

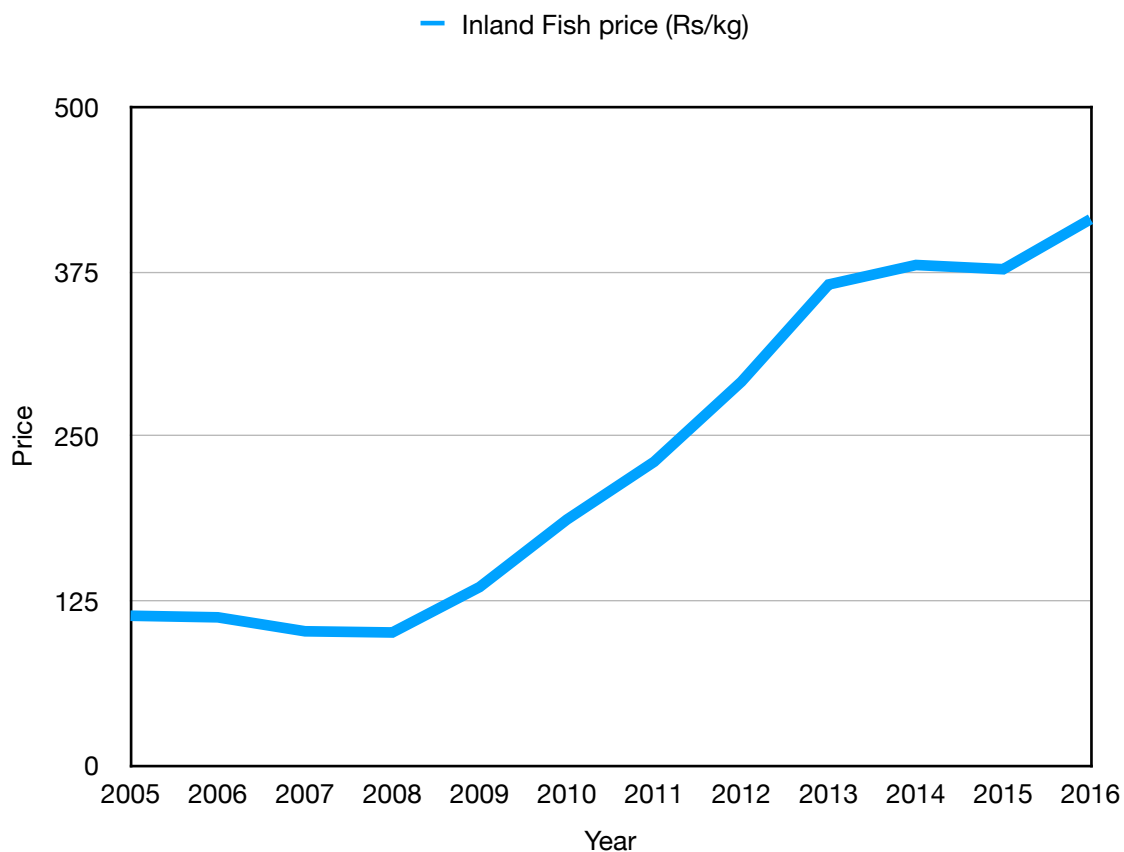
# Time Series Analysis of Fish Prices in India

## Inland Fish Prices

### Dataset Information-

Dataset gives information about prices of inland fish (Rs/kg) from year 2005 till 2016.

### Time Series plot of Inland Fish Prices



## Check for Time Series Stationarity

We will use augmented dickey fuller test to check for stationarity of the given time series.

```
> adf.test(time_series_inland_prices)
```

Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test

```
data: time_series_inland_prices  
Dickey-Fuller = -2.1147, Lag order = 2, p-value = 0.5287  
alternative hypothesis: stationary
```

```
> inland_prices_d1<-diff(time_series_inland_prices,differences = 1)  
> adf.test(inland_prices_d1)
```

Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test

```
data: inland_prices_d1  
Dickey-Fuller = 0.14557, Lag order = 2, p-value = 0.99  
alternative hypothesis: stationary
```

```
> inland_prices_d2<-diff(prices$Inland.Fish.price..Rs.kg.,differences = 2)  
> adf.test(inland_prices_d2)
```

Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test

```
data: inland_prices_d2  
Dickey-Fuller = -5.2718, Lag order = 2, p-value = 0.01  
alternative hypothesis: stationary
```

We can observe that p-value becomes less than 0.05 only after 2nd order differencing so after 2nd order differencing the trend is removed and time series becomes stationary.

# Time Series Models

- **Naive Model**

```
> inland_prices_model1<-naive(time_series_inland_prices)
> inland_prices_f1<-forecast(inland_prices_model1)
> summary(inland_prices_f1)
```

Forecast method: Naive method

Model Information:

Call: naive(y = time\_series\_inland\_prices)

Residual sd: 38.926

Error measures:

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
Training set	27.37	38.92603	30.26091	10.25772	12.65943	1	0.4867295

