

## README

### Solution 4: Ansible

#### 1. Directory structure:

```

├── bridge_creation.yml
├── script
│   ├── arangar2myfile
│   ├── log.yml
│   └── script.py
└── vm_creation.yml

```

- a. Main playbooks:
  - i. vm\_creation.yml
  - ii. bridge\_creation.yml
- b. Inventory:
  - i. arangar2myfile

#### 2. Execution:

- a. **ansible-playbook vm\_creation.yml -vvv -i <inventory\_filename>**
- b. **ansible-playbook bridge\_creation.yml -vvv -K -i <inventory\_filename>**  
 (-K option will ask for password as privilege escalation is enabled for ovs-vsctl task)

NOTE:

- Fails if bridge already created, idempotency check could be added.
- Template file location is with respect to host machine setup.

- c. **ansible-playbook log.yml -vvv -K -i <inventory\_filename>**

NOTE:

- Inventory contains ssh details with respect to the host machine only.

### Solution 5: Python Libvirt API

We are submitting 3 scripts:

#### 1. info.py

- a. Execution:
  - i. python info.py
- b. Displays the Host and Guest VMs information

#### 2. usage.py

- a. Execution:
  - i. python usage.py CPU
  - ii. python usage.py MEM
- b. Sorts the VMs according to either CPU or MEM
- c. Further, if CPU is given as the argument:
  - i. Asks for a threshold value and writes alert messages for VMs having CPU usage higher than that.
  - ii. Creates / Appends to alert.txt in the same folder
  - iii. Format: (Vm name, time stamp, CPU usage)

## d. NOTE:

- i. it only takes one argument (CPU/MEM)
- ii. If no arguments are given, throws an exception and asks to give either of the arguments

**3. bonus.py**

## a. Execution:

- i. python bonus.py CPU
- ii. python bonus.py MEM

## b. Sorts the VMs according to the moving averages of either CPU or MEM

## c. Assumptions:

- i. We ask for the following from user (int):
  - 1. Polling interval
  - 2. Window size
  - 3. Total time
- ii. The script computes the CPU/MEM usage at every polling interval until the total time which results in a list of usages for the respective VMs.
- iii. Further, we compute the moving averages with the given values of the window size.
- iv. At this point, we have moving averages of the usage for each VM in the following format:

'ssujalVM1':[22.257417715065312,22.25741674710963,22.257415779153945,22.2574147955]

'ssujalVM2':[34.9457963944386,34.945795572627226,34.9457945140138,34.9457934554003]

- v. Finally, we print out the sorting order for every polling interval according to its respective value of the VM