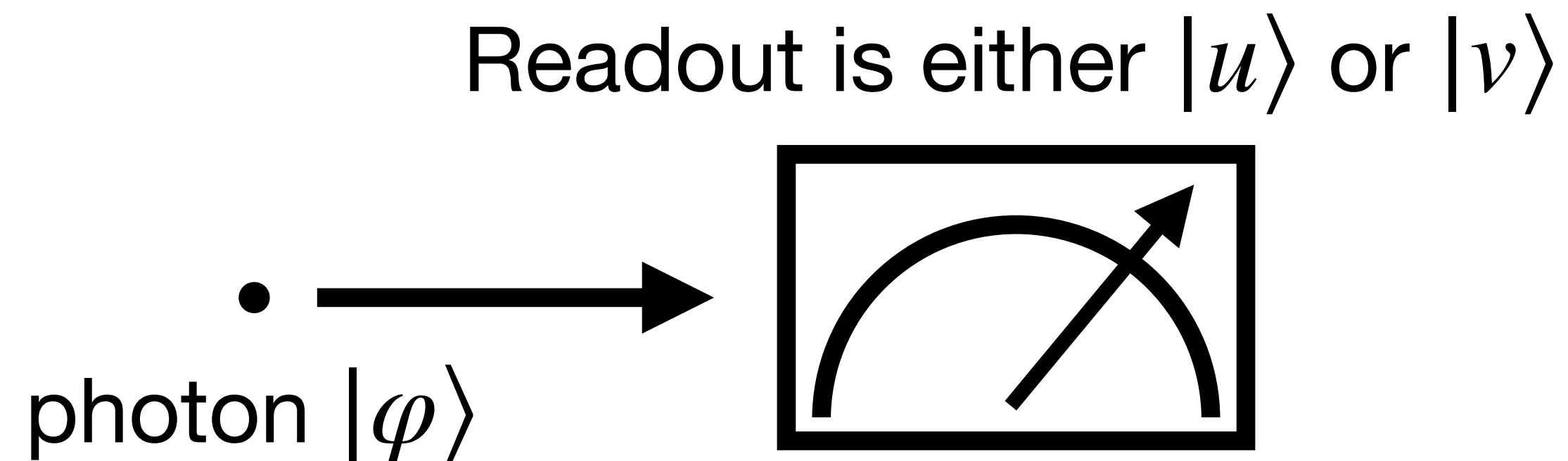


# Measurement

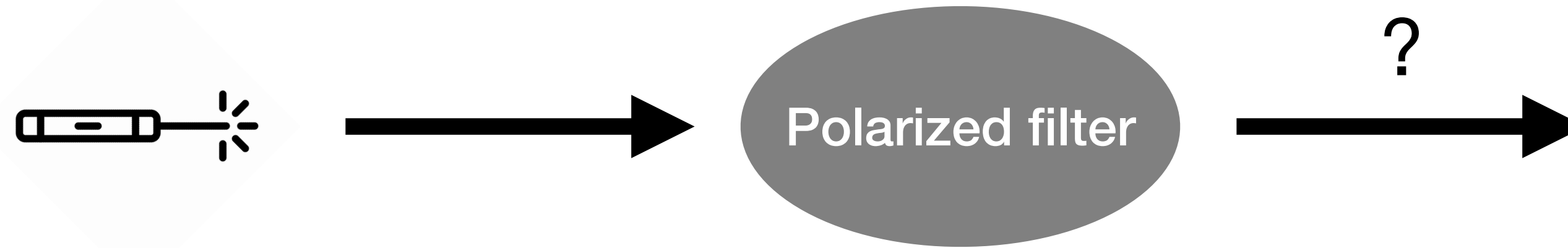
In basis  $|u\rangle, |v\rangle$

- Standard measuring device measures in  $|0\rangle, |1\rangle$  basis
- For any orthonormal basis  $|u\rangle, |v\rangle$ , can build a measuring device for this basis.