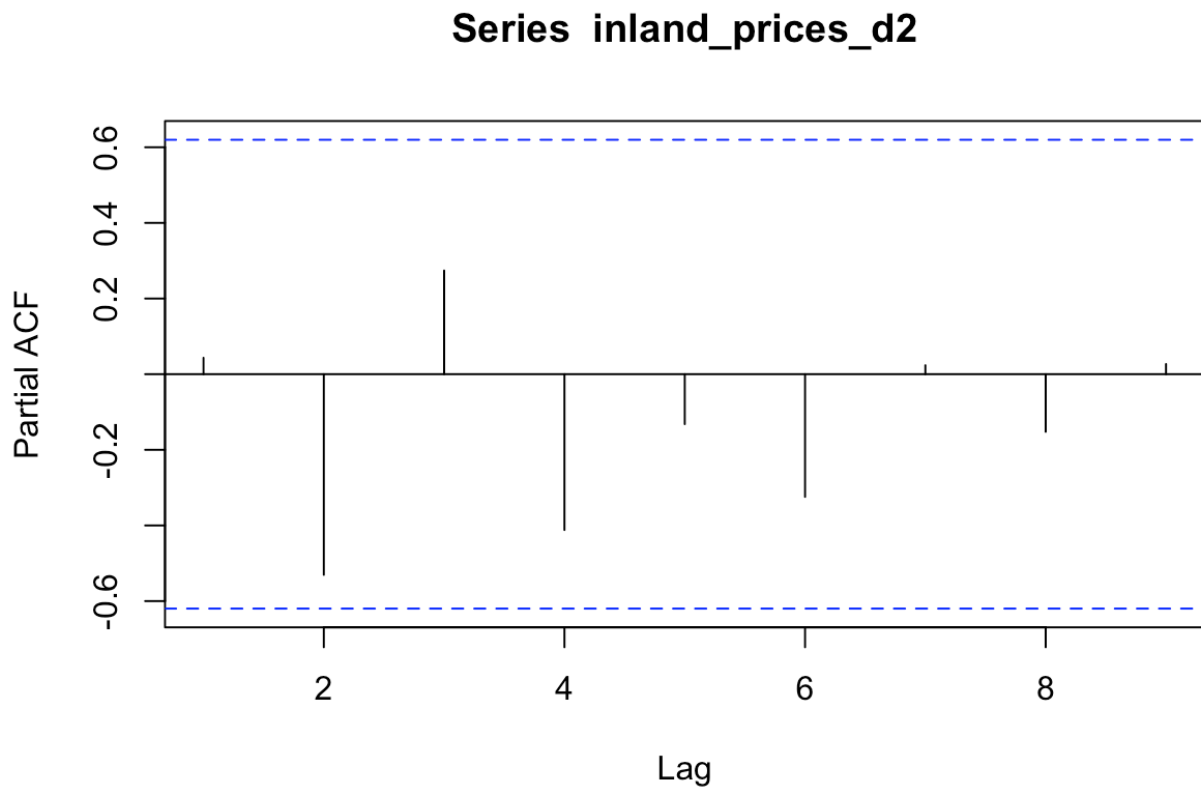
Forecasts:

	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017	414.77	364.8843	464.6557	338.4764	491.0636
2018	414.77	344.2210	485.3190	306.8745	522.6655
2019	414.77	328.3654	501.1746	282.6256	546.9144
2020	414.77	314.9986	514.5414	262.1828	567.3572
2021	414.77	303.2222	526.3178	244.1723	585.3677
2022	414.77	292.5755	536.9645	227.8896	601.6504
2023	414.77	282.7848	546.7552	212.9161	616.6239
2024	414.77	273.6719	555.8681	198.9791	630.5609
2025	414.77	265.1129	564.4271	185.8892	643.6508
2026	414.77	257.0175	572.5225	173.5084	656.0316

- **AR Model**

Pacf plot for finding p value.

```
plot(pacf(inland_prices_d2))
```

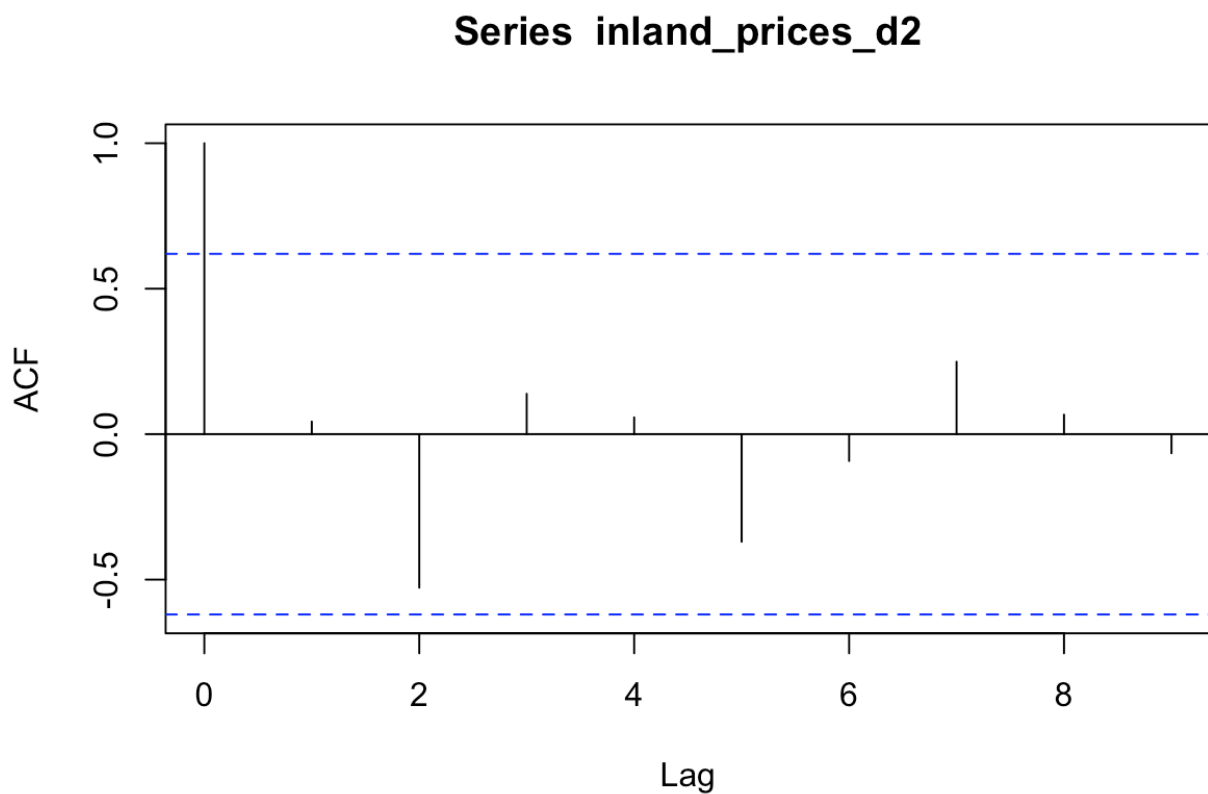


All values lie within the boundaries hence p value is 0 and AR model is suited for use for the given time series.

- **MA Model**

Acf plot for finding q value.

```
plot(acf(inland_prices_d2))
```



Value of q is also 0 hence MA model is also for suited for performing time series analysis on prices of inland fish products.

