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cppEDM is a C++ implementation of empirical dynamic modeling (EDM) algorithms. It is designed as an application programming interface (API) to functions in the libEDM.a library.

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Introduction

cppEDM is a C++ implementation of empirical dynamic modeling (EDM) algorithms. Primary algorithms are listed in table 1. The core code is an object oriented implementation supporting application programming interface (API) functions accepting parameters and returning data objects. EDM functions are accessed from a user-compiled library created from C++ source files and a unix-like compiler supporting the C++11 standard. cppEDM has Python and R interfaces implemented in the pyEDM and rEDM packages.

Algorithm	API Interface	Reference
Simplex projection	`Simplex()`	Sugihara and May (1990)
Sequential Locally Weighted Global Linear Maps (S-map)	`SMap()`	Sugihara (1994)
Predictions from multivariate embeddings	`Simplex(), SMap()`	Dixon et. al. (1999)
Convergent cross mapping	`CCM()`	Sugihara et. al. (2012)
Multiview embedding	`Multiview()`	Ye and Sugihara (2016)

Convenience functions to prepare and evaluate data are listed in table 2.

Function	Purpose	Parameter Range
`Embed()`	Timeseries delay dimensional embedding	User defined
`EmbedDimension()`	Evaluate prediction skill vs. embedding dimension	E = [1, 10]
`PredictInterval()`	Evaluate prediction skill vs. forecast interval	Tp = [1, 10]
`PredictNonlinear()`	Evaluate prediction skill vs. SMap nonlinear localisation	θ = 0.01, 0.1, 0.3, 0.5, 0.75, 1, 1.5, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9
`ComputeError()`	Pearson correlation, MAE, RMSE	

Installation

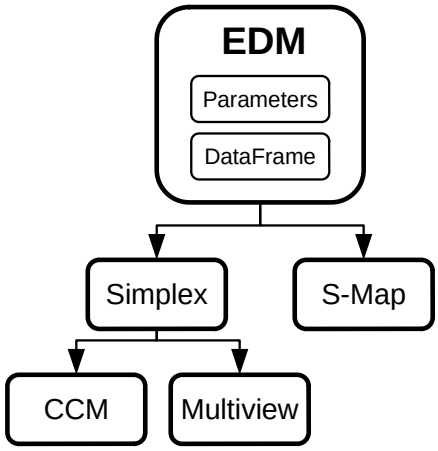
cppEDM is available at github.com/SugiharaLab/cppEDM.

cppEDM requires a C++11 standard compiler, and the LAPACK library. The libEDM.a library can be built by running "`make`" in the cppEDM/src/ directory. This copies libEDM.a into the cppEDM/lib/ directory, where it can be linked to user applications.

Once libEDM.a is built, there are a series of test applications in the cppEDM/tests/ directory. The applications can be built with the "`make`" command, and executed at the command line. API examples can also be found in cppEDM/etc/Test.cc.

Class Objects

cppEDM is a C++ Object Oriented (OO) implementation. The primary data class is `EDM`, from which the algorithm classes are derived. The class hierarchy is:




```
// EDM Methods

void GetTarget();
void EmbedData();
void PrepareEmbedding();

void Distances();
void FindNeighbors();
void Project(); // Simplex, Smap...

void CheckDataRows();
void RemovePartialData();
void FormatOutput();
void FillTimes();
```

Two C++ class objects are used for data access and parameter coordination, the `DataFrame` and `Parameters` classes, described below.

DataFrame

The `DataFrame` class is the fundamental data object of cppEDM. It stores data in a contiguous block of memory using the C++ `valarray` type in a row-major format.

A `DataFrame` can be initialised with data from a csv file by calling the `DataFrame` constructor with `path` and `fileName` parameters. Data input files are assumed to be in csv format. The files are assumed to have a single line header with column names. If column names are not detected in the header line, then column names are created as V1, V2...

