Assessment Report

on

"Predict Heart Disease"

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BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY DEGREE

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in

Computer Science Engineering - Artificial Intelligence (CSE-AI)

By

SUHAWANI SHUKLA (20240110300254, CSE-AI D)

Under the supervision of

"MR.ABHISHEK SHUKLA"

KIET Group of Institutions, Ghaziabad

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Introduction

Heart disease is a leading cause of death worldwide, and early detection is key to improving patient outcomes. Traditional diagnostic methods can be time-consuming and costly, but machine learning provides an effective alternative. This project leverages machine learning to predict the likelihood of heart disease based on various health factors, such as age, cholesterol levels, and maximum heart rate. By training a logistic regression model on a dataset containing these features, the goal is to build a system that can predict whether a patient is at risk of heart disease.

METHODOLOGY

1.Data Collection:

The **Heart Disease UCI dataset** is used, containing medical features and a target variable indicating heart disease.

2. Data Preprocessing:

- Label Encoding for categorical variables (e.g., gender).
- Feature Scaling using StandardScaler to normalize numerical data.
- Model Selection:

Logistic Regression is used for binary classification.

Model Training and Evaluation:

The model is trained on the training data, and performance is evaluated using metrics like

accuracy, precision, and recall.

Prediction:

The model predicts heart disease for new patients, providing a classification and probability.

CODE

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from google.colab import files
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, LabelEncoder
import sys
# Step 1: Upload CSV File (Colab or Jupyter)
def upload csv():
  print(" Please upload your heart disease CSV file...")
  uploaded = files.upload()
  for fn in uploaded.keys():
     print(f"Successfully uploaded {fn}")
    return fn
# Step 2: Load Data and Automatically Extract Columns
def_load and validate data(path):
   df = pd.read csv(path)
  print(f"\nV Loaded data with columns: {df.columns.tolist()}")
 # Checking if the target column exists
 if "target" not in df.columns:
  print("X Missing 'target' column in CSV. Exiting.")
      sys.exit()
```

```
# Encode categorical columns (e.g., "sex") using LabelEncoder
  if 'sex' in df.columns:
      le = LabelEncoder()
      df['sex'] = le.fit transform(df['sex']) # Male -> 0, Female -> 1
 # Automatically use all columns except "target" as features
 X = df.drop("target", axis=1)
 y = df["target"]
<u>return</u> df, X, y
# Step 3: Train the Model
def train model(X, y):
  scaler = StandardScaler()
  X scaled = scaler.fit transform(X)
 model = LogisticRegression()
  model.fit(X scaled, y)
 return model, scaler
# Step 4: Get Patient Data from User (Including Gender as 0 or 1)
def get patient data(columns):
print("\n$\sqrt{\text{Enter patient details below:"}}
  values = []
 for col in columns:
  while True:
  try:
        # Special handling for 'sex' (gender)
          if col == 'sex':
                 gender = input(f"Gender (0 for Male, 1 for Female) for
{col}: ")
                 values.append(int(gender))
             else:
                  val = float(input(f"{col}: "))
                 values.append(val)
            break
          except ValueError:
             print("Invalid input. Please enter a numeric value.")
  return np.array(values).reshape(1, -1)
# Step 5: Predict and Display Result
```

```
def predict heart disease(model, scaler, patient data):
   scaled = scaler.transform(patient data)
  prediction = model.predict(scaled)[0]
  probability = model.predict proba(scaled)[0][prediction]
  print("\n Prediction Result:")
   if prediction == 1:
       print(f" Patient is likely to have heart disease. (Confidence:
{probability:.2%})")
   else:
      print(f" Patient is unlikely to have heart disease. (Confidence:
{probability:.2%})")
# ---- Main Flow ----
if name == " main ":
   # Step 1: Upload CSV file
  file path = upload csv()
  # Step 2: Load and validate the data from the uploaded CSV
   df, X, y = load and validate data(file path)
  # Step 3: Train the Logistic Regression model
   model, scaler = train model(X, y)
  # Step 4: Get new patient data from user input
  patient input = get patient data(X.columns)
 # Step 5: Predict and display the result
  predict heart disease(model, scaler, patient input)
```

Output/Result

Loaded data with columns: ['age', 'sex', 'cp', 'trestbps', 'chol', 'fbs', 'restecg', 'thalach', 'exang', 'oldpeak', 'slope', 'ca', 'thal', 'target']

S Enter patient details below:

```
age: 45
Gender (0 for Male, 1 for Female) for sex: 1
cp: 76
trestbps: 87
chol: 56
fbs: 476
restecg: 687
thalach: 456
exang: 67
oldpeak: 87
slope: 468
ca: 45
thal: 636

Prediction Result:
Patient is likely to have heart disease. (Confidence: 100.00%)
```

References/Credits

Dataset:

• Heart Disease UCI dataset: UCI Repository

Libraries & Algorithms:

- Logistic Regression: Scikit-learn
- Pandas: Pandas Documentation
- Scikit-learn: Scikit-learn Docs
- Tkinter: Tkinter Documentation