Assignment 2 

• Graded

### Student

Sujith Potineni

### **Total Points**

17.5 / 21 pts

# Question 1

Read me first 0 / 0 pts

→ + 0 pts Correct

+ 0 pts Incorrect

# Question 2

# **Projectors and reflections**

**3.5** / 5 pts

✓ - 1 pt (a) Incorrect

- 0.5 pts (a) One of the computation is wrong
- 1 pt (b) Incorrect
- 0.5 pts (b) only did a computation for ket plus.
- 1 pt (d) Incorrect
- ✓ 0.5 pts (d) Stated the transformation is a reflection without specifying the hyperplane (or the description of the hyperplane is wrong).
  - **0.5 pts** (d) To show that I 2P is unitary, argued that  $(I 2P)^2 = I$  because I 2P is a reflection, but did not state that the dagger of I 2P is itself.
  - 0.5 pts (d) Failed to show that I-2P is unitary.
  - 1 pt (e) Incorrect
  - 0.5 pts (e) Only verified that the sum of out products maps the psi basis to the phi basis, but did not explain why U can then be written as such a sum.

- - **+ 2 pts** Described the measurements with rotating basis. But fell short of explaining why these measurements work.
  - + 2 pts Described the measurements in +/- basis followed by 0/1 basis. But fell short of explaining why these measurements work.
  - + 1.5 pts Had the idea of rotating basis. But fell short of describing the correct measurements.
  - + 0 pts Incorrect

# Question 4

Perfect Powers 4 / 4 pts

- - + 0 pts Incorrect

# **Question 5**

Tensor Product Practice 4 / 4 pts

- - + 1 pt (a)
  - + 1 pt (b)
  - + 1 pt (d)
  - + 0 pts Incorrect

# Question 6

# 1 ebit + 1 qubit ≥ 2 bits

2 / 4 pts

+ 4 pts Correct



- + 1 pt (a) Computed the correct four possibilities.
- + 1.5 pts (b) Applied CNOT and H, but also applied SWAP gate, which is not allowed.
- + 1 pt (b) Described the process without sufficient justification. This includes the situations where the final measurement give (v, u) instead of (u, v).
- + 0 pts Incorrect
- + 0 pts Click here to replace this description.

# Q1 Read me first

### 0 Points

- Tests show that the people who get the most out of this assignment are those who read the "read me first" like this one.
- Collaboration and use of external sources are permitted, but must be fully acknowledged and cited. For your own learning, you are advised to work individually. Collaboration may involve only discussion; all the writing must be done individually.
- Acknowledgment Requirements:
- 1. Acknowledge, individually for every problem at the beginning of each solution, a list of all collaborators and sources consulted other than the course notes. Examples include: names of people you discussed homework with, books, other notes, Wikipedia, and other websites.
- 2. If you consulted any online sources, please specify the exact webpages by including their links. Omission of links or any other required citations will result in a loss of grades and be considered a failure to acknowledge appropriately.
- 3. If no additional sources are consulted, you must write "sources consulted: none" or equivalent.
- 4. Failure to acknowledge sources will lead to an automatic 1pt penalty.
- Late policy: In general **no late homework** will be accepted unless there is a genuine emergency backed up by official documents.
- All steps should be justified.
- Formatting and Submission Requirements:
- 1. Separate Solutions: Ensure that solutions for each problem are separated clearly.
- 2. PDF Submissions: If you are submitting a LaTeX PDF, use the "fullpage" package to set the margins to 1 inch. Do not include additional information such as the title, date, your name, the problem statement, or any rough work—only include your final solution.
- 3. Typed Solutions: If typing directly in the provided textbox, please use LaTeX formatting for formulas.
  - Images: Rotated images will not be graded. Ensure all images are properly oriented.
- 4. Scanning Quality: Use proper scanning software to scan your handwritten solutions. Avoid casual photos of your work.
- 5. Failure to meet these formatting and submission requirements may result in up to a 2-point penalty for each problem.
- You are encouraged to be type in LaTeX. To learn how to use LaTeX, I recommend the tutorials on Overleaf. It is ok to draw diagrams by hand and insert them as pictures in your TeX files.
- For each question below, upload a PDF file and/or type in the box (see <u>Gradescope x LaTeX tutorial</u>). Each submission should contain (1) the acknowledgement of all collaborators and sources consulted and (2) your solution.

# Q2 Projectors and reflections

5 Points

Let  $|\psi\rangle$  and  $|\phi\rangle$  be two unit vectors in  $\mathbb{C}^d$ . We will be interested in  $Q=|\phi\rangle\langle\psi|$ , which is a  $d\times d$  matrix, and can therefore be thought of as a transformation on d-dimensional vectors.

