toList());
 }
  @Override
 public CommentDto getCommentById(Long postId, Long commentId) {
   // retrieve post entity by id
    Post post = postRepository.findById(postId).orElseThrow(
        () -> new ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", postId));
```

```
// retrieve comment by id
    Comment comment = commentRepository.findById(commentId).orElseThrow(() ->
       new ResourceNotFoundException("Comment", "id", commentId));
    if(!comment.getPost().getId().equals(post.getId())){
      throw new BlogAPIException(HttpStatus.BAD_REQUEST, "Comment does not belong to
post");
    }
    return mapToDTO(comment);
 }
  @Override
 public CommentDto updateComment(Long postId, long commentId, CommentDto
commentRequest) {
   // retrieve post entity by id
    Post post = postRepository.findById(postId).orElseThrow(
        () -> new ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", postId));
   // retrieve comment by id
    Comment comment = commentRepository.findById(commentId).orElseThrow(() ->
        new ResourceNotFoundException("Comment", "id", commentId));
    if(!comment.getPost().getId().equals(post.getId())){
```

```
throw new BlogAPIException(HttpStatus.BAD_REQUEST, "Comment does not belongs
to post");
    }
    comment.setName(commentRequest.getName());
    comment.setEmail(commentRequest.getEmail());
    comment.setBody(commentRequest.getBody());
    Comment updatedComment = commentRepository.save(comment);
    return mapToDTO(updatedComment);
 }
  @Override
  public void deleteComment(Long postId, Long commentId) {
    // retrieve post entity by id
    Post post = postRepository.findById(postId).orElseThrow(
        () -> new ResourceNotFoundException("Post", "id", postId));
    // retrieve comment by id
    Comment comment = commentRepository.findById(commentId).orElseThrow(() ->
        new ResourceNotFoundException("Comment", "id", commentId));
    if(!comment.getPost().getId().equals(post.getId())){
      throw new BlogAPIException(HttpStatus.BAD_REQUEST, "Comment does not belongs
to post");
```

```
}
   commentRepository.delete(comment);
 }
 private CommentDto mapToDTO(Comment comment){
    CommentDto commentDto = mapper.map(comment, CommentDto.class);
//
     CommentDto commentDto = new CommentDto();
//
     commentDto.setId(comment.getId());
//
     commentDto.setName(comment.getName());
//
     commentDto.setEmail(comment.getEmail());
//
     commentDto.setBody(comment.getBody());
   return commentDto;
 }
 private Comment mapToEntity(CommentDto commentDto){
    Comment comment = mapper.map(commentDto, Comment.class);
//
     Comment comment = new Comment();
//
     comment.setId(commentDto.getId());
//
     comment.setName(commentDto.getName());
//
     comment.setEmail(commentDto.getEmail());
//
     comment.setBody(commentDto.getBody());
    return comment;
```

Step 1: Create ErrorDetails class in payload package

```
import java.util.Date;
public class ErrorDetails {
  private Date timestamp;
  private String message;
  private String details;
  public ErrorDetails(Date timestamp, String message, String details) {
    this.timestamp = timestamp;
    this.message = message;
    this.details = details;
 }
  public Date getTimestamp() {
    return timestamp;
 }
  public String getMessage() {
    return message;
```

```
}
  public String getDetails() {
    return details;
  }
}
Step 2: Create GlobalExceptionHandler class in exceptionpackage
import com.springboot.blog.payload.ErrorDetails;
import org.springframework.http.HttpHeaders;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.validation.FieldError;
import org.springframework.web.bind.MethodArgumentNotValidException;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.ControllerAdvice;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.ExceptionHandler;
import org.springframework.web.context.request.WebRequest;
import
org.springframework.web.servlet.mvc.method.annotation.ResponseEntityExceptionHandler;
import java.util.Date;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;
@ControllerAdvice
```

```
public class GlobalExceptionHandler extends ResponseEntityExceptionHandler {
  // handle specific exceptions
  @ExceptionHandler(ResourceNotFoundException.class)
  public ResponseEntity<ErrorDetails>
handleResourceNotFoundException(ResourceNotFoundException exception,
                                     WebRequest webRequest){
    ErrorDetails errorDetails = new ErrorDetails(new Date(), exception.getMessage(),
        webRequest.getDescription(false));
    return new ResponseEntity<>(errorDetails, HttpStatus.NOT_FOUND);
  }
  @ExceptionHandler(BlogAPIException.class)
  public ResponseEntity<ErrorDetails> handleBlogAPIException(BlogAPIException exception,
                                     WebRequest webRequest){
    ErrorDetails errorDetails = new ErrorDetails(new Date(), exception.getMessage(),
        webRequest.getDescription(false));
    return new ResponseEntity<>(errorDetails, HttpStatus.BAD_REQUEST);
  }
  // global exceptions
  @ExceptionHandler(Exception.class)
  public ResponseEntity<ErrorDetails> handleGlobalException(Exception exception,
                                WebRequest webRequest){
    ErrorDetails errorDetails = new ErrorDetails(new Date(), exception.getMessage(),
```

```
webRequest.getDescription(false));
    return new ResponseEntity<>(errorDetails, HttpStatus.INTERNAL_SERVER_ERROR);
  }
}
                                    Spring Validations
Step 1: Add dependency in pom.xml file
<!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.springframework.boot/spring-boot-starter-
validation -->
             <dependency>
                    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
                    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-validation</artifactId>
             </dependency>
Step 2: Add Validation annotations in DTO classes
package com.springboot.blog.payload;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiModel;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiModelProperty;
import lombok.Data;
import javax.validation.constraints.NotEmpty;
import javax.validation.constraints.Size;
import java.util.Set;
@ApiModel(description = "Post model information")
```

```
@Data
public class PostDto {
  private long id;
  // title should not be null or empty
  // title should have at least 2 characters
  @NotEmpty
  @Size(min = 2, message = "Post title should have at least 2 characters")
  private String title;
  // post description should be not null or empty
  // post description should have at least 10 characters
  @NotEmpty
  @Size(min = 10, message = "Post description should have at least 10 characters")
  private String description;
  // post content should not be null or empty
    @NotEmpty
  private String content;
  private Set<CommentDto> comments;
}
```

```
Step 3: Add @Valid annotation in controller class:
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostResponse;
import com.springboot.blog.service.PostService;
import com.springboot.blog.utils.AppConstants;
import io.swagger.annotations.Api;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiOperation;
import io.swagger.annotations.ApiResponses;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.security.access.prepost.PreAuthorize;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;
import javax.validation.Valid;
@RestController
@RequestMapping()
public class PostController {
  private PostService postService;
  public PostController(PostService postService) {
    this.postService = postService;
  }
```

```
// create blog post rest api
  @PostMapping("/api/v1/posts")
  public ResponseEntity<PostDto> createPost(@Valid @RequestBody PostDto postDto){
    return new ResponseEntity<>(postService.createPost(postDto), HttpStatus.CREATED);
  }
  // get all posts rest api
  @GetMapping("/api/v1/posts")
  public PostResponse getAllPosts(
      @RequestParam(value = "pageNo", defaultValue =
AppConstants.DEFAULT_PAGE_NUMBER, required = false) int pageNo,
      @RequestParam(value = "pageSize", defaultValue =
AppConstants.DEFAULT PAGE SIZE, required = false) int pageSize,
      @RequestParam(value = "sortBy", defaultValue = AppConstants.DEFAULT SORT BY,
required = false) String sortBy,
      @RequestParam(value = "sortDir", defaultValue =
AppConstants.DEFAULT_SORT_DIRECTION, required = false) String sortDir
  ){
    return postService.getAllPosts(pageNo, pageSize, sortBy, sortDir);
  }
  // get post by id
  @GetMapping(value = "/api/v1/posts/{id}")
  public ResponseEntity<PostDto> getPostByIdV1(@PathVariable(name = "id") long id){
    return ResponseEntity.ok(postService.getPostById(id));
  }
  // update post by id rest api
```

```
@PutMapping("/api/v1/posts/{id}")
  public ResponseEntity<PostDto> updatePost(@Valid @RequestBody PostDto postDto,
@PathVariable(name = "id") long id){
   PostDto postResponse = postService.updatePost(postDto, id);
   return new ResponseEntity<>(postResponse, HttpStatus.OK);
  }
  // delete post rest api
  @DeleteMapping("/api/v1/posts/{id}")
  public ResponseEntity<String> deletePost(@PathVariable(name = "id") long id){
    postService.deletePostById(id);
    return new ResponseEntity<>("Post entity deleted successfully.", HttpStatus.OK);
 }
}
                                      Spring Security
Step 1: Add Spring Dependency Jar
<dependency>
<groupId>org.springframework.boot
<artifactId>spring-boot-starter-security</artifactId>
</dependency>
```