- The readout is  $|u\rangle$  with probability  $|\langle u | \varphi \rangle|^2$ , and the readout is  $|v\rangle$  with probability  $|\langle v | \varphi \rangle|^2$ .

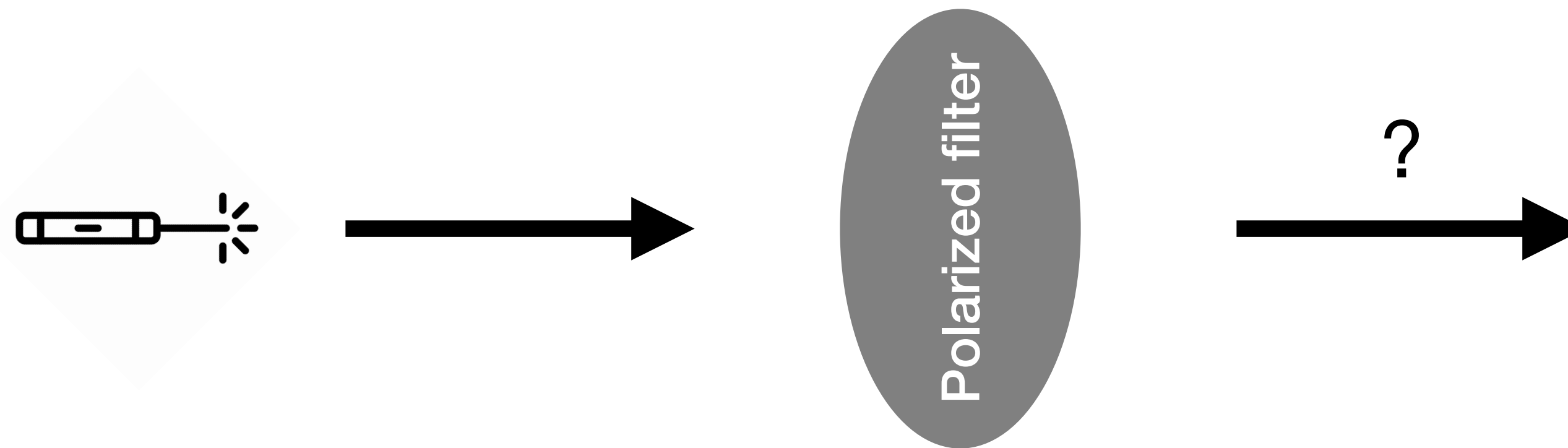
# Examples



Polarize filter first measures photon's state,  
if  $|0\rangle$ , the photon flies through;  
if  $|1\rangle$ , photon is converted into heat.

