

Market basket analysis

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Introduction

I used market basket analysis with student performance data from 2 schools in Portugal to find out what factors influence whether students pass or not final exam. In other words, I selected student pass or fail data as rhs. And I selected student other profile information as lhs.

Packages

```
library(readr)
library(tidyverse)
library(arules)
library(arulesViz)
```

Data preparation

Firstly, I imported data from machine learning repository website. I removed X rownumber variable from data. Then, I added column names to values to make result of association rule easier to interpret.

```
df=read.csv("df.csv")
df=df %>% select(-X)
data=df
for (i in 1:31) {
  x=colnames(df)[i]
  df[,i]<-paste0(x,'-',df[,i])
}
head(df)
```

```
##      school sex age address famsize Pstatus Medu Fedu
## 1 school-GP sex-F age-18 address-U famsize-GT3 Pstatus-A Medu-4 Fedu-4
## 2 school-GP sex-F age-17 address-U famsize-GT3 Pstatus-T Medu-1 Fedu-1
## 3 school-GP sex-F age-15 address-U famsize-LE3 Pstatus-T Medu-1 Fedu-1
## 4 school-GP sex-F age-15 address-U famsize-GT3 Pstatus-T Medu-4 Fedu-2
## 5 school-GP sex-F age-16 address-U famsize-GT3 Pstatus-T Medu-3 Fedu-3
## 6 school-GP sex-M age-16 address-U famsize-LE3 Pstatus-T Medu-4 Fedu-3
##           Mjob           Fjob           reason           guardian traveltime
## 1 Mjob-at_home Fjob-teacher reason-course guardian-mother traveltime-2
## 2 Mjob-at_home Fjob-other   reason-course guardian-father traveltime-1
## 3 Mjob-at_home Fjob-other   reason-other  guardian-mother traveltime-1
## 4 Mjob-health Fjob-services reason-home  guardian-mother traveltime-1
## 5 Mjob-other   Fjob-other   reason-home  guardian-father traveltime-1
## 6 Mjob-services Fjob-other reason-reputation guardian-mother traveltime-1
##      studytime failures schoolsup famsup paid activities
## 1 studytime-2 failures-0 schoolsup-yes famsup-no paid-no activities-no
## 2 studytime-2 failures-0 schoolsup-no famsup-yes paid-no activities-no
## 3 studytime-2 failures-0 schoolsup-yes famsup-no paid-no activities-no
## 4 studytime-3 failures-0 schoolsup-no famsup-yes paid-no activities-yes
## 5 studytime-2 failures-0 schoolsup-no famsup-yes paid-no activities-no
## 6 studytime-2 failures-0 schoolsup-no famsup-yes paid-no activities-yes
##      nursery higher internet romantic famrel freetime goout
## 1 nursery-yes higher-yes internet-no romantic-no famrel-4 freetime-3 goout-4
## 2 nursery-no higher-yes internet-yes romantic-no famrel-5 freetime-3 goout-3
## 3 nursery-yes higher-yes internet-yes romantic-no famrel-4 freetime-3 goout-2
## 4 nursery-yes higher-yes internet-yes romantic-yes famrel-3 freetime-2 goout-2
## 5 nursery-yes higher-yes internet-no romantic-no famrel-4 freetime-3 goout-2
## 6 nursery-yes higher-yes internet-yes romantic-no famrel-5 freetime-4 goout-2
##      Dalc Walc health absences final
## 1 Dalc-1 Walc-1 health-3 absences-4 final-success
## 2 Dalc-1 Walc-1 health-3 absences-2 final-success
## 3 Dalc-2 Walc-3 health-3 absences-6 final-success
## 4 Dalc-1 Walc-1 health-5 absences-0 final-success
## 5 Dalc-1 Walc-2 health-5 absences-0 final-success
## 6 Dalc-1 Walc-2 health-5 absences-6 final-success
```

Exploratory Data Analysis

Variable identification

Missing values treatment

Central Tendency

Visualization of EDA

Age, absences variables has many unique values and It is hard to explain. So it was removed from original data. Then, df1 is our final dataset to use in market basket analysis. We have 28 variables as lefthandside, and 1 variable as righthandside.