## • ARIMA Model

Values of p, d, q are 0, 2, 0 respectively.

```
> inland_prices_model2<-arima(time_series_inland_prices,order=c(0,2,0))
> inland_prices_f2<-forecast(inland_prices_model2)
> summary(inland_prices_f2)
```

Forecast method: ARIMA(0,2,0)

Model Information:

Call:

```
arima(x = time_series_inland_prices, order = c(0, 2, 0))
```

sigma<sup>2</sup> estimated as 772.2: log likelihood = -47.44, aic = 96.87

Error measures:

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
Training set	3.255468	25.36795	18.89801	2.597707	8.069666	0.6245023	0.04866344

Forecasts:

	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017	452.74	417.12677	488.3532	398.27427	507.2057
2018	490.71	411.07640	570.3436	368.92092	612.4991
2019	528.68	395.42750	661.9325	324.88788	732.4721
2020	566.65	371.58831	761.7117	268.32889	864.9711
2021	604.62	340.50522	868.7348	200.69130	1008.5487
2022	642.59	302.86144	982.3186	123.02001	1162.1600
2023	680.56	259.17859	1101.9414	36.11274	1325.0073
2024	718.53	209.87134	1227.1887	-59.39629	1496.4563
2025	756.50	155.27949	1357.7205	-162.98742	1675.9874
2026	794.47	95.68798	1493.2520	-274.22488	1863.1649

## • ARIMA Model using Auto Arima Function

auto.arima() function in R returns the best model according to AIC, AICc or BIC value.

```
> m100<-auto.arima(time_series_inland_prices,seasonal = FALSE)
> f100<-forecast(m100)
> summary(f100)
```

Forecast method: ARIMA(0,1,0) with drift

Model Information:

Series: time\_series\_inland\_prices

ARIMA(0,1,0) with drift

Coefficients:

drift

27.3700

s.e. 8.3455

sigma<sup>2</sup> estimated as 842.7: log likelihood=-52.14

AIC=108.27 AICc=109.77 BIC=109.07

Error measures:

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
Training set	0.007194163	26.50049	22.99886	-4.171437	12.84	0.7600188	0.4864455

Forecasts:

	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017	442.14	404.9368	479.3432	385.2426	499.0374
2018	469.51	416.8967	522.1233	389.0449	549.9751
2019	496.88	432.4421	561.3179	398.3308	595.4292
2020	524.25	449.8435	598.6565	410.4551	638.0449
2021	551.62	468.4311	634.8089	424.3935	678.8465
2022	578.99	487.8611	670.1189	439.6203	718.3597
2023	606.36	507.9295	704.7905	455.8236	756.8964
2024	633.73	528.5034	738.9566	472.7998	794.6602
2025	661.10	549.4903	772.7097	490.4077	831.7923
2026	688.47	570.8231	806.1169	508.5445	868.3955

Auto.arima() functions returns ARIMA(0,1,0) model with drift but RMSE value of this model is slightly worse compared to the previous model.

## • Linear Regression Model

```
> inland_prices_model4<-lm(prices$Inland.Fish.price..Rs.kg.~prices$Year)
> summary(inland_prices_model4)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = prices$Inland.Fish.price..Rs.kg. ~ prices$Year)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-50.395	-22.825	-3.943	27.980	61.638

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	-66335.662	6389.069	-10.38	1.13e-06 ***
prices\$Year	33.111	3.178	10.42	1.09e-06 ***

---

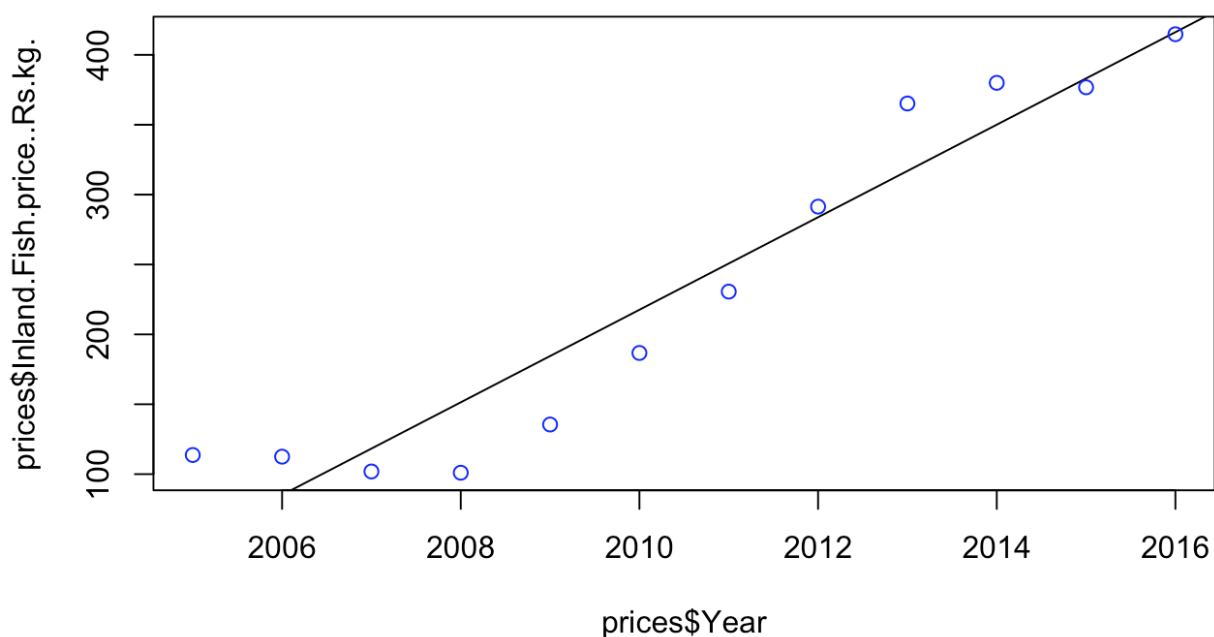
Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 38 on 10 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.9157, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9072

F-statistic: 108.6 on 1 and 10 DF, p-value: 1.089e-06

```
> plot(prices$Year,prices$Inland.Fish.price..Rs.kg.,col="blue",abline(lm(prices$Inland.Fish.price..Rs.kg.~prices$Year)))
```





## • Non Linear Regression Model

```
> y_var<-prices$Inland.Fish.price..Rs.kg.  
> x_var<-prices$Year  
> inland_prices_model7<-lm(y_var ~ poly(x_var,3,row=TRUE))  
> summary(inland_prices_model7)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = y_var ~ poly(x_var, 3, row = TRUE))
```

Residuals:

	Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
	-40.673	-23.607	-5.507	25.450	57.972

Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	6.868e+06	3.781e+06	1.816	0.1027
poly(x_var, 3, row = TRUE)1	-6.865e+03	3.762e+03	-1.825	0.1013
poly(x_var, 3, row = TRUE)2	1.716e+00	9.355e-01	1.834	0.0999 .
poly(x_var, 3, row = TRUE)3	NA	NA	NA	NA

---

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 34.18 on 9 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.9386, Adjusted R-squared: 0.925

F-statistic: 68.79 on 2 and 9 DF, p-value: 3.522e-06

Performance of Non linear regression model is better than linear regression model but not as good as ARIMA model.

## • Exponential Smoothing Model