```
Step 2: All Links of rest api are now secured
Step 3: Update application.properties file
Spring.security.user.name=pankaj
Spring.security.user.password=password
Spring.security.user.roles=ADMIN
Step 4: Implementing basic authentication
Develop config package
Step 5: Develop SecurityConfig class and Extend WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter
@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
public class SecurityConfig extends WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter {
  @Override
  protected void configure(HttpSecurity http) throws Exception {
    http
        .csrf().disable()
        .authorizeRequests()
        .anyRequest()
        .authenticated()
        .and()
        .httpBasic();
  }
}
                                In memory Authentication
```

Step 1: Update SecurityConfig class as shown below:

```
package com.springboot.blog.config;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import org.springframework.http.HttpMethod;
import
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.method.configuration.EnableGlo
balMethodSecurity;
import
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.builders.HttpSecurity;
import
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration.EnableWebSec
urity;
import
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration.WebSecurityC
onfigurerAdapter;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.User;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.bcrypt.BCryptPasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.password.PasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.security.provisioning.InMemoryUserDetailsManager;
@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
@EnableGlobalMethodSecurity(prePostEnabled = true)
public class SecurityConfig extends WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter {
    @Bean
    PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder() {
        return new BCryptPasswordEncoder();
    @Override
    protected void configure (HttpSecurity http) throws Exception {
        http
                .csrf().disable()
                .authorizeRequests()
                .antMatchers(HttpMethod.GET, "/api/**").permitAll()
                .anyRequest()
                .authenticated()
                .and()
                .httpBasic();
    }
       @Override
    @Bean
    protected UserDetailsService userDetailsService() {
        UserDetails ramesh =
User.builder().username("pankaj").password(passwordEncoder()
                .encode("password")).roles("USER").build();
        UserDetails admin =
User.builder().username("admin").password(passwordEncoder()
```

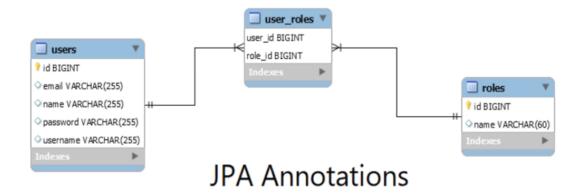
```
.encode("admin")).roles("ADMIN").build();
return new InMemoryUserDetailsManager(ramesh, admin);
}
```

Step 2: Add @PreAuthorize("hasRole('ADMIN')") Annotation in controller layer

```
package com.springboot.blog.controller;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostDto;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.PostResponse;
import com.springboot.blog.service.PostService;
import com.springboot.blog.utils.AppConstants;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.security.access.prepost.PreAuthorize;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;
import javax.validation.Valid;
import java.util.List;
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/posts")
public class PostController {
   private PostService postService;
    public PostController(PostService postService) {
        this.postService = postService;
    }
    @PreAuthorize("hasRole('ADMIN')")
    // create blog post rest api
    @PostMapping
   public ResponseEntity<PostDto> createPost(@Valid @RequestBody PostDto
postDto) {
       return new ResponseEntity<> (postService.createPost(postDto),
HttpStatus.CREATED);
    }
    // get all posts rest api
    @GetMapping
   public PostResponse getAllPosts(
            @RequestParam(value = "pageNo", defaultValue =
AppConstants. DEFAULT PAGE NUMBER, required = false) int pageNo,
            @RequestParam(value = "pageSize", defaultValue =
AppConstants. DEFAULT PAGE SIZE, required = false) int pageSize,
            @RequestParam(value = "sortBy", defaultValue =
AppConstants. DEFAULT SORT BY, required = false) String sortBy,
            @RequestParam(value = "sortDir", defaultValue =
AppConstants.DEFAULT SORT DIRECTION, required = false) String sortDir
    ) {
        return postService.getAllPosts(pageNo, pageSize, sortBy, sortDir);
```

```
// get post by id
    @GetMapping("/{id}")
    public ResponseEntity<PostDto> getPostById(@PathVariable(name = "id")
long id) {
        return ResponseEntity.ok(postService.getPostById(id));
    @PreAuthorize("hasRole('ADMIN')")
    // update post by id rest api
    @PutMapping("/{id}")
    public ResponseEntity<PostDto> updatePost(@Valid @RequestBody PostDto
postDto, @PathVariable(name = "id") long id) {
       PostDto postResponse = postService.updatePost(postDto, id);
       return new ResponseEntity<> (postResponse, HttpStatus.OK);
    }
    @PreAuthorize("hasRole('ADMIN')")
    // delete post rest api
    @DeleteMapping("/{id}")
   public ResponseEntity<String> deletePost(@PathVariable(name = "id") long
id) {
        postService.deletePostById(id);
        return new ResponseEntity<>("Post entity deleted successfully.",
HttpStatus.OK);
```

Create JPA Entities User & Role



Step 1: Create user table:

```
package com.springboot.blog.entity;
import lombok.Data;
import javax.persistence.*;
import java.util.Set;
```

```
@Data
@Entity
@Table(name = "users", uniqueConstraints = {
        @UniqueConstraint(columnNames = {"username"}),
        @UniqueConstraint(columnNames = {"email"})
})
public class User {
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue (strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
   private long id;
   private String name;
   private String username;
   private String email;
   private String password;
    @ManyToMany(fetch = FetchType.EAGER, cascade = CascadeType.ALL)
    @JoinTable(name = "user roles",
            joinColumns = @JoinColumn(name = "user id", referencedColumnName
= "id"),
            inverseJoinColumns = @JoinColumn(name = "role id",
referencedColumnName = "id"))
   private Set<Role> roles;
}
```

Step 2: Create Role Entity Class:

```
package com.springboot.blog.entity;
import lombok.Getter;
import lombok.Setter;
import javax.persistence.*;

@Setter
@Getter
@Entity
@Table(name = "roles")
public class Role {

    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    private long id;

    @Column(length = 60)
    private String name;
}
```

Create Repository Layer

```
package com.springboot.blog.repository;
import com.springboot.blog.entity.User;
import org.springframework.data.domain.Example;
import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;
import java.util.Optional;

public interface UserRepository extends JpaRepository<User, Long> {
    Optional<User> findByEmail(String email);
    Optional<User> findByUsernameOrEmail(String username, String email);
    Optional<User> findByUsername(String username);
    Boolean existsByUsername(String username);
    Boolean existsByEmail(String email);
}
```

Step 2: Create RoleRepository Layer

```
import com.springboot.blog.entity.Role;
import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;
import java.util.Optional;

public interface RoleRepository extends JpaRepository<Role, Long> {
        Optional<Role> findByName(String name);
}
```

UserDetailsService Implementation

Step 1: Create CustomUserDetailsService class in security package

```
package com.springboot.blog.security;
import com.springboot.blog.entity.Role;
import com.springboot.blog.entity.User;
import com.springboot.blog.repository.UserRepository;
import org.springframework.security.core.GrantedAuthority;
import org.springframework.security.core.authority.SimpleGrantedAuthority;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;
org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UsernameNotFoundException;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import java.util.Collection;
import java.util.Set;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
@Service
public class CustomUserDetailsService implements UserDetailsService {
    private UserRepository userRepository;
```

```
public CustomUserDetailsService(UserRepository userRepository) {
        this.userRepository = userRepository;
    @Override
   public UserDetails loadUserByUsername(String usernameOrEmail) throws
UsernameNotFoundException {
       User user = userRepository.findByUsernameOrEmail(usernameOrEmail,
usernameOrEmail)
                .orElseThrow(() ->
                       new UsernameNotFoundException("User not found with
username or email:" + usernameOrEmail));
       return new
org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.User(user.getEmail(),
                user.getPassword(), mapRolesToAuthorities(user.getRoles()));
    }
    private Collection< ? extends GrantedAuthority>
mapRolesToAuthorities(Set<Role> roles) {
       return roles.stream().map(role -> new
SimpleGrantedAuthority(role.getName())).collect(Collectors.toList());
```

Step 2: Update SecurityConfig File as shown below:

```
package com.springboot.blog.config;
import com.springboot.blog.security.CustomUserDetailsService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import org.springframework.http.HttpMethod;
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.authentication.builders.Authen
ticationManagerBuilder;
import
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.method.configuration.EnableGlo
balMethodSecurity;
import
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.builders.HttpSecurity;
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration.EnableWebSec
urity:
import
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration.WebSecurityC
onfigurerAdapter;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.User;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.bcrypt.BCryptPasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.password.PasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.security.provisioning.InMemoryUserDetailsManager;
```

```
@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
@EnableGlobalMethodSecurity(prePostEnabled = true)
public class SecurityConfig extends WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter {
    @Autowired
   private CustomUserDetailsService userDetailsService;
    PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder() {
       return new BCryptPasswordEncoder();
    @Override
    protected void configure(HttpSecurity http) throws Exception {
        http
                .csrf().disable()
                .authorizeRequests()
                .antMatchers(HttpMethod.GET, "/api/**").permitAll()
                .anyRequest()
                .authenticated()
                .and()
                .httpBasic();
    @Override
   protected void configure (AuthenticationManagerBuilder auth) throws
Exception {
       auth.userDetailsService(userDetailsService)
                .passwordEncoder(passwordEncoder());
   // @Override
      @Bean
     protected UserDetailsService userDetailsService() {
        UserDetails ramesh =
User.builder().username("ramesh").password(passwordEncoder()
                 .encode("password")).roles("USER").build();
        UserDetails admin =
User.builder().username("admin").password(passwordEncoder()
                 .encode("admin")).roles("ADMIN").build();
         return new InMemoryUserDetailsManager(ramesh, admin);
```

Developing Signin Rest API

```
import lombok.Data;
@Data
public class LoginDto {
  private String usernameOrEmail;
 private String password;
}
Step 2: Create AuthController class in controller package:
import com.springboot.blog.payload.LoginDto;
import com.springboot.blog.repository.UserRepository;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.security.authentication.AuthenticationManager;
import
org.springframework.security.authentication.UsernamePasswordAuthenticationTok
import org.springframework.security.core.Authentication;
import org.springframework.security.core.context.SecurityContextHolder;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestBody;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/auth")
public class AuthController {
    @Autowired
    private AuthenticationManager authenticationManager;
    @PostMapping("/signin")
    public ResponseEntity<String> authenticateUser(@RequestBody LoginDto
loginDto) {
        Authentication authentication = authenticationManager.authenticate(
UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(loginDto.getUsernameOrEmail(),
loginDto.getPassword())
        SecurityContextHolder.getContext().setAuthentication(authentication);
        return new ResponseEntity<>("User signed-in successfully!.",
HttpStatus.OK);
    }
```

Step 3: Update SecurityConfig File:

```
import com.springboot.blog.security.CustomUserDetailsService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import org.springframework.http.HttpMethod;
import org.springframework.security.authentication.AuthenticationManager;
import
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.authentication.builders.Authen
ticationManagerBuilder;
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.method.configuration.EnableGlo
balMethodSecurity;
import
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.builders.HttpSecurity;
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration.EnableWebSec
urity;
import
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration.WebSecurityC
onfigurerAdapter;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.User;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.bcrypt.BCryptPasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.password.PasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.security.provisioning.InMemoryUserDetailsManager;
@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
@EnableGlobalMethodSecurity(prePostEnabled = true)
public class SecurityConfig extends WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter {
    @Autowired
   private CustomUserDetailsService userDetailsService;
    PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder() {
        return new BCryptPasswordEncoder();
    }
    @Override
   @Bean
   public AuthenticationManager authenticationManagerBean() throws Exception
{
        return super.authenticationManagerBean();
    }
    @Override
    protected void configure (HttpSecurity http) throws Exception {
                .csrf().disable()
                .authorizeRequests()
                .antMatchers(HttpMethod.GET, "/api/**").permitAll()
                .antMatchers("/api/auth/**").permitAll()
```

```
.anyRequest()
                .authenticated()
                .and()
                .httpBasic();
    }
    @Override
   protected void configure (AuthenticationManagerBuilder auth) throws
Exception {
        auth.userDetailsService(userDetailsService)
                .passwordEncoder(passwordEncoder());
    }
   // @Override
    @Bean
     protected UserDetailsService userDetailsService() {
          UserDetails ramesh =
User.builder().username("ramesh").password(passwordEncoder()
                  .encode("password")).roles("USER").build();
          UserDetails admin =
User.builder().username("admin").password(passwordEncoder()
                 .encode("admin")).roles("ADMIN").build();
         return new InMemoryUserDetailsManager(ramesh, admin);
```

Developing SignUp Feature Rest API

Step 1: Update AuthController class as shown below

```
package com.springboot.blog.controller;
import com.springboot.blog.entity.Role;
import com.springboot.blog.entity.User;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.LoginDto;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.SignUpDto;
import com.springboot.blog.repository.RoleRepository;
import com.springboot.blog.repository.UserRepository;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.security.authentication.AuthenticationManager;
import
org.springframework.security.authentication.UsernamePasswordAuthenticationTok
en;
import org.springframework.security.core.Authentication;
import org.springframework.security.core.context.SecurityContextHolder;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.password.PasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestBody;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
```

```
import java.util.Collections;
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/auth")
public class AuthController {
    @Autowired
   private AuthenticationManager authenticationManager;
    @Autowired
   private UserRepository userRepository;
    @Autowired
   private RoleRepository roleRepository;
    @Autowired
   private PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder;
    @PostMapping("/signin")
   public ResponseEntity<String> authenticateUser(@RequestBody LoginDto
loginDto) {
        Authentication authentication =
authenticationManager.authenticate(new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(
                loginDto.getUsernameOrEmail(), loginDto.getPassword()));
        SecurityContextHolder.getContext().setAuthentication(authentication);
        return new ResponseEntity<>("User signed-in successfully!.",
HttpStatus.OK);
   }
    @PostMapping("/signup")
    public ResponseEntity<?> registerUser(@RequestBody SignUpDto signUpDto) {
        // add check for username exists in a DB
        if(userRepository.existsByUsername(signUpDto.getUsername())){
            return new ResponseEntity<> ("Username is already taken!",
HttpStatus.BAD REQUEST);
        }
        // add check for email exists in DB
        if (userRepository.existsByEmail(signUpDto.getEmail())) {
            return new ResponseEntity<>("Email is already taken!",
HttpStatus.BAD REQUEST);
        }
        // create user object
        User user = new User();
        user.setName(signUpDto.getName());
        user.setUsername(signUpDto.getUsername());
        user.setEmail(signUpDto.getEmail());
        user.setPassword(passwordEncoder.encode(signUpDto.getPassword()));
        Role roles = roleRepository.findByName("ROLE ADMIN").get();
        user.setRoles(Collections.singleton(roles));
        userRepository.save(user);
```

```
return new ResponseEntity<>("User registered successfully",
HttpStatus.OK);

}

Step 2: Develop SignUpDto payload class:
import lombok.Data;

@Data
public class SignUpDto {
   private String name;
   private String username;
   private String email;
   private String password;
```

Developing JWT Token

For JWT Token add the following dependency:

```
<dependency>
<groupId>io.jsonwebtoken</groupId>
<artifactId>jjwt</artifactId>
<version>0.9.1</version>
</dependency>
```

Step 1: In security package create JwtAuthenticationEntryPoint import org.springframework.security.core.AuthenticationException; import org.springframework.security.web.AuthenticationEntryPoint; import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;

import javax.servlet.ServletException; import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;

```
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import java.io.IOException;
@Component
public class JwtAuthenticationEntryPoint implements AuthenticationEntryPoint {
  @Override
  public void commence(HttpServletRequest request,
            HttpServletResponse response,
            AuthenticationException authException) throws IOException, ServletException {
    response.sendError(HttpServletResponse.SC UNAUTHORIZED,
authException.getMessage());
 }
}
Step 2: Update application.properties file:
## App Properties
app.jwt-secret= JWTSecretKey
app.jwt-expiration-milliseconds = 604800000
Step 3: Develop JwtAuthenticationFilter class in security package:
package com.springboot.blog.security;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import
org.springframework.security.authentication.UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken;
```

```
import org.springframework.security.core.context.SecurityContextHolder;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
import org.springframework.security.web.authentication.WebAuthenticationDetailsSource;
import org.springframework.util.StringUtils;
import org.springframework.web.filter.OncePerRequestFilter;
import javax.servlet.FilterChain;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import java.io.IOException;
public class JwtAuthenticationFilter extends OncePerRequestFilter {
  // inject dependencies
  @Autowired
  private JwtTokenProvider tokenProvider;
  @Autowired
  private CustomUserDetailsService customUserDetailsService;
  @Override
  protected void doFilterInternal(HttpServletRequest request,
                   HttpServletResponse response,
```

