Arima Assignment

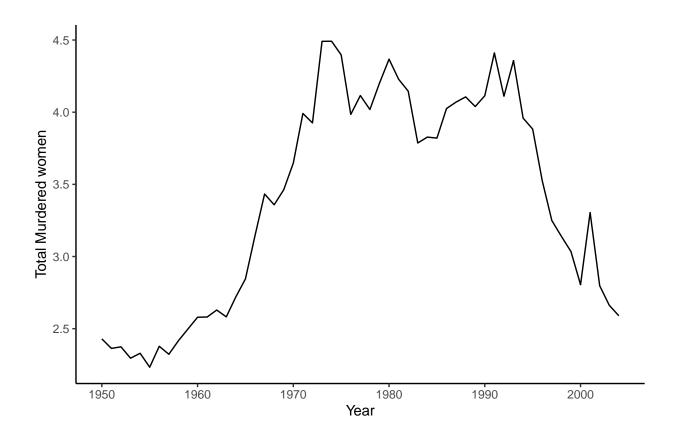
Sujeeth Shetty 2/23/2020

R Markdown

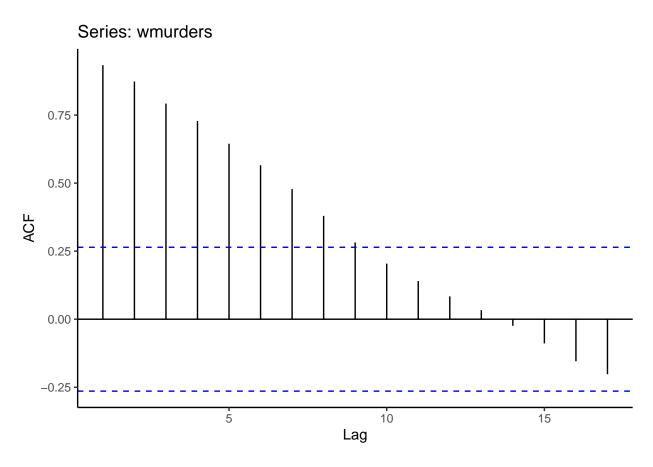
##wmurders data set from the fpp2 package

```
pacman::p_load(fpp2, urca, gridExtra)
theme_set(theme_classic())
```

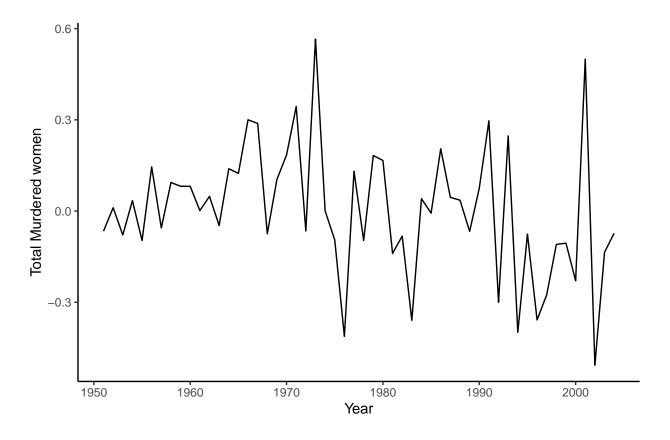
```
#before difference
autoplot(wmurders) +
  ylab("Total Murdered women") + xlab("Year")
```



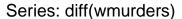
ggAcf(wmurders)

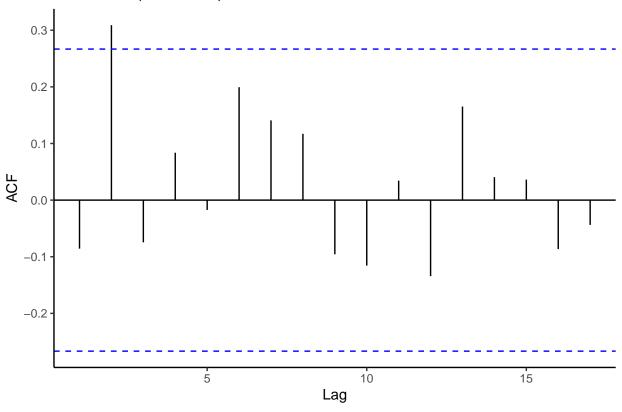


```
#After Difference
autoplot(diff(wmurders)) + ylab("Total Murdered women") + xlab("Year")
```



ggAcf(diff(wmurders))





#Since there is no seasonality i wont be performing Seasonal difference.