```
> inland_prices_model5<-ets(time_series_inland_prices)
> inland_prices_f5<-forecast(inland_prices_model5)
> summary(inland_prices_f5)
```

Forecast method: ETS(M,N,N)

Model Information:

ETS(M,N,N)

Call:

```
ets(y = time_series_inland_prices)
```

Smoothing parameters:

alpha = 0.9999

Initial states:

l = 109.5469

sigma: 0.217

	AIC	AICc	BIC
	121.7974	124.7974	123.2521

Error measures:

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
Training set	25.43749	37.29081	28.08737	9.708023	11.90965	0.9281733	0.5314533

Forecasts:

	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017	414.7662	299.426502	530.1059	238.369353	591.1631
2018	414.7662	249.750795	579.7816	162.396914	667.1355
2019	414.7662	210.285075	619.2473	102.039305	727.4931
2020	414.7662	175.848959	653.6834	49.373811	780.1586
2021	414.7662	144.453137	685.0793	1.358043	828.1744
2022	414.7662	115.083901	714.4485	-43.558327	873.0907
2023	414.7662	87.141624	742.3908	-86.292351	915.8248
2024	414.7662	60.236376	769.2960	-127.440378	956.9728
2025	414.7662	34.097150	795.4353	-167.416874	996.9493
2026	414.7662	8.525972	821.0064	-206.524617	1036.0570

## • Holt Winters Model

```
> inland_prices_model6<-HoltWinters(time_series_inland_prices,beta=FALSE,gamma=FALSE)
> inland_prices_f6<-forecast(inland_prices_model6)
> summary(inland_prices_f6)
```

Forecast method: HoltWinters

Model Information:

Holt-Winters exponential smoothing without trend and without seasonal component.

Call:

```
HoltWinters(x = time_series_inland_prices, beta = FALSE, gamma = FALSE)
```

Smoothing parameters:

alpha: 0.9999327

beta : FALSE

gamma: FALSE

Coefficients:

[,1]

a 414.7674

Error measures:

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
Training set	27.37161	38.92793	30.26248	10.25823	12.66003	1.000052	0.4867633

Forecasts:

	Point	Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017		414.7674	377.5628	451.9721	357.8678	471.6671
2018		414.7674	362.1539	467.3810	334.3019	495.2330
2019		414.7674	350.3300	479.2049	316.2188	513.3161
2020		414.7674	340.3619	489.1730	300.9739	528.5609
2021		414.7674	331.5798	497.9551	287.5429	541.9920
2022		414.7674	323.6401	505.8948	275.4002	554.1347
2023		414.7674	316.3388	513.1961	264.2339	565.3010
2024		414.7674	309.5430	519.9919	253.8405	575.6944
2025		414.7674	303.1601	526.3748	244.0788	585.4561
2026		414.7674	297.1231	532.4118	234.8459	594.6889

## • Holt Winters Model with Trend Smoothing

```
> inland_prices_model7<-HoltWinters(time_series_inland_prices,gamma=FALSE)
> inland_prices_f7<-forecast(inland_prices_model7)
> summary(inland_prices_f7)
```

Forecast method: HoltWinters

Model Information:

Holt-Winters exponential smoothing with trend and without seasonal component.

Call:

HoltWinters(x = time\_series\_inland\_prices, gamma = FALSE)

Smoothing parameters:

alpha: 1  
beta : 1  
gamma: FALSE

Coefficients:

[,1]  
a 414.77  
b 37.97

Error measures:

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
Training set	3.917	27.78915	22.657	3.126575	9.665329	0.7487217	0.04325722

Forecasts:

	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017	452.74	415.57515	489.9048	395.901270	509.5787
2018	490.71	407.60687	573.8131	363.614735	617.8053
2019	528.68	389.62187	667.7381	316.008945	741.3511
2020	566.65	363.08974	770.2103	255.331453	877.9685
2021	604.62	328.99811	880.2419	183.092694	1026.1473
2022	642.59	288.05994	997.1201	100.383070	1184.7969
2023	680.56	240.81959	1120.3004	8.035073	1353.0849
2024	718.53	187.70979	1249.3502	-93.289449	1530.3494
2025	756.50	129.08515	1383.9148	-203.048206	1716.0482
2026	794.47	65.24302	1523.6970	-320.786422	1909.7264

## Conclusion

The 2 models which stand out in terms of performance are ARIMA(0,2,0) model and Holt Winters Model with trend smoothing.

### Forecast using The 2 Top Models

- **Holt Winters Model With trend Smoothing**

Forecasts:

	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017	452.74	415.57515	489.9048	395.901270	509.5787
2018	490.71	407.60687	573.8131	363.614735	617.8053
2019	528.68	389.62187	667.7381	316.008945	741.3511
2020	566.65	363.08974	770.2103	255.331453	877.9685
2021	604.62	328.99811	880.2419	183.092694	1026.1473
2022	642.59	288.05994	997.1201	100.383070	1184.7969
2023	680.56	240.81959	1120.3004	8.035073	1353.0849
2024	718.53	187.70979	1249.3502	-93.289449	1530.3494
2025	756.50	129.08515	1383.9148	-203.048206	1716.0482
2026	794.47	65.24302	1523.6970	-320.786422	1909.7264

- **ARIMA Model**

Forecasts:

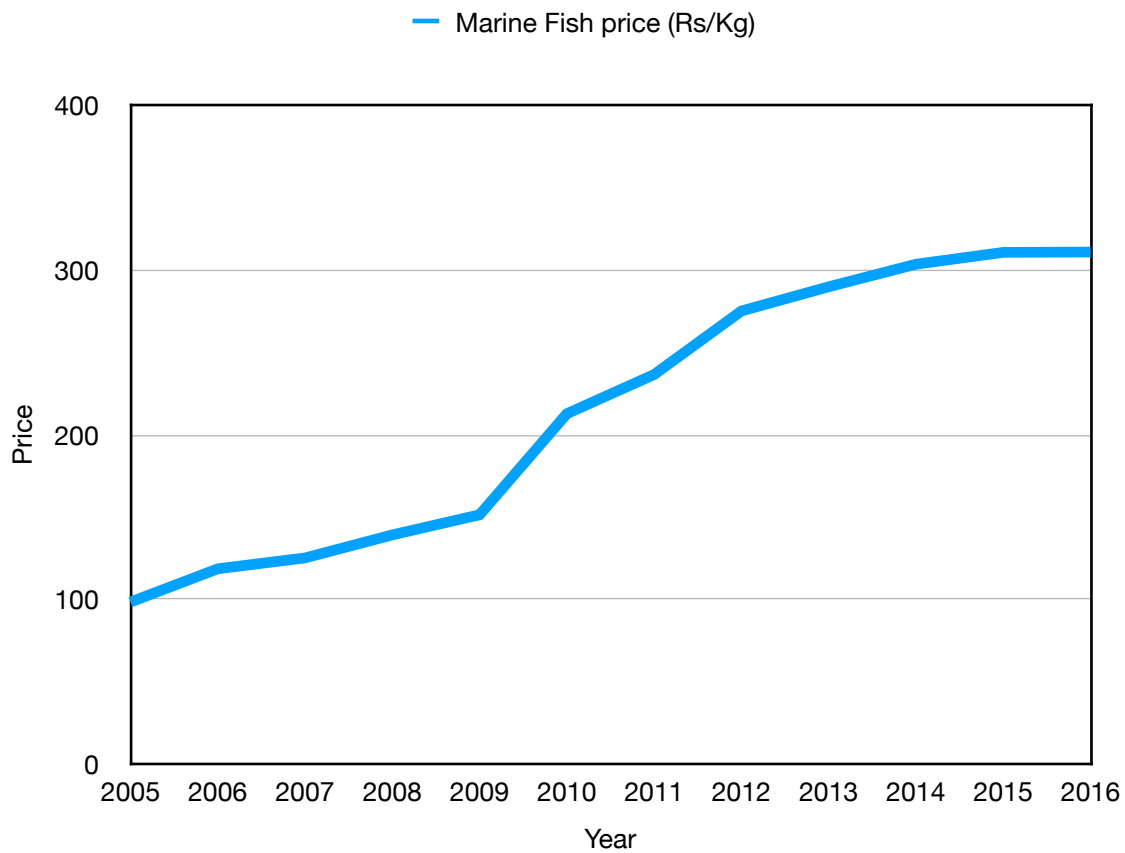
	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017	452.74	417.12677	488.3532	398.27427	507.2057
2018	490.71	411.07640	570.3436	368.92092	612.4991
2019	528.68	395.42750	661.9325	324.88788	732.4721
2020	566.65	371.58831	761.7117	268.32889	864.9711
2021	604.62	340.50522	868.7348	200.69130	1008.5487
2022	642.59	302.86144	982.3186	123.02001	1162.1600
2023	680.56	259.17859	1101.9414	36.11274	1325.0073
2024	718.53	209.87134	1227.1887	-59.39629	1496.4563
2025	756.50	155.27949	1357.7205	-162.98742	1675.9874
2026	794.47	95.68798	1493.2520	-274.22488	1863.1649

# Marine Fish Prices

## Dataset Information-

Dataset gives information about prices of marine fish (Rs/Kg) from year 2005 till 2016.

## Time Series Plot of Marine Fish Prices



# Check for Time Series Stationarity

