

ZEAL EDUCATION SOCIETY'S ZEAL COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND RESEARCH NARHE | PUNE -41 | INDIA



Department of Computer Engineering

Data Structures and Algorithms Laboratory

ASSIGNMENT NO: 1

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Group A: Assignment No:01

Problem Statement:

Consider telephone book database of N clients. Make use of a hash table implementation to quickly look up client 's telephone Number. Make Use of two Collision Techniques and Compare them using number of Comparisons required to find a set of telephone numbers.

Program:

Filename - LinearProbing.py

Program to implement Hashing with Linear Probing

from Record import Record

class hashTable:

initialize hash Table

def __init__(self):

self.size = int(input("Enter the Size of the hash table : "))

initialize table with all elements 0

self.table = list(None for i in range(self.size))

self.elementCount = 0

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self.comparisons = 0
# method that checks if the hash table is full or not
def isFull(self):
  if self.elementCount == self.size:
    return True
  else:
    return False
# method that returns position for a given element
def hashFunction(self, element):
  return element % self.size
# method that inserts element into the hash table
def insert(self, record):
  # checking if the table is full
  if self.isFull():
    print("Hash Table Full")
    return False
```

```
isStored = False
    position = self.hashFunction(record.get number())
    # checking if the position is empty
    if self.table[position] == None:
      self.table[position] = record
      print("Phone number of " + record.get_name() + " is at position " + str(position))
      isStored = True
      self.elementCount += 1
    # collision occured hence we do linear probing
    else:
      print("Collision has occured for " + record.get_name() + "'s phone number at position "
+ str(
         position) + " finding new Position.")
      while self.table[position] != None:
         position += 1
```

```
if position >= self.size:
         position = 0
    self.table[position] = record
    print("Phone number of " + record.get_name() + " is at position " + str(position))
    isStored = True
    self.elementCount += 1
  return isStored
# method that searches for an element in the table
# returns position of element if found
# else returns False
def search(self, record):
  found = False
  position = self.hashFunction(record.get_number())
  self.comparisons += 1
  if (self.table[position] != None):
    if (self.table[position].get_name() == record.get_name() and self.table[
      position].get_number() == record.get_number()):
```

```
isFound = True
         print("Phone number found at position {} ".format(position) + " and total
comparisons are " + str(1))
         return position
      # if element is not found at position returned hash function
      else:
         position += 1
         if position >= self.size - 1:
           position = 0
         while self.table[position] != None or self.comparisons <= self.size:
           if (self.table[position].get_name() == record.get_name() and self.table[
             position].get_number() == record.get_number()):
             isFound = True
             # i=0
```

```
i = self.comparisons + 1
              print(
                "Phone number found at position {} ".format(position) + " and total
comparisons are " + str(
                  i))
              return position
           position += 1
           # print(position)
           if position >= self.size - 1:
              position = 0
           # print(position)
           self.comparisons += 1
           # print(self.comparisons)
         if isFound == False:
           print("Record not found")
           return false
  # method to display the hash table
  def display(self):
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```
print("\n")
    for i in range(self.size):
      print("Hash Value: " + str(i) + "\t\t" + str(self.table[i]))
    print("The number of phonebook records in the Table are : " + str(self.elementCount))
Filename – Record.py
class Record:
  def __init__(self):
    self._name = None
    self._number = None
  def get_name(self):
    return self._name
  def get number(self):
    return self. number
  def set_name(self,name):
    self._name = name
  def set_number(self,number):
    self._number = number
  def __str__(self):
    record = "Name: "+str(self.get_name())+"\t"+"\tNumber: "+str(self.get_number())
    return record
```

Filename - DoubleHashing.py

```
from Record import Record
```

```
class doubleHashTable:
  # initialize hash Table
  def __init__(self):
    self.size = int(input("Enter the Size of the hash table : "))
    # initialize table with all elements 0
    self.table = list(None for i in range(self.size))
    self.elementCount = 0
    self.comparisons = 0
  # method that checks if the hash table is full or not
  def isFull(self):
    if self.elementCount == self.size:
      return True
    else:
      return False
  # First hash function
  def h1(self, element):
    return element % self.size
  # Second hash function
  def h2(self, element):
    return 5 - (element % 5)
  # method to resolve collision by double hashing method
  def doubleHashing(self, record):
```

```
posFound = False
    # limit variable is used to restrict the function from going into infinite loop
    # limit is useful when the table is 80% full
    limit = self.size
    i = 1
    # start a loop to find the position
    while i <= limit:
      # calculate new position by quadratic probing
      newPosition = (self.h1(record.get_number()) + i * self.h2(record.get_number())) %
self.size
      # if newPosition is empty then break out of loop and return new Position
      if self.table[newPosition] == None:
         posFound = True
         break
      else:
         # as the position is not empty increase i
         i += 1
    return posFound, newPosition
  # method that inserts element inside the hash table
  def insert(self, record):
    # checking if the table is full
    if self.isFull():
      print("Hash Table Full")
      return False
    posFound = False
    position = self.h1(record.get_number())
    # checking if the position is empty
```

```
if self.table[position] == None:
      # empty position found , store the element and print the message
      self.table[position] = record
      print("Phone number of " + record.get name() + " is at position " + str(position))
      isStored = True
      self.elementCount += 1
    # If collision occured
    else:
      print("Collision has occured for " + record.get_name() + "'s phone number at position "
+ str(
         position) + " finding new Position.")
      while not posFound:
         posFound, position = self.doubleHashing(record)
         if posFound:
           self.table[position] = record
           # print(self.table[position])
           self.elementCount += 1
           # print(position)
           # print(posFound)
           print("Phone number of " + record.get name() + " is at position " + str(position))
    return posFound
  # searches for an element in the table and returns position of element if found else returns
False
  def search(self, record):
    found = False
    position = self.h1(record.get number())
    self.comparisons += 1
```

