

FULL STACK DEVELOPMENT - WORKSHEET 4

Q1.Write in brief about OOPS Concept in java with Examples. (In your own words)

Q2.Write simple programs(wherever applicable) for every example given in Answer 2.

Multiple Choice Questions

- Q1. Which of the following is used to make an Abstract class?
 - A. Making at least one member function as pure virtual function
 - B. Making at least one member function as virtual function
 - C. Declaring as Abstract class using virtual keyword
 - D. Declaring as Abstract class using static keyword
- Q2. Which of the following is true about interfaces in java.
 - 1) An interface can contain the following type of members.
 -public, static, final fields (i.e., constants)
 -default and static methods with bodies
 - 2) An instance of the interface can be created.
 - 3) A class can implement multiple interfaces.
 - 4) Many classes can implement the same interface.
 - A. 1, 3 and 4
 - B. 1, 2 and 4
 - C. 2, 3 and 4
 - D. 1,2,3 and 4



- Q3. When does method overloading is determined?
 - A. At run time
 - B. At compile time
 - C. At coding time
 - D. At execution time
- Q4. What is the number of parameters that a default constructor requires?
 - A. 0
 - B. 1
 - C. 2
 - D. 3
- Q5.To access data members of a class, which of the following is used?
 - A. Dot Operator
 - B. Arrow Operator
 - C. A and B both as required
 - D. Direct call
- Q6.Objects are the variables of the type ?
 - A. String
 - B. Boolean
 - C. Class
 - D. All data types can be included



Q7.A non-member function cannot access which data of the class?

- A. Private data
- B. Public data
- C. Protected data
- D. All of the above

```
Q8. Predict the output of following Java program
```

```
class Test {
  int i;
}
class Main {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    Test t = new Test();
    System.out.println(t.i);
    }
  }
}
```

- A. garbage value
- B. 0
- C. compiler error
- D. runtime Error

FLIP ROBO

Q9.Which of the following is/are true about packages in Java?

- 1) Every class is part of some package.
- 2) All classes in a file are part of the same package.
- 3) If no package is specified, the classes in the file go into a special unnamed package
- 4) If no package is specified, a new package is created with folder name of class and the class is put in this package.
- A. Only 1, 2 and 3
- B. Only 1, 2 and 4
- C. Only 4
- D. Only 1, 3 and 4