```
> time_series_marine_prices <- ts(prices$Marine.Fish.price..Rs.Kg.,start=2005,end=2016)
> adf.test(time_series_marine_prices)
```

Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test

```
data: time_series_marine_prices
Dickey-Fuller = -2.0551, Lag order = 2, p-value = 0.5514
alternative hypothesis: stationary
```

```
> marine_prices_d1<-diff(time_series_marine_prices,differences = 1)
> adf.test(marine_prices_d1)
```

Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test

```
data: marine_prices_d1
Dickey-Fuller = -1.3282, Lag order = 2, p-value = 0.8283
alternative hypothesis: stationary
```

```
> marine_prices_d2<-diff(time_series_marine_prices,differences = 2)
> adf.test(marine_prices_d2)
```

Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test

```
data: marine_prices_d2
Dickey-Fuller = -2.7746, Lag order = 2, p-value = 0.2773
alternative hypothesis: stationary
```

```
> marine_prices_d3<-diff(time_series_marine_prices,differences = 3)
> adf.test(marine_prices_d3)
```

Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test

```
data: marine_prices_d3
Dickey-Fuller = -5.5071, Lag order = 2, p-value = 0.01
alternative hypothesis: stationary
```

Only after performing 3rd order differencing p-value becomes less than 0.05 and time series becomes stationary.

# Time Series Models

- **Naive Model**

```
> marine_prices_model1<-naive(time_series_marine_prices)
> marine_prices_f1<-forecast(marine_prices_model1)
> summary(marine_prices_f1)
```

Forecast method: Naive method

Model Information:

Call: naive(y = time\_series\_marine\_prices)

Residual sd: 25.3672

Error measures:

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
Training set	19.32545	25.36722	19.32545	9.574149	9.574149	1	0.1031969

Forecasts:

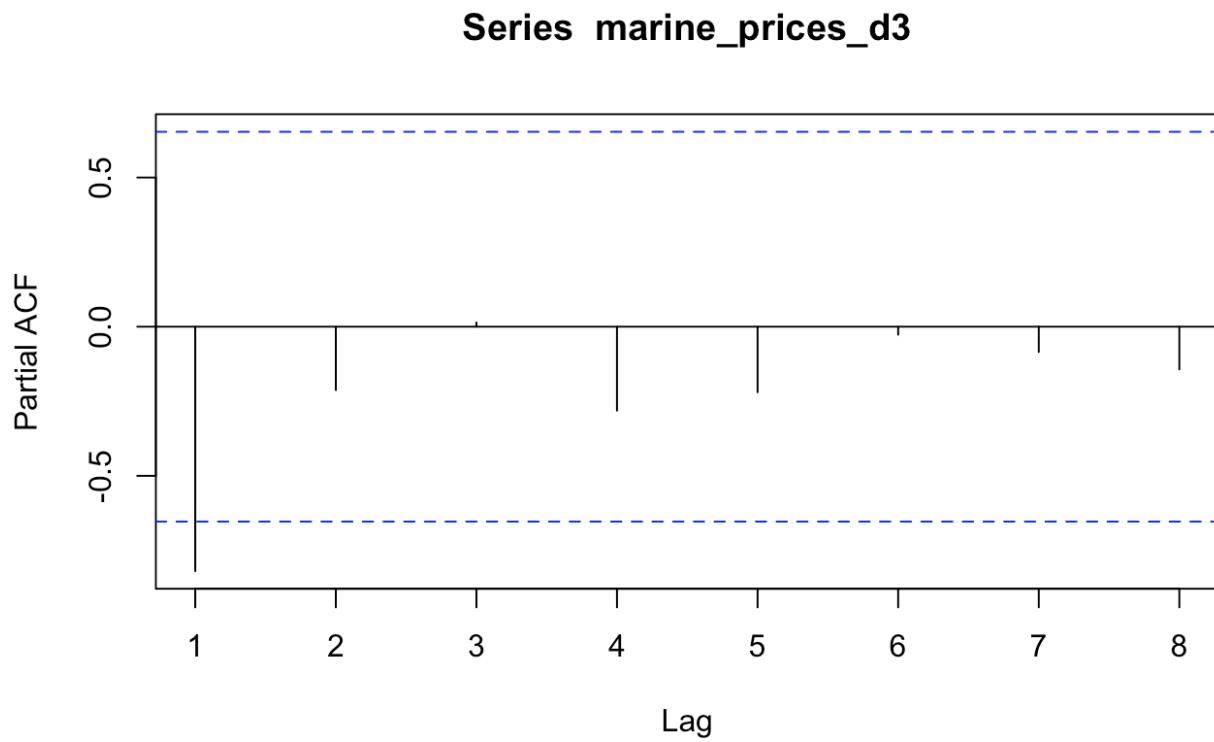
	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017	310.98	278.4706	343.4894	261.2612	360.6988
2018	310.98	265.0048	356.9552	240.6670	381.2930
2019	310.98	254.6721	367.2879	224.8645	397.0955
2020	310.98	245.9612	375.9988	211.5423	410.4177
2021	310.98	238.2868	383.6732	199.8053	422.1547
2022	310.98	231.3486	390.6114	189.1942	432.7658
2023	310.98	224.9682	396.9918	179.4363	442.5237
2024	310.98	219.0295	402.9305	170.3539	451.6061
2025	310.98	213.4518	408.5082	161.8235	460.1365
2026	310.98	208.1763	413.7837	153.7553	468.2047



- **AR Model**

Pacf plot for finding p value.