Left hand sides:

- 1.school - student's school (binary: 'GP' - Gabriel Pereira or 'MS' - Mousinho da Silveira)
- 2.sex - student's sex (binary: 'F' - female or 'M' - male)
- 3.address - student's home address type (binary: 'U' - urban or 'R' - rural)
- 4.famsize - family size (binary: 'LE3' - less or equal to 3 or 'GT3' - greater than 3)
- 5.Pstatus - parent's cohabitation status (binary: 'T' - living together or 'A' - apart)
- 6.Medu - mother's education (numeric: 0 - none, 1 - primary education (4th grade), 2 - 5th to 9th grade, 3 - secondary education or 4 - higher education)
- 7.Fedu - father's education (numeric: 0 - none, 1 - primary education (4th grade), 2 - 5th to 9th grade, 3 - secondary education or 4 - higher education)
- 8.Mjob - mother's job (nominal: 'teacher', 'health' care related, civil 'services' (e.g. administrative or police), 'at_home' or 'other')
- 9.Fjob - father's job (nominal: 'teacher', 'health' care related, civil 'services' (e.g. administrative or police), 'at_home' or 'other')
- 10.reason - reason to choose this school (nominal: close to 'home', school 'reputation', 'course' preference or 'other')
- 11.guardian - student's guardian (nominal: 'mother', 'father' or 'other')
- 12.traveltime - home to school travel time (numeric: 1 - <15 min., 2 - 15 to 30 min., 3 - 30 min. to 1 hour, or 4 - >1 hour)
- 13.studytime - weekly study time (numeric: 1 - <2 hours, 2 - 2 to 5 hours, 3 - 5 to 10 hours, or 4 - >10 hours)
- 14.failures - number of past class failures (numeric: n if 1<=n<3, else 4)
- 15.schoolsup - extra educational support (binary: yes or no)
- 16.famsup - family educational support (binary: yes or no)
- 17.paid - extra paid classes within the course subject (Math or Portuguese) (binary: yes or no)
- 18.activities - extra-curricular activities (binary: yes or no)
- 19.nursery - attended nursery school (binary: yes or no)
- 20.higher - wants to take higher education (binary: yes or no)
- 21.internet - Internet access at home (binary: yes or no)
- 22.romantic - with a romantic relationship (binary: yes or no)
- 23.famrel - quality of family relationships (numeric: from 1 - very bad to 5 - excellent)
- 24.freetime - free time after school (numeric: from 1 - very low to 5 - very high)
- 25.goout - going out with friends (numeric: from 1 - very low to 5 - very high)
- 26.Dalc - workday alcohol consumption (numeric: from 1 - very low to 5 - very high)
- 27.Walc - weekend alcohol consumption (numeric: from 1 - very low to 5 - very high)
- 28.health - current health status (numeric: from 1 - very bad to 5 - very good)

Right hand sides:

- 1.final - (success, fail)

```
df<-df %>% select(-age,-absences)
write.csv(df,"df1.csv",row.names = F)
colnames(df)
```

```
## [1] "school"      "sex"         "address"     "famsize"     "Pstatus"
## [6] "Medu"        "Fedu"        "Mjob"        "Fjob"        "reason"
## [11] "guardian"    "traveltime"  "studytime"   "failures"    "schoolsup"
## [16] "famsup"      "paid"        "activities"   "nursery"     "higher"
## [21] "internet"    "romantic"    "famrel"      "freetime"    "goout"
## [26] "Dalc"        "Walc"        "health"      "final"
```

Manually categorised

In this section, we do market basket analysis with manually categorised data. Data has 650 itemsets and 126 items. Top 5 most frequent items are paid-no,schoolsup-no, higher-yes, Pstatus-T,failures-0.

