



Objectives

To learn and appreciate the following concepts

Sorting Technique

- Bubble Sort
- Bubble Sort with strings

Session Outcome

- At the end of the session the student will be able to understand:
 - Importance of bubble sorting on integers and strings

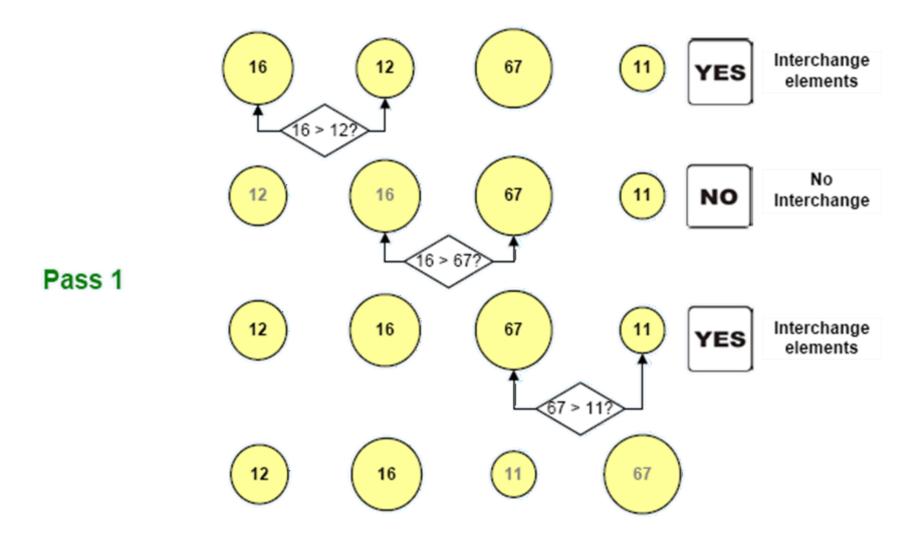
Sorting

Arrangement of data elements in a particular order.

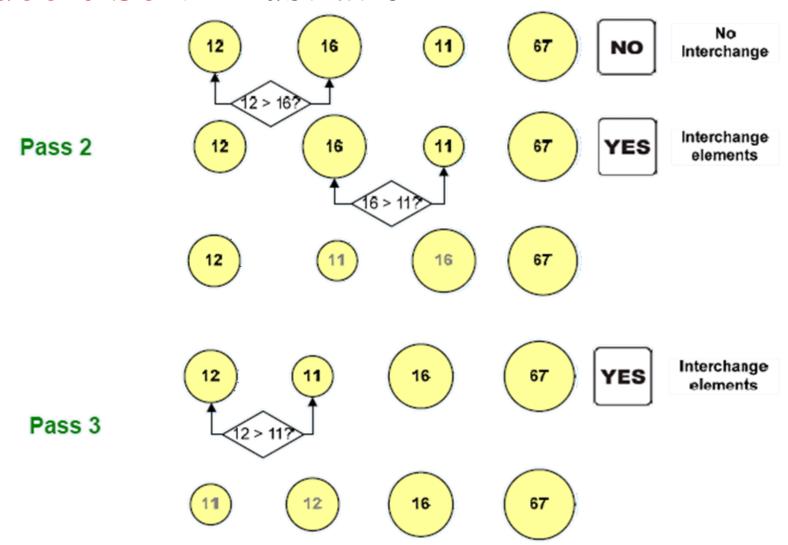


- 1. Bubble Sort
- 2. Selection Sort

Bubble Sort- Illustration



Bubble Sort- Illustration



Bubble Sort procedure

```
// reading array elements
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
  scanf("%d", &a[i]);
// bubble sorting procedure
for(i=0; i<n-1; i++) { //pass
 for(j=0; j<n-i-1; j++) {
  if(a[i] > a[i+1]) // comparison
   { // interchange
      temp = a[j];
      a[j] = a[j+1];
      a[j+1] = temp;
```

```
Example:
a[]={16, 12, 67, 11}
```

```
Array after sorting (ascending): a[]={11, 12, 16, 67}
```

```
Enter the limits: 4

Enter the elements:
16
12
67
11
The entered elements are:
16
12
67
11
The Sorted array:
11
11
12
16
67
```

Bubble Sort-Illustration

6 5 3 1 8 7 2 4



Go to posts/chat box for the link to the question submit your solution in next 2 minutes The session will resume in 3 minutes



Strings Bubble Sort

```
int main() {
  char string[30][30],temp[30];
  int no, i, j;
  printf("\nEnter the no of strings:");
  scanf("%d", &no);
  printf("\nEnter the strings:");
  for(i=0;i<no; i++)
     gets(string[i]);</pre>
```

```
Enter the no of strings: 4
Enter the strings:
Mangalore to delhi
 Ambala to Delhi
Jaipur to Delhi
Kolkatta to Delhi
The entered strings are:
Mangalore to delhi
Ambala to Delhi
Jaipur to Delhi
Kolkatta to Delhi
The sorted array of strings:
Ambala to Delhi
Jaipur to Delhi
Kolkatta to Delhi
 Mangalore to delhi
```

```
for(i=0; i<no-1; i++)
 for(i=0; i<no-i-1; i++)
  if(strcmp(string[j],string[j+1])>0)
      strcpy (temp, string[j]);
      strcpy (string[j], string[j+1]);
      strcpy (string[j+1], temp);
printf("\n The sorted array of strings:");
for(i=0;i < no;i++)
  puts(string[i]);
return 0;
```

Summary

- Bubble Sort
- Bubble sort with strings