```
plot(pacf(marine_prices_d3))
```



P value is 1.

```
> marine_prices_model2<-ar(time_series_marine_prices)
> marine_prices_f2<-forecast(marine_prices_model2)
> summary(marine_prices_f2)
```

Forecast method: AR(1)

Model Information:

Call:

```
ar(x = time_series_marine_prices)
```

Coefficients:

```
      1
0.8053
```

Order selected 1 sigma^2 estimated as 2695

Error measures:

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
Training set	17.61575	26.02569	21.29592	5.950932	8.799148	1.101962	0.432155

Forecasts:

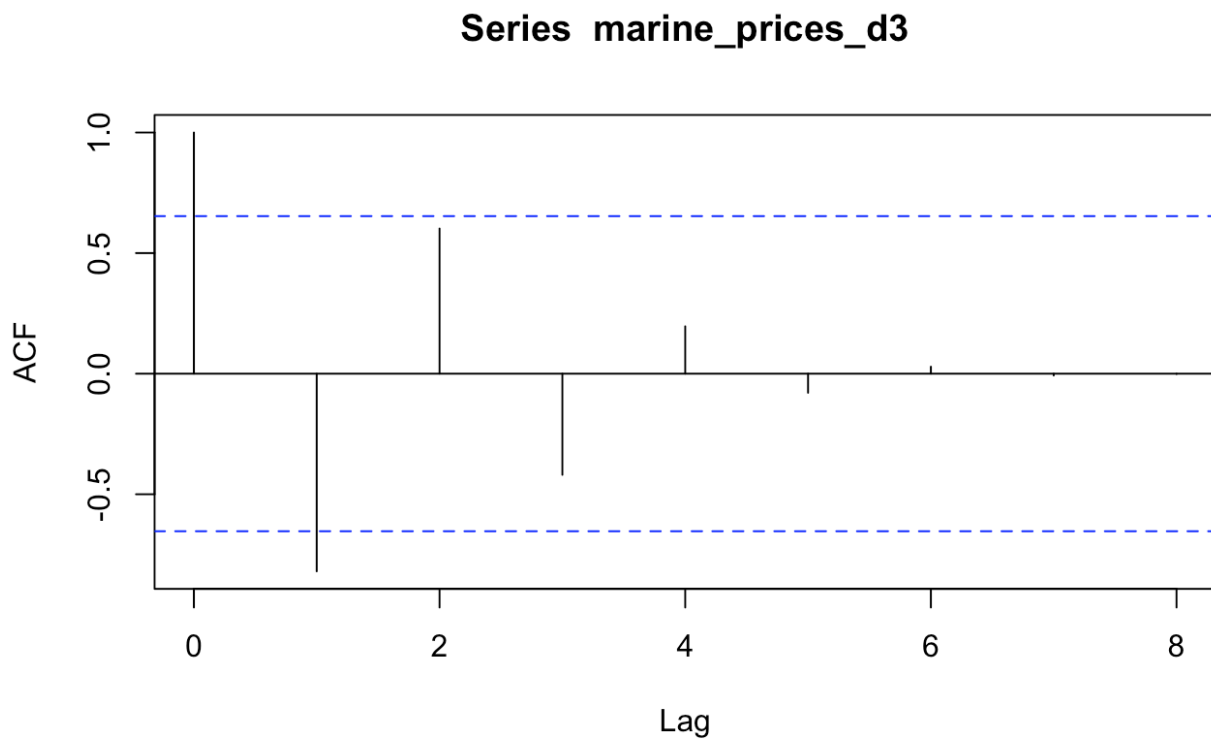
	Point	Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017		292.1733	225.6379	358.7087	190.41618	393.9304
2018		277.0283	191.6010	362.4556	146.37853	407.6781
2019		264.8322	169.1265	360.5379	118.46302	411.2014
2020		255.0108	153.1927	356.8288	99.29350	410.7280
2021		247.1016	141.5087	352.6946	85.61115	408.5921
2022		240.7325	132.7620	348.7029	75.60591	405.8590
2023		235.6034	126.1188	345.0880	68.16108	403.0457
2024		231.4730	121.0175	341.9285	62.54589	400.4001
2025		228.1468	117.0663	339.2274	58.26375	398.0299
2026		225.4683	113.9842	336.9523	54.96814	395.9684

AR model is clearly not suited for the given time series.

- **MA Model**

Acf plot for finding q value.

```
plot(acf(marine_prices_d3))
```



Q value from above graph is 1.