Brightness 50%

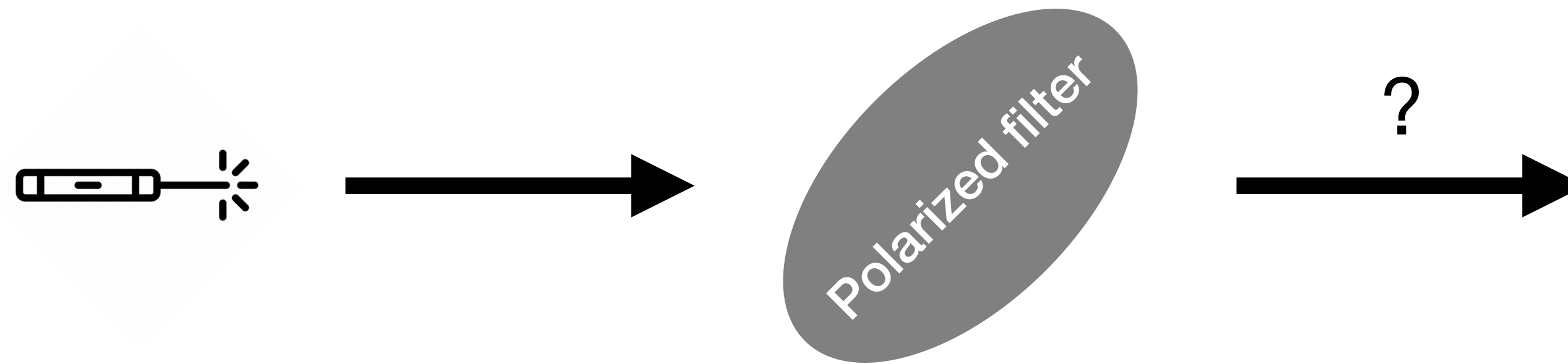
# Examples



Polarize filter rotated  $90^\circ$  first measures photon's state,  
if  $|1\rangle$ , the photon flies through;  
if  $|0\rangle$ , photon is converted into heat.

Brightness 50%

# Examples



Polarize filter rotated  $45^\circ$  first measures photon's state in

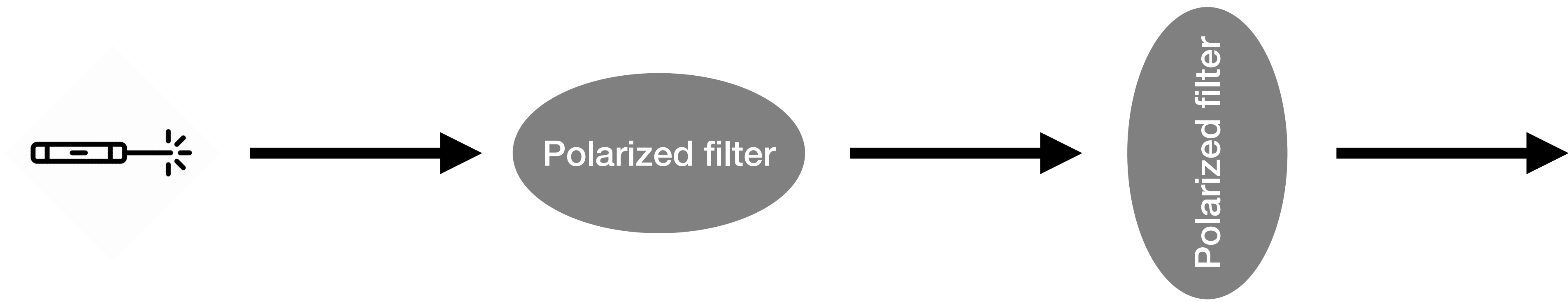
$|+\rangle, |-\rangle,$

if  $|+\rangle$ , the photon flies through;

if  $|-\rangle$ , photon is converted into heat.

