TaskTuner API Specification

This document provides complete API documentation for TaskTuner's REST endpoints.

Base URL

http://localhost:5000

Authentication

TaskTuner currently uses session-based authentication. No API keys or tokens are required for local development.

Response Format

All API responses return JSON with appropriate HTTP status codes.

Success Responses

- 200 OK Request successful
- 201 Created Resource created successfully

Error Responses

- 400 Bad Request Invalid request data
- 404 Not Found Resource not found
- 500 Internal Server Error Server error

Tasks API

Base path: /tasks

Get All Tasks

Fetches all tasks from Trello and returns them with current effort estimates.

Endpoint:

GET /tasks

Parameters: None

Response:

```
[
    "id": "trello_card_id_123",
    "name": "Design user interface mockups",
    "effort": 4
},
{
    "id": "trello_card_id_456",
    "name": "Implement user authentication",
    "effort": 6
}
```

Response Fields:

- id (string) Unique Trello card ID
- name (string) Task name from Trello
- effort (number) Estimated hours to complete (0 if not set)

Behavior:

- Clears local task cache
- Fetches fresh data from Trello API
- Falls back to task_data.json if Trello unavailable
- Preserves existing effort estimates for known tasks

Example Request:

curl -X GET http://localhost:5000/tasks

Update Task Effort

Updates the effort estimate for one or more tasks.

```
Endpoint:
POST /tasks/effort
Content-Type: application/json
Single Task Request:
{
 "taskId": "trello_card_id_123",
 "hours": 3
}
Multiple Tasks Request:
[
  "taskId": "trello_card_id_123",
  "hours": 3
 },
 {
  "taskId": "trello_card_id_456",
  "hours": 5
}
]
Request Fields:
   • taskId (string, required) - Trello card ID
   • hours (number, required) - Effort estimate in hours (can be 0)
Response:
[
 {
  "id": "trello_card_id_123",
```

```
"name": "Design user interface mockups",
   "effort": 3
}
```

Error Cases:

- Task ID not found: Task is skipped, no error thrown
- Invalid hours value: Task is skipped
- Empty request body: Returns empty array

Example Requests:

```
# Single task

curl -X POST http://localhost:5000/tasks/effort \

-H "Content-Type: application/json" \

-d '{"taskId": "123", "hours": 4}'

# Multiple tasks

curl -X POST http://localhost:5000/tasks/effort \

-H "Content-Type: application/json" \

-d '[{"taskId": "123", "hours": 4}, {"taskId": "456", "hours": 2}]'
```

Schedule API

Base path: /schedule

Generate Schedule

Creates an optimized daily schedule based on task effort estimates and selected algorithm.

Endpoint:

GET /schedule

Parameters:

• startDate (string, optional) - Start date in YYYY-MM-DD format

o Default: Current date

o Example: 2025-01-15

- alg (string, optional) Scheduling algorithm
 - o balanced (default) Maintains task order
 - o largest Largest effort tasks first
 - o smallest Smallest effort tasks first

Response:

```
ſ
  "date": "2025-01-15",
  "tasks": [
    "id": "trello_card_id_123",
    "name": "Design user interface mockups",
    "effort": 4
   },
    "id": "trello_card_id_456",
    "name": "Write unit tests",
    "effort": 3
   }
  1
 },
  "date": "2025-01-16",
```

```
"tasks": [
{
    "id": "trello_card_id_789",
    "name": "Implement payment processing",
    "effort": 8
}
]
```

Response Structure:

- Array of day objects
- Each day contains:
 - o date (string) Date in YYYY-MM-DD format
 - o tasks (array) Tasks scheduled for that day
- Task objects contain same fields as Tasks API

Scheduling Rules:

- Daily hour limit controlled by DAILY HOUR LIMIT config (default: 8)
- Tasks exceeding daily limit are split across multiple days
- Tasks with 0 effort are excluded from scheduling
- Empty days are still included in response

Default schedule (today, balanced algorithm)

Example Requests:

```
curl -X GET http://localhost:5000/schedule
# Custom start date
curl -X GET "http://localhost:5000/schedule?startDate=2025-02-01"
```

Different algorithm

curl -X GET "http://localhost:5000/schedule?alg=largest"

Combined parameters

curl -X GET "http://localhost:5000/schedule?startDate=2025-02-01&alg=smallest"

Algorithm Details

Balanced Algorithm

- Purpose: Maintains original task order while fitting within daily limits
- Logic:
 - 1. Processes tasks in their current order
 - 2. Fills each day up to the hour limit
 - 3. Splits large tasks across multiple days if needed
- **Best for**: General use, preserving task priorities

Largest First Algorithm

- **Purpose**: Tackles high-effort tasks early
- Logic:
 - 1. Sorts all tasks by effort in descending order
 - 2. Schedules highest effort tasks first
 - 3. Fills remaining time with smaller tasks
- Best for: Getting big items done early, reducing cognitive load

Smallest First Algorithm

- Purpose: Builds momentum with quick wins
- Logic:
 - 1. Sorts all tasks by effort in ascending order

- 2. Schedules lowest effort tasks first
- 3. Builds up to larger tasks
- Best for: Building momentum, clearing backlog quickly

Data Persistence

Task Storage

- Tasks are stored in tasks_store.json
- File is automatically created and updated
- Thread-safe writes using file locking
- Preserves effort estimates between sessions

Storage Format

```
[
    "id": "task_id",
    "name": "Task name",
    "effort": 5
}
```

Error Handling

Trello API Errors

When Trello API is unavailable:

- 1. Console warning is logged
- 2. Fallback to task_data.json is attempted
- 3. If fallback fails, empty task list is returned
- 4. No HTTP error is thrown to the client

Invalid Task References

- Unknown task IDs in effort updates are silently ignored
- Only valid tasks are updated and returned
- No error messages for invalid references

Scheduling Errors

- Tasks with invalid effort values (negative, non-numeric) are treated as 0
- Empty task lists result in empty schedules
- Invalid date formats default to current date

Rate Limiting

Currently no rate limiting is implemented. For production use, consider:

- Request rate limiting per IP
- Trello API call throttling
- Concurrent request limits

Example Integration

JavaScript Frontend

```
// Fetch all tasks
const tasks = await fetch('/tasks').then(r => r.json());

// Update task effort
await fetch('/tasks/effort', {
  method: 'POST',
  headers: {'Content-Type': 'application/json'},
  body: JSON.stringify({taskId: 'abc123', hours: 5})
});
```

```
// Generate schedule
const schedule = await fetch('/schedule?alg=largest').then(r => r.json());
Python Client
import requests
# Fetch tasks
response = requests.get('http://localhost:5000/tasks')
tasks = response.json()
# Update effort
data = {'taskId': 'abc123', 'hours': 5}
response = requests.post('http://localhost:5000/tasks/effort', json=data)
# Generate schedule
params = {'startDate': '2025-02-01', 'alg': 'balanced'}
response = requests.get('http://localhost:5000/schedule', params=params)
schedule = response.json()
```

Future API Enhancements

Planned Endpoints

- PUT /tasks/{id} Update individual task
- DELETE /tasks/{id} Remove task from scheduling
- POST /schedule/save Save custom schedule modifications
- GET /schedule/stats Get scheduling statistics and analytics

Authentication

Future versions may include:

- API key authentication
- User-based task isolation
- Role-based access control

Webhooks

Potential webhook endpoints for real-time updates:

- POST /webhooks/trello Receive Trello card updates
- POST /webhooks/schedule Receive schedule change notifications