It is assumed that the first column of the csv file is a vector of times or time indices for each observation (row). All subsequent columns are expected to be numeric. However, a `DataFrame` can be created with the `noTime = true` parameter to read in numeric data with no time in the first column. Such data frames should not be passed to prediction functions.

The `WriteData(path, file)` class method can be called explicitly to write data to a csv format file. If the `DataFrame` does not have column names, then column names are created as V1, V2...

Primary `DataFrame` access functions are listed in table 3.

DataFrame Method	Parameters	Type	Purpose
(row, column)	size_t row size_t column	double or int	Access data element
DataFrame(path, file)	string path string fileName	DataFrame<double>	Create DataFrame from csv file
WriteData(path, file)	string outputFilePath string outputFileName		Write DataFrame to file
Elements()		valarray	Access data valarray
NColumns()		size_t	Get number of columns
NRows()		size_t	Get number of rows
size()		size_t	Get number of elements
ColumnNames()		vector< string >	Access column names
ColumnNameToIndex()		map<string, size_t>	Access column name to index map
MaxRowPrint()		size_t	Access maximum number of rows to ostream
Column(col)	size_t col	valarray	Get data vector at column
Row(row)	size_t row	valarray	Get data vector at row
VectorColumnName(column)	string column	valarray	Get data vector at column with name
ColumnMajorData()		valarray	Elements() in column major format.
DataFrameFromColumnIndex (columns)	vector<size_t> columns	DataFrame<double>	Get DataFrame subset from column indices
DataFrameFromColumnNames (columns)	vector<string> columns	DataFrame<double>	Get DataFrame subset from column names
DataFrameFromRowIndex (rows)	vector<size_t> rows	DataFrame<double>	Get DataFrame subset from row indices
WriteRow(row, array)	size_t row std::valarray<T> array		Write valarray to row
WriteColumn(col, array)	size_t col valarray<T> array		Write valarray to column

Parameters

The `Parameters` class is used to store and access API function parameters in a unified object. Generally this is an internal object that does not need to be instantiated, accessed or dynamically modified. API parameter names and purpose are listed in table 4.

Parameter	Type	Default	Purpose
`pathIn`	`string`	`"./"`	Input data file path
`dataFile`	`string`	`""`	Data file name
`pathOut`	`string`	`"./"`	Output file path
`predictFile`	`string`	`""`	Prediction output file
`lib`	`string`	`""`	library start : stop row indices
`pred`	`string`	`""`	prediction start : stop row indices
`E`	`int`	`0`	Embedding dimension
`Tp`	`int`	`0 or 1`	Prediction interval (rows)
`knn`	`int`	`0`	Number nearest neighbors
`tau`	`int`	`-1`	Embedding offset (time series rows)
`theta`	`double`	`0`	SMap localisation
`exclusionRadius`	`int`	`0`	Prediction vector exclusion row radius
`columns`	`string`	`""`	Column names or indices for prediction
`target`	`string`	`""`	Target library column name or index
`embedded`	`bool`	`false`	Is data an embedding?
`const_pred`	`bool`	`false`	Include non-projected forecast data
`verbose`	`bool`	`false`	Echo messages
`smapFile`	`string`	`""`	SMap coefficient output file
`multiview`	`int`	`0`	Number of ensembles, 0 = sqrt(N)
`D`	`int`	`0`	Multiview dimension
`trainLib`	`bool`	`true`	Multiview use lib as training library
`excludeTarget`	`bool`	`false`	Multiview exlcude target from combos
`libSizes_str`	`string`	`""`	CCM library sizes
`sample`	`int`	`0`	CCM number of random samples
`random`	`bool`	`true`	CCM use random samples?
`replacement`	`bool`	`false`	CCM sample with replacement?
`includeData`	`bool`	`false`	CCM include all projections in return
`seed`	`unsigned`	`0`	CCM RNG seed, 0 = random seed

Application Programming Interface (API)

Embed

Create a data block of Takens (1981) time-delay embedding from each of the columns in the csv file or `DataFrame`. The `columns` parameter can be a list of column names, or a list of column indices. If `columns` is a list of indices, then column names are created as V1, V2...

