



# Instagram User Analytics

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Analysis done on the following points:-

Part (A). Marketing :-

1. Rewarding Most Loyal Users
2. Remind Inactive Users to Start Posting
3. Declaring the contest winners
4. Hashtag Researching
5. Launch AD Campaign

Part (B). Investor Metrics:-

1. User Engagement
2. Bots and Fake Accounts

Software used : MySQL Workbench 8.0 CE



# Marketing

Q1 Rewarding the most Loyal users: People who have been using the platform for the longest time.(Top 5 oldest Instagram users)

To find the most loyal i.e. the top 5 oldest users of Instagram

1. We will use the data from the users table by selecting the username and created\_at columns.
2. Then using the order by function we will order the desired output by sorting with the created\_at column in ascending order.
3. Then using the limit function, the output will be displayed for top 5 oldest Instagram users

```
Program/Query:  
select username, created_at  
from users  
order by created_at ASC  
limit 5;
```

# Result

username	created_at
Darby_Herzog	06-05-2016 00:14
Emilio_Bernier52	06-05-2016 13:04
Elenor88	08-05-2016 01:30
Nicole71	09-05-2016 17:30
Jordyn.Jacobson2	14-05-2016 07:56

# Marketing

Q2 Remind Inactive Users to Start Posting : Remind Inactive users to Start Posting(Users who never posted a single photo on Instagram)

To Find the most inactive users i.e. the users who have never posted a single photo on Instagram

1. We will first select username column from the users table.
2. Then we will left join photos table on the users table, on users.id = photos.user\_id because, both the users.id and photos.user\_id have common contents in them
3. Then we will find rows from the users table where the photos.id IS NULL

```
Program/Query:  
select username, users.id as user_id  
from users  
left join photos  
on users.id = photos.user_id  
where photos.id IS NULL  
order by users.id;
```

# Result

username	user_id
Aniya_Hackett	5
Kasandra_Homenick	7
Jaclyn81	14
Rocio33	21
Maxwell.Halvorson	24
Tierra.Trantow	25
Pearl7	34
Ollie_Ledner37	36
Mckenna17	41
David.Osinski47	45
Morgan.Kassulke	49
Linnea59	53
Duane60	54
Julien_Schmidt	57
Mike.Auer39	66
Franco_Keebler64	68
Nia_Haag	71
Hulda.Macejkovic	74
Leslie67	75
Janelle.Nikolaus81	76
Darby_Herzog	80
Esther.Zulauf61	81
Bartholome.Bernhard	83
Jessyca_West	89
Esmeralda.Mraz57	90
Bethany20	91

So, there are in total 26 users of the 100 users who have never posted a single photo on Instagram

# Marketing

Q3 Declaring Contest Winner : The team started a contest and the user who gets the most likes on a single photo will win the contest now they wish to declare the winner. Identify the winner of the contest and provide their details to the team

To find the most the username, photo\_id, image\_url and total\_number\_of\_likes of that image:

1. First we will select the users.username, photos.id, photos.image\_url and count(\*) as total
2. Then, we will inner join the three tables viz : photos, likes and users, on likes.photo\_id = photos.id and photos.user\_id = users.id
3. Then, by using group by function we will group the output on the basis of photos.id
4. Then, using order by function we will sorting the data on the basis of the total in descending order
5. Then, to find the most liked photo we will using limit function to view only the top liked photo's information

# Result

Program/Query :

```
select users.id as user_id, users.username, photos.id as photo_id,  
photos.image_url, count(*) as total  
from photos  
inner join likes  
on likes.photo_id = photos.id  
inner join users  
on photos.user_id = users.id  
group by photos.id  
order by total DESC  
limit 1;
```

user_id	username	photo_id	image_url	total
52	Zack_Kemmer93	145	<a href="https://jarret.name">https://jarret.name</a>	48