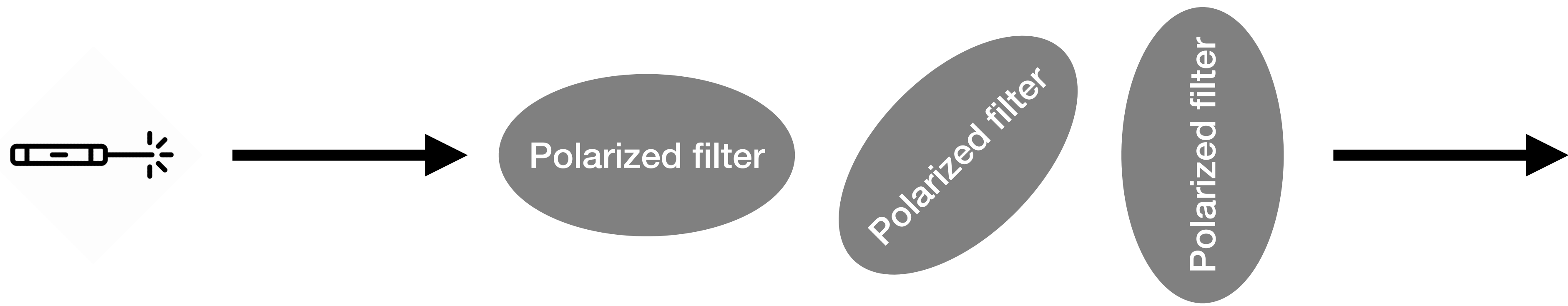
Brightness 50%

# What happens if...



Brightness 0%

# What happens if...



Brightness 12.5%

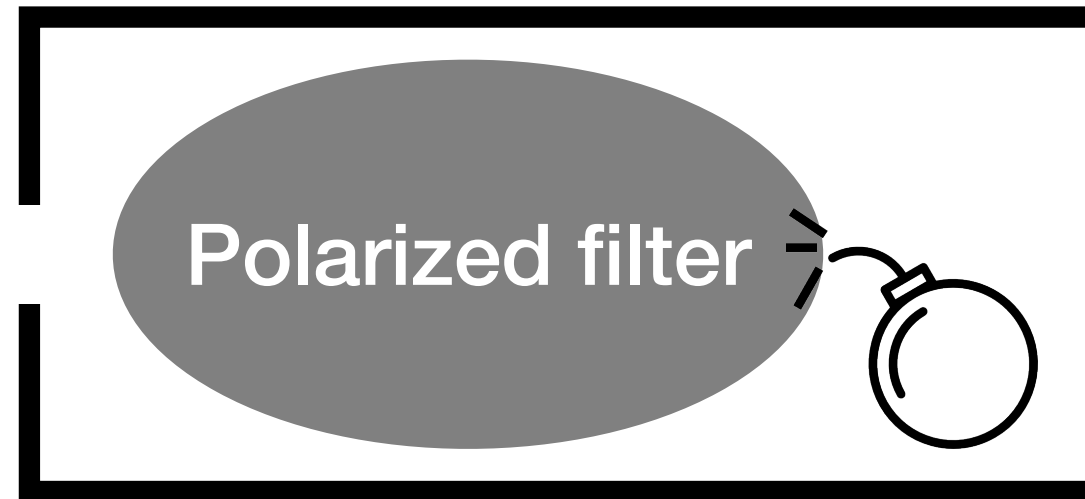




***Light or  
Dark?***



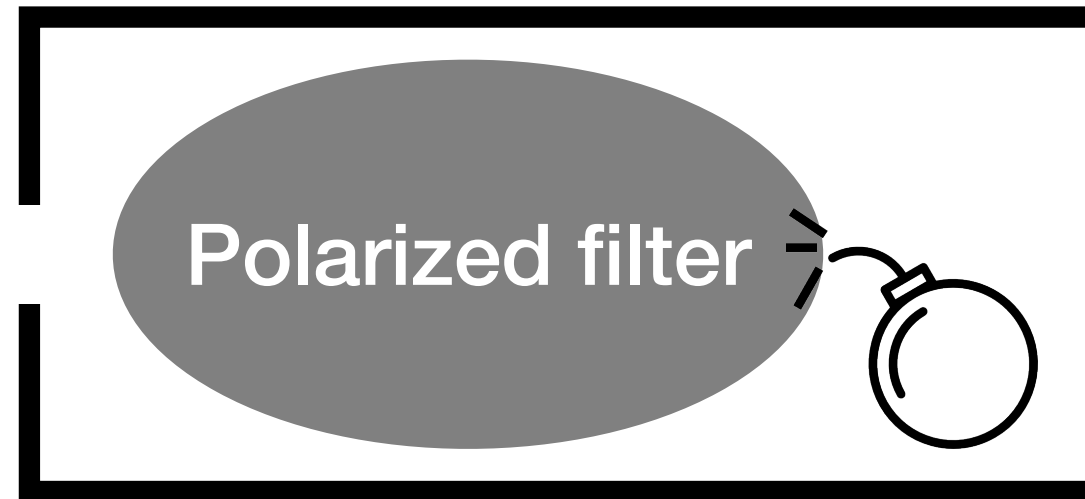
# Elitzur–Vaidman Bomb



- Inside, either NOTHING or BOMB fuse attached to a horizontal polarized lens
- Task: try to determine NOTHING or BOMB (explosion-free)
- Option 1: Send in  $|0\rangle$  and measure in the standard basis, no information
- Option 2: Send in  $|1\rangle$ , explodes 100% if BOMB.
- Option 3: Send in  $|+\rangle$ , explodes 50% if BOMB.



# Elitzur–Vaidman Bomb



- Question: Is it possible to boost the detection rate to 99%?
- Fact: can build physical device that rotate a unit (real) vector by  $\theta$  counterclockwise.
- Observation: this physical device performs a linear transformation  $|\varphi\rangle \mapsto R_\theta|\varphi\rangle$ .
- Question: What is  $R_\theta$  in matrix form?

# Better Elitzur–Vaidman bomb detector

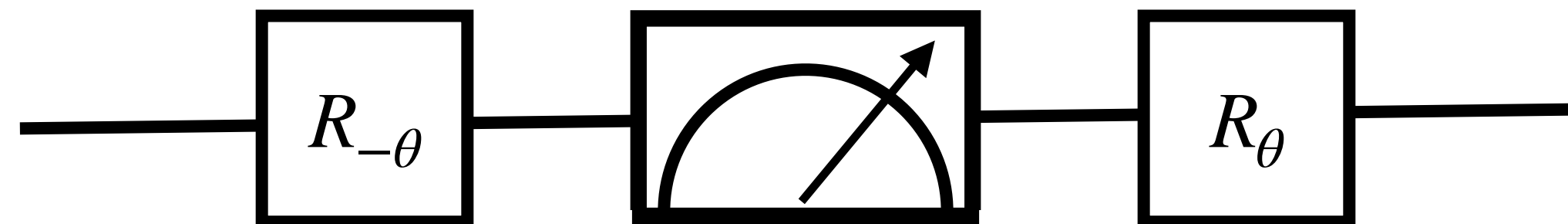
“Rotate, compute, rotate”

- Start with  $|0\rangle$ . Choose  $n \approx 1000$ .
- Repeat  $n$  times
  - Apply  $R_\theta$ , where  $\theta = \pi/2n$
  - Send in the photon
- Measure in the standard basis
- Analysis
  - If NOTHING, readout is  $|1\rangle$
