## Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Sujit S

Email: 240701545@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 240701545 Phone: 9444081254

Branch: REC

Department: I CSE FF

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 2\_MCQ

Attempt: 1 Total Mark: 15 Marks Obtained: 14

Section 1: MCQ

1. When does the else statement written after the loop execute?

Answer

When loop condition becomes false

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
i = 1
while True:
if i%3 == 0:
break
print(i)
i + = 1
```

240701545 Answer Error Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 3. What will the following code output? x = 0while x < 5: if x == 3: break x + = 1print("Completed") else: Answer 3 Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 4. What will be the output of the following Python code? i = 1while True: if i%3 == 0: break print(i) i += 1**Answer** 12 Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. Which keyword is used to immediately terminate a loop?

Answer

240701545 Marks : 1/1 break Status : Correct 6. What is the output of the following program? i=1 while(i<3): i=0while(j<3): print(i%3,end=" ") j=j+1i≂j⊬1 Answer 111222 Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 7. What will be the output for the following code snippet? i = 0for i in range(10): break print(i) Answer Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 8. What is the output of the following code? for i in range(5): if i == 5: break else: print(i) else:

```
print("Here")
Answer
    0 1 2 3 4 Here
                                                                         Marks: 1/1
    Status: Correct
    9. What is the output of the following?
    i = 2
    while True:
     if i%3 == 0:
      break
     print(i)
\int_{0}^{\infty} i += 2
    Answer
    24
                                                                         Marks: 1/1
    Status: Correct
    10. What is the output of the following?
    for i in range(10):
      if P== 5:
         break
      else:
         print(i, end=' ')
    else:
      print("Here")
    Answer
    01234
    Status: Correct
                                                                         Marks: 1/1
    11. What will be the output of the following code snippet?
```

balloon\_inflated = False

```
while not balloon_inflated:
   if not balloon_inflated;
        balloon_inflated = True
        print("inflate-", end="")
   print("done")
   Answer
   inflate-done
   Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
   12. What will be the output of the following code?
   ,i,≙'1
while True:
      if i%007 == 0:
        break
      print(i)
     i += 1
   Answer
   123456
   Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
        What will be the output of the following Python code?
   i = 1
   while False:
     if i\%2 == 0:
        break
      print(i)
     i += 2
   Answer
   The code runs successfully but does not print anything
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
   Status: Correct
```

14. What will be the output of the following Python code?  $0 = iO_{1}$ while i < 5: print(i) i += 1 if i == 3: break else: print(0) **Answer** Marks: 1/1 0125 Status: Correct 15. What is the output of the following? i=0while(1): i++ print i if(i==4): break **Answer** 207234 Marks : 0/1 Status: Wrong

240707545

240701545

240701545

## Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Sujit S

Email: 240701545@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 240701545 Phone: 9444081254

Branch: REC

Department: I CSE FF

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 2\_COD\_Updated

Attempt: 1 Total Mark: 50 Marks Obtained: 50

Section 1: Coding

### 1. Problem Statement

Emma, a mathematics enthusiast, is exploring a range of numbers and wants to count how many of them are not Fibonacci numbers.

Help Emma determine the count of non-Fibonacci numbers within the given range [start, end] using the continue statement.

## Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line consists of an integer, representing the ending number of the range.

Output Format

The output prints a single integer, representing the count of numbers in the range that are not Fibonacci numbers.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

```
Input: 1
   10
   Output: 5
   Answer
   a=int(input())
b=int(input())
   fib\_seq=[0,1]
   while fib_seq[-1]+fib_seq[-2]<=b:
     fib_seq.append(fib_seq[-1]+fib_seq[-2])
   fib_set=set(fib_seq)
   non_fib=0
   for num in range(a,b+1):
     if num in fib set:
        continue
     non_fib+=1
   print(non_fib)
```

#### 2. Problem Statement

Status: Correct

You work as an instructor at a math enrichment program, and your goal is to develop a program that showcases the concept of using control statements to manipulate loops. Your task is to create a program that takes an integer 'n' as input and prints the squares of even numbers from 1 to 'n', while skipping odd numbers.

Marks: 10/10

## **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer, which represents the upper limit of the range.

## **Output Format**

The output displays the square of even numbers from 1 to 'n' separated by lines.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

```
Input: 10
Output: 4
16
36
64
100
```

#### Answer

```
# You are using Python
n=int(input())
for i in range(1,n+1):
if i%2==0:
square=i*i
print(square)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

## 3. Problem Statement

As a junior developer working on a text analysis project, your task is to create a program that displays the consonants in a sentence provided by the user, separated by spaces.

