# Sri Lanka Institute of Information Technology



# **Bug Bounty Report 03**

WS Assignment
IE2062 – Web Security

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## **Vulnerability Title**

SQL Injection (SQLi) on <a href="https://www.zooplus.de">https://www.zooplus.de</a>

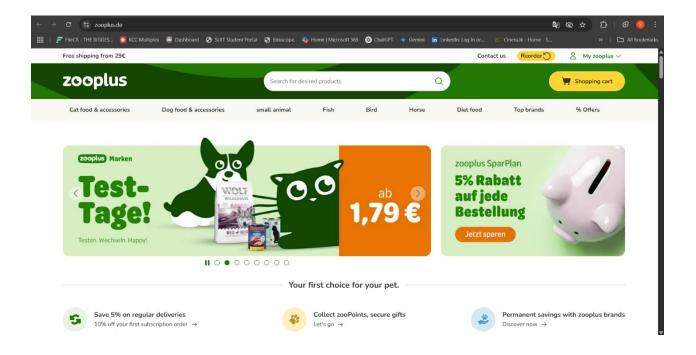
#### **Vulnerability Description**

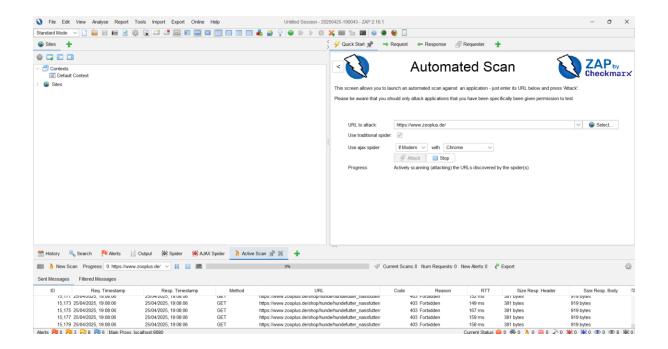
SQL Injection (SQLi) is a serious security vulnerability that allows attackers to manipulate database queries executed by an application. Exploitation of SQLi successfully can lead to unauthorized access of data, data tampering, or full system takeover.

As far as https://www.zooplus.de/ is concerned, although no severe vulnerability was detected through an automated scan with OWASP ZAP, manual testing was done to guarantee potential SQL Injection. Various payloads of SQLi were injected in input fields and also in URL parameters.

However, all the attempts were returned with HTTP 403 Forbidden responses, indicating that the server successfully filtered out the unauthorized requests.

This means that input validation, WAF controls, or access controls are being enforced properly in an attempt to thwart SQL Injection attacks.





## Other scans

#### **Firewall Detection.**

Before the automated scan with OWASP ZAP (2.16.0), Identify the Firewall by using Wafw00f Tool.



### **Open Ports Detection**

Done the nmap scan for detect open ports.



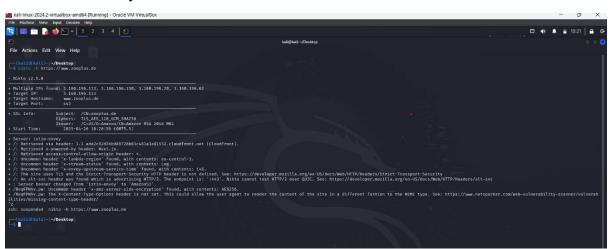
### Detect and exploit SQL injection flaws

Done the sqlmap scan for detect the sql injection flaws.



## **Scanning for common Issues**

These scans done by with Nikto.



There is no vulnerabilities found on these scans. So I manually test the SQL Injection Attack using Burp Suit Community Edition.

#### **Affected Components**

Domain: <u>www.zooplus.de</u>Parameter: Search Field

• Attack Vector: Input field manipulation (user-controlled input)

Risk Level: CriticalConfidence: High

• Method: Manual Testing

#### **Impact Assessment**

Since no SQL injection vulnerability was discovered, there is nothing negative by which to measure. Nonetheless, let's imagine what the theoretical effect would be if there had been a vulnerability, in addition to the positive effect of the existing security doing its job.

