一. 填空.

- 1. 向量空间V={K(1,0,1,0)^T执(1,1,0)^T重|k,tER}的空间维数为。
- d. 後向量 d= (1,-2,3) 」 らβ=(5,た,1) 正矣, 取 た=
- 3. 级3户介矩阵A的搭征值为一1,1,2,则 |A2+A+2|=_
- 4. 彼二次型于(x1,x2,x4,x4)=x12-3x2+3x3+4x42,则二次型于的正惯性指数为一5. 彼对你矩阵A=(32+4)为正定矩阵,则七的取值范围是_____

1. 求何量组 每 $\checkmark=\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}$, $\checkmark=\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}$, $\checkmark=\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}$ 的概知最大流程

- 并把其东向量用纸嵌大无关组线性表示。
- 2. 没有何量组火: 內=(是) 內=(至), 內=(至), 西其何量 b=(百) 间以10为何值的 ObA能用K线性表示 Q能且唯一 图能且不能一
- 3. At) $x_1 3x_2 + 3x_3 + 2x_4 = 0$ $x_1 4x_2 + 3x_3 + 9x_4 = 0$ $-3x_1 + 7x_2 9x_4 + 8x_4 = 0$ 的-j基础解系.
- よ. 判断 A= (型 30)能容和似对角化.
- b.论A=(4-6) (1) 艾亚版P·使PTAP为对新特(2) 什算A^.
- 7. 後二次型于(x, xx, x4)=5x12+5x22+5x22-4x1x2-4x1x4-4x2x5
 - (1) 复为横标准型,并写出止色矩阵
 - (2)判断纸二次型正尼型

$$4. \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{pmatrix} = C_1 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} + C_2 \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C_{1}, C_{2}GR.$$

6.
$$\lambda_{1} = -2$$
, $\lambda_{2} = 1$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\beta_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1$

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