	Techniques to Calculate Time Complexity	
	Once we are able to write the runtime of size of the input (n), we can the time complexity.	in terms
	For example $T(n) = n^2 \Rightarrow O(n^2)$ $T(n) = \log n \Rightarrow O(\log n)$	
	Some tricks to calculate complexity  Drop the constants - Any thing you might to  O(3n) is O(n)	hink 15
27	The pop the non dominant terms - Anything you as O (n2+2) written as	ou represent.  1) can be
3,	, Consider all variables which are provided as input -	() (m.n.) 2 ng) might
		for some
	In most of the cases, we try to represent.  in terms of the input which can be more  one in number. For example:	the Suntine than
	Painting a park of dimension mxn => (	) (m, n)

## Time Complexity – Competitive Practice Sheet

1. Fine the time complexity of the func1 function in the program show in program1.c as follows:

```
#include <stdio.h>

void func1(int array[], int length)
{
    int sum = 0;
    int product = 1;
    for (int i = 0; i < length; i++)
    {
        sum += array[i];
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < length; i++)
    {
            product *= array[i];
    }
}

int main()
{
    int arr[] = {3, 5, 66};
    func1(arr, 3);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

2. Fine the time complexity of the func function in the program from program2.c as follows:

```
void func(int n)
{
    int sum = 0;
    int product = 1;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
        {
            printf("%d , %d\n", i, j);
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

3. Consider the recursive algorithm above, where the random(int n) spends one unit of time to return a random integer which is evenly distributed within the range [0,n][0,n]. If the average processing time is T(n), what is the value of T(6)?

```
int function(int n)
{
    int i;

    if (n <= 0)
    {
        return 0;
    }
    else
    {
        i = random(n - 1);
        printf("this\n");
        return function(i) + function(n - 1 - i);
    }
}</pre>
```

- 4. Which of the following are equivalent to O(N)? Why?
  - a) O(N + P), where P < N/9
  - b) 0(9N-k)
  - c) O(N + 8log N)
  - d)  $O(N + M^2)$
- 5. The following simple code sums the values of all the nodes in a balanced binary search tree. What is its runtime?

```
int sum(Node node)
{
   if (node == NULL)
   {
      return 0;
   }
   return sum(node.left) + node.value + sum(node.right);
}
```

6. Find the complexity of the following code which tests whether a give number is prime or not?

```
int isPrime(int n){
    if (n == 1){
        return 0;
    }

for (int i = 2; i * i < n; i++) {
        if (n % i == 0)
            return 0;
    }
</pre>
```

```
return 1;
}
```

7. What is the time complexity of the following snippet of code?

```
int isPrime(int n){
    for (int i = 2; i * i < 10000; i++) {
        if (n % i == 0)
            return 0;
    }
    return 1;
}
isPrime();</pre>
```