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# **N-ROUGE**

ROUGE stands for Recall-Oriented Understudy for Gisting Evaluation and the N part denotes N-gram.

It is a metric used to evaluate the quality of text generated by a machine learning model, particularly in tasks such as text summarization and machine translation.

It measures the n-gram overlap between the generated text and reference text

# **Key Concepts:**

## N-grams:

In ROUGE-N, "N" refers to the length of the sequence of words that are being compared between the candidate and reference text.

## For example:

- ROUGE-1 compares unigrams (single word).
- ROUGE-2 compares bigrams (two consecutive words).
- ROUGE-3 compares trigrams (three consecutive words), and so on.

#### Recall:

ROUGE-N primarily focuses on recall, which means how much the words in the human references appear in the candidate model outputs.

# **Example:**

Human-Produced Reference: Dan loves chocolate cakes

Model-Generated Candidate: Dan loves chocolate chip cookies

ROUGE-1:

ROUGE[1]-recall = 3/4 = 0.75ROUGE[1]-precision = 3/5 = 0.6

ROUGE[n]-F1 = 2\*(0.75\*0.6)/(0.75+0.6) = 0.66

Example Source: <u>traceloop.com</u>

## Advantages:

- Well-established metric.
- Easy to calculate
- Easy to understand.
- Can be used to evaluate summaries in any language.

### **Disadvantages:**

- Only measures n-gram overlap and does not take into account the semantic meaning of the summary.
- Sensitive to the choice of reference summaries.
- Can be biased towards summaries that are shorter or longer than the reference summaries.

# Resources

https://medium.com/@eren9677/text-summarization-387836c9e178 https://www.traceloop.com/blog/evaluating-model-performance-with-the-rouge-metric-a-comprehensive-guide