```
FilterChain filterChain) throws ServletException, IOException {
    // get JWT (token) from http request
    String token = getJWTfromRequest(request);
    // validate token
    if(StringUtils.hasText(token) && tokenProvider.validateToken(token)){
      // get username from token
      String username = tokenProvider.getUsernameFromJWT(token);
      // load user associated with token
      UserDetails userDetails = customUserDetailsService.loadUserByUsername(username);
      UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken authenticationToken = new
UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(
          userDetails, null, userDetails.getAuthorities()
      ):
      authenticationToken.setDetails(new
WebAuthenticationDetailsSource().buildDetails(request));
      // set spring security
      SecurityContextHolder.getContext().setAuthentication(authenticationToken);
    }
    filterChain.doFilter(request, response);
  }
  // Bearer <accessToken>
  private String getJWTfromRequest(HttpServletRequest request){
      String bearerToken = request.getHeader("Authorization");
```

```
if(StringUtils.hasText(bearerToken) && bearerToken.startsWith("Bearer")){
        return bearerToken.substring(7, bearerToken.length());
      }
      return null;
  }
}
Step 4: Develop JwtTokenProvider class in security package:
package com.springboot.blog.security;
import com.springboot.blog.exception.BlogAPIException;
import io.jsonwebtoken.*;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Value;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.security.core.Authentication;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
import java.util.Date;
@Component
public class JwtTokenProvider {
  @Value("${app.jwt-secret}")
  private String jwtSecret;
```

```
@Value("${app.jwt-expiration-milliseconds}")
private int jwtExpirationInMs;
// generate token
public String generateToken(Authentication authentication){
  String username = authentication.getName();
  Date currentDate = new Date();
  Date expireDate = new Date(currentDate.getTime() + jwtExpirationInMs);
  String token = Jwts.builder()
      .setSubject(username)
      .setIssuedAt(new Date())
      .setExpiration(expireDate)
      .signWith(SignatureAlgorithm.HS512, jwtSecret)
      .compact();
  return token;
}
// get username from the token
public String getUsernameFromJWT(String token){
  Claims claims = Jwts.parser()
      .setSigningKey(jwtSecret)
      .parseClaimsJws(token)
      .getBody();
```

```
return claims.getSubject();
  }
  // validate JWT token
  public boolean validateToken(String token){
    try{
      Jwts.parser().setSigningKey(jwtSecret).parseClaimsJws(token);
      return true;
    }catch (SignatureException ex){
      throw new BlogAPIException(HttpStatus.BAD REQUEST, "Invalid JWT signature");
    } catch (MalformedJwtException ex) {
      throw new BlogAPIException(HttpStatus.BAD_REQUEST, "Invalid JWT token");
    } catch (ExpiredJwtException ex) {
      throw new BlogAPIException(HttpStatus.BAD_REQUEST, "Expired JWT token");
    } catch (UnsupportedJwtException ex) {
      throw new BlogAPIException(HttpStatus.BAD_REQUEST, "Unsupported JWT token");
    } catch (IllegalArgumentException ex) {
      throw new BlogAPIException(HttpStatus.BAD_REQUEST, "JWT claims string is
empty.");
    }
  }
}
Step 4: Update AuthController class:
```

```
import com.springboot.blog.entity.Role;
import com.springboot.blog.entity.User;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.JWTAuthResponse;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.LoginDto;
import com.springboot.blog.payload.SignUpDto;
import com.springboot.blog.repository.RoleRepository;
import com.springboot.blog.repository.UserRepository;
import com.springboot.blog.security.JwtTokenProvider;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.http.HttpStatus;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.security.authentication.AuthenticationManager;
import
org.springframework.security.authentication.UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken;
import org.springframework.security.core.Authentication;
import org.springframework.security.core.context.SecurityContextHolder;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.password.PasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.PostMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestBody;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;
import java.util.Collections;
```

```
@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/auth")
public class AuthController {
  @Autowired
 private AuthenticationManager authenticationManager;
  @Autowired
 private UserRepository userRepository;
  @Autowired
 private RoleRepository roleRepository;
  @Autowired
 private PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder;
  @Autowired
 private JwtTokenProvider tokenProvider;
  @PostMapping("/signin")
 public ResponseEntity<JWTAuthResponse> authenticateUser(@RequestBody LoginDto
loginDto){
    Authentication authentication = authenticationManager.authenticate(new
UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(
```

loginDto.getUsernameOrEmail(), loginDto.getPassword()));

```
SecurityContextHolder.getContext().setAuthentication(authentication);
    // get token form tokenProvider
    String token = tokenProvider.generateToken(authentication);
    return ResponseEntity.ok(new JWTAuthResponse(token));
 }
  @PostMapping("/signup")
  public ResponseEntity<?> registerUser(@RequestBody SignUpDto signUpDto){
    // add check for username exists in a DB
    if(userRepository.existsByUsername(signUpDto.getUsername())){
      return new ResponseEntity<>("Username is already taken!",
HttpStatus.BAD_REQUEST);
    }
   // add check for email exists in DB
    if(userRepository.existsByEmail(signUpDto.getEmail())){
      return new ResponseEntity<>("Email is already taken!", HttpStatus.BAD_REQUEST);
    }
    // create user object
```

```
user.setName(signUpDto.getName());
    user.setUsername(signUpDto.getUsername());
    user.setEmail(signUpDto.getEmail());
    user.setPassword(passwordEncoder.encode(signUpDto.getPassword()));
    Role roles = roleRepository.findByName("ROLE_ADMIN").get();
    user.setRoles(Collections.singleton(roles));
    userRepository.save(user);
    return new ResponseEntity<>("User registered successfully", HttpStatus.OK);
  }
}
Step 5: Create payload class JWTAuthResponse
public class JWTAuthResponse {
  private String accessToken;
  private String tokenType = "Bearer";
  public JWTAuthResponse(String accessToken) {
    this.accessToken = accessToken;
```

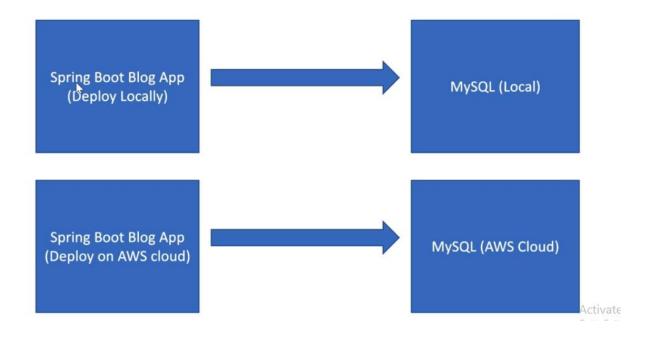
User user = new User();