So, the user named Zack\_Kemmer93 with user\_id 52 is the winner of the contest cause his photo with photo\_id 145 has the highest number of likes i.e. 48



# Marketing

Q4 Hashtag Researching : A partner brand wants to know, which hashtags to use in the post to reach the most people on the platform(Top 5 commonly used #Hashtags on Instagram)

To find the top 5 most commonly used hashtags on Instagram

1. We need to select the tag\_name column from the tag table and the count(\*) as total function so as to count the number of tags used individually.
2. Then, we need to join tags table and photo\_tags table, on tags.id = photo\_tags.tag\_id cause they contain the same content in them i.e. tag\_id
3. Then using the group by function we need to group the desired output on the basis of tags.tag\_name
4. Then using the order by function we need to sort the output on the basis of total(total number of tags per tag\_name) in descending order
5. Then, to find the top 5 most used tag names we will use the limit 5 function

# Result

Program/Query :

```
select tags.tag_name, count(*) as  
total_number_of_times_tag_used_individually  
from tags  
join photo_tags  
on tags.id = photo_tags.tag_id  
group by tags.tag_name  
order by total_number_of_times_tag_used_individually DESC  
limit 5
```

tag_name	total_number_of_times_tag_used_individually
smile	59
beach	42
party	39
fun	38
concert	24

# Marketing

Q5 Launch ADCampaign : The team wants to know, which day would be the best day to launch ADs. (What day of the week do most users register on?)

To find the day of week on which most users register on Instagram

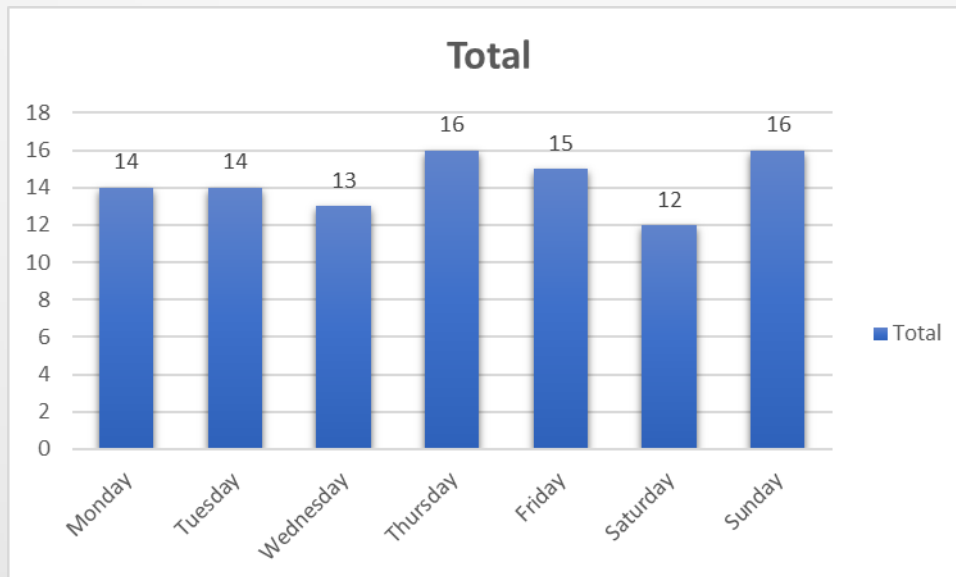
1. First we define the columns of the desired output table using select dayname(created\_at) as day\_of\_week and count(\*) as total\_number\_of\_users\_registered from the users table
2. Then using the group by function we group the output table on the basis of day\_of\_week
3. Then using the order by function we order/sort the output table on the basis of total\_number\_of\_users\_registered in descending order

# Result

## Program/Query :

```
select dayname(created_at) as day_of_week,  
count(*) as total_number_of_users_registered  
from users  
group by day_of_week  
order by total_number_of_users_registered DESC;
```

day_of_week	total_number_of_users_registered
Thursday	16
Sunday	16
Friday	15
Tuesday	14
Monday	14
Wednesday	13
Saturday	12



~ Most of the users registered on Thursday and Sunday i.e. 16 and hence it would prove beneficial to start AD Campaign on these two days

# Investor Metrics

Q1 User Engagement : Are users still as active and post on Instagram or they are making fewer posts.