Note: The returned `DataFrame` will have `|tau|*(E-1)` fewer rows than the input data from the removal of partial vectors as a result of the embedding.

Note: The returned `DataFrame` does not have the time column.

```
//------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 1: Explicit data file path/name
//------------------------------------------------------------
DataFrame< double > Embed ( std::string path     = "",
                            std::string dataFile = "",
                            int         E        = 0,
                            int         tau      = -1,
                            std::string columns  = "",
                            bool        verbose  = false );



//------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 2: DataFrame provided
//------------------------------------------------------------
DataFrame< double > Embed ( DataFrame< double > dataFrame,
                            int                 E       = 0,
                            int                 tau     = -1,
                            std::string         columns = "",
                            bool                verbose = false );



//------------------------------------------------------------
// Called from Embed to create the time-delay embedding
//------------------------------------------------------------
DataFrame< double > MakeBlock ( DataFrame< double >      dataFrame,
                                int                      E,
                                int                      tau,
                                std::vector<std::string> columnNames,
                                bool                     verbose );
```

Simplex

Simplex projection of the input data file or DataFrame. The returned `DataFrame` has 3 columns "Time", "Observations", "Predictions". nan values are inserted where there is no observation or prediction. See the Parameters table for parameter definitions.

Parameters

`lib` and `pred` specify [start stop] row indices of the input data for the library and predictions.

If `embedded` is `false` the data columns are embedded to dimension `E` with time offset `tau`. If `embedded` is `true` the data columns are assumed to be a multivariable data block.

If `knn` is not specified, and `embedded` is `false`, it is set equal to `E+1`. If `embedded` is `true, knn` is set equal to the number of `columns + 1`.

```
//----------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 1: Explicit data file path/name
//----------------------------------------------------------------
DataFrame<double> Simplex( std::string pathIn          = "./data/",
                           std::string dataFile        = "",
                           std::string pathOut         = "./",
                           std::string predictFile     = "",
                           std::string lib             = "",
                           std::string pred            = "",
                           int         E               = 0,
                           int         Tp              = 1,
                           int         knn             = 0,
                           int         tau             = -1,
                           int         exclusionRadius = 0,
                           std::string columns         = "",
                           std::string target          = "",
                           bool        embedded        = false,
                           bool        const_pred      = false,
                           bool        verbose         = true );


//----------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 2: DataFrame reference provided
//----------------------------------------------------------------
DataFrame<double> Simplex( DataFrame< double > &dataFrameIn,
                           std::string pathOut         = "./",
                           std::string predictFile     = "",
                           std::string lib             = "",
                           std::string pred            = "",
                           int         E               = 0,
                           int         Tp              = 1,
                           int         knn             = 0,
                           int         tau             = -1,
                           int         exclusionRadius = 0,
                           std::string columns         = "",
                           std::string target          = "",
                           bool        embedded        = false,
                           bool        const_pred      = false,
                           bool        verbose         = true );
```

SMap

SMap projection of the input data file or DataFrame. See the Parameters table for parameter definitions.

`SMap()` returns a `SMapValues` structure:

```
struct SMapValues {
    DataFrame< double > predictions;
    DataFrame< double > coefficients;
};
```

The `predictions` `DataFrame` has 3 columns "Time", "Observations", "Predictions". nan values are inserted where there is no observation or prediction. If `predictFile` is provided the `predictions` will be written to it in csv format.

The `coefficients` `DataFrame` will have `E+2` columns. The first column is the "Time" vector, the remaining `E+1` columns are the SMap SVD fit coefficients. The first column "C0" is the bias term, following coefficients are ∂ columns[i] / ∂ target.

Parameters

`lib` and `pred` specify [start, stop] row indices of the input data for the library and predictions.

