

Software Engineering & Project Management Lab Experiment No: - 04

Aim: To understand Continuous Integration and configure Jenkins.

Aim: To understand Continuous Integration, install, and configure Jenkins with Maven/Ant/Gradle to set up a build job.

Theory:

Continuous Integration (CI):

Continuous Integration is a software development practice where code changes are automatically built, tested, and integrated into a shared repository on a frequent basis. The primary goal of CI is to detect and address integration issues early in the development process, ensuring that the codebase remains stable and reliable. This approach allows teams to deliver high-quality software more efficiently and with greater confidence.

Key Concepts of Continuous Integration:

- **Version Control System (VCS):**

CI relies on a VCS (e.g., Git, SVN) to manage and track changes in the codebase. Developers commit their changes to the repository, triggering the CI process.

- **Automated Build:**

CI systems automate the process of compiling source code into executable artifacts. This ensures consistency and eliminates manual errors in the build process.

- **Automated Testing:**

CI includes automated testing to validate that code changes do not introduce new bugs or break existing functionality. Common types of tests include unit tests, integration tests, and acceptance tests.

- **Build Server:**

A CI server, like Jenkins, is responsible for orchestrating the CI process. It monitors the VCS for changes, triggers builds, runs tests, and provides feedback to developers.

Installing and Configuring Jenkins with Maven/Ant/Gradle:

1. **Install Jenkins:**

Download and install Jenkins from the official website.
Start the Jenkins service.

2. **Configure Jenkins:**

Open Jenkins in a web browser and follow the initial setup wizard.
Install necessary plugins, including the ones for Maven, Ant, or Gradle integration.

3. **Create a Jenkins Job:**

Click on "New Item" to create a new job.
Choose the type of project (e.g., Freestyle project or Pipeline).
Configure the job settings, such as source code repository, build triggers, and post-build actions.

4. **Configure Build Tool:**

If using Maven, specify the path to the Maven executable and configure Maven goals (e.g., clean install).
For Ant or Gradle, configure the respective build tool settings.

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5. Save and Build:

Save the job configuration and manually trigger the build to test the setup.

Observe the build console output for any errors or issues.

Continuous Integration Benefits:

❖ Early Detection of Bugs:

CI ensures that code changes are continuously tested, allowing for the early detection and resolution of bugs.

❖ Consistent Builds:

Automated builds eliminate variations caused by manual processes, ensuring that each build is consistent and reproducible.

❖ Integration Testing:

CI helps in integrating code changes frequently, reducing the likelihood of integration issues that arise when merging changes from multiple developers.

❖ Rapid Feedback:

Developers receive rapid feedback on the quality of their code through automated tests and build reports, enabling them to address issues promptly.

❖ Improved Collaboration:

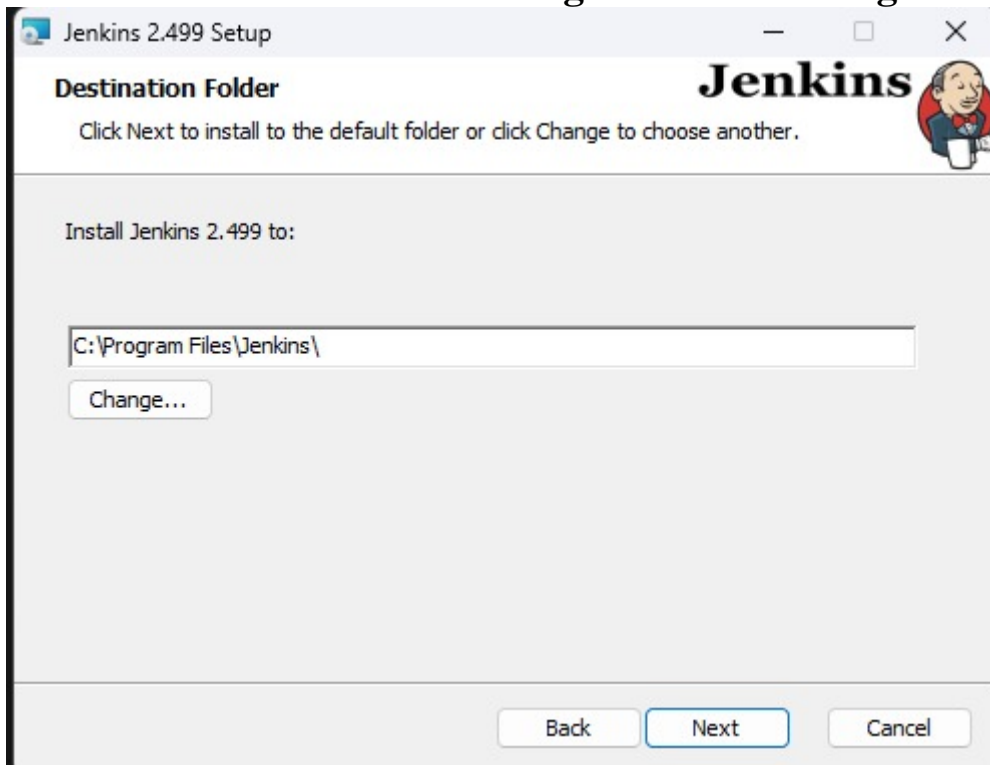
CI promotes collaboration by providing a central platform where developers can share and integrate their work regularly.

Implementation:



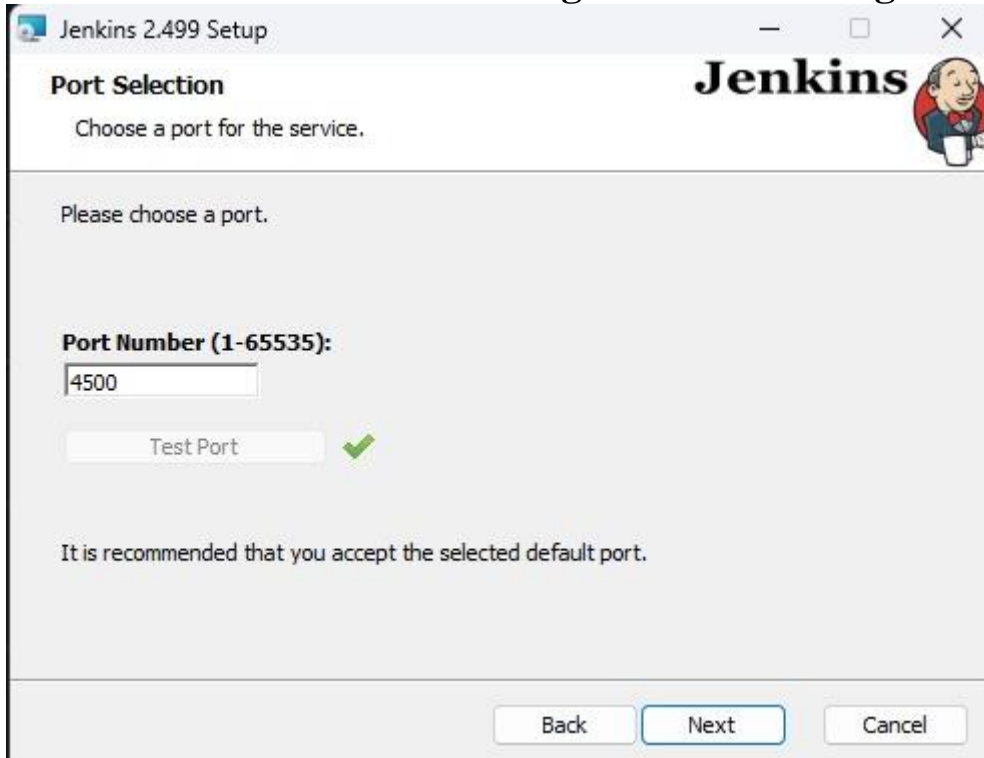
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The screenshot shows the 'Port Selection' window of the Jenkins 2.499 Setup. The window has a title bar 'Jenkins 2.499 Setup' and a Jenkins logo. The main text says 'Choose a port for the service.' and 'Please choose a port.' Below this, there is a label 'Port Number (1-65535):' followed by a text input field containing '4500'. A 'Test Port' button is next to the input field, with a green checkmark to its right. At the bottom, there is a message: 'It is recommended that you accept the selected default port.' and three buttons: 'Back', 'Next', and 'Cancel'.