How many times does average user posts on Instagram?

Also, provide the total number of photos on Instagram/total number of users.

To find the how many times does average posts on Instagram

1. First, we need to find first the count number of photos(posts) that are present in the photos.id column of the photos table i.e.  $\text{count}(\ast)$  from photos
2. Similarly, we need to find the number of users that are present in the users.id column of the users table i.e.  $\text{count}(\ast)$  from users
3. Next, we need to divide both the values i.e.  $\text{count}(\ast)$  from photos/ $\text{count}(\ast)$  from users and hence we would get the total number of photos / total number of users
4. To find how many times the users posts on Instagram we need to find the total occurrences of each user\_id in photos table

# Result

**Program/Query to find (total number of photos/total number of users) :**

```
select  
(select count(*) from photos)/(select count(*) from users)  
as  
total_photos_divide_total_photos;
```

total_photos_divide_total_photos
2.57

So, there are in total 257 rows i.e. 257 photos in the photos table and 100 rows i.e. 100 ids in the users table which makes the desired output to be  $257/100 = 2.57$

# Result

Program/Query to find the times each user posts on Instagram :

```
select user_id,count(*) as user_post_count  
from photos  
group by user_id  
order by user_id;
```

So the user\_id along with  
the number of times  
each user\_id has posted  
is provided

user_id	user_post_count
1	5
2	4
3	4
4	3
6	5
8	4
9	4
10	3
11	5
12	4
13	5
15	4
16	4
17	3
18	1
19	2
20	1
22	1
23	1
26	1
27	1
28	4
29	8
30	2
31	1
32	4
33	5
35	2
37	1
38	2
39	1
40	1
42	3
43	5
44	4
46	4
47	5
48	1
50	3
51	5
52	5
55	1
56	1
58	8
59	1
60	2
61	1
62	2
63	4
64	5
65	5
67	3
69	1
70	1
72	1
73	5
77	1
78	5
79	1
82	2
84	2
85	2
86	9
87	4
88	1
92	3
93	2
94	1
95	2
96	3
97	2
98	1
99	3
100	2

# Investor Metrics

Q2 Bots and Fake Accounts: The investors want to know if the platform is crowded with fake and dummy accounts. Provide data on users (bots) who have liked every single photo on the site (since any normal user would not be able to do this).

To find the bots and fake accounts:

1. First, we select the `user_id` column from the photos table
2. Then we select the `username` column from the users table
3. Then, we select the `count(*)` function to count total number of likes from the likes table
4. Then we inner join users and likes table on the basis of `users.id` and `likes.user_id`, using the `on` function/clause
5. Then by using the `group by` function we group the desired output table on the basis of `likes.user_id`
6. Then, we search for the values from the `count(*)` from photos having equal values with the `total_likes_per_user`



# Investor Metrics

Program/Query :

```
select user_id, username, count(*) as total_likes_per_user
from users
inner join likes
on users.id = likes.user_id
group by likes.user_id
having total_likes_per_user = (select count(*) from photos);
```

user_id	username	total_likes_per_user
5	Aniya_Hackett	257
14	Jaclyn81	257
21	Rocio33	257
24	Maxwell.Halvorson	257
36	Ollie_Ledner37	257
41	Mckenna17	257
54	Duane60	257
57	Julien_Schmidt	257
66	Mike.Auer39	257
71	Nia_Haag	257
75	Leslie67	257
76	Janelle.Nikolaus81	257
91	Bethany20	257

So, the users along with their respective username, user\_id and total\_likes\_per\_user have been provided. This user\_ids may be bots or fake accounts

# Conclusion

