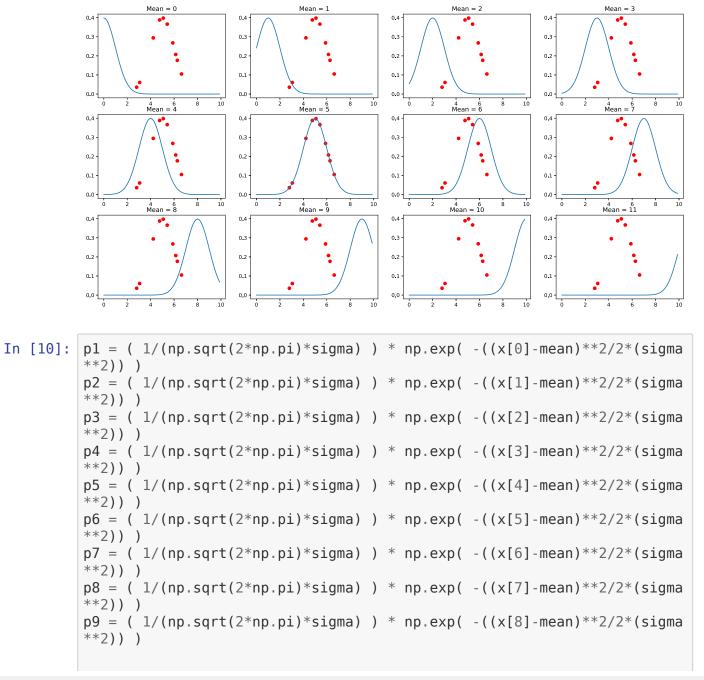
```
In [1]: import random
        import scipy
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [2]: x = np.arange(0, 10, 0.125)
        mean = 5
        sigma = 1
        gaussian_distribution = (1/(np.sqrt(2*np.pi)*sigma))*np.exp(-((x-m))*sigma))
        ean)**2/2*(sigma**2)) )
        plt.plot(x,gaussian_distribution);
         0.40
         0.35
         0.30
         0.25
         0.20
         0.15
         0.10
         0.05
         0.00
                          2
                                               6
                                     4
                                                         8
                                                                   10
```

```
In [7]: # Selecting 1 samples of size ten from gaussian distribution(normal dis
        tribution) with mean = 5 and variance = 1
        g = np.random.normal(5, 1, size=(1, 10))
        g
Out[7]: array([[6.27586209, 5.89239374, 4.21976976, 2.80431055, 5.4128685 ,
                3.05942607, 6.63341939, 5.07548251, 6.14418367, 4.7653316 ]])
In [8]: x = g[0]
        gaussian distribution = (1/(np.sqrt(2*np.pi)*sigma))*np.exp(-((x-m))*sigma))
        ean)**2/2*(sigma**2)))
        plt.plot(x,gaussian distribution, 'bo');
         0.40
         0.35
         0.30
         0.25
         0.20
         0.15
         0.10
         0.05
                        3.5
                               4.0
                                     4.5
                                            5.0
                                                  5.5
                                                         6.0
                                                               6.5
                  3.0
In [9]: x = g[0]
```

```
x = np.sort(x)
gaussian distribution = (1/(np.sqrt(2*np.pi)*sigma))*np.exp(-((x-m))*sigma))
ean)**2/2*(sigma**2)))
fig, ax = plt.subplots(3, 4, figsize=(20, 10))
mean = 0
sigma = 1
y = np.arange(0, 10, 0.125)
for i in range(0,3):
    for j in range(0,4):
        y gaussian distribution = (1/(np.sqrt(2*np.pi)*sigma))*np.e
xp(-((y-mean)**2/2*(sigma**2)))
        ax[i , j].plot(x, gaussian distribution, 'ro')
        ax[i , j].plot(y,y_gaussian_distribution)
        ax[i , j].set title("Mean = " + str(mean) )
        mean = mean + 1
```



```
p10 = (1/(np.sqrt(2*np.pi)*sigma)) * np.exp(-((x[9]-mean)**2/2*(sigma))) * np.exp(-((x[9]-mean)**2/2*(sigma)) * np.exp(-((x[9]-mean)**2/2*(sigma)) * np.exp(-((x[9]-mean)**2/2*(sigma)) * np.exp(-((x[9]-mean)**2/2*(sigma))) * np.exp(-((x[9]-mean)**2/2*(sigma))) * np.exp(-((x[9]-mean)**2/2*(sigma))
                               a**2)) )
In [11]: print(p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10)
                               1.7329514182480338e-19 1.7518319008680274e-18 2.861258252382089e-14 1.7
                               192174017042947e-12 1.5450036091303935e-11 1.509474720907301e-10 3.1673
                               65548072565e-09 1.4282497521955018e-08 3.061376961201096e-08 2.22345740
                               142054e-07
In [12]: p = []
                               for i in x:
                                             p.append((1/(np.sqrt(2*np.pi)*sigma))*np.exp(-((i-mean)**2/2*)
                                (sigma**2))))
In [13]: p
Out[13]: [1.7329514182480338e-19,
                                  1.7518319008680274e-18,
                                  2.861258252382089e-14,
                                  1.7192174017042947e-12,
                                  1.5450036091303935e-11,
                                  1.509474720907301e-10,
                                  3.167365548072565e-09.
                                  1.4282497521955018e-08,
                                  3.061376961201096e-08,
                                  2.22345740142054e-071
In [14]: def multiplyList(myList) :
                                            # Multiply elements one by one
                                            result = 1
                                            for x in myList:
                                                             result = result * x
                                             return result
```

```
In [15]: likelihood = []
         print(likelihood)
         []
In [ ]:
In [16]: mean = 0
         sigma = 1
         likelihood = []
         def find likelihood(x,mu=0,sigma=1):
             p = []
             for i in x:
                 p.append( (1/(np.sqrt(2*np.pi)*sigma)) * np.exp( -((i-mu)**2/
         2*(sigma**2)) ) )
             likelihood.append(multiplyList(p))
In [17]: def likelihood for various mean(x,means):
             for mean in means:
                 find likelihood(x,mu = mean)
             print(likelihood)
In [18]: likelihood for various mean(x, [0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10])
         [4.683755856482879e-63, 2.171561159425227e-43, 4.570935176828576e-28,
         4.368106720457617e-17, 1.8951194959442533e-10, 3.7328035923961435e-08,
         3.3380194305095217e-10, 1.3551824297315384e-16, 2.4978240634519685e-27,
         2.0901675886872444e-42, 7.940640854730818e-621
In [19]: plt.plot([0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10] , likelihood);
```