Jenkins 2.499 Setup

Port Selection

Choose a port for the service.

Please choose a port.

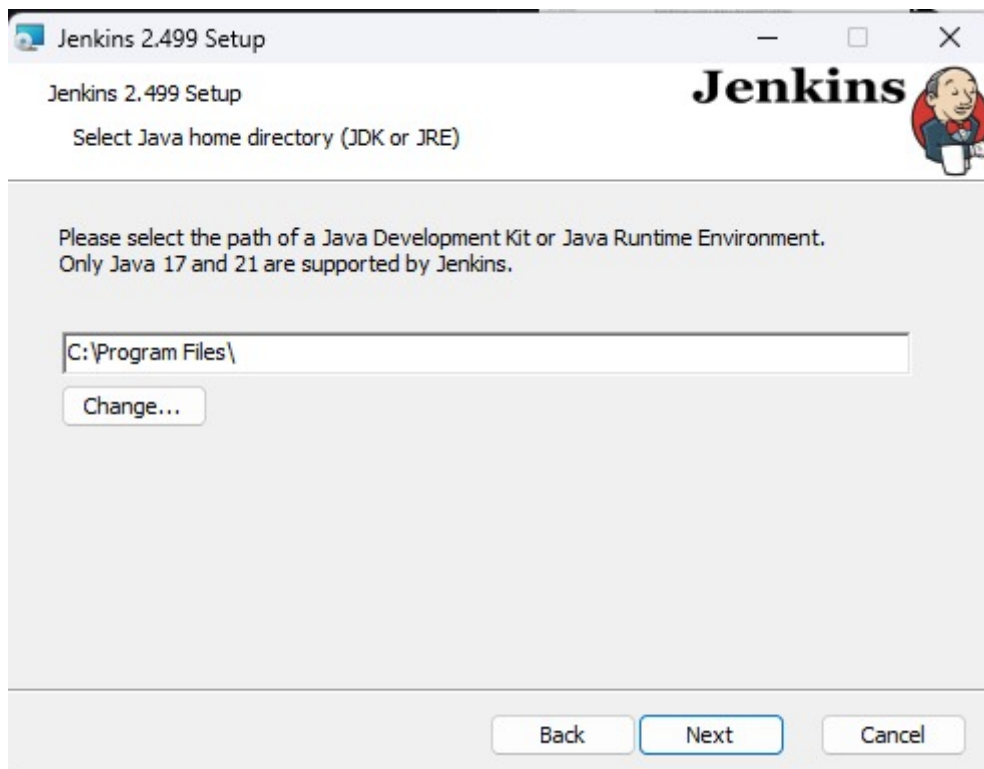
Port Number (1-65535):

4500

Test Port ✓

It is recommended that you accept the selected default port.

Back Next Cancel



The screenshot shows the 'Select Java home directory (JDK or JRE)' window of the Jenkins 2.499 Setup. The window has a title bar 'Jenkins 2.499 Setup' and a Jenkins logo. The main text says 'Select Java home directory (JDK or JRE)' and 'Please select the path of a Java Development Kit or Java Runtime Environment. Only Java 17 and 21 are supported by Jenkins.' Below this, there is a text input field containing 'C:\Program Files\'. A 'Change...' button is next to the input field. At the bottom, there are three buttons: 'Back', 'Next', and 'Cancel'.