```
}
  public void setAccessToken(String accessToken) {
    this.accessToken = accessToken;
  }
  public void setTokenType(String tokenType) {
    this.tokenType = tokenType;
  }
  public String getAccessToken() {
    return accessToken;
 }
  public String getTokenType() {
    return tokenType;
 }
}
```

Deployment Of Spring Boot Application Amazon AWS Cloud:

Some Of the important cloud service provider

- 1. AWS
- 2. Heroku
- 3. Google Cloud
- 4. Microsoft Azure
- 5. Oracle
- 6. IBM Cloud



Important AWS Services every java developer should be aware of:

1. Amazon EC2 - Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2) is a web service that provides resizable computing capacity in the cloud. It allows users to rent virtual machines (VMs), known as instances, which can be used to run a variety of different operating systems and applications. With EC2, users can easily scale their computing resources up or down as needed, paying only for the resources they actually use. This makes it an ideal service for applications that have varying compute needs, such as web servers, batch processing, and big data processing. EC2 also provides a variety of different instance types, each optimized for different types of workloads, such as compute-optimized, memory-optimized, and storage-optimized instances. Additionally, EC2 also provides features such as load balancing, auto-scaling, and virtual private cloud (VPC) to give users more control and security over their instances

2. AWS Elastic Beanstalk -

Amazon Elastic Beanstalk is a fully managed service offered by AWS that makes it easy to deploy, run, and scale web applications and services. It supports several programming languages including Java, .NET, PHP, Node.js, Python, Ruby, and Go. Elastic Beanstalk handles the provisioning of the infrastructure resources, load balancing, and automatic scaling, allowing developers to focus on writing code for their application. The service also includes monitoring and logging features, so developers can easily track the performance and troubleshoot issues.

Elastic Beanstalk provides a simple, unified user interface to deploy and manage web applications, as well as a command-line interface and APIs for more advanced users. It integrates with other AWS services such as Amazon RDS, Amazon S3, Amazon SNS, and AWS Elasticache. Elastic Beanstalk also provides a feature called "platform versions" that allows developers to choose a specific version of the language runtime, web server, and other software components to use with their application.

3. AMAZON RDS -

Amazon Relational Database Service (RDS) is a web service that makes it easy to set up, operate, and scale a relational database in the cloud. RDS supports several popular database engines including MySQL, PostgreSQL, Oracle, Microsoft SQL Server, and Amazon Aurora.

RDS automates many of the time-consuming tasks typically associated with managing a relational database, such as provisioning, patching, backup, and recovery. It also provides features such as automatic failover, read replicas, and a point-in-time restore, which help to improve the availability and durability of the database. In addition, RDS allows users to easily scale the resources allocated to a database up or down as needed, and it also offers a variety of different instance types optimized for different types of workloads.

RDS also provides a feature called "Multi-AZ Deployments" that allows the user to create a primary DB instance and synchronously replicate the data to a standby instance in a different availability zone (AZ) for failover capabilities. This provides an automatic failover to the standby instance in the event of a planned or unplanned outage of the primary instance.

4. S3 Service - Amazon S3 (Simple Storage Service) is a cloud-based object storage service offered by Amazon Web Services (AWS). It allows users to store and retrieve any amount of data, at any time, from anywhere on the internet. S3 provides a simple web services interface that can be used to store and retrieve any amount of data, at any time, from anywhere on the web. It is designed for storing and retrieving large amounts of data, such as photos, videos, and backups. S3 is widely used for a variety of applications including, cloud storage, backup and archiving, big data analytics, disaster recovery, and more.

5. Amazon Route 53 -

Amazon Route 53 is a highly available and scalable Domain Name System (DNS) web service offered by AWS. It translates human-friendly domain names, such as www.example.com, into the IP addresses, such as 192.0.2.1, that computers use to identify each other on the internet. Route 53 is designed to give developers and businesses a reliable and cost-effective way to route end users to internet applications.

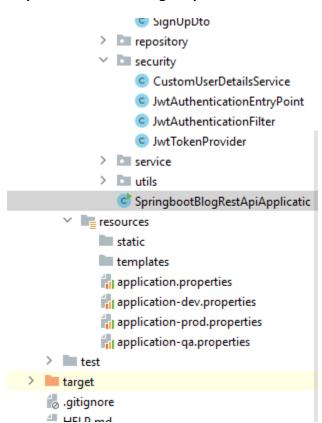
Route 53 provides a variety of different routing types, such as simple routing, which routes traffic to a single resource, such as a web server, and complex routing, which allows you to route traffic based on factors such as the geographic location of your users, the health of your resources, and the routing policies that you specify.

Route 53 also provides a feature called "Health Check", that allows the user to monitor the health of their resources, such as web servers, and route traffic to healthy resources. It also integrates with other AWS services such as Amazon CloudFront, Elastic Load Balancing, and AWS Elastic Beanstalk.

It also provides a feature called "Traffic Flow" that allows the user to create a visual representation of their routing policies and test how the traffic will be routed before it's updated.

Using Profiles In Spring Boot Application

Step 1: Create Following Properties file:



application.properties file content:

```
#spring.datasource.url = jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/myblog
#spring.datasource.username = root
#spring.datasource.password = test

# hibernate properties
#spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.dialect =
org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL5InnoDBDialect

# Hibernate ddl auto (create, create-drop, validate, update)
#spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update

# App Properties
app.jwt-secret= JWTSecretKey
app.jwt-expiration-milliseconds = 604800000

spring.profiles.active=prod
```

application-dev.properties content:

```
spring.datasource.url = jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/myblog
spring.datasource.username = root
spring.datasource.password = test

# hibernate properties
spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.dialect =
org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL5InnoDBDialect

# Hibernate ddl auto (create, create-drop, validate, update)
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update
```

application-qa.properties content:

```
spring.datasource.url = jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/myblog
spring.datasource.username = root
spring.datasource.password = test

# hibernate properties
spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.dialect = org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL5InnoDBDialect

# Hibernate ddl auto (create, create-drop, validate, update)
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update
```

application-prod.properties content:

```
spring.datasource.url = jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/myblog
spring.datasource.username = root
spring.datasource.password = test
```

