S21_2 Structures

Array of Structures

Objectives:

- To learn and appreciate the following concept
  - Array of structures

Session outcome

- At the end of session one will be able to

  - Understand Array of Structures
  - Understand the overall ideology of array of structures
  - Write programs using array of structures

Structure Initialization Methods

```
int main ( )
{
      struct Student
      {
          int rollno;
          int age;
      };
      Student s1={20, 21};
      Student s2={21, 21};
}
```

```
struct Student
 {
      int rollno;
      int age;
 } s1={20, 21};

 main ( )
 {
          Student s2={21, 21};
          …
          …
  }
```

Structure: Example


```
struct Book {              // definition
  char title[20];
  char author[15];
  int pages;
  float price;
};
int main( ){
    struct Book b1;
    printf("Input values");
    scanf("%s %s %d %f", b1.title, b1.author, &b1.pages,
            &b1.price);
    //output
   printf("%s %s %d %f", b1.title, b1.author, b1.pages,
            b1.price);
    return 0;
}
```

Structure: Example


```
struct Book {              // definition
  char title[20];
  char author[15];
  int pages;
  float price;
};
int main( ){
    struct Book b1;
    printf("Input values");
    gets(b1.title); gets(b1.author);
    scanf("%d %f", &b1.pages,  &b1.price);
    //output
   printf("%s %s %d %f", b1.title, b1.author, b1.pages,
              b1.price);
    return 0;
}
```

Structures: overview

- Definition & structure variable declaration

```
struct student
  {  int rollno;
     int age;
     char name[20];
     }s1, s2, s3;
```

- Initialization

```
int main( ){
struct
 { int rollno;
     int age;
     }stud={20, 21};
     …
     …
     return 0;
}
```

- Giving values to members

Using dot operator '.'

```
s1. rollno = 25;
printf("%s",s1.name);
```

'.' operator acts as Link between member and a Structure variable.

- Assign & compare members

s1 = s2 ; assignment (allowed)

---

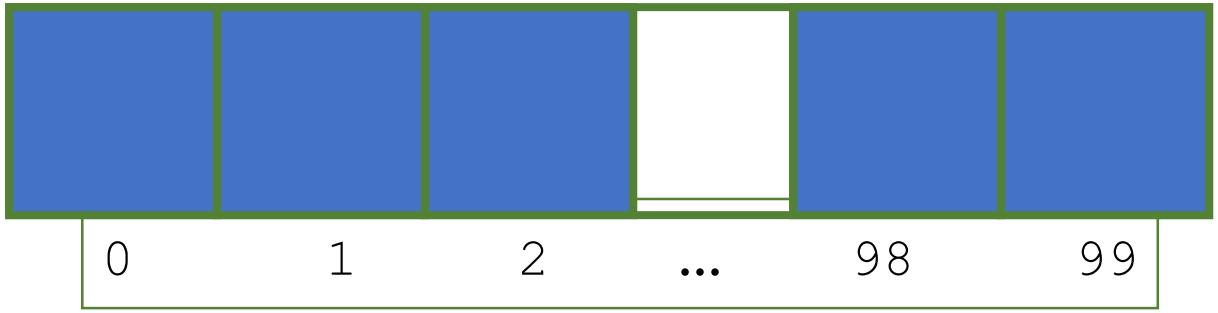
s1 == s2 comparison (not allowed)
s1!=s2 comparison (not allowed)

---

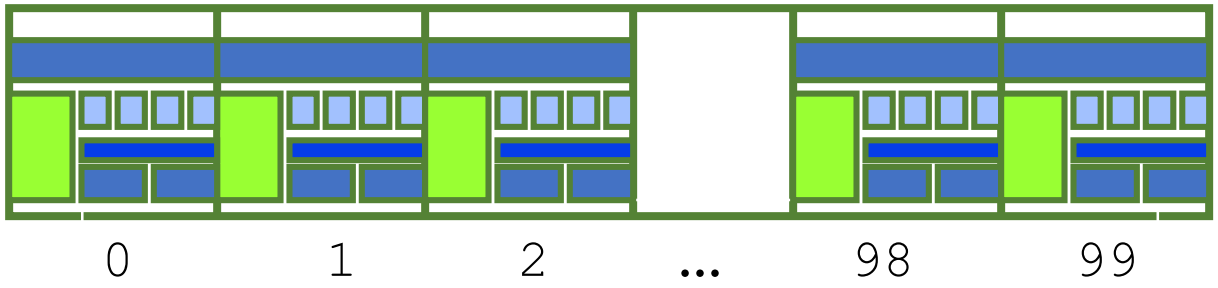
s1.rollno == s2.rollno; (allowed)
s1.rollno!=s2.rollno; (allowed)

Arrays of structures

- An ordinary array: One type of data



- An array of structs: Multiple types of data in each array element.



Array of structures

We can define single or multidimensional arrays as structure variables.

```
struct marks
  {
      int  subject1;
      int  subject2;
      int  subject3;
  } ;
marks student[80];
```

- Defines an array called student, that consists of 80 elements.
- Each element is defined to be the type marks.

Array of structures – Initialization

```
struct marks {
  int  subject1;
  int  subject2;
  int  subject3;
} ;

main(){
  marks student[]={
                    {45,47,49},
                    {43,44,45},
                    {46,42,43}
                  };
```

	Memory
student[0].subject1	**45**
student[0].subject2	**47**
student[0].subject3	**49**
student[1].subject1	**43**
student[1].subject2	**44**
student[1].subject3	**45**
student[2].subject1	**46**
student[2].subject2	**42**
student[2].subject3	**43**

Array of Structure: Example

```
struct Book {                    //Structure Definition
        char title[20];
        char author[15];
        int pages;
        float price;
};
int main( ){
   struct Book b[10];
   printf("Input values");
   for (int i=0;i<3;i++)
   scanf("%s %s %d %f", b[i].title, b[i].author, &b[i].pages,
&b[i].price);
   for (int j=0;j<3;j++)
   printf("%s\t %s\t %d\t %f\n", b[j].title, b[j].author, b[j].pages,
b[j].price);
 return 0;
}
```

Arrays within Structures

We can define single or multidimensional arrays inside a structure.

```
struct marks
{     int  rollno;
      float  subject[3];
} student[2] ;
```

The member **subject** contains 3 elements; **subject[0], subject[1] & subject[2].**

student[1].subject[2];

- **Refers to the marks obtained in the third subject by the second student.**

Arrays within structures : example


```
#include<stdio.h>
 int main(){
  struct marks student[3] ={{0,45,47,49},
                            {0,43,44,45},
                            {0,46,42,43}};
  int i, j ;
  //students total
  for(i=0;i<=2;i++)  {
    for(j=0;j<=2;j++)
       student[i].total+=student[i].sub[j]; }
  printf("Grand Total of each student:");

for(i=0;i<=2;i++)
   printf("\nTotal of student[%d]= %d", i, student[i].total);
 return 0;
}
```

```
//Structure Definition
struct marks{
   int total;
   int sub[3];
};
```

Summary

- Simple problems using structures
- Array of Structures
- Arrays within Structures
- Structures within Structures