Jenkins 2.499 Setup

Select Java home directory (JDK or JRE)

Please select the path of a Java Development Kit or Java Runtime Environment.
Only Java 17 and 21 are supported by Jenkins.

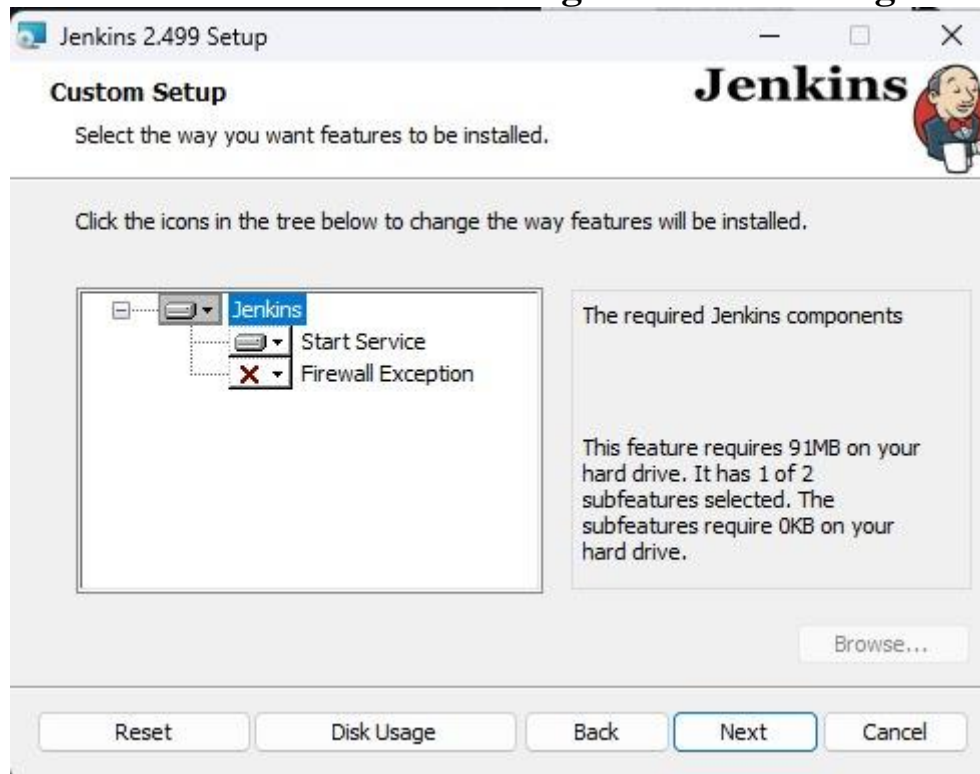
C:\Program Files\

Change...

