

assignment-2

July 18, 2025

```
[1]: # Python program to
      # demonstrate numeric value
      a = 6
      print("Type of a: ", type(a))
      b = 8.0
      print("\nType of b: ", type(b))
      c = 2 + 9j
      print("\nType of c: ", type(c))
```

Type of a: <class 'int'>

Type of b: <class 'float'>

Type of c: <class 'complex'>

```
[2]: # Creating a String
      # with single Quotes
      String1 = 'Welcome Sudip'
      print("Representing : ")
      print(String1)
```

Representing :
Welcome Sudip

```
[3]: # Creating a String
      # with double Quotes
      String1 = " Sudip Madhu"
      print("\n A student of GCECT: ")
      print(String1)
      print(type(String1))
```

A student of GCECT:
Sudip Madhu
<class 'str'>

```
[4]: #Creating String with triple
      # Quotes allows multiple lines
```

```
String1 = '''Welcome
Sudip '''
print("\nCreating a multiline String. ")
print(String1)
```

Creating a multiline String.
Welcome
Sudip

```
[5]: # Python Program to Access
# characters of String
String1 = "Abc"
print("Initial String: ")
print(String1)
# Printing First character
print("\nFirst character of String is: ")
print(String1[0])
# Printing Last character
print("\nLast character of String is: ")
print(String1[-1])
```

Initial String:
Abc

First character of String is:
A

Last character of String is:
c

```
[6]: # Creating a List
List = []
print("Initial blank List: ")
print(List)
# Creating a List with
# the use of multiple values
List = ["A", "B", "C", "D"]
print("\nList containing multiple values: ")
print(List[0])
print(List[3])
# Creating a Multi-Dimensional List
# (By Nesting a list inside a List)
List = [['A', 'B'], ['C']]
print("\nMulti-Dimensional List: ")
print(List)
```

Initial blank List:

[]

List containing multiple values:

A

D

Multi-Dimensional List:

[['A', 'B'], ['C']]

```
[7]: List = ["A", "B", "C"]
      # accessing a element
      print("Accessing element from the list")
      print(List[0])
      print(List[2])
      # negative indexing
      print("Accessing element using negative indexing")
      # print the last element of list
      print(List[-1])
      # print the third last element of list
      print(List[-3])
```

Accessing element from the list

A

C

Accessing element using negative indexing

C

A

```
[8]: # Creating a tuple
      tuple1 = tuple([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
      # Accessing element using indexing
      print("First element of tuple")
      print(tuple1[0])
      # negative indexing
      print("\nLast element of tuple")
      print(tuple1[-1])
      print("\nThird last element of tuple")
      print(tuple1[-3])
```

First element of tuple

1

Last element of tuple

5

Third last element of tuple

3

```
[9]: print(type(True))
      print(type(False))
      print(type(true))
```

```
<class 'bool'>
<class 'bool'>
```

```
-----
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
/tmp/ipython-input-9-2996133441.py in <cell line: 0>()
      1 print(type(True))
      2 print(type(False))
----> 3 print(type(true))

NameError: name 'true' is not defined
```

```
[10]: # Creating an empty Dictionary
Dict = {}
print("Empty Dictionary: ")
print(Dict)
# with Integer Keys
Dict = {1: 'A', 2: 'B', 3: 'C'}
print("\nDictionary with the use of Integer Keys: ")
print(Dict)
# with Mixed keys
Dict = {'Name': 'A', 1: [1, 2, 3, 4]}
print("\nDictionary with the use of Mixed Keys: ")
print(Dict)
# with dict() method
Dict = dict({1: 'A', 2: 'B', 3: 'C'})
print("\nDictionary with the use of dict(): ")
print(Dict)
# with each item as a Pair
Dict = dict([(1, 'A'), (2, 'B')])
```

```
Empty Dictionary:
{}


```

```
Dictionary with the use of Integer Keys:
{1: 'A', 2: 'B', 3: 'C'}


```

```
Dictionary with the use of Mixed Keys:
{'Name': 'A', 1: [1, 2, 3, 4]}


```

```
Dictionary with the use of dict():
{1: 'A', 2: 'B', 3: 'C'}


```

```
[11]: # Creating a Dictionary
Dict = {'1': 'A', 'name': 'B', 3: 'C'}
# accessing a element using key
print("Accessing a element using key:")
print(Dict['name'])
# accessing a element using get()
# method
print("Accessing a element using get:")
print(Dict.get(3))
```

Accessing a element using key:

B

Accessing a element using get:

C

```
[12]: a = 9
b = 4
add = a + b
sub = a - b
mul = a * b
div1 = a / b
div2 = a // b
mod = a % b
p = a ** b
print(add)
print(sub)
print(mul)
print(div1)
print(div2)
print(mod)
print(p)
```

13

5

36

2.25

2

1

6561

```
[13]: # Relational Operators
a = 13
b = 33

print(a > b)
print(a < b)
print(a == b)
```

```
print(a != b)
print(a >= b)
print(a <= b)
```

False
True
False
True
False
True

```
[14]: # Examples of Logical Operator
a = True
b = False
# Print a and b is False
print(a and b)
# Print a or b is True
print(a or b)
# Print not a is False
print(not a)
```

False
True
False

```
[15]: # Assignment Operators
a = 10
# Assign value
b = a
print(b)
# Add and assign value
b += a
print(b)
# Subtract and assign value
b -= a
print(b)
# multiply and assign
b *= a
print(b)
```

10
20
10
100

```
[16]: a = 10
b = 20
```

```
c = a
print(a is not b)
print(a is c)
```

True

True

```
[18]: #membership operator
x = 24
y = 20
list = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
if (x not in list):
    print("x is NOT present in given list")
else:
    print("x is present in given list")
if (y in list):
    print("y is present in given list")
else:
    print("y is NOT present in given list")
```

x is NOT present in given list

y is present in given list