You need to implement a program that takes a sentence as input and prints the consonants while skipping vowels and non-alphabetic characters using only control statements.

## Input Format

The input consists of a string representing the sentence.

## **Output Format**

The output displays space-separated consonants present in the sentence.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### Sample Test Case

Input: Hello World! Output: H I I W r I d

#### Answer

# You are using Python
a=input()
consonants=""
vowels="aeiouAEIOU"
for i in a:
 if i.isalpha() and i not in vowels:
 consonants+=i
print(consonants)

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

# 4. Problem Statement

John, a software developer, is analyzing a sequence of numbers within a given range to calculate their digit sum. However, to simplify his task, he excludes all numbers that are palindromes (numbers that read the same backward as forward).

Help John find the total sum of the digits of non-palindromic numbers in the range [start, end] (both inclusive).

Example:

240 Input:

10 15

240 20

Output:

55

## **Explanation:**

Range [10, 20]: Non-palindromic numbers are 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20.

Digit sums: 1+0 + 1+2 + 1+3 + 1+4 + 1+5 + 1+6 + 1+7 + 1+8 + 1+9 + 2+0 =

55.

Output: 55

### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line of input consists of an integer, representing the ending number of the range.

## **Output Format**

The output prints a single integer, representing the total sum of the digits of all non-palindromic numbers in the range.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: 10 20

Output: 55

#### Answer

n=int(input()) m=int(input())

```
sum1=0
for num in range(n,m+1):
  num_str=str(num)
  if num_str!=num_str[::-1]:
    digit_sum=0
    for digit in num_str:
      digit_sum+=int(digit)
    sum1+=digit_sum
print(sum1)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

## 5. Problem Statement

Ethan, a curious mathematician, is fascinated by perfect numbers. A perfect number is a number that equals the sum of its proper divisors (excluding itself). Ethan wants to identify all perfect numbers within a given range.

Help him write a program to list these numbers.

### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer start, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line consists of an integer end, representing the ending number of the range.

Output Format the range.

## **Output Format**

The output prints all perfect numbers in the range, separated by a space.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: 1 240/100

```
240101545
                                                    240701545
   # You are using Python start=int(input()) end=int(input())
Answer
    perfect_numbers=[]
    for num in range(start,end+1):
      if num<=1:
         continue
      sum_of_divisors=1
      for i in range(2,int(num**0.5)+1):
         if num\%i = 0:
       sum_of_divisors+=i
           if i*i!=num:
             sum_of_divisors+=num//i
      if sum_of_divisors==num:
         perfect_numbers.append(num)
    print(*perfect_numbers)
```

240101545

Status: Correct

240701545

40701545

040701545

Marks: 10/10

240701545

240/01545

240101545

## Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Sujit S

Email: 240701545@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 240701545 Phone: 9444081254

Branch: REC

Department: I CSE FF

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 2\_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 40 Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

John is tasked with configuring the lighting for a high-profile event, where different lighting modes affect the ambiance of the venue. He can choose from three distinct lighting modes, each requiring a specific adjustment to the initial light intensity:

Ambient Lighting (Mode 1): The intensity level is multiplied by 1.5.Stage Lighting (Mode 2): The intensity level is multiplied by 2.0.Spotlight (Mode 3): The intensity level is multiplied by 1.8.

In the event that an invalid mode is provided, the program should output an error message indicating the invalid selection.

Your task is to write a program that reads the selected lighting mode and the initial intensity level, applies the appropriate adjustment, and prints the

final intensity.

# Input Format

The first line of input is an integer n, representing the lighting mode.

The second line is a floating value m, representing the initial intensity level of the light.

### **Output Format**

The output displays "Intensity: " followed by a float representing the adjusted intensity level, formatted to two decimal places, if the mode is valid.

If the mode is invalid, the output should display "Invalid".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### Sample Test Case

Input: 1 10.0

Output: Intensity: 15.00

#### Answer

```
# You are using Python
a=int(input())
b=float(input())
if a==1:
    print("Intensity: %.2f"%round(b*1.5,2))
elif (a==2):
    print("Intensity: %.2f"%round(b*2.0,2))
elif (a==3):
    print("Intensity: %.2f"%round(b*1.8,2))
else:
    print("Invalid")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Max is fascinated by prime numbers and the Fibonacci sequence. He wants to combine these two interests by creating a program that outputs the first n prime numbers within the Fibonacci sequence.