There is trend in the data, hence the data might not be stationary. Also, looking at the ACF plot, it appears we need differencing to reduce trend

```
##Null Hypothesis the data is stationary
summary(ur.kpss(wmurders))
##
## #######################
## # KPSS Unit Root Test #
## #######################
##
## Test is of type: mu with 3 lags.
##
## Value of test-statistic is: 0.6331
## Critical value for a significance level of:
                   10pct 5pct 2.5pct 1pct
## critical values 0.347 0.463 0.574 0.739
#test-statistic is higher, we gonna reject null hyp that it is a stationary
# Number of differences needed to make the data stationary
ndiffs(wmurders)
```

```
## [1] 2
```

I would not include a constant since we are computing second-order differences.

```
# Specify (p, d, q) - (1,2,0)

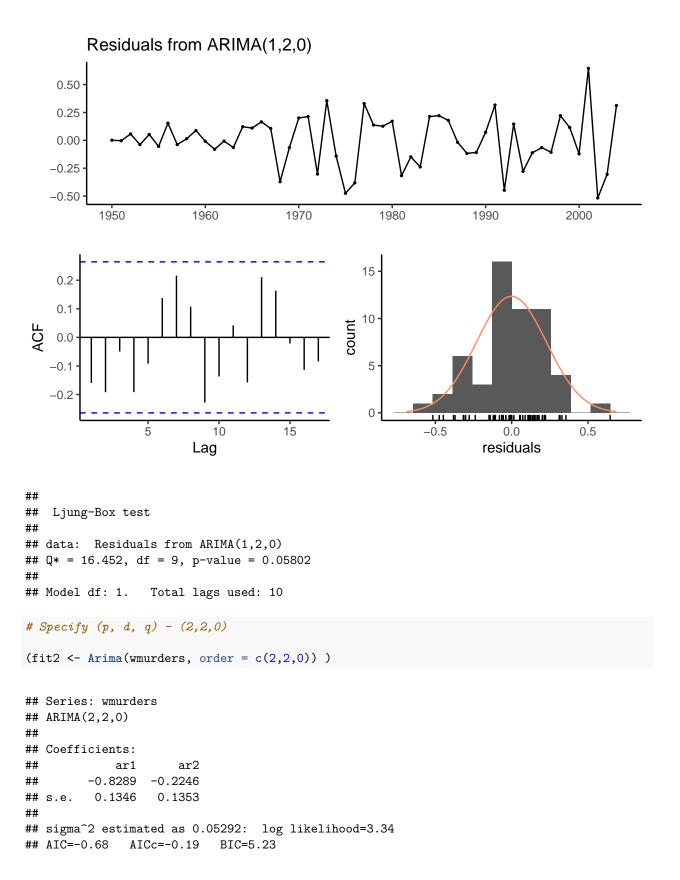
(fit1 <- Arima(wmurders, order = c(1,2,0)))

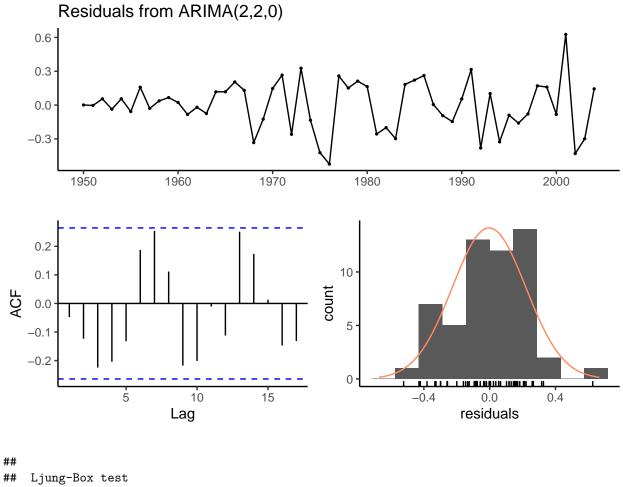
## Series: wmurders
## ARIMA(1,2,0)
##

## Coefficients:
## ar1
## -0.6719
## s.e. 0.0981
##

## sigma^2 estimated as 0.05471: log likelihood=2
## AIC=0 AICc=0.24 BIC=3.94

checkresiduals(fit1)</pre>
```