For Q10 to Q25 find output with explanation.

```
Q10.Predict the Output of following Java Program.
class Base {
  public void show() {
    System.out.println("Base::show() called");
  }
}
class Derived extends Base {
  public void show() {
    System.out.println("Derived::show() called");
  }
}
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Base b = new Derived();;
    b.show();
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  }
}
Q11. What is the output of the below Java program?
      class Base {
        final public void show() {
          System.out.println("Base::show() called");
      class Derived extends Base {
        public void show() {
          System.out.println("Derived::show() called");
      }
      class Main {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
          Base b = new Derived();;
          b.show();
        }
      }
```



```
Q12.Find output of the program.
class Base {
  public static void show() {
    System.out.println("Base::show() called");
}
class Derived extends Base {
  public static void show() {
    System.out.println("Derived::show() called");
  }
}
class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Base b = new Derived();
    b.show();
  }
}
Q13.What is the output of the following program?
class Derived
  public void getDetails()
    System.out.printf("Derived class");
}
public class Test extends Derived
  public void getDetails()
    System.out.printf("Test class ");
    super.getDetails();
  public static void main(String[] args)
    Derived obj = new Test();
    obj.getDetails();
}
Q14. What is the output of the following program?
class Derived
  public void getDetails(String temp)
    System.out.println("Derived class " + temp);
public class Test extends Derived
  public int getDetails(String temp)
```



```
System.out.println("Test class " + temp);
     return 0;
  public static void main(String[] args)
     Test obj = new Test();
     obj.getDetails("Name");
  }
}
Q15.What will be the output of the following Java program?
  class test
{
      public static int y = 0;
}
class HasStatic
      private static int x = 100;
      public static void main(String[] args)
             HasStatic hs1 = new HasStatic();
             hs1.x++;
             HasStatic hs2 = new HasStatic();
             hs1 = new HasStatic();
             hs1.x++;
             HasStatic.x++;
             System.out.println("Adding to 100, x = " + x);
             test t1 = new test();
             t1.y++;
             test t2 = new test();
             t2.y++;
             t1 = new test();
             t1.y++;
             System.out.print("Adding to 0, ");
             System.out.println("y = " + t1.y + " " + t2.y + " " + test.y);
      }
}
Q16.Predict the output
class San
{
public void m1 (int i,float f)
 System.out.println(" int float method");
public void m1(float f,int i);
 System.out.println("float int method");
```



```
public static void main(String[]args)
 {
  San s=new San();
    s.m1(20,20);
}
Q17.What is the output of the following program?
public class Test
{
  public static void main(String[] args)
    int temp = null;
    Integer data = null;
     System.out.println(temp + " " + data);
}
Q18.Find output
class Test {
  protected int x, y;
}
class Main {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     Test t = new Test();
     System.out.println(t.x + " " + t.y);
  }
}
Q19.Find output
// filename: Test2.java
class Test1 {
      Test1(int x)
      {
             System.out.println("Constructor called " + x);
      }
class Test2 {
      Test1 t1 = new Test1(10);
      Test2(int i) { t1 = new Test1(i); }
      public static void main(String[] args)
      {
             Test2 t2 = new Test2(5);
      }
}
```



```
Q20.What will be the output of the following Java program?
class Main
{
public static void main(String[] args)
 int []x[] = {\{1,2\}, \{3,4,5\}, \{6,7,8,9\}\}};
 int [][]y = x;
 System.out.println(y[2][1]);
 }
}
Q21.What will be the output of the following Java program?
  class A
    int i;
    public void display()
       System.out.println(i);
  class B extends A
    int j;
    public void display()
                                  RIJP ROBO
       System.out.println(j);
  class Dynamic_dispatch
    public static void main(String args[])
       B obj2 = new B();
       obj2.i = 1;
       obj2.j = 2;
       Ar;
       r = obj2;
       r.display();
    }
 }
Q22. What will be the output of the following Java code?
  class A
    int i;
    void display()
       System.out.println(i);
  }
```



public int j;

```
class B extends A
    int j;
    void display()
       System.out.println(j);
  }
  class method_overriding
    public static void main(String args[])
       B obj = new B();
       obj.i=1;
       obj.j=2;
       obj.display();
 }
Q23.What will be the output of the following Java code?
  class A
    public int i;
    protected int j;
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  class B extends A
    int j;
    void display()
       super.j = 3;
       System.out.println(i + " " + j);
  }
  class Output
    public static void main(String args[])
       B obj = new B();
       obj.i=1;
      obj.j=2;
       obj.display();
    }
 }
Q24.What will be the output of the following Java program?
  class A
    public int i;
```



}

```
A()
       i = 1;
       j = 2;
  class B extends A
    int a;
     B()
     {
       super();
  class super_use
    public static void main(String args[])
       B obj = new B();
       System.out.println(obj.i + " " + obj.j)
 }
Q 25. Find the output of the following program.
class Test
{
  int a = 1;
  int b = 2;
  Test func(Test obj)
     Test obj3 = new Test();
    obj3 = obj;
    obj3.a = obj.a++ + ++obj.b;
    obj.b = obj.b;
    return obj3;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args)
  {
     Test obj1 = new Test();
    Test obj2 = obj1.func(obj1);
     System.out.println("obj1.a = " + obj1.a + " obj1.b = " + obj1.b);
     System.out.println("obj2.a = " + obj2.a + " obj1.b = " + obj2.b);
```