- Paid-no: no extra paid classes with in the course subject.
- Schoolsup-no: no extra educational support
- Higher-yes: wants to take higher education
- Pstatus-T: living together with parents
- Failures-0: most students didn't fail any lesson

I removed rare observations that has higher itemFrequency than 0.05. After it, I have 87 items. Let's see most high itemFrequency 15 itemsets as barchart.

```
trans=read.transactions("df1.csv",format='basket',sep=" ",skip=0)
summary(trans)
```

```
## transactions as itemMatrix in sparse format with
## 650 rows (elements/itemsets/transactions) and
## 126 columns (items) and a density of 0.2301587
##
## most frequent items:
##      paid-no schoolsup-no    higher-yes    Pstatus-T    failures-0    (Other)
##      610          581          580          569          549          15961
##
## element (itemset/transaction) length distribution:
## sizes
## 29
## 650
##
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median      Mean 3rd Qu.      Max.
##      29      29      29      29      29      29
##
## includes extended item information - examples:
##      labels
## 1      activities
## 2      activities-no
## 3      activities-yes
```

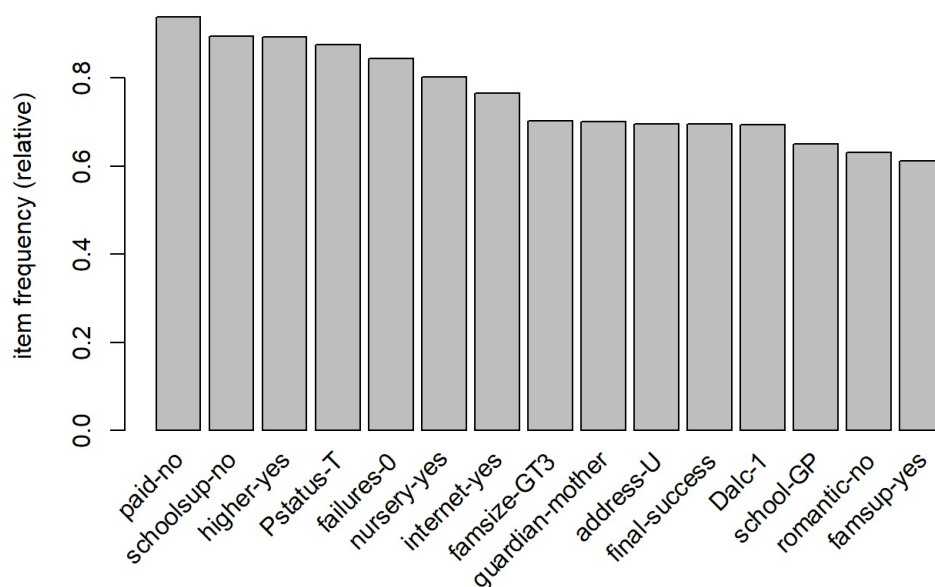
```
# cleaning the data from rare observations
trans1=trans[,itemFrequency(trans)>0.05]
trans1
```

```
## transactions in sparse format with
## 650 transactions (rows) and
## 87 items (columns)
```

```
# we can get all levels in dataset and their frequency
sort(itemFrequency(trans1, type="relative"),decreasing = T)
```