```
if (self.table[position] != None):
      if (self.table[position].get_name() == record.get_name()):
         print("Phone number found at position {}".format(position) + " and total
comparisons are " + str(1))
         return position
      # if element is not found at position returned hash function
      # then we search element using double hashing
       else:
         limit = self.size
         i = 1
         newPosition = position
         # start a loop to find the position
         while i <= limit:
           # calculate new position by double Hashing
           position = (self.h1(record.get number()) + i * self.h2(record.get number())) %
self.size
           self.comparisons += 1
           # if element at newPosition is equal to the required element
           if (self.table[position] != None):
             if self.table[position].get_name() == record.get_name():
                found = True
                break
             elif self.table[position].get name() == None:
                found = False
                break
```

```
else:
               # as the position is not empty increase i
               i += 1
      if found:
         print("Phone number found at position {}".format(position) + " and total
comparisons are " + str(i + 1))
      # return position
      else:
         print("Record not Found")
         return found
         # method to display the hash table
  def display(self):
    print("\n")
    for i in range(self.size):
      print("Hash Value: " + str(i) + "\t\t" + str(self.table[i]))
    print("The number of phonebook records in the Table are : " + str(self.elementCount))
Filename – main.py
from LinearProbing import hashTable
from Record import Record
from DoubleHashing import doubleHashTable
def input record():
  record = Record()
  name = input("Enter Name:")
  number = int(input("Enter Number:"))
```

```
record.set_name(name)
 record.set_number(number)
 return record
choice1 = 0
while (choice1 != 3):
  print("***************")
 print("1. Linear Probing
 print("2. Double Hashing
 print("3. Exit
  print("****************")
 choice1 = int(input("Enter Choice"))
 if choice1 > 3:
    print("Please Enter Valid Choice")
 if choice1 == 1:
    h1 = hashTable()
    choice2 = 0
    while (choice2 != 4):
     print("****************")
                      *")
      print("1. Insert
      print("2. Search
     print("3. Display
      print("4. Back
      print("**************")
     choice2 = int(input("Enter Choice"))
     if choice2 > 4:
        print("Please Enter Valid Choice")
```

```
if (choice2 == 1):
      record = input_record()
      h1.insert(record)
    elif (choice2 == 2):
      record = input_record()
      position = h1.search(record)
    elif (choice2 == 3):
      h1.display()
elif choice1 == 2:
  h2 = doubleHashTable()
  choice2 = 0
  while (choice2 != 4):
    print("**************")
    print("1. Insert
    print("2. Search
    print("3. Display
    print("4. Back
    print("***************")
    choice2 = int(input("Enter Choice"))
    if choice2 > 4:
      print("Please Enter Valid Choice")
    if (choice2 == 1):
      record = input_record()
```

```
h2.insert(record)
elif (choice2 == 2):
  record = input_record()
  position = h2.search(record)
elif (choice2 == 3):
  h2.display()
```

Output -

```
<mark>ද</mark> main (1) 🛚
  C:\Users\sgpaw\PycharmProjects\p\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\sgpaw
  1. Linear Probing
  2. Double Hashing
  Exit
 *******
  Enter Choice1
  Enter the Size of the hash table : 10
  ******
  1. Insert
  2. Search
  Display
  4. Back
  Enter Choice1
  Enter Name: SHRAVANI
  Enter Number: 100
  Phone number of SHRAVANI is at position 0
  1. Insert
  2. Search
  3. Display
  4. Back
  ******
  Enter Choice2
  Enter Name: SHRAVANI
  Enter Number: 100
  Phone number found at position 0 and total comparisons are 1
  ******
  1. Insert
```

```
🗬 main (1) 🗡
  Enter Name: SHRAVANI
  Enter Number: 100
  Phone number found at position \theta and total comparisons are 1

    Insert

 2. Search
 Display
  4. Back
  *******
  Hash Value: 0 Name: SHRAVANI Number: 100
  Hash Value: 1
                    None
  Hash Value: 2
                   None
  Hash Value: 3
                   None
  Hash Value: 4
  Hash Value: 5
                   None
  Hash Value: 6
                   None
  Hash Value: 7
                    None
  Hash Value: 8
                    None
  Hash Value: 9
                   None
  The number of phonebook records in the Table are : 1
  1. Insert
  2. Search
  Display
  4. Back
```

```
********
Enter Choice4
******
1. Linear Probing *
2. Double Hashing *
Exit
Enter Choice2
Enter the Size of the hash table : 10
******
1. Insert
2. Search
Display
4. Back
*****
Enter Choice1
Enter Name: S
Enter Number: 20
Phone number of S is at position 0
1. Insert
2. Search
Display
4. Back
```

```
********
Enter Choice2
Enter Name: S
Enter Number: 20
Phone number found at position 0 and total comparisons are 1
*****
1. Insert
2. Search
Display
4. Back
******
Enter Choice3
Hash Value: 0
                Name: S Number: 20
Hash Value: 1
                 None
Hash Value: 2
                 None
Hash Value: 3
                 None
Hash Value: 4
                None
Hash Value: 5
                 None
Hash Value: 6
                None
Hash Value: 7
                 None
Hash Value: 8
                 None
Hash Value: 9
                 None
The number of phonebook records in the Table are : 1
1. Insert
2. Search
Display
```