```
# hibernate properties
spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.dialect =
org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL5InnoDBDialect
# Hibernate ddl auto (create, create-drop, validate, update)
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update
```

Step 2: Create default (Meta Data) in tables

Manually Enter Data into Roles Table Using Command Line Runner

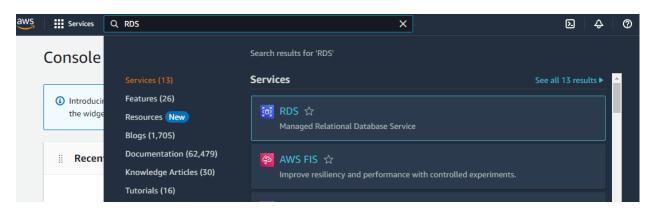
```
package com.springboot.blog;
import com.springboot.blog.entity.Role;
import com.springboot.blog.repository.RoleRepository;
import org.modelmapper.ModelMapper;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.boot.CommandLineRunner;
import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
@SpringBootApplication
public class SpringbootBlogRestApiApplication implements CommandLineRunner {
   @Autowired
   private RoleRepository roleRepository;
   @Bean
   public ModelMapper modelMapper() {
     return new ModelMapper();
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      SpringApplication.run(SpringbootBlogRestApiApplication.class, args);
   @Override
   public void run(String... args) throws Exception {
      Role adminRole = new Role();
      adminRole.setName("ROLE ADMIN");
      roleRepository.save(adminRole);
     Role userRole = new Role();
     userRole.setName("ROLE USER");
     roleRepository.save(userRole);
}
```

Step 3: Create Amazon AWS Account

Link: https://portal.aws.amazon.com/billing/signup?refid=14a4002d-4936-4343-8211-b5a150ca592b&redirect_url=https%3A%2F%2Faws.amazon.com%2Fregistration-confirmation#/start/email

Creating Environment and setting up database in AWS

Step 1: Search for RDS Service:

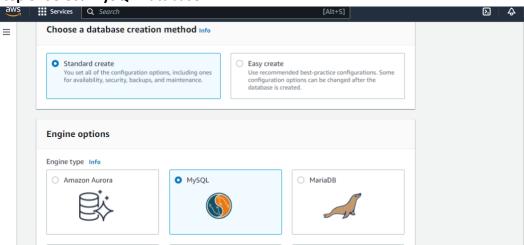


And Click on Dashboard

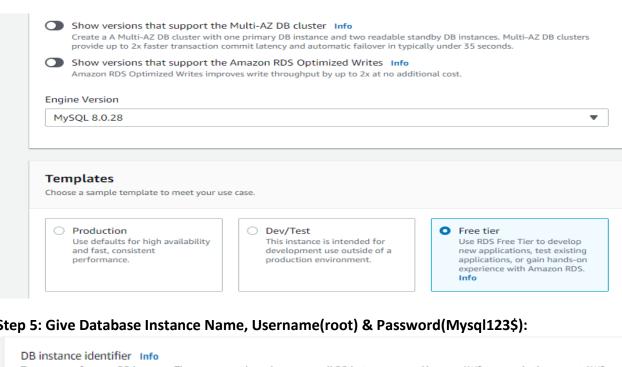
Step 2: Click on create database



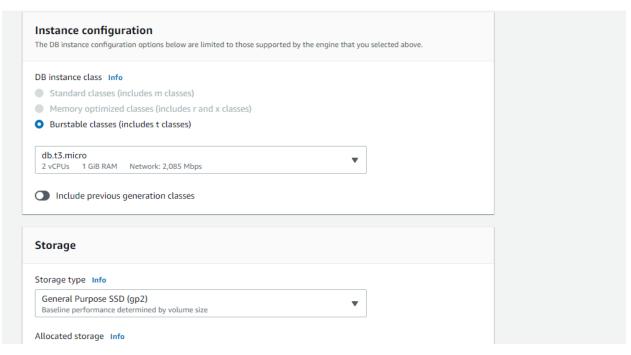
Step 3: Select MySQL Database:

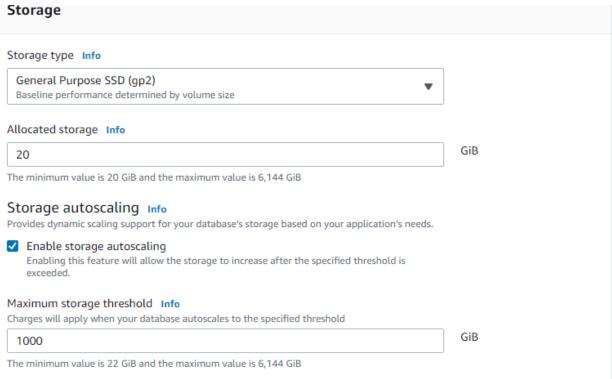


Step 4: Select Version and Free Tier



	name must be unique across all DB instance	es owned by your AWS account in the current A
Region.		
pankajsiracademy		
The DB instance identifier is case-insensitive, but is stored as all lowercase (as in "mydbinstance"). Constraints: 1 to 60 alpharcharacters or hyphens. First character must be a letter. Can't contain two consecutive hyphens. Can't end with a hyphen.		
Credentials Settings		
Master username Info		
Type a login ID for the master user of	our DB instance.	
root		
to 16 alphanumeric characters. First	character must be a letter.	
Manage master credentials in		
Manage master user credentials in manage it throughout its lifecycle	Secrets Manager. RDS can generate a passw	ord for you and
Auto generate a password		
Amazon RDS can generate a passi	vord for you, or you can specify your own pa	ssword.
Master password Info		
•••••		
Constraints: At least 8 printable ASCII at sign).	characters. Can't contain any of the following	g: / (slash), '(single quote), "(double quote) and





Connectivity Info Compute resource Choose whether to set up a connection to a compute resource for this database. Setting up a connection will automatically change connectivity settings so that the compute resource can connect to this database. Don't connect to an EC2 compute resource Connect to an EC2 compute resource Don't set up a connection to a compute resource for Set up a connection to an EC2 compute resource for this database. You can manually set up a connection to this database. a compute resource later. Network type Info To use dual-stack mode, make sure