DATA ANALYST INTERNSHIP

Task 5: Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

Observations for Each Visual

1. Pairplot (Age, Fare, Pclass vs Survived):

- Most survivors were from 1st class.
- Passengers who paid higher fares had better survival chances.
- Children (under 10) were more likely to survive.

2. Heatmap (Correlation Matrix):

- Fare and Pclass are negatively correlated.
- Survived is positively correlated with Fare, and negatively with Pclass.
- · Weak correlation between Age and Survived.

3. Histogram (Age Distribution):

- Majority of passengers were between 20 and 40 years.
- Very few passengers were aged under 10 or over 60.

4. Histogram (Fare Distribution):

- Distribution is right-skewed (long tail).
- Most fares are under \$100, with a few high outliers above \$500.

5. Boxplot (Age vs Survived):

- Survivors tend to be **slightly younger** on average.
- Wider age range observed among survivors.

6. Countplot (Pclass vs Survived):

- 3rd class passengers had the lowest survival rate.
- 1st class passengers had the highest survival rate.
- Pclass is a strong predictor of survival.

Summary of Findings

- Survival rates were higher for females, younger individuals, and 1st class passengers.
- **Fare amount** is an indicator of survival—higher-paying passengers had better chances.
- Passenger class (Pclass) is a major factor in determining survival likelihood.
- Children had better survival odds, indicating some **rescue prioritization**.
- Strong evidence of **social/economic bias** in survival patterns.