##	paid-no	schoolsup-no	higher-yes	Pstatus-T
##	0.93846154	0.89384615	0.89230769	0.87538462
##	failures-0	nursery-yes	internet-yes	famsize-GT3
##	0.84461538	0.80153846	0.76615385	0.70307692
##	guardian-mother	address-U	final-success	Dalc-1
##	0.70000000	0.69538462	0.69538462	0.69384615
##	school-GP	romantic-no	famsup-yes	sex-F
##	0.65076923	0.63076923	0.61230769	0.58923077
##	Fjob-other	traveltime-1	activities-no	famrel-4
##	0.56461538	0.56307692	0.51384615	0.48769231
##	activities-yes	studytime-2	reason-course	sex-M
##	0.48461538	0.46923077	0.43846154	0.40923077
##	Mjob-other	famsup-no	freetime-3	health-5
##	0.39692308	0.38615385	0.38615385	0.38307692
##	Walc-1	romantic-yes	school-MS	traveltime-2
##	0.38000000	0.36769231	0.34769231	0.32769231
##	studytime-1	Fedu-2	goout-3	address-R
##	0.32615385	0.32153846	0.31538462	0.30307692
##	final-fail	famsize-LE3	Medu-2	Fjob-services
##	0.30307692	0.29538462	0.28615385	0.27846154
##	famrel-5	freetime-4	Medu-4	Fedu-1
##	0.27692308	0.27384615	0.26923077	0.26769231
##	guardian-father	internet-no	Walc-2	reason-home
##	0.23538462	0.23230769	0.23076923	0.22923077
##	goout-2	Medu-1	reason-reputation	goout-4
##	0.22307692	0.22000000	0.22000000	0.21692308
##	Medu-3	Mjob-services	Mjob-at_home	Fedu-3
##	0.21384615	0.20923077	0.20769231	0.20153846
##	Fedu-4	nursery-no	health-3	Dalc-2
##	0.19692308	0.19692308	0.19076923	0.18615385
##	Walc-3	goout-5	health-4	freetime-2
##	0.18461538	0.16923077	0.16615385	0.16461538
##	famrel-3	studytime-3	health-1	Walc-4
##	0.15538462	0.14923077	0.13846154	0.13384615
##	Pstatus-A	health-2	Mjob-teacher	reason-other
##	0.12307692	0.12000000	0.11076923	0.11076923
##	failures-1	higher-no	freetime-5	schoolsup-yes
##	0.10769231	0.10615385	0.10461538	0.10461538
##	traveltime-3	goout-1	Mjob-health	freetime-1
##	0.08307692	0.07384615	0.07384615	0.06923077
##	Walc-5	Dalc-3	Fjob-at_home	guardian-other
##	0.06923077	0.06615385	0.06461538	0.06307692
##	paid-yes	Fjob-teacher	studytime-4	
##	0.06000000	0.05538462	0.05384615	

```
itemFrequencyPlot(trans1,type='relative',topN=15)
```



RHS - student who passed the final exam

RHS - student who failed the final exam

In order to see profile of students who are passed final exam, we have to use apriori method. I choose minimum support level 0.1, and minimum confidence level 0.5. Also, righthandside is 'final-success'. After training model, I sorted result of model by decreasing lift.

- Model has 116034 rules
- rule length distribution is up to 10
- Model's support is 0.1 and confidence is 0.5
- We can see top 15 result of our model. let's explain first one. If we see somebody who successfully passed final exam, she lives in urban,she didn't fail any exams, no romantic relationship, study in GP school, no extra educational support, and she is female. support is 0.13. And this case's frequency of features combination in dataset is 13 percentage. Confidence is 1. It means that for sure (100%). Also, lift is 1.43 and it is higher than 1. It means that we see features appearing together more often than separately.
- Consider the second lhs. If we see somebody who successfully passed final exam, she is female, she has no extra educational support, she study in GP school, she wants to take higher education, her family support her, she didn't fail any course, she has no extra-curricular activities.

```
rules<-apriori(data=trans1, parameter=list(supp=0.1,conf = 0.5),
               appearance=list(default="lhs", rhs='final-success'), control=list(verbose=F))
rules.clean<-rules
rules.final<-sort(rules.clean, by="lift", decreasing=TRUE)
summary(rules.final)
```

