

Project Deliverable 3

CRN: 43509

Group 7

Kalapan Kannathasan - 100759041

Yash Patel - 100746810

Sujeev Uthayakumar - 100744194

Zirak Mughal - 100749132

Date: November 19, 2021

1.1 System Requirements

Use Case Model:

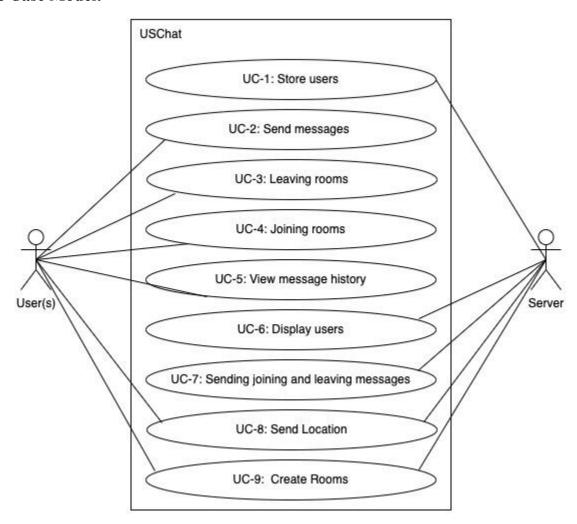


Figure 1.1 Use case model for the FCAPS system

1.1 Iteration 1: The Design Process

This is the first part of the design process, we must translate the requirements and quality attributes that were previously gathered into design decisions. These design decisions will be derived from figure 1.2, which is a list of our quality attributes. This is the beginning of making design decisions that will have further consequences, on the entire design of USChat.

1.2 ADD Step 1: Review Inputs

The first step of the ADD method involves reviewing the inputs and identifying which requirements will be considered as drivers. The inputs for USChat are summarized in the table below.

Category	Details
Design Purpose	The purpose is to build a sufficiently detailed design to support the construction of the USChat program.
Primary functional requirements	UC-1: Because it directly supports the core of the business UC-2: Because it directly supports the core of the business UC-6: Because it directly supports the core of the business UC-9: Because it directly supports the core of the business

ID	Quality Attribute	Scenario	Associated
QA-1	Scalability	Create a user and send it to be stored within the server, with an ever-expanding user base.	UC-1, UC-9
QA-2	Usability	User is able to send messages and the timestamps are recorded	UC-2
QA-3	Security	Send location coordinates but shifts it slightly	UC-8
QA-4	Performance	The ability to perform all tasks without comprising real-time functionality. Where messages are seen within a second of being sent.	All
QA-5	Availability	Users are able to see other users as well as the admin	UC-6

ID	Importance to the customer	Difficulty of Implementation According to the Architect
QA-1	Low	High
QA-2	High	Low
QA-3	High	Medium
QA-4	Medium	Medium
QA-5	Medium	High

CON-1	A minimum of 10 users must be supported
CON-2	Messages should be sent in less than 1 second on either end
CON-3	Users should be authenticated before joining the room
CON-4	Network connection between user and server must have low bandwidth and be reliable
CON-5	The system must be accessed through a web browser such as (Chrome, Firefox Safari, etc)
CON-6	Large amount of messages will have to be stored in a single session
CON-7	An existing relation database server must be used. This server must hold the user and room information will be used to fetch information.

ID	Concern
CRN-1	Establishing an overall initial system structure.
CRN-2	Leverage the team's knowledge about JSON technologies, including handlebars, and socket.io.
CRN-3	Allocate work to members of the development team.

2.1 Iteration 1: Establishing an Overall System Structure

The focus of this section is to present the results of the activities that are performed in each of the steps in iteration 1 of the ADD design process. Step 2 to till the end of step 7 will be focused on in iteration 1, where we will refine our requirements and quality attributes.

2.2 Step 2: Establish Iteration Goal by Selecting Drivers

This is the first iteration of the design of a USChat system, so the iteration goal is to establish the initial design of the system, where we will establish the overall system structure. This iteration will be driven by general architectural concerns, there will be a focus on all the drivers that may further influence the general structure of the system. In particular, we will focus on items within the:

- QA-1: Scalability
- QA-3: Security
- QA-4: Performance
- QA-5: Availability
- CON-3: Users should be authenticated before joining the room
- CON-4: Network connection between user and server must have low bandwidth and be reliable
- CON-5: The system must be accessed through a web browser such as (Chrome, Firefox Safari, etc)

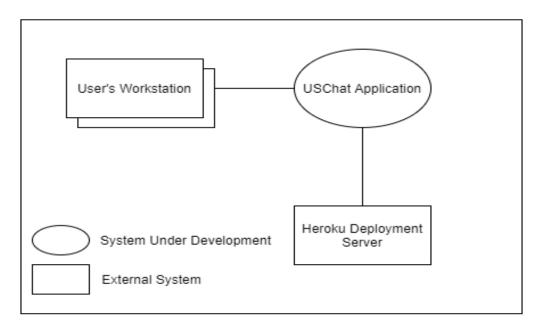


Figure 2.1 Context diagram for the USChat system

2.3 Step 3: Choose One or More Elements of the System to Refine

In this case, the element to refine is the entire USChat system. This refinement is performed through decomposition.

2.4 Step 4: Choose One or More Design Concepts That Satisfy the Selected Drivers

In this current iteration, the goal of structuring the entire system, design concepts are selected from the criteria presented in Section 1.1. The table below will summarize the selection of design decisions.