that you associate an IPv6 CIDR block with a subnet in the VPC you specify. Dual-stack mode Your resources can communicate over IPv4, IPv6, or Your resources can communicate only over the IPv4 addressing protocol. both. Virtual private cloud (VPC) Info Choose the VPC. The VPC defines the virtual networking environment for this DB instance. Default VPC (vpc-04d4e878bb0953735) Only VPCs with a corresponding DB subnet group are listed. DB subnet group Info Choose the DB subnet group. The DB subnet group defines which subnets and IP ranges the DB instance can use in the VPC that you selected. default Public access Info Yes RDS assigns a public IP address to the database. Amazon EC2 instances and other resources outside of the VPC can connect to your database. Resources inside the VPC can also connect to the database. Choose one or more VPC security groups that specify which resources can connect to the database. RDS doesn't assign a public IP address to the database. Only Amazon EC2 instances and other resources inside the VPC can connect to your database. Choose one or more VPC security groups that specify which resources can connect to the database. VPC security group (firewall) Info Choose one or more VPC security groups to allow access to your database. Make sure that the security group rules allow the appropriate incoming traffic. Choose existing Create new Choose existing VPC security groups Create new VPC security group Existing VPC security groups Choose one or more options default X

Keep all further things default.... Click on create database

Estimated monthly costs

The Amazon RDS Free Tier is available to you for 12 months. Each calendar month, the free tier will allow you to use the Amazon RDS resources listed below for free:

- 750 hrs of Amazon RDS in a Single-AZ db.t2.micro, db.t3.micro or db.t4g.micro Instance.
- 20 GB of General Purpose Storage (SSD).
- · 20 GB for automated backup storage and any user-initiated DB Snapshots.

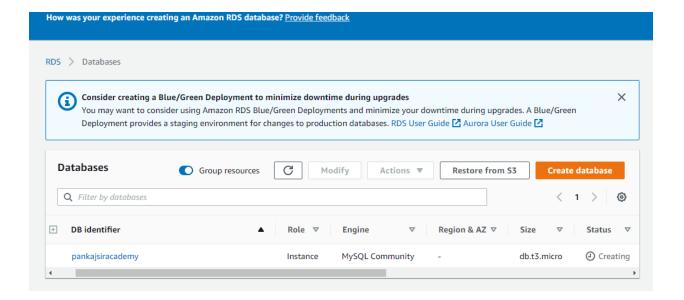
Learn more about AWS Free Tier.

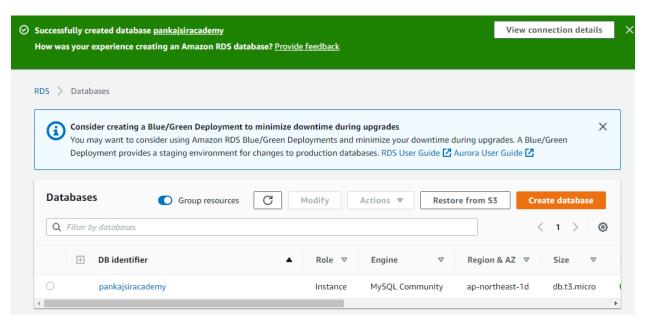
When your free usage expires or if your application use exceeds the free usage tiers, you simply pay standard, pay-as-you-go service rates as described in the Amazon RDS Pricing page.

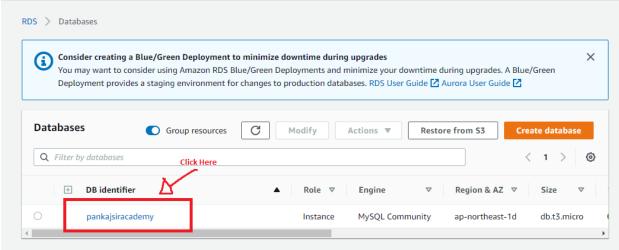
3 You are responsible for ensuring that you have all of the necessary rights for any third-party products or services that you use with AWS services.

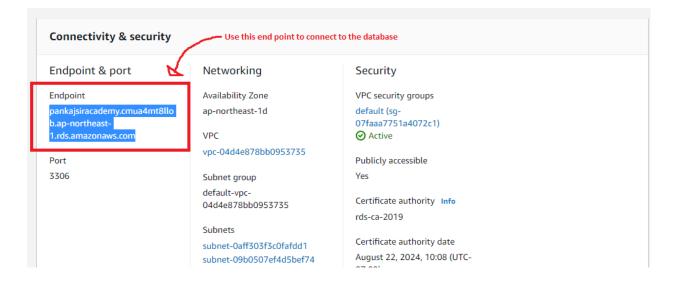
Cancel

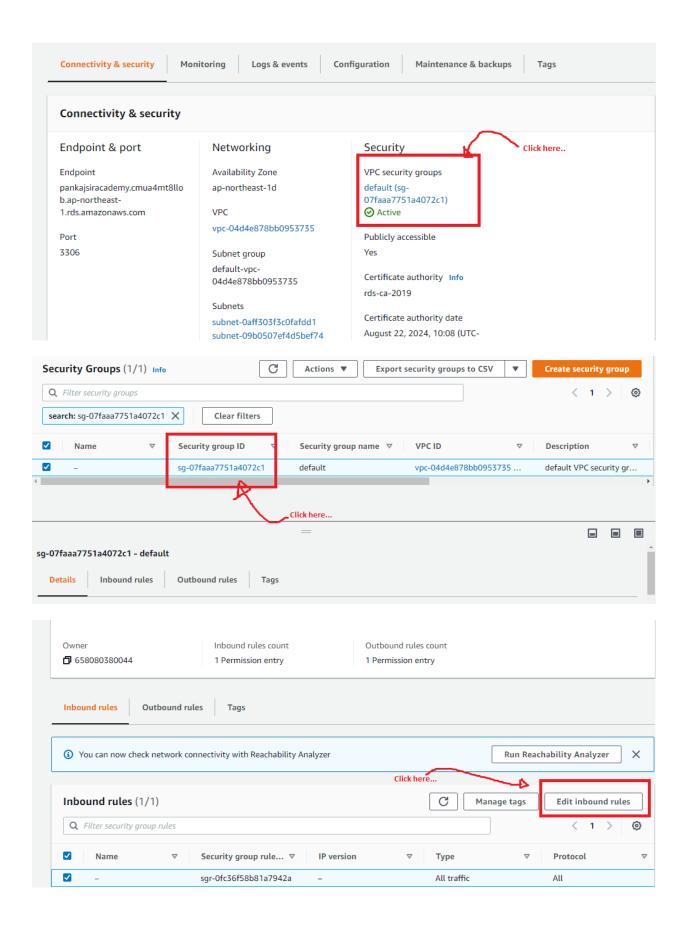
Create database

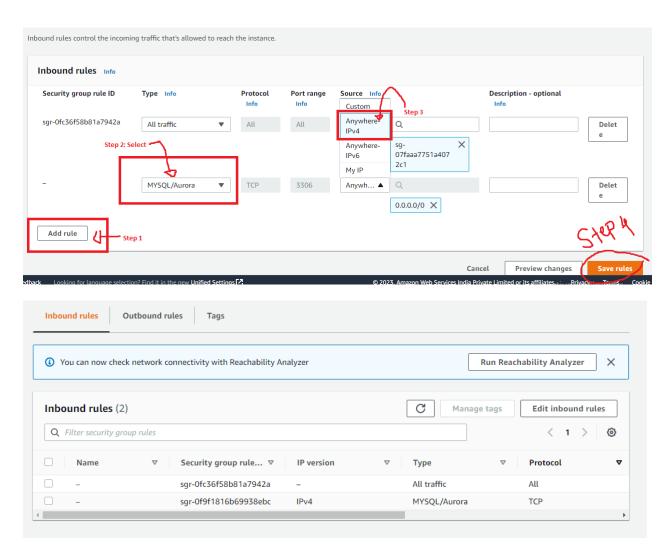




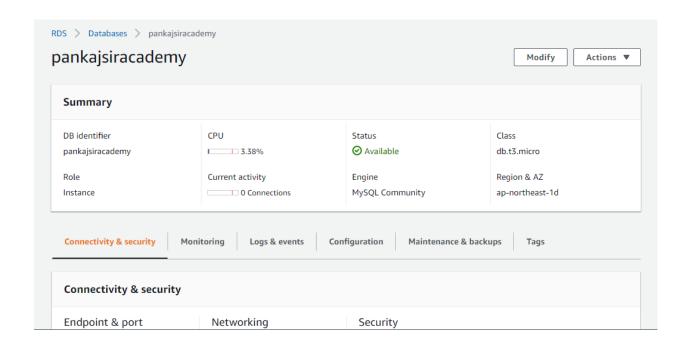






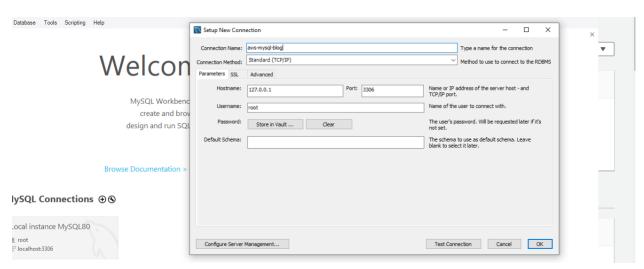


Go to DB Instance Now...

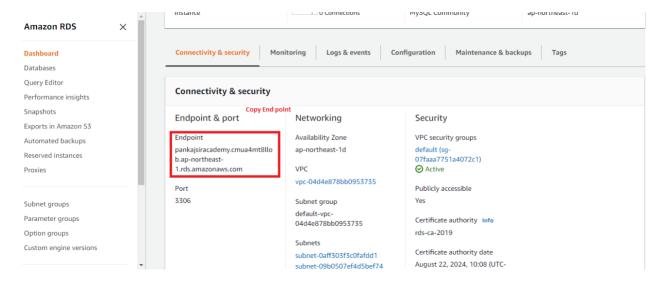


Connecting AWS MySQL Database to MySQL Workbench

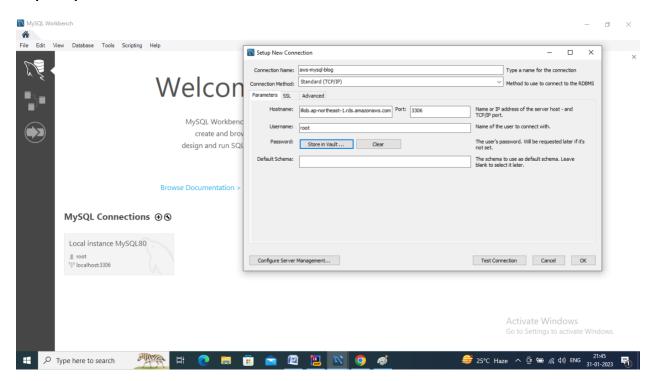
Step 1:



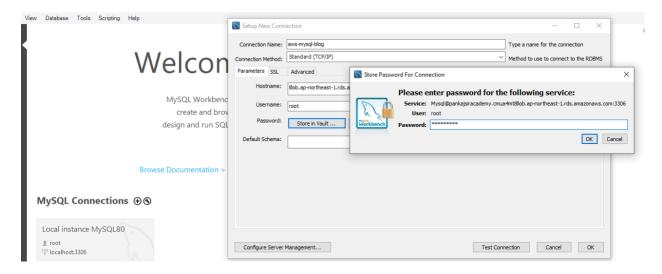
Step 2: Go to AWS:



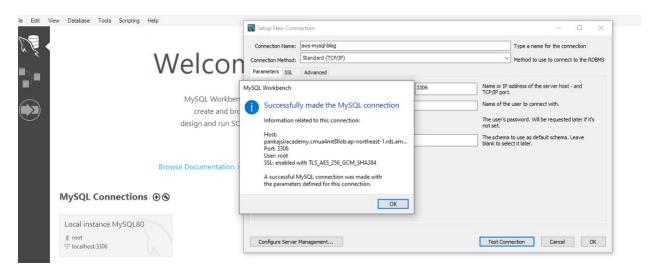
Step 3: Update Localhostname



Step 4: Give aws password by clicking on store in vault



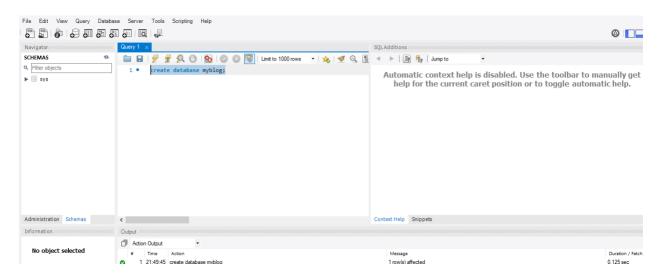
Step 5: Click okay and test the connection



Step 6: Click on ok

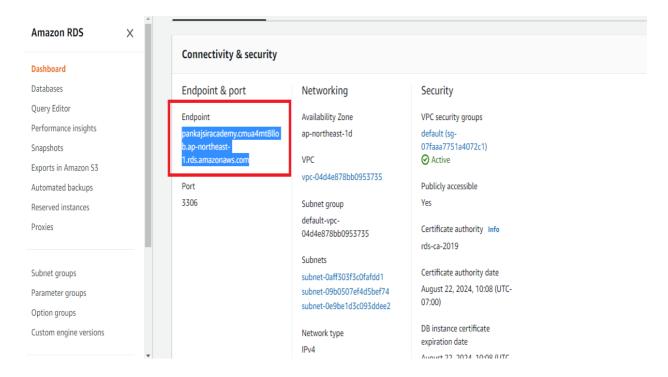


Step 7: Create Database in aws throughmysql workbench



Package Spring Boot App as jar file

Step 1: Copy endpoint from AWS



Step 2: Update application-prod.properties file:

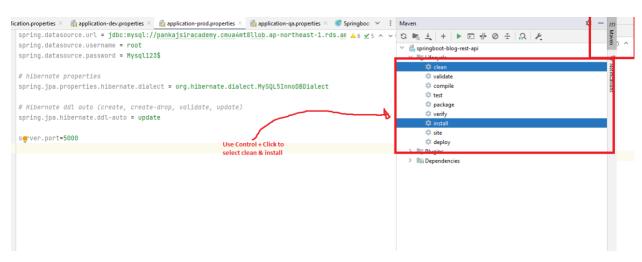
```
# Hibernate dal auto (create, create-drop, validate, update)
# Hibernate dal auto (create, create-drop, validate, update)