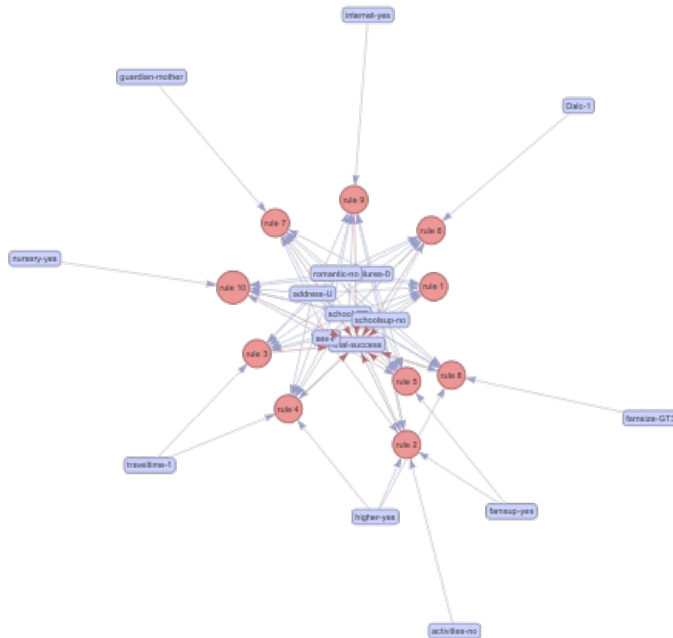
```
## set of 116034 rules
##
## rule length distribution (lhs + rhs):sizes
##      1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9     10
##      1     64    842   4486  13303  24825  30556  24688  12990  4279
##
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##      1.000   6.000   7.000   6.956   8.000  10.000
##
## summary of quality measures:
##      support      confidence      coverage      lift
##      Min.    :0.1000   Min.    :0.5000   Min.    :0.1000   Min.    :0.719
##      1st Qu.:0.1077   1st Qu.:0.8068   1st Qu.:0.1277   1st Qu.:1.160
##      Median :0.1215   Median :0.8523   Median :0.1462   Median :1.226
##      Mean    :0.1360   Mean    :0.8440   Mean    :0.1625   Mean    :1.214
##      3rd Qu.:0.1477   3rd Qu.:0.8902   3rd Qu.:0.1769   3rd Qu.:1.280
##      Max.    :0.6954   Max.    :1.0000   Max.    :1.0000   Max.    :1.438
##
##      count
##      Min.   : 65.00
##      1st Qu.: 70.00
##      Median : 79.00
##      Mean    : 88.43
##      3rd Qu.: 96.00
##      Max.    :452.00
##
## mining info:
##      data ntransactions support confidence
##      trans1          650      0.1      0.5
##
call
## apriori(data = trans1, parameter = list(supp = 0.1, conf = 0.5), appearance = list(default = "lhs", rhs = "fi
nal-success"), control = list(verbose = F))
```

```
rules.final<-sort(rules.final, by="lift", decreasing=TRUE)
inspect(head(rules.final,15))
```

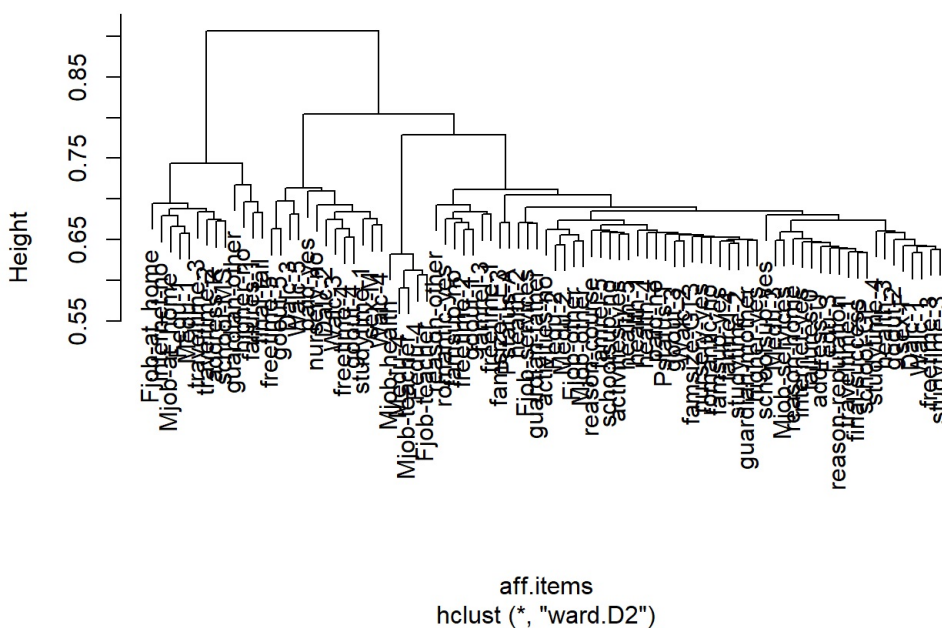
```
##      lhs      rhs      support confidence      coverage      lift count
## [1] {address-U,
##      failures-0,
##      romantic-no,
##      school-GP,
##      schoolsup-no,
##      sex-F}      => {final-success} 0.1323077      1 0.1323077 1.438053      86
## [2] {activities-no,
##      failures-0,
##      famsup-yes,
##      higher-yes,
##      school-GP,
##      schoolsup-no,
##      sex-F}      => {final-success} 0.1046154      1 0.1046154 1.438053      68
## [3] {address-U,
##      failures-0,
##      romantic-no,
##      school-GP,
##      schoolsup-no,
```