If `embedded` is `false` the data columns are embedded to dimension `E` with offset `tau`. If `embedded` is true the data columns are assumed to be a multivariable data block. If `smapFile` is provided the `coefficients` will be written to it in csv format.

If a multivariate data set is used (number of `columns > 1`) it must use `embedded = true` with `E` equal to the number of `columns`. This prevents the function from internally time-delay embedding the multiple columns to dimension E. If the internal time-delay embedding is performed, then state-space columns will not correspond to the intended dimensions in the matrix inversion, coefficient assignment, and prediction. In the multivariate case, the user should first prepare the embedding (using `Embed()` for time-delay embedding if desired), then pass this embedding to `SMap` with appropriately specified `columns`, `E`, and `embedded = true`.

If `knn` is not specified, it is set equal to the library size. If `knn` is specified, it must be greater than `E`.

The default solver for the SMap coefficient matrix is the LAPACK SVD function `dgelss()`.

```
//----------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 1: Explicit data file path/name
//----------------------------------------------------------------
SMapValues SMap( std::string pathIn          = "./data/",
                 std::string dataFile        = "",
                 std::string pathOut         = "./",
                 std::string predictFile     = "",
                 std::string lib             = "",
                 std::string pred            = "",
                 int         E               = 0,
                 int         Tp              = 1,
                 int         knn             = 0,
                 int         tau             = -1,
                 double      theta           = 0,
                 int         exclusionRadius = 0,
                 std::string columns         = "",
                 std::string target          = "",
                 std::string smapFile        = "",
                 std::string derivatives     = "",   // Not implemented
                 bool        embedded        = false,
                 bool        const_pred      = false,
                 bool        verbose         = true );



//----------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 2: DataFrame reference provided
//----------------------------------------------------------------
SMapValues SMap( DataFrame< double > &dataFrameIn,
                 std::string pathOut         = "./",
                 std::string predictFile     = "",
                 std::string lib             = "",
                 std::string pred            = "",
                 int         E               = 0,
                 int         Tp              = 1,
                 int         knn             = 0,
                 int         tau             = -1,
                 double      theta           = 0,
                 int         exclusionRadius = 0,
                 std::string columns         = "",
                 std::string target          = "",
                 std::string smapFile        = "",
                 std::string derivatives     = "",    // Not implemented
                 bool        embedded        = false,
                 bool        const_pred      = false,
                 bool        verbose         = true );
```

```
//------------------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 3: Data path/file with external solver object, init to default SVD
//------------------------------------------------------------------------
SMapValues SMap( std::string pathIn          = "./data/",
                 std::string dataFile        = "",
                 std::string pathOut         = "./",
                 std::string predictFile     = "",
                 std::string lib             = "",
                 std::string pred            = "",
                 int         E               = 0,
                 int         Tp              = 1,
                 int         knn             = 0,
                 int         tau             = -1,
                 double      theta           = 0,
                 int         exclusionRadius = 0,
                 std::string columns         = "",
                 std::string target          = "",
                 std::string smapFile        = "",
                 std::string derivatives     = "",    // Not implemented
                 std::valarray<double> (*solver)(DataFrame < double >,
                                                 std::valarray < double >) = &SVD,
                 bool        embedded        = false,
                 bool        const_predict   = false,
                 bool        verbose         = true );



//------------------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 4: DataFrame with external solver object, init to default SVD
//------------------------------------------------------------------------
SMapValues SMap( DataFrame< double > &dataFrameIn,
                 std::string pathOut         = "./",
                 std::string predictFile     = "",
                 std::string lib             = "",
                 std::string pred            = "",
                 int         E               = 0,
                 int         Tp              = 1,
                 int         knn             = 0,
                 int         tau             = -1,
                 double      theta           = 0,
                 int         exclusionRadius = 0,
                 std::string columns         = "",
                 std::string target          = "",
                 std::string smapFile        = "",
                 std::string derivatives     = "",    // Not implemented
                 std::valarray<double> (*solver)(DataFrame < double >,
                                                 std::valarray < double >) = &SVD,
                 bool        embedded        = false,
                 bool        const_predict   = false,
                 bool        verbose         = true );
```

CCM

Convergent cross mapping via Simplex of the first vector specified in `columns` against `target`. The data cannot be multivariable, the first vector in `columns` is time-delay embedded to dimension `E`. See the Parameters table for parameter definitions.

`CCM()` returns a CCM`Values` structure:

```
struct CCMValues {
    DataFrame< double > AllLibStats;  // unified mean libsize, rho, RMSE, MAE
    CrossMapValues      CrossMap1;
    CrossMapValues      CrossMap2;
};
struct CrossMapValues {
    DataFrame< double > LibStats;     // mean libsize, rho, RMSE, MAE
    DataFrame< double > PredictStats; // each predict libsize, rho, RMSE, MAE
    std::forward_list< DataFrame< double > > Predictions;
};
```

`CCMValues::LibStats DataFrame` has 3 columns. The first column is "LibSize", the second and third columns are Pearson correlation coefficients for "column : target" and "target : column" cross mapping.

If the `includeData` parameter is true, then the `CrossMapValues` structures `CrossMap1` and `CrossMap2` in `CCMValues` are populated with the DataFrame `PredictStats` and list of DataFrames `Predictions`. The `LibStats` is used for internal storage, and is empty upon return.

Parameters

`The libSizes` parameter is a string of whitespace or comma separated library sizes. If the string has 3 values, and, if the third value is less than the second value, then the three values are interpreted as a sequence generator specifying "start stop increment" row values, i.e. "10 80 10" will evaluate library sizes from 10 to 80 in increments of 10.

If `random` is `true`, `sample` observations are radomly selected from the subset of each library size. If `replacement` is `true`, observation are selected with replacement. If `seed=0`, then a random seed is generated for the random number generator. Otherwise, `seed` is used to initialise the random number generator.

If `random` is false, `sample` is ignored and contiguous library rows up to the current library size are used.

Note: Cross mappings are performed between `column : target`, and `target : column`. The default is to do this in separate threads. Threading can be disabled in the makefile by removing `-DCCM_THREADED`.

Note: The entire prediction vector is used in the Simplex prediction at each library subset size.

```
//------------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 1: Explicit data file path/name
//------------------------------------------------------------------
CCMValues CCM( std::string pathIn          = "./data/",
               std::string dataFile        = "",
               std::string pathOut         = "./",
               std::string predictFile     = "",
               int         E               = 0,
               int         Tp              = 0,
               int         knn             = 0,
               int         tau             = -1,
               int         exclusionRadius = 0,
               std::string columns         = "",
               std::string target          = "",
               std::string libSizes        = "",
               int         sample          = 0,
               bool        random          = true,
               bool        replacement     = false,
               unsigned    seed            = 0,     // seed=0: use RNG
               bool        includeData     = false,
               bool        verbose         = true );


//------------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 2: DataFrame reference provided
//------------------------------------------------------------------
CCMValues CCM( DataFrame< double > &dataFrameIn,
               std::string pathOut         = "./",
               std::string predictFile     = "",
               int         E               = 0,
               int         Tp              = 0,
               int         knn             = 0,
               int         tau             = -1,
               int         exclusionRadius = 0,
               std::string columns         = "",
               std::string target          = "",
               std::string libSizes        = "",
               int         sample          = 0,
               bool        random          = true,
               bool        replacement     = false,
               unsigned    seed            = 0,     // seed=0: use RNG
               bool        includeData     = false,
               bool        verbose         = true );
```

Multiview

Multiview embedding and forecasting of the input data file or DataFrame. See the Parameters table for parameter definitions.