# # Hibernate dal auto (create, create-drop, validate, update)

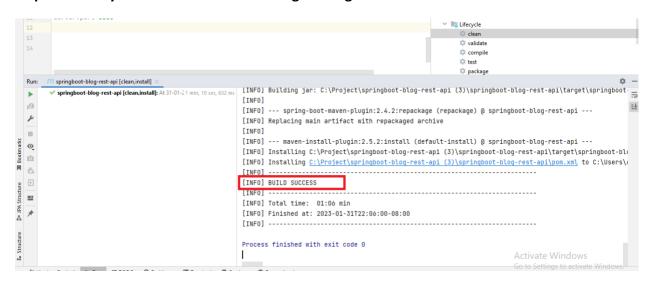
# # Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update

| Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = update | Spring.jp
```

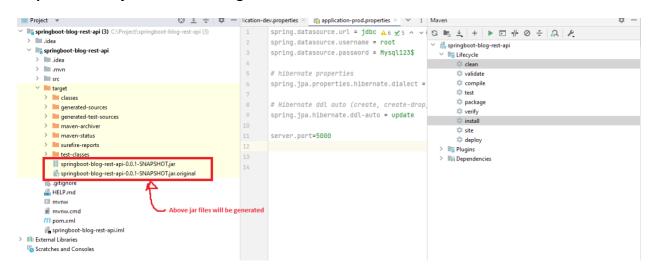
Step 3: Perform maven clean & Install



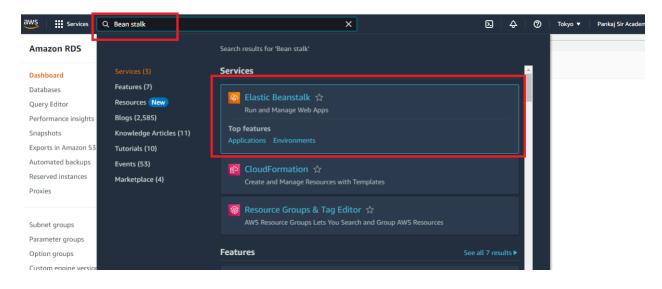
Step 4: In run you should see the following message:



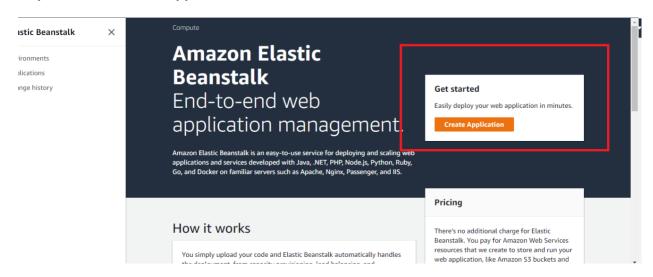
Step 5: See the jar files in intelliJ generated below:



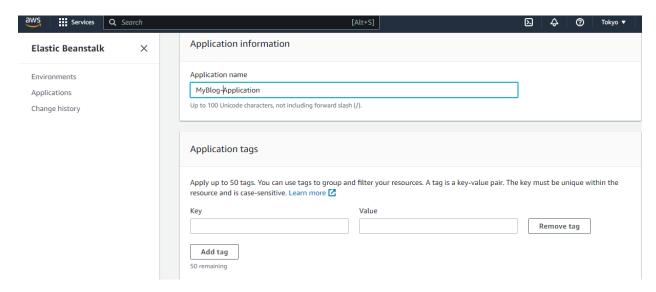
Step 1: Go Elastic BeanStalk in AWS Console:



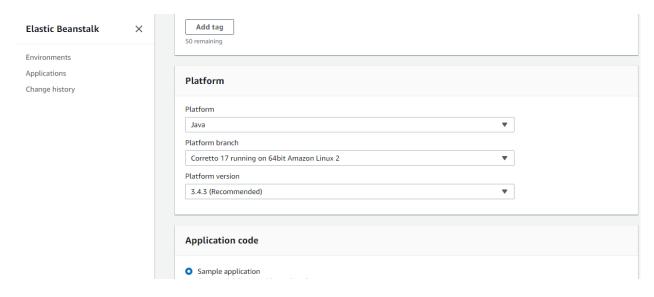
Step 2: Click on create Application:



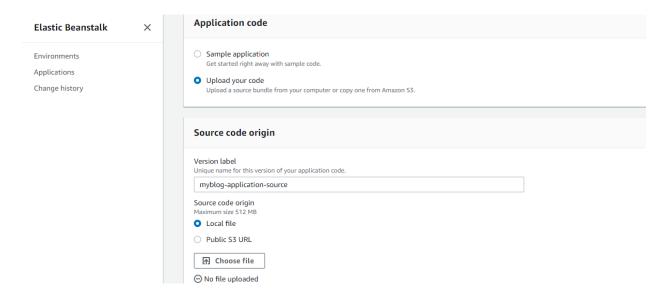
Step 3:



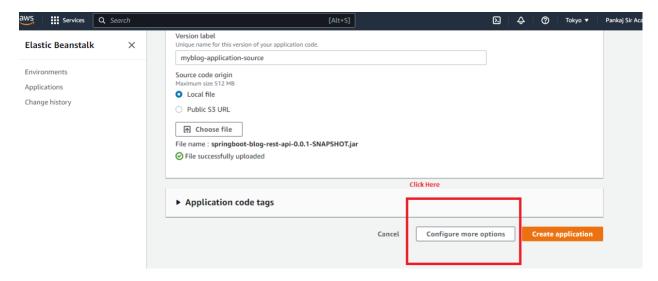
Step 4:



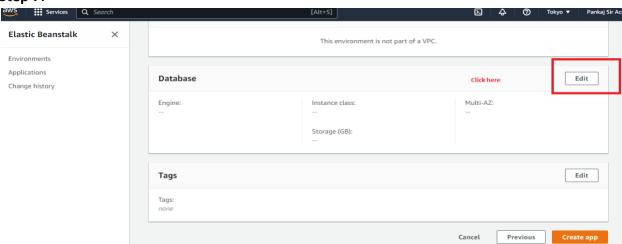
Step 5:



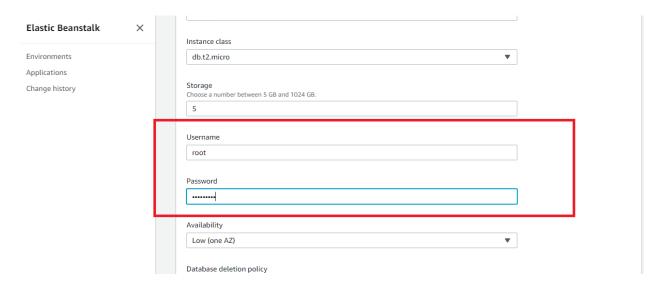
Step 6:



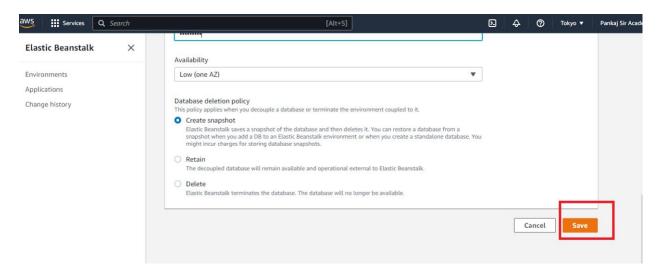
Step 7:



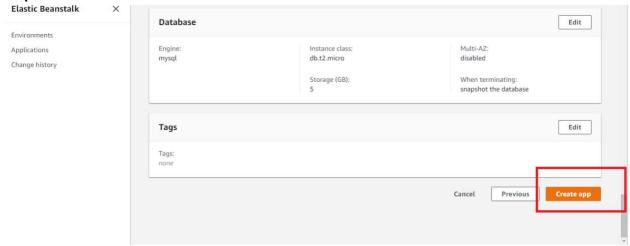
Step 8:



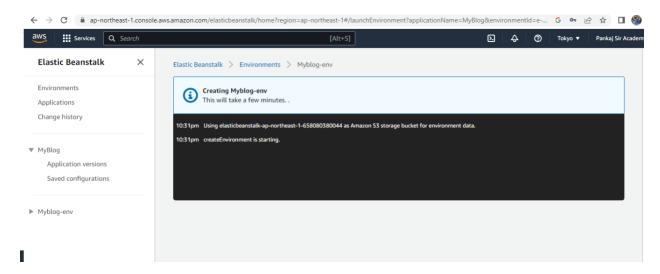
Step 9: Click on save



Step 10:



Step 11:



Step 12:

