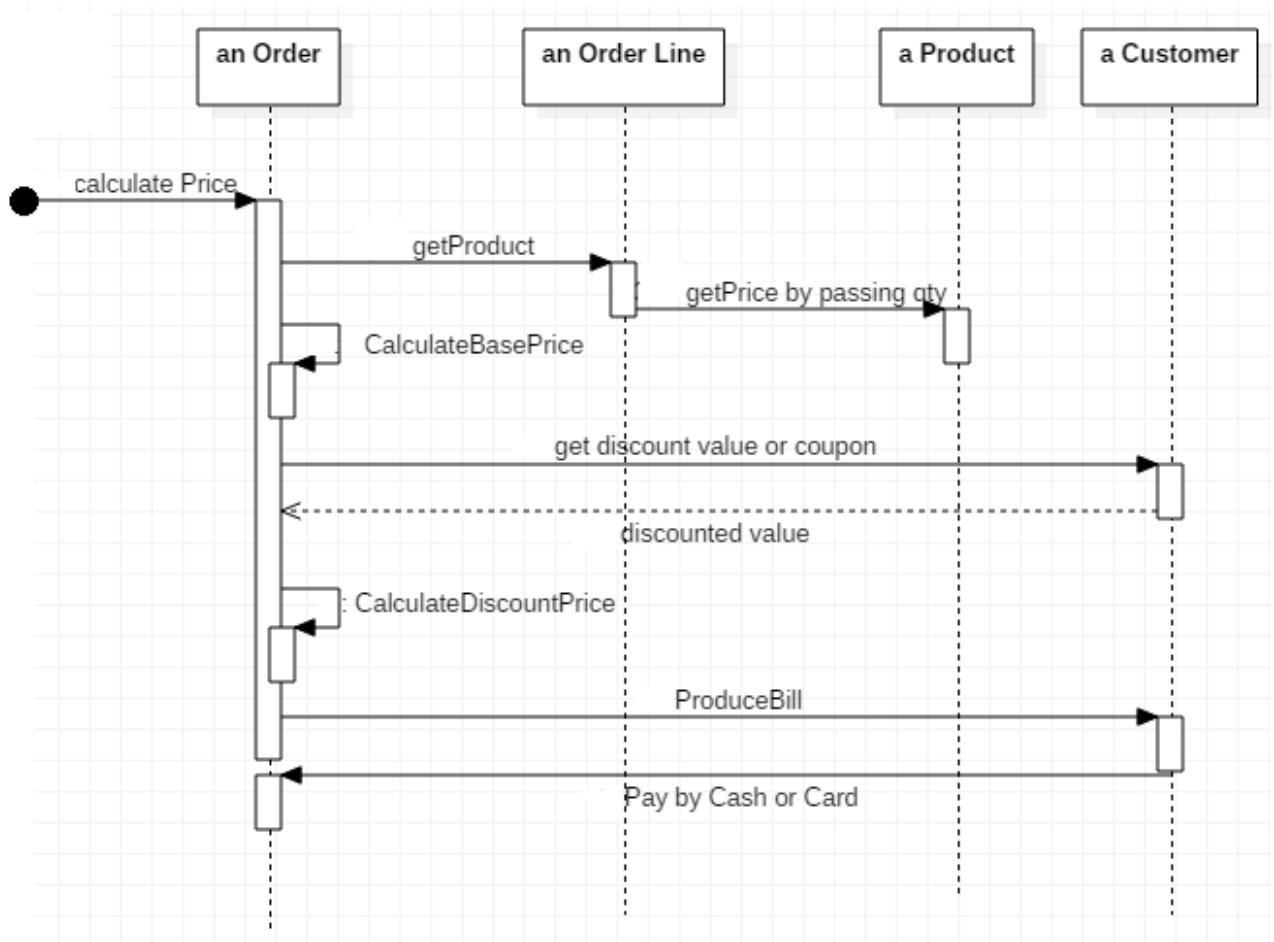


Lab 4 Parts A, B

A. Re-do the sequence diagram with Proper UML syntax.



In your diagram, be sure to include the following:

- ☐ Message numbering
- ☐ An actor who initiates action
- ☐ Proper UML syntax for the objects displayed at the top.
- ☐ Iteration markers where looping occurs

- B. Create a sequence diagram based on the flow that occurs when an actor invokes the `checkoutBook()` method on `CheckoutForm`

```
//FROM CLASS CheckoutForm public
```

```
void checkoutBook()
{
    theCheckoutController.checkoutBook(m_book, m_member);
    displayCheckoutInfo();
    clearCheckoutFields();
}
```

```
//FROM CLASS CheckoutController
```

[illegible]

Lab 4 C

POLYMORPHISM

Payroll Calculation

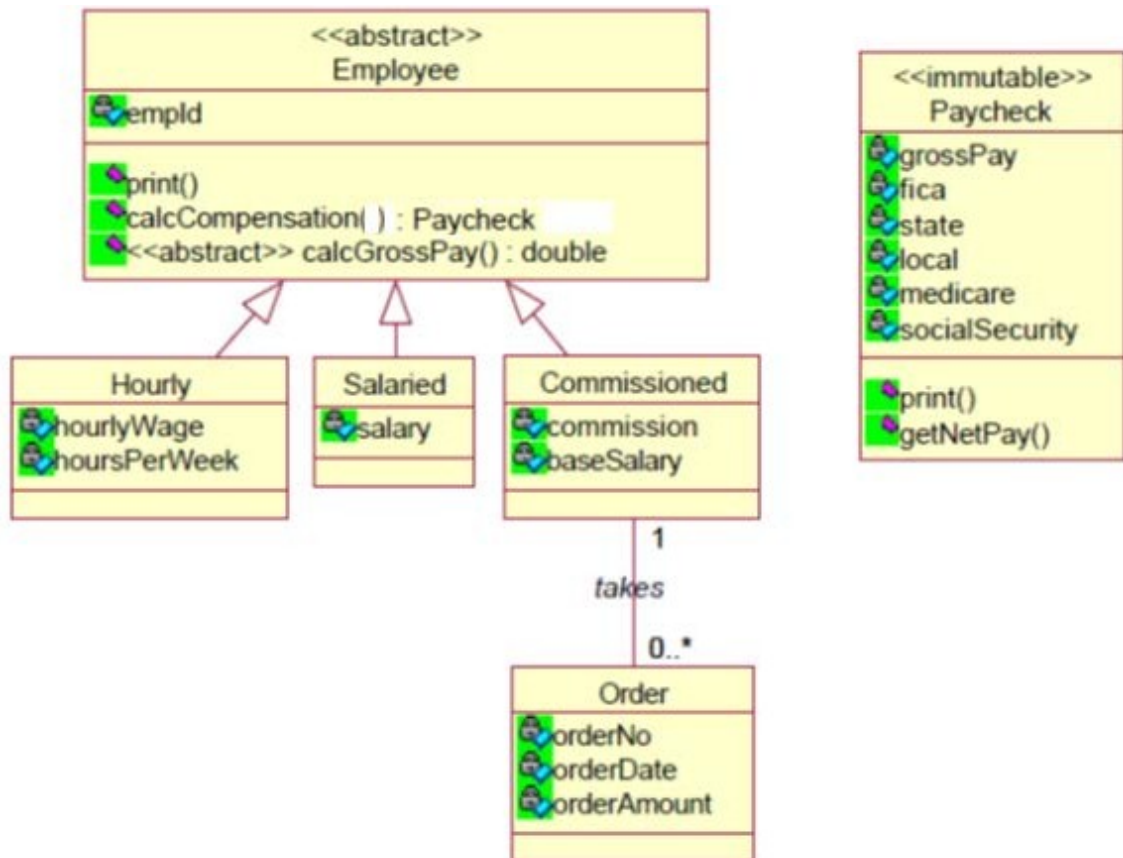
Objectives:

- Practice implementing and using polymorphic methods.
- Understand how the Template Method design pattern works.

Human Resource Application:

The HR department has identified three types of Employees based on how they are paid: Hourly, Salaried, and Commissioned. The paycheck for each type is calculated differently:

- Hourly employees are paid monthly and their paycheck amount is calculated based on their hourly wage and the hours per week they work. For simplicity just assume four weeks for each month.
- Salaried employees are paid monthly and their paycheck amount is a fixed amount every month.
- Commissioned employees are also paid monthly. They receive a small base salary, plus a percentage (commission) on the total value of all orders they sold during the previous month.



Tasks:

1. Add a concrete calcCompensation() method to Employee.
 - a. This method takes the month and year as arguments for which to calculate the compensation.
 - b. For hourly and salaried employees the amount is the same every month.
 - c. For Commissioned employees the amount depends on the orders they sold that month.
2. The Employee.calcCompensation() method delegates to the respective derived class to calculate the gross pay amount by invoking the abstract Employee.calcGrossPay() method which takes month and year as arguments. month and year values pass as an argument through print method or take from the current date.
3. The Employee.calcCompensation() method then calculates the FICA, state & local taxes, medicare and social security contributions based on the gross pay. Assume the following fixed tax percentages:

FICA is 23%
State tax is 5%
Local tax is 1%
Medicare is 3%
Social Security is 7.5%

Important details about the UML class diagram:

- Paycheck class are immutable, i.e. all data needs to be passed to the constructor and no setter methods should be provided.
- Employee is an abstract class!
- Employee.calcCompensation() returns a Paycheckobject!
- In order to calculate the paycheck for a Commissioned employee you need to access all the Order objects that each Commissioned employee is responsible for and add up the order amount of all orders during a given month.

Main.java

```
public class Main {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        List<Order> list = new ArrayList();  
        list.add(new Order("100",LocalDate.of(2019, 9, 1),200));  
        list.add(new Order("100",LocalDate.of(2019, 9, 10),100));  
        Commissioned cm = new Commissioned("123",0.8,500,list);  
        Employee[] emp = { new Salaried("121",4000), new Hourly("122",15.67,20),cm};  
        for(Employee e :emp){  
            e.print(10,2019);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
    }  
    }  
}  
Sample Output
```

Employee Id : 121

Paystub:

Gross Pay: 4000.0

Fica: 0.23

State: 0.05

Local: 0.01

Medicare: 0.03

Social Security: 0.075

NET PAY: 2420.0

Employee Id : 122

Paystub:

Gross Pay: 1253.6

Fica: 0.23

State: 0.05

Local: 0.01

Medicare: 0.03

Social Security: 0.075

NET PAY: 758.4280000000001

Employee Id : 123

Paystub:

Gross Pay: 740.0

Fica: 0.23

State: 0.05

Local: 0.01

Medicare: 0.03

Social Security: 0.075

NET PAY: 447.7

Lab 4, Part D

- D. Create a sequence diagram for the problem described in Lab 4, Part C. Create a distributed control solution. As you distribute control, make sure that the object that handles a step of processing really should be responsible for that behavior, based on the purpose of the class that was determined in the class diagram.

Draw the sequence diagram to calculate the pay check for the Comminsioned Employee.