`Multiview()` returns a `MultiviewValues` structure:

```
struct MultiviewValues {
    DataFrame< double > Combo_rho;
    DataFrame< double > Predictions;
    std::vector< std::string > Combo_rho_table;
};
```

The `Combo_rho` `DataFrame` has `E+3` columns. The first `E` columns are the the column indices in the input data `DataFrame` embedding (not the input `DataFrame`) and are applied to multivariate Simplex predictions. The last three columns are "rho", "MAE", "RMSE" corresponding to the prediction Pearson correlation, maximum absolute error and root mean square error.

`Combo_rho_table` is a list of strings that include the multiview embedding column names in addition to the column indices and prediction statistics.

The `Predictions` `DataFrame` has 3 columns "Time", "Observations", "Predictions". nan values are inserted where there is no observation or prediction. If `predictFile` is provided the `Predictions` will be written to it in csv format.

Parameters

D represents the number of variables to combine for each assessment, if not specified, it is the number of columns.

E is the embedding dimension of each variable. If E = 1, no time delay embedding is done.

`multiview` is the number of top-ranked D-dimensional predictions to "average" for the final prediction. Corresponds to parameter k in Ye & Sugihara with default k = sqrt(C) where C is the number of combinations C(n,D) available from the embedding columns taken D at-a-time.

`trainLib` specifies whether projections used to rank the column combinations are done in-sample (pred = lib, the default), or, using the lib and pred specified as input options (`trainLib false`).

`lib` and `pred` specify [start, stop] row indices of the input data for the library and predictions.

If `knn` is not specified, it is set equal to `D+1`.

```
//------------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 1: Explicit data file path/name
//------------------------------------------------------------------
MultiviewValues Multiview( std::string pathIn          = "./",
                           std::string dataFile        = "",
                           std::string pathOut         = "./",
                           std::string predictFile     = "",
                           std::string lib             = "",
                           std::string pred            = "",
                           int         D               = 0,
                           int         E               = 1,
                           int         Tp              = 1,
                           int         knn             = 0,
                           int         tau             = -1,
                           std::string columns         = "",
                           std::string target          = "",
                           int         multiview       = 0,
                           int         exclusionRadius = 0,
                           bool        trainLib        = true,
                           bool        excludeTarget   = false,
                           bool        verbose         = false,
                           unsigned    nThreads        = 4 );



//------------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 2: DataFrame provided
//------------------------------------------------------------------
MultiviewValues Multiview( DataFrame< double >,
                           std::string pathOut         = "./",
                           std::string predictFile     = "",
                           std::string lib             = "",
                           std::string pred            = "",
                           int         D               = 0,
                           int         E               = 1,
                           int         Tp              = 1,
                           int         knn             = 0,
                           int         tau             = -1,
                           std::string columns         = "",
                           std::string target          = "",
                           int         multiview       = 0,
                           int         exclusionRadius = 0,
                           bool        trainLib        = true,
                           bool        excludeTarget   = false,
                           bool        verbose         = false,
                           unsigned    nThreads        = 4 );
```

EmbedDimension

Evaluate Simplex prediction skill for embedding dimensions from 1 to `maxE` (default 10). The returned `DataFrame` has columns "E" and "rho". See the Parameters table for parameter definitions.

Note: `nThreads` defines the number of worker threads for the 10 embeddings. The maximum number of threads is `maxE`.

```
//----------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 1: Explicit data file path/name
//----------------------------------------------------------------
DataFrame<double> EmbedDimension( std::string pathIn      = "./data/",
                                  std::string dataFile    = "",
                                  std::string pathOut     = "./",
                                  std::string predictFile = "",
                                  std::string lib         = "",
                                  std::string pred        = "",
                                  int         maxE        = 10,
                                  int         Tp          = 1,
                                  int         tau         = -1,
                                  std::string columns     = "",
                                  std::string target      = "",
                                  bool        embedded    = false,
                                  bool        verbose     = true,
                                  unsigned    nThreads    = 4 );


//----------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 2: DataFrame reference provided
//----------------------------------------------------------------
DataFrame<double> EmbedDimension( DataFrame< double > &dataFrameIn,
                                  std::string pathOut     = "./",
                                  std::string predictFile = "",
                                  std::string lib         = "",
                                  std::string pred        = "",
                                  int         maxE        = 10,
                                  int         Tp          = 1,
                                  int         tau         = -1,
                                  std::string columns     = "",
                                  std::string target      = "",
                                  bool        embedded    = false,
                                  bool        verbose     = true,
                                  unsigned    nThreads    = 4 );
```

PredictInterval

Evaluate Simplex prediction skill for forecast intervals from 1 to `maxTp` (default 10). The returned `DataFrame` has columns "Tp" and "rho". See the Parameters table for parameter definitions.

Note: `nThreads` defines the number of worker threads for the 10 prediction interval forecasts. The maximum number of threads is `maxTp`.

```
//----------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 1: Explicit data file path/name
//----------------------------------------------------------------
DataFrame<double> PredictInterval( std::string pathIn      = "./data/",
                                   std::string dataFile    = "",
                                   std::string pathOut     = "./",
                                   std::string predictFile = "",
                                   std::string lib         = "",
                                   std::string pred        = "",
                                   int         maxTp       = 10,
                                   int         E           = 0,
                                   int         tau         = -1,
                                   std::string columns     = "",
                                   std::string target      = "",
                                   bool        embedded    = false,
                                   bool        verbose     = true,
                                   unsigned    nThreads    = 4 );



//----------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 2: DataFrame reference provided
//----------------------------------------------------------------
DataFrame<double> PredictInterval( DataFrame< double > &dataFrameIn,
                                   std::string pathOut     = "./",
                                   std::string predictFile = "",
                                   std::string lib         = "",
                                   std::string pred        = "",
                                   int         maxTp       = 10,
                                   int         E           = 0,
                                   int         tau         = -1,
                                   std::string columns     = "",
                                   std::string target      = "",
                                   bool        embedded    = false,
                                   bool        verbose     = true,
                                   unsigned    nThreads    = 4 );
```

PredictNonlinear

Evaluate SMap prediction skill for localisation parameters θ specifed in the string `theta`. Default values of theta are `"0.01 0.1 0.3 0.5 0.75 1 1.5 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9"`. Default `knn` (0) sets `knn` to size of the library. Smaller values can be specified.

The returned `DataFrame` has columns "theta" and "rho". See the Parameters table for parameter definitions.

Note: `nThreads` defines the number of worker threads for the θ value forecasts.

```
//----------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 1: Explicit data file path/name
//----------------------------------------------------------------
DataFrame<double> PredictNonlinear( std::string pathIn      = "./data/",
                                    std::string dataFile    = "",
                                    std::string pathOut     = "./",
                                    std::string predictFile = "",
                                    std::string lib         = "",
                                    std::string pred        = "",
                                    std::string theta       = "",
                                    int         E           = 0,
                                    int         Tp          = 1,
                                    int         knn         = 0,
                                    int         tau         = -1,
                                    std::string columns     = "",
                                    std::string target      = "",
                                    bool        embedded    = false,
                                    bool        verbose     = true,
                                    unsigned    nThreads    = 4 );


//----------------------------------------------------------------
// Overload 2: DataFrame reference provided
//----------------------------------------------------------------
DataFrame<double> PredictNonlinear( DataFrame< double > &dataFrameIn,
                                    std::string pathOut     = "./",
                                    std::string predictFile = "",
                                    std::string lib         = "",
                                    std::string pred        = "",
                                    std::string theta       = "",
                                    int         E           = 0,
                                    int         Tp          = 1,
                                    int         knn         = 0,
                                    int         tau         = -1,
                                    std::string columns     = "",
                                    std::string target      = "",
                                    bool        embedded    = false,
                                    bool        verbose     = true,
                                    unsigned    nThreads    = 4 );
```

ComputeError

Compute Pearson correlation coefficient, maximum absolute error (MAE) and root mean square error (RMSE) between two vectors.