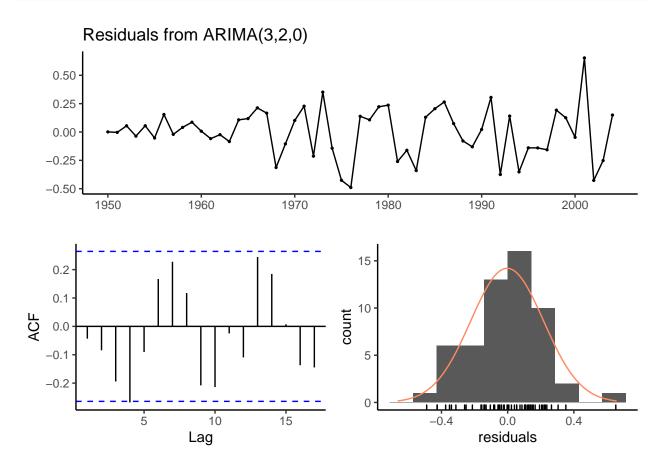


```
## data: Residuals from ARIMA(2,2,0)
## Q* = 21.05, df = 8, p-value = 0.007015
##
## Model df: 2. Total lags used: 10

# Specify (p, d, q) - (3,2,0)
(fit3 <- Arima(wmurders, order = c(3,2,0)))
```

```
## Series: wmurders
## ARIMA(3,2,0)
##
## Coefficients:
##
            ar1
                     ar2
                               ar3
##
         -0.855
                 -0.3561
                          -0.1753
## s.e.
          0.135
                  0.1747
                           0.1502
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.05256: log likelihood=4.01
## AIC=-0.02
               AICc=0.81
                           BIC=7.86
```

checkresiduals(fit3)

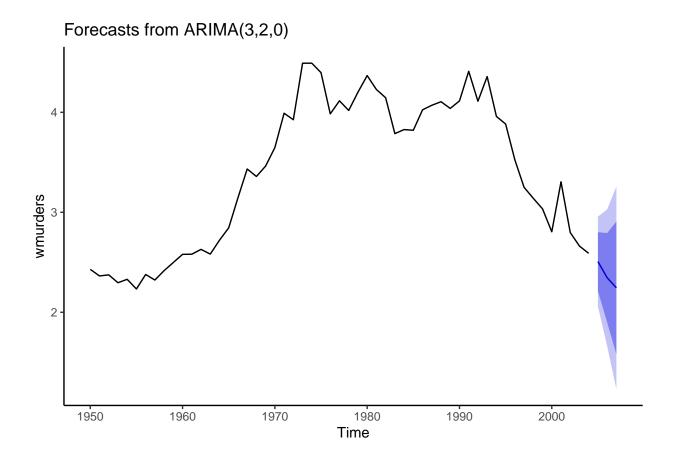


```
##
## Ljung-Box test
##
## data: Residuals from ARIMA(3,2,0)
## Q* = 19.964, df = 7, p-value = 0.005649
##
## Model df: 3. Total lags used: 10
```