Design Decision and Location	The Web Application reference architecture supports the development of a web browser that communicates with the Heroku Development Server. This application supports web applications as the majority of it resides on the server, and its architecture is typically composed of three layers.		
Logically structure the client part of the system using the Web Application reference architecture			
	Discarded Alternatives:		
	Alternative	Reason for Discarding	
	Rich Client Applications	This reference architecture is oriented towards a local application that is stand-alone. This architecture will not	

		support your system as it requires a server to allow users to use it concurrently. This was discarded due to the usage of local components.	
	Rich Internet Applications	This reference architecture is oriented towards a browser application, however, it is using asynchronous javascript and XML. This was discarded due to not using some of the supported languages.	
	Mobile Applications	This reference architecture is oriented towards handheld devices. This was discarded as this device was not considered for using and accessing the system.	
Physically structure the application using the Three-Tier Deployment pattern Since this system must be accessed from a web brows where (CON-3) and (CON-4).		I from a web browser (CON-5)	
Deploy the application using Heroku Deployment	Access to the application is obtained via a web browser (CON-5).		
	This technology also facilitates (CON-1).		

2.5 Step 5: Instantiate Architectural Elements, Allocate Responsibilities, and Define Interfaces

The instantiation design decisions considered and made are summarized in the following table:

Design Decision and Location	Rationale
Create a module to store user information and create a module to create rooms in the business layer within the Web Application	The service agent component from the reference architecture is updated to store the room and user information. This will facilitate QA-1 and will help with UC-1 and UC-9.
Within the Three-Tier Deployment there will be a module implemented using Handlebars for users	A component is added to the reference architecture to help GUI. This will facilitate QA-1 and QA-4 as well as will help with UC-6.

A component from the reference architecture is updated to allow access to Heroku, a hosting application. Facilitates all quality attributes, as well as constraints.

The results of these instantiations decisions are recorded in the next step. In the initial iteration, it is typically too early to precisely define functionality and interfaces. The next iteration will cover how each will be defined in more detail.

2.6 Step 6: Sketch Views and Record Design Decisions

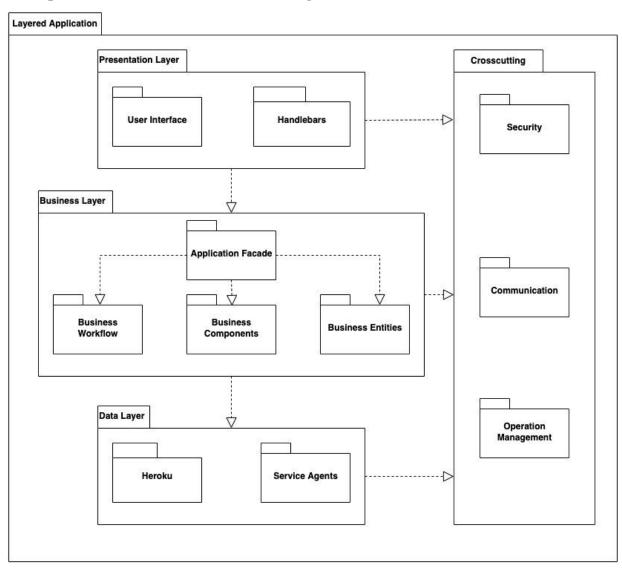


Figure 2.2 Reference architecture for three tier architecture

Element	Responsibility
Presentation Layer	This layer contains modules that control user interaction and use case control.
User Interface	This module renders the user interface and receives user inputs.
Handlebars	Templating engine, which takes information from server-side and prints it to the presentation layer
Business Layer	This layer contains modules that perform business logic operations that can be executed to the business layer.
Application Facade	The component is optional. It provides a simplified interface to the business logic component.
Business Workflow	These components are responsible for managing (long-running) business processes, which may involve the execution of multiple use cases.
Business Components	These components are responsible for retrieving and processing application data and applying business rules on this data.
Business Entities	These components represent the entities from the business domain and their associated business logic.
Data Layer	This layer contains modules that are responsible for data persistence and for communication with the time server.
Heroku	This module is responsible for persistence of business entities into the relational database.
Service Agents	These components abstract communication mechanisms used to transfer data to external services.
Crosscutting	Modules applied to the whole system.
Security	These components include cross-cutting functionality that handles security aspects such as authorization and authentication.
Communication	These components include cross-cutting functionality that handles communication mechanisms across layers and physical tiers.
Operation Management	These components include cross-cutting functionality such as exception management, loggin, and instrumentation, and validation.

2.7 Step 7: Perform Analysis of Current Design and Review Iteration

The following table summarizes the design progress within iteration 1.

Iteration	Not Addressed	Partially Addressed	Completely Addressed	Design Decisions Made During this Iteration
-----------	---------------	---------------------	----------------------	---

UC-1		Selected reference architecture establishes modules that will support this functionality.
UC-2		Selected reference architecture establishes modules that will support this functionality.
UC-6		Selected reference architecture establishes modules that will support this functionality.
UC-9		Selected reference architecture establishes modules that will support this functionality.
QA-1		Addition of modules within the reference architecture in the data layer to store new users. The details have not been defined.
QA-3		Supported with the inclusion of the Heroku development. But no further details were given.
QA-4		Introduction of three-tier deployment using handler bars. Further details will be provided in later iterations.
QA-5		Addition of data source using Heroku. But no further details were given.
CON-3		Support with the three developments.
CON-4		No relevant decisions were made.
	CON-5	Selection of reference architecture architectures and deployment patterns.