```

> marine_prices_model3<-ma(time_series_marine_prices,order = 1)
> marine_prices_f3<-forecast(marine_prices_model3)
> summary(marine_prices_f3)

Forecast method: ETS(A,N,N)

Model Information:
ETS(A,N,N)

Call:
ets(y = object, lambda = lambda, biasadj = biasadj, allow.multiplicative.trend = allow.multiplicativ
e.trend)

Smoothing parameters:
alpha = 0.9999

Initial states:
l = 98.432

sigma: 26.607

      AIC      AICc      BIC
112.3792 115.3792 113.8339

Error measures:
      ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      MASE      ACF1
Training set 17.7141 24.28877 17.71944 8.774384 8.779812 0.9168965 0.09604099

Forecasts:
      Point Forecast      Lo 80      Hi 80      Lo 95      Hi 95
2017      310.98 276.8817 345.0782 258.8312 363.1288
2018      310.98 262.7602 359.1998 237.2341 384.7258
2019      310.98 251.9240 370.0360 220.6616 401.2983
2020      310.98 242.7886 379.1714 206.6902 415.2697
2021      310.98 234.7401 387.2199 194.3811 427.5789
2022      310.98 227.4636 394.4964 183.2527 438.7073
2023      310.98 220.7722 401.1878 173.0191 448.9409
2024      310.98 214.5440 407.4160 163.4938 458.4661
2025      310.98 208.6943 413.2657 154.5475 467.4124
2026      310.98 203.1615 418.7984 146.0859 475.8741

```

Performance of MA model is slightly better compared to first 2 models.

## • ARIMA Model

p=1, d=3 and q=1

```
> marine_prices_model4<-arima(time_series_marine_prices,order=c(1,3,1))
> marine_prices_f4<-forecast(marine_prices_model4)
> summary(marine_prices_f4)
```

Forecast method: ARIMA(1,3,1)

Model Information:

Call:

```
arima(x = time_series_marine_prices, order = c(1, 3, 1))
```

Coefficients:

	ar1	ma1
	-0.5734	-0.7285
s.e.	0.2859	0.4504

sigma<sup>2</sup> estimated as 414.4: log likelihood = -40.82, aic = 87.63

Error measures:

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
Training set	-1.318664	17.62862	11.91384	0.376983	5.261358	0.6164842	0.03090037

Forecasts:

	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017	308.0868	281.98259	334.1910	268.16385	348.0098
2018	299.8574	248.39638	351.3183	221.15459	378.5601
2019	287.5893	197.28806	377.8905	149.48548	425.6930
2020	270.5385	132.43169	408.6453	59.32237	481.7546
2021	249.1316	51.31278	446.9505	-53.40619	551.6695
2022	223.1241	-45.63380	491.8820	-187.90564	634.1539
2023	192.6562	-159.46440	544.7768	-345.86578	731.1781
2024	157.6474	-290.45588	605.7507	-527.66743	842.9622
2025	118.1439	-439.27242	675.5602	-734.35078	970.6385
2026	74.1192	-606.35037	754.5888	-966.56920	1114.8076

Performance of the model is better compared to all other models seen so far.

## • Linear Regression Model

```
> marine_prices_model5<-lm(prices$Marine.Fish.price..Rs.Kg. ~ prices$Year)
> summary(marine_prices_model5)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = prices$Marine.Fish.price..Rs.Kg. ~ prices$Year)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-29.079	-12.216	7.146	10.290	26.899

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	-45237.532	3189.187	-14.19	5.97e-08 ***
prices\$Year	22.607	1.586	14.25	5.71e-08 ***

---

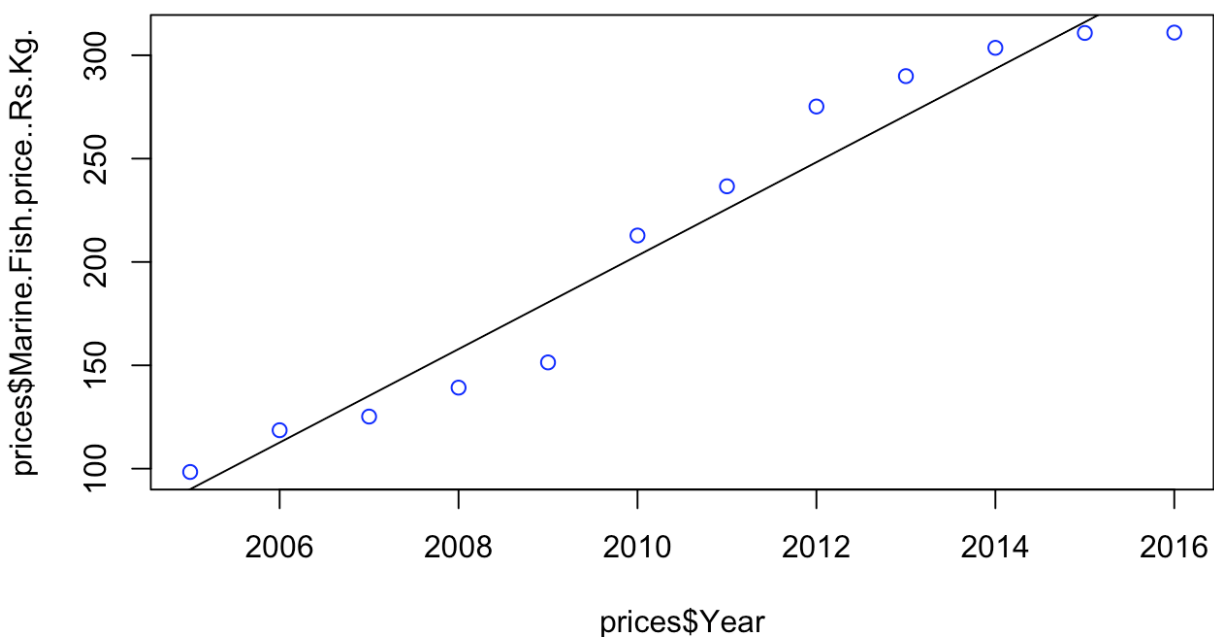
Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 18.97 on 10 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.9531, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9484

F-statistic: 203.1 on 1 and 10 DF, p-value: 5.711e-08

```
> plot(prices$Year,prices$Marine.Fish.price..Rs.Kg.,col="blue",abline(lm(prices$Marine.Fish.price..Rs.
Kg. ~ prices$Year)))
```