`ComputeError()` returns a `VectorError` struct:

```
struct VectorError {
    double rho;
    double RMSE;
    double MAE;
};

//---------------------------------------------------------------
//---------------------------------------------------------------
VectorError ComputeError( std::valarray< double > obsIn,
                          std::valarray< double > predIn );
```

Application Notes

All data input files are assumed to be in csv format. The files are assumed to have a single line header with column names. If column names are not detected in the header line, then column names are created as V1, V2...

It is assumed that the first column of the csv file is a vector of times or time indices for each observation (row). All subsequent columns are expected to be numeric. However, a `DataFrame` can be created with the `noTime = true` parameter to read in numeric data with no time in the first column. Such data frames should not be passed to prediction functions.

`SMap()` should be called with `DataFrame` that have columns explicity corresponding to dimensions E. This means that if a multivariate data set is used, it should Not be called with an embedding from `Embed()` since `Embed()` will add lagged coordinates for each variable. These extra columns will then not correspond to the intended dimensions in the matrix inversion and prediction reconstruction. In this case, use the `embedded` parameter set to `true` so that the columns selected correspond to the proper dimension.

See `etc/Notes` for details regarding the building an application (`etc/Test.cc`) on Windows.

See `etc/Notes` for an explanation of differences between `Simplex()` and `CCM()` default embeddings, and the effect this has on predictions.

Example Application

This application is assumed to be located in the etc/ directory. Otherwise, adust the -I and -L compiler flags and the `pathIn` argument accordingly. The file etc/Test.cc shows sample invocations for several API functions.

```
// g++ TestApp.cc -o TestApp -std=c++11 -g -I../src -L../lib -lstdc++ -lEDM -llapack

#include "API.h"

int main( int argc, char *argv[] ) {

    try {
        //----------------------------------------------------------
        // embedded=false : Simplex embeds data file columns to E=3
        //----------------------------------------------------------
        DataFrame<double> dataFrame =
            Simplex( "../data/",         // pathIn
                     "block_3sp.csv",    // dataFile
                     "./",               // pathOut
                     "Block3sp_E3.csv",  // predictFile
                     "1 100",            // lib
                     "101 195",          // pred
                      3,                 // E
                      1,                 // Tp
                      0,                 // knn
                      -1,                // tau
                      0,                 // exclusionRadius
                     "x_t y_t z_t",      // columns
                     "x_t",              // target
                     false,              // embedded
                     false,              // const_predict
                     true );             // verbose

        dataFrame.MaxRowPrint() = 12; // Set number of rows to print
        std::cout << dataFrame;

        VectorError ve = ComputeError(
            dataFrame.VectorColumnName( "Observations" ),
            dataFrame.VectorColumnName( "Predictions"  ) );

        std::cout << "rho " << ve.rho << "  RMSE " << ve.RMSE
                  << "  MAE " << ve.MAE << std::endl << std::endl;

    }

    catch ( const std::exception & e ) {
       std::cout << "Exception caught in main:\n";
      std::cout << e.what() << std::endl;
       return -1;
    }
    catch (...) {
       std::cout << "Unknown exception caught in main.\n";
       return -1;
    }

    std::cout << "Normal termination.\n";

    return 0;
}
```

Code Notes

1) The OSX XCode compiler/linker seems to be incompatible with the C++11 standard implementation allowing template classes to be distributed into declarations (.h) and implementation (.cc). To support OSX, DataFrame.h contains both declarations and implementations. See: etc/libstdc++_Notes.txt.

2) The code relies heavily on class and data containers without explicit heap allocation. This facilitates garbage collection. However, using copy-on-return for large data objects is likely a performance issue. If the code encounters massive data objects/large problems, this may warrant investigation.

3) SMap uses the LAPACK (http://www.netlib.org/lapack/explore-html/index.html) routine `dgelss()` to solve the local linear maps by singular value decomposition.

References

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