Back Next Cancel

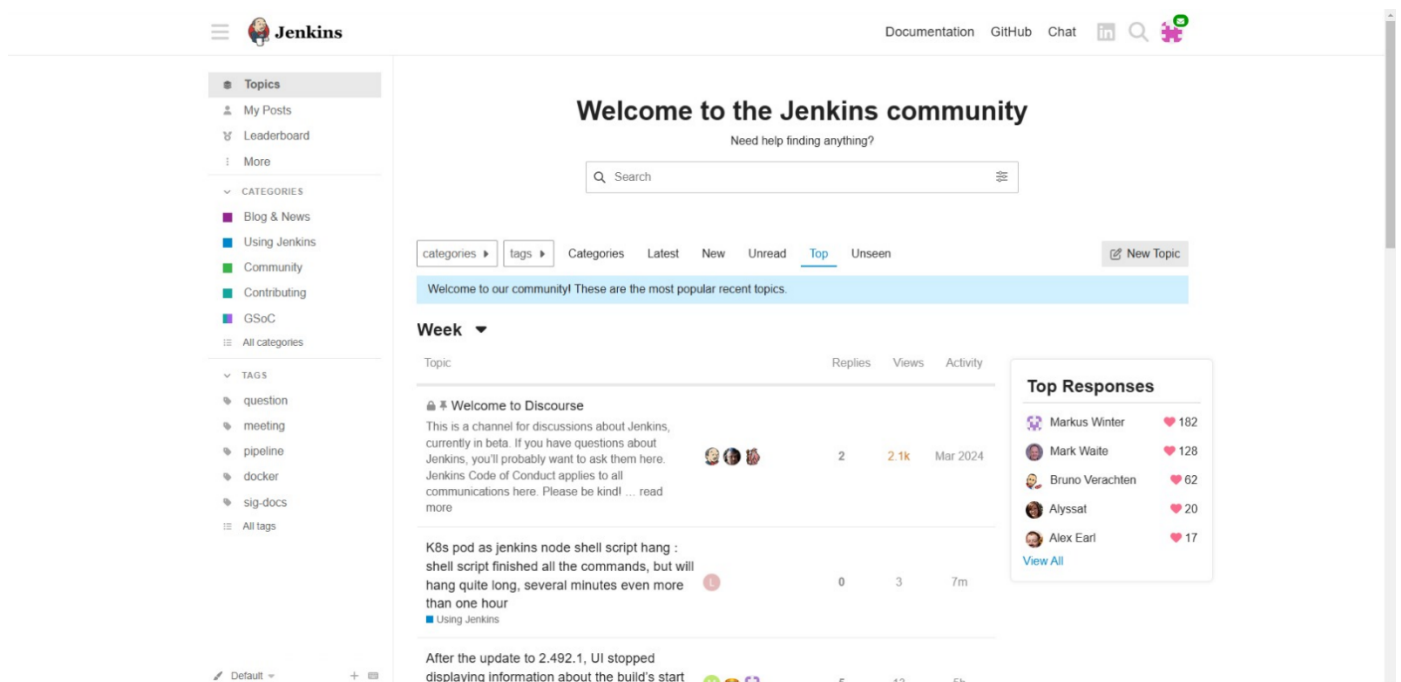
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Getting Started

Getting Started

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Folders	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OWASP Markup Formatter	<input type="checkbox"/> Build Timeout	<input type="checkbox"/> Credentials Binding	** Ionicons API
<input type="checkbox"/> Timestampers	<input type="checkbox"/> Workspace Cleanup	<input type="checkbox"/> Ant	<input type="checkbox"/> Gradle	Folders
<input type="checkbox"/> Pipeline	<input type="checkbox"/> GitHub Branch Source	<input type="checkbox"/> Pipeline: GitHub Groovy Libraries	<input type="checkbox"/> Pipeline: Stage View	OWASP Markup Formatter
<input type="checkbox"/> Git	<input type="checkbox"/> SSH Build Agents	<input type="checkbox"/> Matrix Authorization Strategy	<input type="checkbox"/> PAM Authentication	
<input type="checkbox"/> LDAP	<input type="checkbox"/> Email Extension	<input type="checkbox"/> Mailer		

Jenkins 2.426.3

Dashboard >

+ New Item

People

Build History

Manage Jenkins

My Views

Build Queue

No builds in the queue.

Build Executor Status

1 Idle

2 Idle

Welcome to Jenkins!

This page is where your Jenkins jobs will be displayed. To get started, you can set up distributed builds or start building a software project.

Start building your software project

Create a job +

Set up a distributed build

Set up an agent

Configure a cloud

Learn more about distributed builds

REST API

Jenkins 2.426.3

Conclusion: Thus, we have successfully understood Continuous Integration, installation, and configuration of Jenkins with Maven/Ant/Gradle to set up a build job.

LO Mapping: LO3 is mapped.