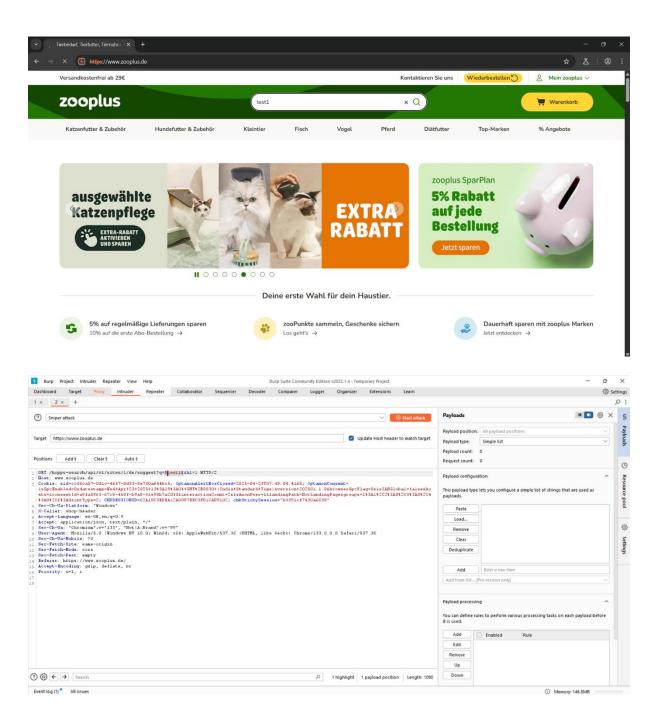
Theoretical Impact if Vulnerable: If www.zooplus.de were susceptible to SQL injection, the impact would be extreme. An attacker could:

- **Unauthorized Access:** Exfiltration of user data (passwords, addresses, emails).
- **Data Manipulation:** Modifying or deleting database entries.
- Authentication Bypass: Accessing accounts without credentials.
- **Server Compromise**: Potentially remote code execution depending on database configuration.
- **Reputation Damage:** Customer trust in Zooplus' privacy and security practices would be completely lost.
- Compliance Violations: GDPR or other regulations breaches due to unauthorized disclosure of user PII.

## **Steps to Reproduce**

- 1. Perform an Automated Scan with OWASP ZAP
  - Target: <a href="https://www.zooplus.de">https://www.zooplus.de</a>
  - Result: No vulnerabilities detected.
- 2. Set Up Burp Suite for Manual Testing.
  - Configure Burp Suite to intercept requests to <a href="https://www.zooplus.de">https://www.zooplus.de</a>.
  - Identify a form or input field (e.g., login or search form) to test for SQL injection.

- 3. Use Burp Suite Intruder to Inject Payloads.
  - Capture a request to the target form in Burp Suite.
  - Send the request to the Intruder tool and select the parameter to test.

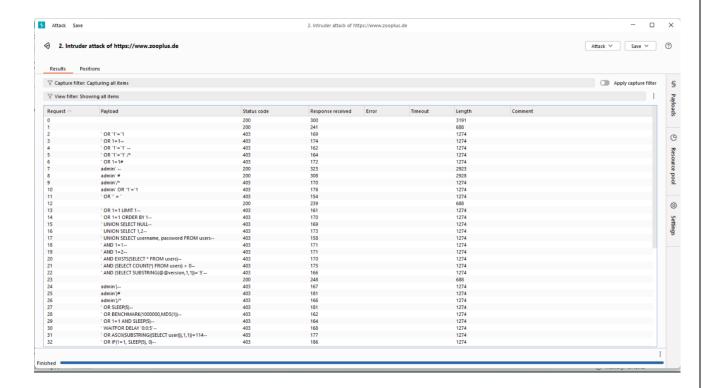


- 4. Payload Configuration.
  - Use 50 SQL Injection Payloads in the "Payloads" tab.

#### 5. Attack Results.

• Most invalid payloads returned HTTP 403 Forbidden.

#### **Proof of Concept Screenshot**



### **Proposed Mitigation or Fix**

Although no SQL injection vulnerabilities were found, the following preventative measures are recommended to remain protected against future SQL injection attacks and maintain the security posture strong:

- Implement Input Validation and Sanitization.
- Use a Web Application Firewall (WAF).
- Apply Least Privilege Principle
- Monitor and Log Suspicious Activity.
- Regular Security Audits.

#### Conclusion.

No SQL injection vulnerabilities were found by testing on www.zooplus.de, indicating that the application likely employs good security practices such as prepared statements, input validation, or a WAF. Automated scanning with OWASP ZAP and manual testing with Burp Suite both confirmed there were no exploitable weaknesses. The fact that the site is ecommerce in nature underscores the importance of maintaining strong defenses against SQL injection and other web attacks. This report provides preventive recommendations to further strengthen the security posture of the application. Continuous monitoring, secure coding, and regular audits are necessary to make the platform secure from future attacks.