##	sex-F,				
##	travelttime-1}	=> {final-success}	0.1015385	1 0.1015385 1.438053	66
## [4]	{address-U,				
##	higher-yes,				
##	romantic-no,				
##	school-GP,				
##	schoolsup-no,				
##	sex-F,				
##	travelttime-1}	=> {final-success}	0.1046154	1 0.1046154 1.438053	68
## [5]	{address-U,				
##	failures-0,				
##	famsup-yes,				
##	romantic-no,				
##	school-GP,				
##	schoolsup-no,				
##	sex-F}	=> {final-success}	0.1000000	1 0.1000000 1.438053	65
## [6]	{address-U,				
##	Dalc-1,				
##	failures-0,				
##	romantic-no,				
##	school-GP,				
##	schoolsup-no,				
##	sex-F}	=> {final-success}	0.1092308	1 0.1092308 1.438053	71
## [7]	{address-U,				
##	failures-0,				
##	guardian-mother,				
##	romantic-no,				
##	school-GP,				
##	schoolsup-no,				
##	sex-F}	=> {final-success}	0.1015385	1 0.1015385 1.438053	66
## [8]	{address-U,				
##	famsize-GT3,				
##	higher-yes,				
##	romantic-no,				
##	school-GP,				
##	schoolsup-no,				
##	sex-F}	=> {final-success}	0.1015385	1 0.1015385 1.438053	66
## [9]	{address-U,				
##	failures-0,				
##	internet-yes,				
##	romantic-no,				
##	school-GP,				
##	schoolsup-no,				
##	sex-F}	=> {final-success}	0.1123077	1 0.1123077 1.438053	73
## [10]	{address-U,				
##	failures-0,				
##	nursery-yes,				
##	romantic-no,				
##	school-GP,				
##	schoolsup-no,				
##	sex-F}	=> {final-success}	0.1061538	1 0.1061538 1.438053	69
## [11]	{address-U,				
##	failures-0,				
##	Pstatus-T,				
##	romantic-no,				
##	school-GP,				
##	schoolsup-no,				
##	sex-F}	=> {final-success}	0.1200000	1 0.1200000 1.438053	78
## [12]	{address-U,				
##	failures-0,				
##	higher-yes,				
##	romantic-no,				
##	school-GP,				
##	schoolsup-no,				
##	sex-F}	=> {final-success}	0.1307692	1 0.1307692 1.438053	85
## [13]	{address-U,				
##	failures-0,				
##	paid-no,				
##	romantic-no,				
##	school-GP,				
##	schoolsup-no,				
##	sex-F}	=> {final-success}	0.1292308	1 0.1292308 1.438053	84
## [14]	{address-U,				
##	higher-yes,				
##	Pstatus-T,				
##	romantic-no,				
##	school-GP,				
##	schoolsup-no,				
##	sex-F}	=> {final-success}	0.1230769	1 0.1230769 1.438053	80

```
plot(head(rules.final,10), method="graph", engine="htmlwidget") #
```



Dendrogram for Items



In order to do market basket analysis with automatically categorised data, we need to convert all datas to factor.

RHS - student who failed the final exam

We have 452 dataset and we can see summary of them. I removed rare observations that has higher itemFrequency than 0.05. I choose minimum support level 0.1, and minimum confidence level 0.5.