  - If BOMB, explodes with probability  $\leq n \sin^2 \theta \leq \pi^2/(4n)$ , otherwise, readout is  $|0\rangle$

# Measure in other basis

## Using rotation

- You can use  $R_{-\theta}$  and  $R_{\theta}$  and the measurement in standard basis to simulate a measurement in the  $R_{\theta}|0\rangle, R_{\theta}|1\rangle$  basis



# More transformations

## Reflection

- Fact: can build physical device that reflects across a line
- Example 1: Reflection across  $x = y$ . The matrix form is  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
- Example 2: Reflection that maps  $|0\rangle, |1\rangle$  to  $|+\rangle, |-\rangle$ . The matrix form is  $\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$
- The last transformation is important, and is called Hadamard transformation.

# Quantum mechanics

## Law #3

- A qubit state (in general, a joint state) can be changed by any linear transformation that preserves lengths.
- Unitary transformation
  - A linear transformation  $U$  is unitary if it preserves lengths.
  - Proposition:  $U$  is unitary if and only if  $U^\dagger U = I$
  - Theorem:  $U$  is unitary if and only if  $U^\dagger = U^{-1}$  if and only if  $UU^\dagger = I$
  - Corollary: Columns of  $U$  form an orthonormal basis. Same holds for rows.
  - Theorem: Unitary transformations preserve inner products