I have selected model3 with (p,d,q) value (2,2,0) based on the BIC value & p-value. For the model 3, all lags within ACF plot appear to be within boundaries, but the residuals could be more normal. Overall, I think it is satisfactory.

```
forecast(fit3,h=3)
```

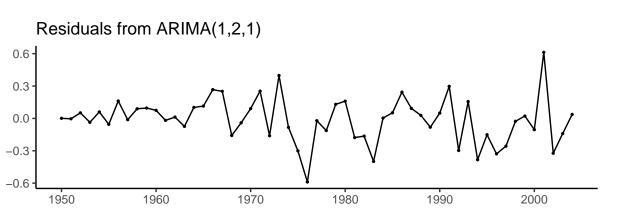
```
## Point Forecast Lo 80 Hi 80 Lo 95 Hi 95
## 2005    2.507201 2.213401 2.801002 2.057873 2.956530
## 2006    2.345607 1.898976 2.792239 1.662543 3.028671
## 2007    2.244257 1.581865 2.906650 1.231215 3.257299
autoplot(forecast(fit3,h=3))
```

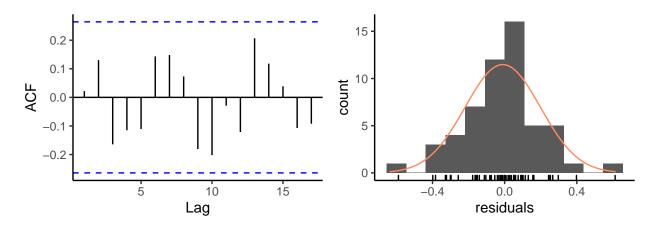


(fit4<-auto.arima(wmurders))</pre>

```
## Series: wmurders
## ARIMA(1,2,1)
##
## Coefficients:
## ar1 ma1
## -0.2434 -0.8261
## s.e. 0.1553 0.1143
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.04632: log likelihood=6.44
## AIC=-6.88 AICc=-6.39 BIC=-0.97
```

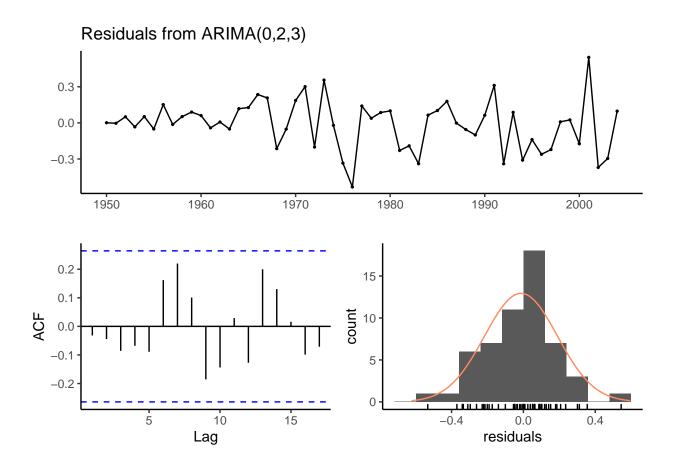
checkresiduals(fit4)





```
## Series: wmurders
## ARIMA(0,2,3)
##
##
  Coefficients:
##
             ma1
                     ma2
                              ma3
##
         -1.0154
                  0.4324
                          -0.3217
          0.1282
                  0.2278
                           0.1737
## s.e.
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.04475: log likelihood=7.77
## AIC=-7.54
               AICc=-6.7
                           BIC=0.35
```

```
checkresiduals(fit5)
```



```
##
## Ljung-Box test
##
## data: Residuals from ARIMA(0,2,3)
## Q* = 10.706, df = 7, p-value = 0.152
##
## Model df: 3. Total lags used: 10
```

auto.arima() didn't give the same model. Even though the BIC value of auto.arima() ARIMA(1,2,1) is lower and all the lags are within boundaries compared to the model I have choosen, the p-value is higher than the 5% significant level. Hence the model isn't significant. So I'll pick my model ARIMA(2,2,0) for forecasting.