- We have 36813 rules
- rule length distributions are from 1 to 5
- 2nd lhs: If we see who successfully passed final exam, who wants to take higher education
- 3rd lhs: If we see who successfully passed final exam, who didn't fail any exams
- 5th lhs: If we see who successfully passed final exam, who wants to take higher education and who didn't fail any exam.

```
library(arulesCBA)
trans2=df
for (i in 1:29) {
  trans2[,i]<-factor(trans2[,i],levels = unique(trans2[,i]))
}
trans21=trans2 %>% filter(final=='final-success')
data.disc=discretizedDF.supervised(data=trans21,final~.,methods = 'chi2')
summary(data.disc)
```

```
##          school      sex      address      famsize      Pstatus
## school-GP:338 sex-F:281 address-U:335 famsize-GT3:317 Pstatus-A: 56
## school-MS:114 sex-M:171 address-R:117 famsize-LE3:135 Pstatus-T:396
##
##
##
##          Medu          Fedu          Mjob          Fjob
## Medu-4:151 Fedu-4:107 Mjob-at_home : 78 Fjob-teacher : 33
## Medu-1: 75 Fedu-1: 95 Mjob-health : 36 Fjob-other :261
## Medu-3: 94 Fedu-2:142 Mjob-other :176 Fjob-services:117
## Medu-2:127 Fedu-3:103 Mjob-services: 98 Fjob-health : 16
## Medu-0: 5 Fedu-0: 5 Mjob-teacher : 64 Fjob-at_home : 25
##          reason          guardian          traveltime
## reason-course :176 guardian-mother:310 traveltime-2:137
## reason-other : 44 guardian-father:118 traveltime-1:273
## reason-home :116 guardian-other : 24 traveltime-3: 33
## reason-reputation:116 traveltime-4: 9
##
##          studytime          failures          schoolsup          famsup
## studytime-2:221 failures-0:433 schoolsup-yes: 45 famsup-no :169
## studytime-3: 82 failures-3: 1 schoolsup-no :407 famsup-yes:283
## studytime-1:121 failures-1: 15
## studytime-4: 28 failures-2: 3
##
##          paid          activities          nursery          higher
## paid-no :425 activities-no :224 nursery-yes:365 higher-yes:435
## paid-yes: 27 activities-yes:228 nursery-no : 87 higher-no : 17
##
##
##
##          internet          romantic          famrel          freetime
## internet-no : 90 romantic-no :300 famrel-4:234 freetime-3:184
## internet-yes:362 romantic-yes:152 famrel-5:120 freetime-2: 87
##          famrel-3: 68 freetime-4:115
##          famrel-1: 11 freetime-1: 29
##          famrel-2: 19 freetime-5: 37
##          goout          Dalc          Walc          health          final
## goout-4: 99 Dalc-1:334 Walc-1:183 health-3: 88 final-success:452
## goout-3:150 Dalc-2: 77 Walc-3: 83 health-5:165 final-fail : 0
## goout-2:110 Dalc-5: 8 Walc-2:110 health-1: 65
## goout-1: 29 Dalc-3: 22 Walc-4: 51 health-2: 55
## goout-5: 64 Dalc-4: 11 Walc-5: 25 health-4: 79
```

```
data.trans<-transactions(data.disc)
trans2<-data.trans[, itemFrequency(data.trans)>0.05]
data.ass<-mineCARs(final~ ., transactions=trans2, support=0.1, confidence=0.5)
```



```
## Apriori
##
## Parameter specification:
## confidence minval smax arem aval originalSupport maxtime support minlen
##      0.5      0.1    1 none FALSE          FALSE      5      0.1      1
## maxlen target ext
##      5 rules TRUE
##
## Algorithmic control:
## filter tree heap memopt load sort verbose
##    0.1 TRUE TRUE  FALSE TRUE    2    TRUE
##
## Absolute minimum support count: 45
##
## set item appearances ...[83 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## set transactions ...[83 item(s), 452 transaction(s)] done [0.00s].
## sorting and recoding items ... [83 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating transaction tree ... done [0.00s].
## checking subsets of size 1 2 3 4 5 done [0.22s].
## writing ... [36813 rule(s)] done [0.02s].
## creating S4 object ... done [0.02s].
```

```
data.ass=sort(data.ass,by='support',decreasing = TRUE)
summary(data.ass)
```

```
## set of 36813 rules
##
## rule length distribution (lhs + rhs):sizes
##      1      2      3      4      5
##      1      69    1171    7845    27727
##
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##      1.000   5.000   5.000   4.718   5.000   5.000
##
## summary of quality measures:
##      support      confidence      coverage      lift      count
## Min.      :0.1018   Min.      :1      Min.      :0.1018   Min.      :1      Min.      : 46.00
## 1st Qu.:0.1173   1st Qu.:1      1st Qu.:0.1173   1st Qu.:1      1st Qu.: 53.00
## Median :0.1438   Median :1      Median :0.1438   Median :1      Median : 65.00
## Mean      :0.1756   Mean      :1      Mean      :0.1756   Mean      :1      Mean      : 79.35
## 3rd Qu.:0.1969   3rd Qu.:1      3rd Qu.:0.1969   3rd Qu.:1      3rd Qu.: 89.00
## Max.      :1.0000   Max.      :1      Max.      :1.0000   Max.      :1      Max.      :452.00
##
## mining info:
##      data ntransactions support confidence
## transactions      452      0.1      0.5
##
call
## apriori(data = transactions, parameter = parameter, appearance = list(rhs = vars$class_items, lhs = vars$feature_items), control = control)
```

```
inspect(head(data.ass,20))
```