- (a) Explicitly work out the matrix Q in the case  $|\psi\rangle=|0\rangle$  and  $|\phi\rangle=|+\rangle$ , and also in the opposite case  $|\psi\rangle=|+\rangle$  and  $|\phi\rangle=|0\rangle$ .
- (b) What does the transformation Q map the vector  $|\psi\rangle$  to, and what does it map every vector orthogonal to  $|\psi\rangle$  to?
- (c) Suppose now that  $|\psi\rangle=|\phi\rangle$ . Let  $P=|\psi\rangle\langle\psi|$ . Describe in (geometric) words the transformation P.
- (d) Let I denote the identity matrix in  $\mathbb{R}^d$ . Describe in (geometric) words the transformation I-2P. Your description should include the words "hyperplane perpendicular to". Prove that this transformation is unitary.
- (e) Suppose we are interested in the change-of-(orthonormal-)basis operation U that takes the orthonormal basis  $|\psi_1\rangle,\ldots,|\psi_d\rangle$  to the orthonormal basis  $|\phi_1\rangle,\ldots,|\phi_d\rangle$ . Show that U can be written as

$$U = |\phi_1\rangle\langle\psi_1| + \cdots + |\phi_d\rangle\langle\psi_d|.$$

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Lecture Notes

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# Q3 Quantum Anti-Zeno Effect 4 Points

Assume you have a single qubit that you know is in the state  $|0\rangle$ . You wish to change its state to  $|1\rangle$ . You have the ability to build any measurement device, and use it as many times as you want. How can you almost surely get the qbit's state changed to  $|1\rangle$ ?

Remark: More specifically, given  $\varepsilon>0$ , build a quantum circuit that outputs a qbit  $|1\rangle$  with probability at least  $1-\varepsilon$ . You are not allowed to apply gates (or rotations) to your qubit.

# Sources consulted:

Lecture Notes;

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quantum\_Zeno\_effect

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# **Q4 Perfect Powers**

### 4 Points

- (a) Give pseudocode for an algorithm that takes as input a positive integer A and determines whether or not A is a perfect square. If it is, your algorithm should also determine the number B such that  $B^2 = A$ . If A is n binary digits long, your algorithm should take O(nM(n)) steps, where M(n) is the number of steps required to multiply two numbers of at most n binary digits. Thus, your algorithm should take  $O(n^3)$  with the usual grade school multiplication algorithm; or, it would be  $O(n^2 \log n \log \log n)$  steps with the sophisticated Schönhage–Strassen multiplication algorithm. (Hint: binary search.)
- (b) Give pseudocode for an algorithm that takes as input a positive integer A and determines whether or not A is a perfect power (i.e., a perfect square, cube, fourth power, etc.). If it is, your algorithm should also determine numbers B and C>1 such that  $B^C=A$ . When A is an n-bit number, justify that your algorithm takes at most  $O(n^d)$  steps for some constant d (such as d=5).

# Sources consulted:

Lecture Notes; https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/checkif-a-given-number-is-a-perfectsquare-using-binary-search/

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# **Q5 Tensor Product Practice**

4 Points

- (a) Given an  $m \times n$  matrix A, for every  $1 \leq i \leq m, 1 \leq j \leq n$ , show that the entry on the ith row and jth column of A equals  $\langle i|A|j\rangle$ . Here  $|i\rangle$  represents the i-th vector in the standard basis.
- (b) Show that if A and B are invertible matrices, then so is  $A\otimes B$ , and in fact  $(A\otimes B)^{-1}=A^{-1}\otimes B^{-1}.$
- (c) Verify that  $(A\otimes B)^\dagger=A^\dagger\otimes B^\dagger.$
- (d) Suppose  $|u_1\rangle,\ldots,|u_d\rangle$  is an orthonormal basis for  $\mathbb{C}^d$ , and  $|v_1\rangle,\ldots,|v_e\rangle$  is an orthonormal basis for  $\mathbb{C}^e$ . Show that the collection  $|u_i\rangle\otimes|v_j\rangle$  (for all  $1\leq i\leq d, 1\leq j\leq e$ ) is an orthonormal basis for  $\mathbb{C}^{de}$ .

Sources consulted:

Lecture Notes

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# Q6 1 ebit + 1 qubit ≥ 2 bits 4 Points

(a) Alice and Bob prepare an EPR pair (that is, two qubits in the state  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|00\rangle+\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|11\rangle$ ).

They each take one qubit home. Suddenly, Alice decides she wishes to convey one of 4 messages to Bob; in other words, she wants to convey a classical string  $uv \in \{0,1\}^2$  to Bob.

Alice does the following in the privacy of her own home: First, if u=1, she applies a NOT gate to her qubit (else if u=0 she does nothing here). Next, if v=1, she applies a "Z" gate,

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix},$$

to her qubit (else if v=0, she does nothing here). Finally, she walks to Bob's house and silently hands him her qubit.

Show that by measuring in an appropriate basis, Bob can exactly determine Alice's message  $uv \in \{0,1\}^2$ .

(b) Work out a circuit using only CNOT gates, 1-qubit gates, and "standard" measurement gates, which actually outputs Alice's message with 100% probability.

# Sources consulted:

Lecture Notes;

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bell\_state

https://www.cs.cmu.edu/~odonnell/quantum15/lecture03.pdf

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