

# SHAMBHUNATH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

Subject Code: BAS101

Subject: Engineering Physics

Course: B.Tech

SEMESTER: 1<sup>st</sup> semester

FIRST SESSIONAL EXAMINATION, ODD SEMESTER, (2022-2023)

(For Sec E Only)

Time –1hr 30 min

Maximum Marks – 30

## SECTION – A

1. Attempt all questions in brief.

Q N	QUESTION	Marks	CO	BL
a.	Explain the failure of classical theory.	2	CO1	L1
b.	Explain the properties of matter.	2	CO1	L1
c.	Briefly discuss plank's radiation law.	2	CO1	L1
d.	Write Heisenberg's uncertainty principle.	2	CO1	L1

## SECTION - B

2. Attempt any ONE of the following.

Q N	QUESTION	Marks	CO	BL
a.	Derive time independent Schrödinger wave equation. Write significance and properties of wave function.	5	CO1	L4
b.	What is Compton's effect? Derive expression for Compton's shift. Why Compton's shift is not observed in visible light?	5	CO1	L4

3. Attempt any ONE of the following.

a.	Describe the Davisson & Germer experiment to demonstrate the wave nature of electrons.	5	CO1	L2
b.	Show that de-Broglie wave group associated with a moving particles travels with same velocity as the particle i.e. $v_g = v$ .	5	CO1	L3

## SECTION - C

4. Attempt any ONE part of the following:

Q N	QUESTION	Marks	CO	BL
a.	(i). Define group velocity and phase velocity. Also prove that $v_g = v_p - \lambda \frac{dv_p}{d\lambda}$	3	CO1	L6
	(ii). What is the wavelength of a $\alpha$ -particle which has been accelerated from rest through a potential difference of 200V?	3		L5
b.	A particle is moving in one dimensional box of length L described by $U=0$ for $0 < x < L$ $U = \infty$ for $x < 0$ and $x > L$ Write and solve its Schrödinger's wave equation and obtain <i>Eigen value and Eigen function</i> . Prove that energy of the matter particle is in <i>quantized</i> form.	6	CO1	L3

5. Attempt any ONE part of the following:

Q N	QUESTION	Marks	CO	BL
a.	An electron is confined to move between two rigid walls separated by $10^{-9}$ m. find the de-Broglie wavelength representing the first three allowed energy states of the electron and corresponding energies.	6	CO1	L5
b.	An X-ray photon is found to have its wavelength doubled on being scattered through $90^\circ$ . find the wavelength and energy of the incident photon.	6	CO2	L5

<u>Constants:</u> Mass of proton	$= 1.67 \times 10^{-27}$ kg.
Mass of electron	$= 9.1 \times 10^{-31}$ kg.
Charge of proton	$= 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$ C.
Planck's constant h	$= 6.625 \times 10^{-34}$ J-sec.
Velocity of light	$= 3 \times 10^8$ m/s.

**Bloom's Taxonomy Level (BL) :-**

Remember (L1), Understanding (L2), Apply (L3), Analyze (L4), Evaluating (L5),

Creating (L6)