##	lhs	rhs	support	confidence	coverage	lift	count
## [1]	{}	=> {final=final-success}	1.0000000	1	1.0000000	1	452
## [2]	{higher=higher-yes}	=> {final=final-success}	0.9623894	1	0.9623894	1	435
## [3]	{failures=failures-0}	=> {final=final-success}	0.9579646	1	0.9579646	1	433
## [4]	{paid=paid-no}	=> {final=final-success}	0.9402655	1	0.9402655	1	425
## [5]	{failures=failures-0, higher=higher-yes}	=> {final=final-success}	0.9269912	1	0.9269912	1	419
## [6]	{failures=failures-0, paid=paid-no}	=> {final=final-success}	0.9048673	1	0.9048673	1	409
## [7]	{paid=paid-no, higher=higher-yes}	=> {final=final-success}	0.9048673	1	0.9048673	1	409
## [8]	{schoolsup=schoolsup-no}	=> {final=final-success}	0.9004425	1	0.9004425	1	407
## [9]	{Pstatus=Pstatus-T}	=> {final=final-success}	0.8761062	1	0.8761062	1	396
## [10]	{failures=failures-0, paid=paid-no, higher=higher-yes}	=> {final=final-success}	0.8761062	1	0.8761062	1	396
## [11]	{failures=failures-0, schoolsup=schoolsup-no}	=> {final=final-success}	0.8650442	1	0.8650442	1	391
## [12]	{schoolsup=schoolsup-no, higher=higher-yes}	=> {final=final-success}	0.8628319	1	0.8628319	1	390
## [13]	{schoolsup=schoolsup-no, paid=paid-no}	=> {final=final-success}	0.8517699	1	0.8517699	1	385
## [14]	{Pstatus=Pstatus-T, higher=higher-yes}	=> {final=final-success}	0.8429204	1	0.8429204	1	381
## [15]	{Pstatus=Pstatus-T, failures=failures-0}	=> {final=final-success}	0.8407080	1	0.8407080	1	380
## [16]	{failures=failures-0, schoolsup=schoolsup-no, higher=higher-yes}	=> {final=final-success}	0.8340708	1	0.8340708	1	377
## [17]	{Pstatus=Pstatus-T, paid=paid-no}	=> {final=final-success}	0.8230088	1	0.8230088	1	372
## [18]	{failures=failures-0, schoolsup=schoolsup-no, paid=paid-no}	=> {final=final-success}	0.8230088	1	0.8230088	1	372
## [19]	{schoolsup=schoolsup-no, paid=paid-no, higher=higher-yes}	=> {final=final-success}	0.8163717	1	0.8163717	1	369
## [20]	{Pstatus=Pstatus-T, failures=failures-0, higher=higher-yes}	=> {final=final-success}	0.8119469	1	0.8119469	1	367

Conclusion

Student with the following characteristics has successfully passed the final exam.

- female
- lives in urban
- no romantic relationship
- study in GP school
- wants to take higher education
- her family support him
- didn't fail any exams

However, Students with the following characteristics failed to pass the final exam.

- study in MS school* no extra paid classes with in the course subject
- no extra educational support