Software Engineering IT-314

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Use Case: Process Sale

Actor: Cashier

• Preconditions

- 1. The cashier has already logged into the point-of-sale (POS) system.
- 2. The POS system is successfully connected to both the catalog and inventory systems.

Postconditions

- 1. The sale transaction is recorded in the system.
- 2. Inventory is updated to reflect the sale.
- 3. A receipt is printed for the customer.

• Main Flow

- 1. The customer approaches the point-of-sale (POS) counter with items they want to buy.
- 2. The cashier scans the items using a barcode scanner.
- 3. The POS system pulls the item's details (such as name and price) from the product catalog and shows them on the display.
- 4. The system totals the prices of all scanned items.
- 5. If there are any applicable promotions, discounts, or gift coupons, the system applies them.
- 6. The cashier asks the customer to choose their payment method (cash, credit card, or another option).
- 7. The cashier processes the payment using the POS system.
- 8. For card payments, the system connects to the payment gateway to verify the transaction.
- 9. Once the payment is confirmed, the system reduces the inventory count based on the purchased items.
- 10. The POS system prints a receipt, which is given to the customer.
- 11. The system may also generate promotional gift coupons for future use.
- 12. The transaction is finalized, and the cashier hands the purchased items to the customer.

• Alternative Flows

- 1. If an item is not found, the cashier is notified and can manually enter the item or skip it.
- 2. If the payment fails, the system prompts the cashier to retry or choose another payment method.

Use Case: Processing a Return

Actor: Cashier

• Preconditions

- 1. The cashier is already logged into the POS system.
- 2. The customer possesses a valid receipt for the items they wish to return.

Postconditions

- 1. The return is recorded in the system.
- 2. Inventory is updated to reflect the returned item(s).
- 3. The refund has been successfully processed.
- 4. A return receipt is printed and given to the customer.

Main Flow

- 1. The cashier initiates a return transaction in the POS system.
- 2. The cashier scans the barcode of the returned item.
- 3. The system retrieves the original sale details from the transaction history.
- 4. The cashier verifies the return eligibility (e.g., within return period).

- 5. The system processes the return and updates inventory.
- 6. If applicable, the cashier issues a refund to the customer.
- 7. A return receipt is printed for the customer. 8. The transaction is completed, and the system logs the return.

Identify Entity/Boundary/Control Objects

Entity Objects:

- Item
- Inventory
- Catalog
- Payment
- Receipt
- Coupon
- User (Cashier/Administrator)
- Return

Boundary Objects:

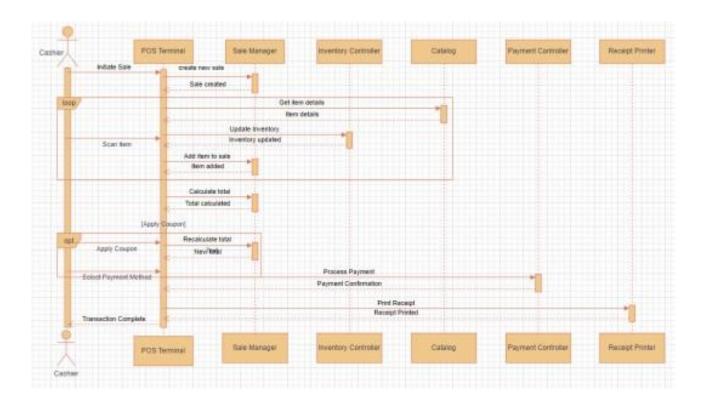
- POS Terminal Interface
- Scanner Interface
- Payment Processing Interface
- Receipt Printer Interface

Control Objects:

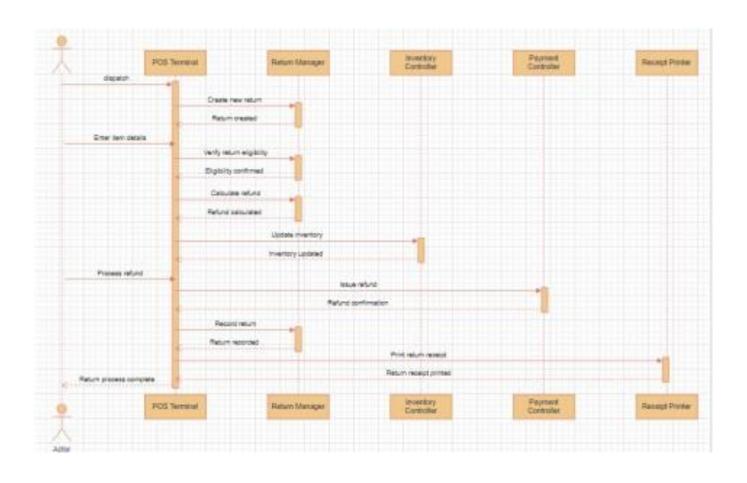
- Sale Manager
- Inventory Manager
- Catalog Manager
- Payment Manager
- User Authentication Manager
- Return Manager

Sequence Diagram

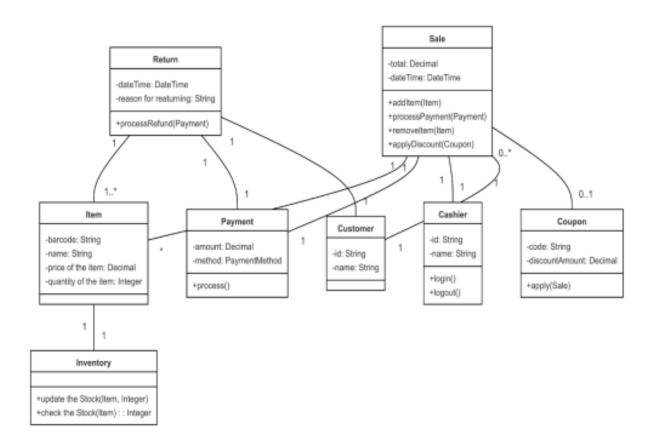
Process Sale Sequence Diagram



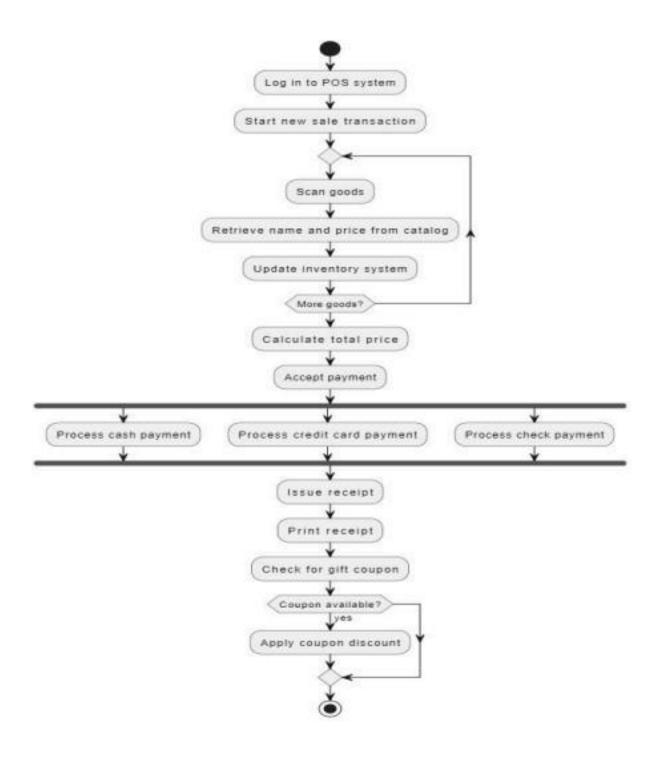
Handle Return Sequence Diagram



Analysis Domain Model



Process Sale Activity Diagram



Handle Return Activity Diagram

