a\_3

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library(tidyverse)

identify the majors that contain wither "DATA" or "STATISTICS" from https://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-economic-guide-to-picking-a-college-major/

```
major<-read.csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/fivethirtyeight/data/master/college-majors/majors-li
major<-data.frame(major)
data_or_stat<- str_subset(major$Major, "DATA|STATISTICS")
data_or_stat</pre>
```

- ## [1] "MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS AND STATISTICS"
- ## [2] "COMPUTER PROGRAMMING AND DATA PROCESSING"
- ## [3] "STATISTICS AND DECISION SCIENCE"

## write code to transforms the data

```
idk <- c("bell pepper", "bilberry", "blackberry", "blood orange", "blueberry", "cantaloupe", "chili pepp
writeLines(str_c("c(",str_c("\"",idk, "\"", collapse = ", "), ")"))</pre>
```

## c("bell pepper", "bilberry", "blackberry", "blood orange", "blueberry", "cantaloupe", "chili pepper"

# describe these expressions

### $(.)\backslash 1\backslash 1$

It should match any strings that have one character that repeats three times if the regex is presented correctly as " $(.)\1^1$ " in other languages like Python. However, it won't find any matches in R.

```
"(.)(.)\2\1"
```

The regex backreferencing is right, it will present the string with 1221 format such as "anna", "eppe", etc.

## $(..)\backslash 1$

The backreference is not coreect, therefore it will not match any string so far. However, if regex is " $(...)\1$ ", it will represent the string with 2 letters and repeats twice, such as "anan", "haha", "lolo", etc. (Note: not working in R)

The backreference is fine. It will match strings like any one character(1) followed by any another character(\*) followed by 1, then followed by \* then followed by 1. For example, "anana", "apaya", etc.

"(.)(.)(.).\*
$$\3\2\1$$
"

The backreference is good. It will match strings like one character(1), followed by a second random character(2), followed by a third random character(3), then followed by random characters then followed by 3, 2, 1. Examples: "paragrap", "abcccba"

# construct regular expressions

start and end with the same character

contain a repeated pair of letters(e.g. "church" contains "ch" repeated twice)

"(.)(.).\*
$$\1\2$$
"

contain one letter repeated in at least three places(e.g. "eleven" contains three "e"s.)

"(.).\*
$$\1.*\1$$
"