Your task is to help Max by writing a program that prints the first n prime numbers in the Fibonacci sequence using a while loop along with the break statement to achieve the desired functionality.

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of an integer n, representing the number of prime Fibonacci numbers to generate.

## **Output Format**

The output displays space-separated first n prime numbers found in the Fibonacci sequence.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### Sample Test Case

```
Input: 5
```

Output: 2 3 5 13 89

#### **Answer**

```
# You are using Python
n=int(input())
a,b=0,1
count=0
while count<n:
    if a>1:
        is_prime= True
    for i in range(2,int(a**0.5)+1):
        if a%i==0:
            is_prime=False
            break
    if is_prime:
        print(a,end=" ")
        count+=1
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 3. Problem Statement

Rohith is a data analyst who needs to categorize countries based on their population growth rates. Each country is assigned a unique code. Rohith will receive a code and corresponding data based on the code. If the data falls within specific thresholds, he needs to classify the country's priority level.

Your task is to write a program that reads a country code and its associated data, and then determines if the priority is "High" or "Low."

Thresholds:France: Priority is "High" if the percentage < 50, else "Low".Japan: Priority is "High" if life expectancy > 80, else "Low".Brazil: Priority is "High" if the urban population > 80, else "Low".

### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the country code (1 for France, 2 for Japan, 3 for Brazil).

If the country code is 1,

- The second line consists of a floating-point value N, representing the percentage of the English-speaking population.

If the country code is 2,

- The second line consists of a floating-point value A, representing the average life expectancy in years.

If the country code is 3,

- The second line consists of a floating-point value P, representing the percentage of the urban population.

## **Output Format**

The first line of output displays "Priority: High" or "Priority: Low" based on the

input data.

If the country code is invalid, print "Invalid".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 1
    30.0
    Output: Priority: High
    Answer
# You are using Python 🔊
    code=int(input())
    if code==1:
      percentage=float(input())
      if percentage<50:
        print("Priority : High");
      else:
        print("Priority : Low")
    elif code==2:
      life=float(input())
      if life>80:
      print("Priority : High");
    else:
        print("Priority: Low")
    elif code==3:
      urban=float(input())
      if urban>80:
        print("Priority : High");
      else:
        print("Priority : Low")
    else:
      print("Invalid")
```

Status: Correct

Marks: 10/10 545

## 4. Problem Statement

Alex is practicing programming and is curious about prime and non-prime digits. He wants to write a program that calculates the sum of the non-prime digits in a given integer using loops.

Help Alex to complete his task.

Example:

Input:

845

output:

12

**Explanation:** 

Digits: 8 (non-prime), 4 (non-prime), 5 (prime)

The sum of Non-Prime Digits: 8 + 4 = 12

Output: 12

**Input Format** 

The input consists of a single integer X.

Output Format

The output prints an integer representing the sum of non-prime digits in X.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 845 Output: 12

Answer

# You are using Pyta=input() prime={'2','3','7','5'} sum=0 for i in a:     if i not in prime:         sum+=int(i) print(sum)	thon 240101545	240701545	240707545
Status: Correct			Marks : 10/10
240101545	240701545	240701545	240101545
240707545	240101545	240701545	240707545

## Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Sujit S

Email: 240701545@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 240701545 Phone: 9444081254

Branch: REC

Department: I CSE FF

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 2\_PAH\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 60 Marks Obtained : 60

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

Imagine being entrusted with the responsibility of creating a program that simulates a math workshop for students. Your task is to develop an interactive program that not only calculates but also showcases the charm of factorial values. Your program should efficiently compute and present the sum of digits for factorial values of only odd numbers within a designated range. This approach will ingeniously keep even factorials at bay, allowing students to delve into the intriguing world of mathematics with enthusiasm and clarity.

## Input Format

The input consists of a single integer, n.

**Output Format** 

The output displays the factorial and sum of digits of the factorial of odd numbers within the given range.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

```
Input: 6
Output: 1! = 1, sum of digits = 1
3! = 6, sum of digits = 6
5! = 120, sum of digits = 3
Answer
# You are using Python
n=int(input())
for num in range(1,n+1,2):
  factorial=1
  for i in range(1,num+1):
    factorial*=i
  factorial_str=str(factorial)
  sum_digits=-0
  for digit in factorial_str:
     sum_digits+=int(digit)
  print(f"{num}!={factorial}, sum of digits = {sum_digits}"
```

## 2. Problem Statement

Status: Correct

Aarav is fascinated by the concept of summing numbers separately based on their properties. He plans to write a program that calculates the sum of even numbers and odd numbers separately from 1 to a given positive integer.