## • Non Linear Regression Model

```
> y_v<-prices$Marine.Fish.price..Rs.Kg.  
> x_v<-prices$Year  
> marine_prices_model6<-lm(y_v ~ poly(x_v,2,raw=TRUE))  
> summary(marine_prices_model6)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = y_v ~ poly(x_v, 2, raw = TRUE))
```

Residuals:

	Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
	-33.220	-12.415	5.312	11.722	22.758

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	-1.777e+06	2.136e+06	-0.832	0.427
poly(x_v, 2, raw = TRUE)1	1.745e+03	2.125e+03	0.822	0.433
poly(x_v, 2, raw = TRUE)2	-4.284e-01	5.284e-01	-0.811	0.438

Residual standard error: 19.3 on 9 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.9563, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9466

F-statistic: 98.41 on 2 and 9 DF, p-value: 7.646e-07

## • Exponential Smoothing Model

```
> marine_prices_model7<-ets(time_series_marine_prices)
> marine_prices_f7<-forecast(marine_prices_model7)
> summary(marine_prices_f7)
```

Forecast method: ETS(A,N,N)

Model Information:  
ETS(A,N,N)

Call:  
ets(y = time\_series\_marine\_prices)

Smoothing parameters:  
alpha = 0.9999

Initial states:  
l = 98.432

sigma: 26.607

	AIC	AICc	BIC
	112.3792	115.3792	113.8339

Error measures:

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
Training set	17.7141	24.28877	17.71944	8.774384	8.779812	0.9168965	0.09604099

Forecasts:

	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017	310.98	276.8817	345.0782	258.8312	363.1288
2018	310.98	262.7602	359.1998	237.2341	384.7258
2019	310.98	251.9240	370.0360	220.6616	401.2983
2020	310.98	242.7886	379.1714	206.6902	415.2697
2021	310.98	234.7401	387.2199	194.3811	427.5789
2022	310.98	227.4636	394.4964	183.2527	438.7073
2023	310.98	220.7722	401.1878	173.0191	448.9409
2024	310.98	214.5440	407.4160	163.4938	458.4661
2025	310.98	208.6943	413.2657	154.5475	467.4124
2026	310.98	203.1615	418.7984	146.0859	475.8741



## • Holt Winters Model

```
> marine_prices_model8<-HoltWinters(time_series_marine_prices,beta=FALSE,gamma=FALSE)
> marine_prices_f8<-forecast(marine_prices_model8)
> summary(marine_prices_f8)
```

Forecast method: HoltWinters

Model Information:

Holt-Winters exponential smoothing without trend and without seasonal component.

Call:

HoltWinters(x = time\_series\_marine\_prices, beta = FALSE, gamma = FALSE)

Smoothing parameters:

alpha: 0.9999215

beta : FALSE

gamma: FALSE

Coefficients:

[,1]

a 310.98

Error measures:

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
Training set	19.32697	25.36845	19.32697	9.574829	9.574829	1.000078	0.1032885

Forecasts:

	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017	310.98	288.8930	333.0669	277.2009	344.7591
2018	310.98	279.7455	342.2144	263.2110	358.7489
2019	310.98	272.7263	349.2337	252.4760	369.4840
2020	310.98	266.8087	355.1513	243.4258	378.5342
2021	310.98	261.5952	360.3648	235.4524	386.5075
2022	310.98	256.8818	365.0782	228.2439	393.7161
2023	310.98	252.5473	369.4126	221.6150	400.3450
2024	310.98	248.5130	373.4470	215.4449	406.5151
2025	310.98	244.7238	377.2362	209.6498	412.3101
2026	310.98	241.1399	380.8201	204.1687	417.7912

## • Holt Winter Model with Trend Smoothing

```
> marine_prices_model9<-HoltWinters(time_series_marine_prices,gamma=FALSE)
> marine_prices_f9<-forecast(marine_prices_model9)
> summary(marine_prices_f9)
```

Forecast method: HoltWinters

Model Information:

Holt-Winters exponential smoothing with trend and without seasonal component.

Call:

```
HoltWinters(x = time_series_marine_prices, gamma = FALSE)
```

Smoothing parameters:

alpha: 1

beta : 0

gamma: FALSE

Coefficients:

[,1]

a 310.98

b 20.20

Error measures:

	ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
Training set	-0.962	17.2588	13.602	-0.7690803	6.282781	0.7038386	0.1078844

Forecasts:

	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017	331.18	307.9018	354.4582	295.5790	366.7810
2018	351.38	318.4596	384.3004	301.0326	401.7274
2019	371.58	331.2610	411.8990	309.9173	433.2427
2020	391.78	345.2236	438.3364	320.5781	462.9819
2021	411.98	359.9283	464.0317	332.3738	491.5862
2022	432.18	375.1603	489.1997	344.9758	519.3842
2023	452.38	390.7916	513.9684	358.1887	546.5713
2024	472.58	406.7393	538.4207	371.8853	573.2747
2025	492.78	422.9454	562.6146	385.9771	599.5829
2026	512.98	439.3678	586.5922	400.3999	625.5601

## Conclusion

The top 2 models turn out to be ARIMA model and Holt Winter model with trend smoothing. Their RMSE values are very similar to each other.

## Forecast using Top 2 Models

- **ARIMA Model**

	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017	308.0868	281.98259	334.1910	268.16385	348.0098
2018	299.8574	248.39638	351.3183	221.15459	378.5601
2019	287.5893	197.28806	377.8905	149.48548	425.6930
2020	270.5385	132.43169	408.6453	59.32237	481.7546
2021	249.1316	51.31278	446.9505	-53.40619	551.6695
2022	223.1241	-45.63380	491.8820	-187.90564	634.1539
2023	192.6562	-159.46440	544.7768	-345.86578	731.1781
2024	157.6474	-290.45588	605.7507	-527.66743	842.9622
2025	118.1439	-439.27242	675.5602	-734.35078	970.6385
2026	74.1192	-606.35037	754.5888	-966.56920	1114.8076

- **Holt Winter Model with Trend Smoothing**

	Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95
2017	331.18	307.9018	354.4582	295.5790	366.7810
2018	351.38	318.4596	384.3004	301.0326	401.7274
2019	371.58	331.2610	411.8990	309.9173	433.2427
2020	391.78	345.2236	438.3364	320.5781	462.9819
2021	411.98	359.9283	464.0317	332.3738	491.5862
2022	432.18	375.1603	489.1997	344.9758	519.3842
2023	452.38	390.7916	513.9684	358.1887	546.5713
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2025	492.78	422.9454	562.6146	385.9771	599.5829
2026	512.98	439.3678	586.5922	400.3999	625.5601