Marks: 10/10

Aarav wants to input an integer value to represent the upper limit of the range. Help Aarav by developing a program that computes and displays the sum of even and odd numbers separately.

## **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer N, where N is the upper limit of the range.

### **Output Format**

The output consists of two lines:

- The first line displays the sum of even numbers from 1 to N.
- The second line displays the sum of odd numbers from 1 to N.

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

### Sample Test Case

```
Input: 10
```

Output: Sum of even numbers from 1 to 10 is 30

Sum of odd numbers from 1 to 10 is 25

#### Answer

```
# You are using Python
n1=input()
n=int(n1)
even=0
odd=0
for i in range(1,n+1):
    if i%2==0:
        even+=i
    else:
        odd+=i
print("Sum of even numbers from 1 to",n,"is",even)
print("Sum of odd numbers from 1 to",n,"is",odd)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 3. Problem Statement

Kamali recently received her electricity bill and wants to calculate the amount she needs to pay based on her usage. The electricity company

For the first 100 units, there is no charge. For units consumed beyond 100 and up to 200, there is a charge of Rs. 5 per unit. For units consumed beyond 200 there is a charge of Rs. 5 per unit.

Write a program to help Kamali calculate the amount she needs to pay for her electricity bill based on the units consumed.

### **Input Format**

The input consists of an integer, representing the number of units.

The output prints the total amount of the electricity bill, an integer indicating the amount Kamali needs to pay in the format "Rs amount"

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

## Sample Test Case

**Input: 350** 

Output: Rs. 2000

#### Answer

```
# You are using Python
n=int(input())
price=0
if n<=100:
  print("Rs. ",price)
if 101<=n<=200:
  price=(n-100)*5
  print("Rs. ",price)
elif n>200:
  price=(200-100)*5 + (n-200)*10
  print("Rs. ",price)
```

Marks: 10/10 545 Status: Correct

## 4. Problem Statement

Rajesh wants to design a program that simulates a real-time scenario based on a mathematical concept known as the Collatz Conjecture. This concept involves the repeated application of rules to a given starting number until the number becomes 1. The rules are as follows:

If the number is even, divide it by 2.If the number is odd, multiply it by 3 and add 1.

Your task is to write a program that takes a positive integer as input, applies the Collatz Conjecture rules to it, counts the number of steps taken to reach 1, and provides an output accordingly. If the process exceeds 100 steps, the program should print a message indicating so and use break to exit.

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of a single integer, n.

### **Output Format**

The output displays the total number of steps taken to reach 1 if it's under 100.

If it's more than 100, it displays "Exceeded 100 steps. Exiting...".

Refer to sample output for the formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

```
Input: 6
Output: Steps taken to reach 1: 8

Answer

# You are using Python
n=int(input())
steps=0
while n!=1:
    if steps>100:
        print("Exceeded 100 steps. Exiting...")
```

```
break
if n%2==0:
    n=n//2
else:
    n=(n*3)+1
steps+=1
else:
    print("Steps taken to reach 1: ",steps)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 5. Problem Statement

Sophia, a primary school teacher, wants to calculate the sum of numbers within a given range, excluding those that are multiples of 3.

Write a program to help Sophia compute the sum of all numbers between start and end (inclusive) that are not divisible by 3 using the continue statement.

### Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer, representing the starting number of the range.

The second line of input consists of an integer, representing the ending number of the range.

## **Output Format**

The output prints a single integer, representing the sum of numbers in the range that are not multiples of 3.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: 1

```
# You are using Python
n=int(input())
m=int(input())
sum1=0
for i in range(n,m+1):
   if i%3!=0:
      sum1+=i
print(sum1)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

# 6. Problem Statement

As a software engineer, your goal is to develop a program that facilitates the identification of leap years in a specified range. Your task is to create a program that takes two integer inputs, representing the start and end years of the range and then prints all the leap years within that range.

## **Input Format**

The first line of the input consists of an integer, which represents the start year.

The output displays the leap years within the given range, separated by lines.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

## Sample Test Case

Input: 2000 2053

Output: 2000

```
240101545
                                                   240701545
    2012
    2016
2020
    2024
    2028
    2032
    2036
    2040
    2044
    2048
    2052
    Answer
                                                                              240701545
                                                   240701545
   for i in range(n,m+1):

if (i%4==0 and i%15

print(:)
m=int(input())

for its
      if (i%4==0 and i%100!=0) or (i%400==0):
                                                                       Marks: 10/10
    Status: Correct
```